"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Thunder showers today; Tuesday, probably fair; fresh south winds.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,822 NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 19, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

NEW SKIPPER IS TO TAKE WHEEL OF SHAMROCK IV.

Sir Thomas Decides to Appoint Another in Place of Captain Burton.

MAY SELECT HER DESIGNER

Nicholson Said to be Favored by Owner, but Neill and Jarvis Are Considered, Too.

RESULT OF A CONFERENCE

Advisers of Baronet Believe with Him That Handling of Yacht to Date Makes a Change Wise.

When Shamrock IV., Sir Thomas Lipton's challenger for the America's Cup, goes to the starting line tomorrow to meet Resolute in the continuation of the series of races for the America's Cup, William P. Burton, the English amateur sailor who has had command of the green Nicholson creation so far, will not be at the wheel.

At a meeting held yesterday aboard the steam yacht Victoria and attended by Sir Thomas, Captain H. L. Garrett, honorary secretary of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club to the America's Cup Committee; Charles E. Nicholson, designer and builder of the Shamrock, and Colonel Duncan F. D. Neill, yachting representative of Sir Thomas, it was decided that the challenger would stand a much better chance of winning if some one else were at the wheel than Mr. Burton, whose handling of the sloop has occasioned any quantity of adverse comment.

Mr. Nicholson is said to be Sir Thomas's choice as the man to sail the yacht he designed and built, and he is known as be a clever helmsman. Colonel Neill, also a Corinthian of no mean ability, is under consideration. He has sailed the old 23-meter Shamrock in a large percentage of her successful races abroad. Another clever sailorman who is mentioned as a possibility is Aemilius Jarvis, foremost Canadian amateur, who is a close friend of Sir Thomas, and is recognized in this country as being an able man at the wheel, and the one of the group who is most conversant with American racing conditions.

At a late hour last night, however, Mr. Nicholson appeared to be the favorite in the race for the honor of sailing the Shamrock, though none of the available ones was doing anything to advance his own cause in the decidedly unusual situation which has arisen as a result of Mr. Burton's apparent lack of ability to do justice to the challenger.

Captain Diaper a Possibility.

There is still another who is mentioned as a possibility, and he is Captain Alfred Diaper, recognized as England's foremost professional skipper. Captain Diaper has been in the employ of Sir Thomas for a considerable time aboard the 23-meter craft, and is said to be as largely responsible for the success of that craft in her racing career abroad as any one else.

If the program as outlined aboard the Victoria is carried out, it is not believed that either Mr. Burton or Mrs. Burton, who has sailed aboard the challenger as timekeeper, would care to be aboard that yacht in her further races. The removal of a skipper from a yacht during the progress of a series of races for the America's Cup is believed to be without a precedent.

That more than passing dissatisfaction with the way the Shamrock was being handled existed, not only aboard the Victoria but on the houseboat Killarney, where the crew lives, has been known for some time. As the result of the showing made in the two first contests, in which Charles Francis Adams, 3d, amateur skipper of Resolute, had all the better of it in both starts and in windward work as compared with Mr. Burton, both crew and afterguard of the challenger as well as those aboard the Victoria appreciated the marked superiority of Mr. Adams's clever work.

Sir Thomas Displeased.

Sir Thomas would make no comment on the reported action, but he did say that he was thoroughly satisfied that Shamrock IV. was a speedy yacht and, he believed, had a very good chance of accomplishing what she was built for. Last Saturday, when the challenger was so badly handled at the start and later during the race, it was known that Sir Thomas was much displeased, though he made no comment to that effect to any one. Frequently he asked those who were near him, among them several experts, why certain moves were being made, and the answers did not convince him that the best judgment was being shown by Mr. Burton.

The more outspoken of the critics among Sir Thomas's friends did not hesitate to say that the best that could be said was that Mr. Burton kept continually showing poor judgment, while a few even went further, and more than one advised him to make a change of skippers before it was too late.

If Mr. Nicholson is selected, and it looks as if he would be, his position will be most unusual. To have designed, built and sailed an America's Cup chal-

Continued on Page Ten.

"LIFE BEYOND THE GRAVE."
Are you reading the remarkable communications of Rev. G. Vale Owen in The World, morning, editorial? This series, entitled "Life Beyond the Grave," is the alleged spiritistic revelations of an English clergyman, well known as the Vicar of Orford, Lancashire, England. Order The Morning World from newsdealers in advance. Edition limited.—Adv.

Liner Wrecks Altona Dock, Causing 2,000,000 Marks Loss

BERLIN, July 18 (Associated Press).—The Lokal Anzeiger reports that the Altona landing stage was damaged to the extent of 2,000,000 marks and several fishing boats were sunk as the result of a collision last night, when the Hamburg-American Line steamer Kermoor, proceeding to South America from Kuhwaerder Harbor, ran afoul of the landing, owing to a defective rudder.

The steamer was badly damaged and is being detained. There were no casualties.

IRISH POLICE HEAD, V.C. WINNER, KILLED

Colonel Smyth Shot Dead in Cork Country Club by Fourteen Armed Raiders.

FAVORED STRONG MEASURES

He Had Told the Police to Shoot with Effect—Figured in Commons Debate.

BELFAST, July 18.—Commissioner Smyth of the Royal Irish Constabulary was shot dead in the Country Club at Cork last night by fourteen armed men, who forced their way past the doorman.

Smyth was found by the intruders sitting with friends, one of them District Inspector Craig. Several of the men fired point blank at Commissioner Smyth, who rose, but fell dead while endeavoring to reach the door. Mr. Craig was wounded during the fusillade.

Mr. Smyth was the Divisional Commissioner for the Munster Royal Irish Constabulary.

Smyth was a Captain of the Fifteenth Sikhs during the World War and won the Victoria Cross. He lost his left arm during the fighting and returned to England with the rank of Colonel. He received his commissionership a few months ago.

Mr. Smyth's name figured prominently in the House of Commons during the past week in connection with a speech he made to the police at Listowel, County Kerry, June 19, in which it was declared he ordered his men not to be afraid to shoot with effect. He had just returned to Ireland from London, where he gave the Irish Office an explanation of affairs in Ireland.

An inquest will be held tomorrow if jurors can be obtained to serve.

No arrests have been made in connection with the killing of Mr. Smyth. People passing the club at the time had no idea that a tragedy was being enacted inside. The tragedy was over in a few minutes. A moving picture show adjacent to the club was closing when the shooting occurred, and the murderers easily mingled with the crowd and escaped.

Another account of the shooting of Commissioner Smyth says that on entering the smoking room one of the assassins exclaimed, "Where is he?" Then, turning to the victim, said: "Were not your orders to shoot at sight? Well, you are in sight, so prepare." Whereupon three shots were fired.

Smyth staggered and rushed toward his assailants, only to be met by another volley. He fell against the wall, and, seeing that their object had been accomplished, the assassins left the room.

Inspector Craig was struck by a bullet which glanced off the wall.

Former Soldier Killed.

A former soldier was bayoneted and Rilled by the military here today.

The man's name was John Burke. He was employed in a local chemical works.

On the wall above the spot where he died the following was written:

"R. I. P. Rilled by the military of the Stafford regiment."

By means of a wall hurriedly built across the tracks a gang of armed men today stopped the West Clare mail train near Milltown-Malbay and abstracted official documents from the mail bags.

Ex-Service Men Attack Cork Troops.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Ireland, July 18.—Remarkable scenes occurred in Cork tonight when

Continued on Page Three.

KAISER'S YOUNGEST SON, JOACHIM, SHOOTS HIMSELF

Prince Found by Attendants Fatally Wounded at His Villa in Potsdam.

DIES LATER IN A HOSPITAL

Eitel Fritz Only Brother There—Joachim Was in Financial Straits and Divorced.

HIS "WAR SERVICE" DENIED

Berlin Reports Call Him "Least Talented" of Family—Ascribe Act to Fit of Dementia.

BERLIN, July 18.—Prince Joachim, the sixth and youngest son of former Emperor William, it became known today, had committed suicide in Potsdam. The Prince was believed to have been in financial straits. He recently was divorced.

Later advices said Prince Joachim shot himself on Saturday in his residence, the Villa Liegnitz, Potsdam. He was removed to St. Joseph's Hospital, where he died a few hours later.

Joachim recently had been suffering from great mental depression, according to those intimates of the Hohenzollerns who had seen him. The only member of the former imperial family now in Potsdam is Eitel Frederick, the former Emperor's second son.

Prince Eitel, questioned as to the motive for his brother's suicide, declined to make any statement, referring the correspondent, at the same time, to the official announcement that Joachim was suffering from "a fit of excessive dementia."

The body was transferred to Potsdam Chapel this morning. Prince Joachim was rated in military affairs the least talented of the Emperor's sons. He held the rank of captain, but, according to statements now made, he was never actively at the front. He leaves a son.

The whereabouts of Prince Adalbert, Prince August William and Prince Oscar are unknown. The Crown Prince is in Holland and the former Crown Princess is reported to be staying on Ruegen Island.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 18.—Prince Joachim was named as officer in the infantry forces of the Prussian Guard in the war. It was widely published that the Prince was struck in the thigh by a shrapnel bullet during the first weeks of the campaign.

Last year the Prince was arrested in Bavaria, on suspicion of being concerned in intrigues with the Spartacists with the object of furthering monarchist designs.

No direct evidence against him was secured, but he was put across the Prussian frontier by the police.

At one time, about a year after the war began, Prince Joachim was designated by the Kaiser as King of a reunited and independent Lithuania.

Prince Joachim was born in Berlin on Dec. 17, 1890. He was more popular with the people and the army than any of the other Imperial Princes, being regarded as a pretty good fellow—for a Hohenzollern. His youth, his musical compositions, his liking for athletics, his less autocratic ways, made the soldiers like him more than they did his brothers.

Just what he did in the war has never been clearly stated. In 1914 he was reported to have been wounded in the fighting in Belgium and sent to a Berlin hospital, where his mother herself, it was said, presented to him the then customary Iron Cross. Later he was declared to be convalescing at Baden-Baden, and this caused the usually well-informed chronicler of royal doings attached to London Truth to comment:

"It is very unlikely that Prince Joachim has been at all engaged at the front, as he has always been more or less of an invalid, and is in very bad

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St. John's to Greet by Wireless Phone British Editors on Victorian Far at Sea

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 18.—Experts from the Marconi Wireless Company completed yesterday the installation of apparatus for wireless telephonic communication with the liner Victorian due to leave Liverpool Tuesday for Sydney, Nova Scotia and Montreal with members of the Imperial Press Conference, which will hold a three-days session at Ottawa in the first week of August and make a two-month tour of Canada as well.

Manager Magridge, in charge of the experimental station located on Signal Hill overlooking the entrance to St. John's harbor where Marconi received his first transatlantic signals twenty years ago, says he expects to be able to speak with the ship by wireless telegraphy from the moment she leaves Liverpool and by telephone when about one thousand miles from St. John's.

He last month had charge of the wireless experiments promoted by the London Daily Mail when Madame Melba sang into apparatus at Chelmsford, near London, and was heard in various Continental cities and at sea for a distance of over a thousand miles. Mr. Magridge believes that he can duplicate this feat now, although he says the ground conditions at Signal Hill are less favorable than he desires. Still none of the existing wireless stations on this side of the Atlantic was available and this experimental station had to be established.

If the Victorian leaves Liverpool Tuesday telephonic communications should be established by Friday morning and continue from that time until the steamer reaches Sydney. Plans are being made whereby Governor Harris of Newfoundland and other prominent personages here may talk with those aboard the ship all through the latter half of her voyage. Great interest is being exhibited in the experiment here and the trial is being eagerly awaited.

FALL MALL ROUNDS famous cigarettes, round in shape—plain ends.—Adv.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Adv.

Farmer-Labor Candidate Assails Leaders of 48-ers

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Amos Pinchot, Allen McCurdy and J. A. H. Hopkins, who originated the movement which led to the birth of the Farmer-Labor Party, were attacked today by Parley P. Christensen, the new party's candidate for President.

In a statement issued before leaving here Christensen refers to the three and a fourth whom he does not name as a "quartet of coupon-clipping intellectuals from New York, whose arteries ran ice water, when what they intended to be a pink tea for the uplift got lost in a convention of the plain people."

The Farmer-Labor candidate then says that these men are misrepresenting the attitude of the Committee of Forty-eight toward the Farmer-Labor Party, and that the majority of the Committee of Forty-eight sides with the Farmer-Labor Party.

RAIL UNIONS GATHER FOR WAGE AWARD

Chiefs Have Power to Accept or Reject Announcement in Chicago Tomorrow.

REPORT STRIKE PLAN READY

Would Affect 2,000,000 Men—Expect Award to be Less Than $1,000,000,000 Demanded.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Special importance is attached to a meeting to be held here Tuesday morning by nearly 2,000 officials of railway workers' unions to receive and act upon the long forecast wage increase award of the Railway Labor Board to be announced on Tuesday.

These officials of the railway unions, forming a council, it is understood here are clothed with authority, if they deem the award insufficient, to call a general walk-out on all branches of railway service, involving some 2,000,000 men.

Plans for this walk-out, said to have been started at a meeting of brotherhood chiefs in Chicago a month ago, are now declared to be complete, awaiting only the telegraphed word to send the railway workers into illoness.

Rumors of unrest in railway circles have swept from east to west during the last five months, until virtually every unit of the five great brotherhoods has signified its willingness to force the issue, it is said.

This spirit was manifested first by the series of outlaw strikes which for a time crippled steam transportation, and the great majority of the workers were at that time kept in check by hard work on the part of the brotherhood chiefs, who expelled more than 60,000 members of their organization who had walked out in violation of the union agreements.

Following the appointment of the Railway Labor Board and the beginning of its deliberation the brotherhood chiefs, then meeting in Chicago, obtained the announcement of July 20 as the date for the return of the award. A call for a Grand Council meeting on that date followed.

The purpose of Tuesday's gathering, as stated in the call, is "to consider and pass finally upon the award made by the board, and official notice will be issued accordingly."

The general chairmen have been empowered by the rank and file to accept or reject the award.

The men asked a total annual increase of $1,100,000,000. The increases to be awarded on Tuesday are expected to average a little more than 22 per cent. The lowest increase is expected to be a flat 20 per cent, rise in the wages of the higher-paid groups of labor. The lower-paid groups are expected to get more, the maximum being about 27 per cent. The increase asked ranged from 25.3 per cent, for shopmen to 66.4 per cent. for maintenance of way workers. Engineemen and trainmen asked for a 41.2 per cent. advance.

The board completed a rough draft of the award on Saturday and will meet tomorrow to read proof, when the award will be sent to the printers in time for public announcement and issuance on Tuesday morning.

The decision in the new scales was not unanimous, it is said, but at least two of the labor members approved it. Two, or possibly three, members held back, it was said. But their names could not be learned.

The award probably will merely state that the decision was arrived at in compliance with the law under which the board was created, the votes or opinions of individuals members not being given.

Among union leaders who will be here to hear the result of the eighteen months' struggle for wage boosts will be W. C. Lee, head of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; Warren S. Stone, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; B. M. Jewell, of the shopmen; E. E. Eberlinc, of the switchmen, and President Shepherd of the conductors.

GASSED IN OWN LABORATORY

Experimenting, Youth Inhales Fumes and Dies in Hospital.

William A. Briggs, 19 years old, of 302 West 119th Street, died last night at Knickerbocker Hospital from chemical gas poisoning, according to Dr. Kirschner, the attending physician.

A week ago the youth inhaled fumes from chemicals with which he was making amateur experiments in his room at the boarding house where he lived with his father. Inflammation set in and he was removed to the hospital on Saturday.

COX AND WILSON REACH FULL ACCORD; PLEDGE FIGHT TO KEEP WAR PROMISES; HARDING ISSUES CHALLENGE TO COX

FOUR QUESTIONS TO COX

Harding Asks if He Is for Complete Acceptance of League Program.

AND UNCHANGED TREATY

Also, What About Article X., and Will He Liquidate Wilson's Commitments?

SAYS PEOPLE MUST BE TOLD

Insists Cox Has Yielded to President, Who Will Be the Real Leader.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, July 18.—Assuming that today's conference between Governor Cox and President Wilson would result in their complete agreement, Senator Harding today issued a statement demanding that the Democratic Presidential nominee declare himself specifically upon all phases of these policies. The statement, which was issued before word had reached Marion today of the outcome of the meeting in Washington, reads as follows:

"The President and the Democratic nominee for his successor are in conference today, and at the conclusion it will inevitably be announced that they found themselves in complete accord, that harmony reigns, and unity is established in the Democratic Party.

"The significance of that announcement will not be missed. There is just one way that can establish accord between himself and the President—that is by yielding his own opinion at every point to that of the President. When the nominee establishes accord with the President, it means that the latter is in charge of the campaign and will be the real force of the next Administration, if it is Democratic.

"Therefore, in connection with the announcement of harmony between the President and the Democratic nominee, it will be pertinent to inquire the basis of the agreement. The country is very anxious to know if an unqualified acceptance of the League of Nations program is agreed upon.

"Second—Has Governor Cox pledged himself to ratification of the treaty and League without essential modifications?

"Third—Has Article X. been accepted? It has repeatedly been declared that Article X. is the 'heart of the treaty,' and that to cut it out would 'break the heart of the world.' Is the Democratic ticket still for Article X.?

"Fourth—The President, naturally, has stipulated that Governor Cox must assume, underwrite and liquidate all the international commitments in which the present Administration has involved itself and the nation.

"The President could not possibly demand less. A Democratic successor could not possibly grant less, because he stands upon a platform that makes the same guarantees.

"It becomes, therefore, timely to ask: What are the various, mysterious, uncertain obligations to which the President has committed us?

"Somebody must tell us, because the people are wanting to know.

"Has Governor Cox undertaken, in case he is elected, to renew demand that this country take a mandate over Armenia? Has he undertaken to maintain the Administration policy in the Adriatic, where we have wellnigh forfeited the friendship of the great Italian people, brought Italy to the verge of revolution, and almost wrecked the establishment of peace?

"Has he pledged himself to insist that Thrace shall be joined to Bulgaria, instead of to Greece, regardless of the wishes of the Thracians, the Greeks and our allies?

"Broadly, has the nominee taken over the various and unknown commitments of the present Administration's foreign policy in order to establish harmony between the President and himself?

"To these questions the American people are entitled to answer. They will insist on knowing what they are assuming.

"It is perfectly apparent that President Wilson's foreign policy involves the need of a great army and navy, for the Administration demanded that we build by 1923 a navy equal to Britain's. It also demanded the creation of a Regular Army twice as large as we ever had in peace.

"What did the President want of these vast armaments, unless to fight with them? Governor Cox will know now, for he is in complete accord with the President.

"It is earnestly to be hoped that Governor Cox will frankly and promptly answer these questions, because the Republican Party wants the country to know it rejects all these ill-considered commitments and pledges its Administration against them."

To what extent the Republican party will oppose the President's foreign policy, it is understood, will be ex-

Continued on Page Two.

Text of Statements by Cox, Wilson and Roosevelt Expressing Full Accord After Their Conference

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The following statements expressing complete accord were issued by Governor Cox, President Wilson and Franklin D. Roosevelt after their conference at the White House today:

By Governor James M. Cox.

From every viewpoint the meeting was delightful. The President was at his best, recalling any detail inquired about as bearing upon the international situation and enlivening the whole conference with a humorous anecdote now and then in his old-time characteristic way.

We are agreed as to the meaning and sufficiency of the Democratic platform and the duty of the party in the face of threatened bad faith to the world in the name of America.

His thought is still of the war and the pledges we gave to those who sacrificed. One easily sees that, as the leader of the nation who asked for our sons and our resources upon a very distinct understanding and obligation, he is resolved that the faith shall be kept. To this his thought and life are dedicated.

What he promised I shall, if elected, endeavor with all my strength to give.

By President Wilson.

The interview was in every respect most satisfactory and gratifying. I found, what I indeed already knew and what Governor Cox has let the whole world know in his speeches, that he and I were absolutely at one with regard to the great issue of the League of Nations and that he is ready to be the champion in every respect of the honor of the nation and the secure peace of the world.

Governor Cox will have the vigorous support of an absolutely united party and, I am confident, also of an absolutely united nation.

By Assistant Secretary Roosevelt.

I wish that every American could have been a silent witness to the meeting between these two great men. Their splendid accord and their high purpose are an inspiration.

I need only add that my regret in leaving my post under President Wilson is softened by the knowledge that my new Commander in Chief will be his wholly worthy successor.

HARDING HOLDS RIVALS TO RECORD

Declares Wilson's Retention of War Powers Caused Confusion and Chaos.

LEAGUE VIEWS UNCHANGED

Would Have President and Cabinet Carry Out the Policies of Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, July 18.—There is one house in the residential section of Marion, prospective mecca of political pilgrims, and another in the business section where a picture of Senator Warren G. Harding does not appear in one or more windows. The house in the business section is the home of The Marion Star, of which Senator Harding is editor, publisher and part owner. The other is a detached, green-painted, nine-room dwelling situated on Mount Vernon Avenue and rather less pretentious than a majority of the homes of that residential thoroughfare. This dwelling would attract attention because of a front porch big enough to blanket it and make the house look a mere incident, even if it was not known to be the home of Senator Harding.

This porch runs parallel with the entire front of the house and part way with one side. In the centre it broadens out and rounds off in semi-circular curve which has a majestic sweep to it and is flanked with pairs of stately white pillars. At the head of the broad stairway leading from the grounds is a large American flag affixed to a staff.

But it was not on the "Porch" already becoming famous that Senator Harding yesterday received THE TIMES correspondent and talked to him at leisure about issues and front-porch campaigns. The interview was given at the adjoining residence of Senator Harding's private secretary, which has been fitted up as a headquarters for the Harding campaign. Behind the house is being erected a temporary structure to provide working quarters with wire facilities for a host of newspaper correspondents.

Views on League of Nations.

Early in the interview reference was made to the manner in which Marion had poured out its heart, hung his picture in its windows and decked itself in holiday attire to show the pride and pleasure it felt in the distinction that recently has come to its "favorite son." Both in word and manner, Senator Harding showed that he was hugely pleased and deeply grateful to the folks of his home town.

"But, to tell the truth," he said, "I haven't had the time to go down town and look at it all. This game is an endless series of confining conferences. As soon as one ends another begins. I have hardly been out of here since I returned to Marion."

Issues of the campaign are to be discussed in his speech of acceptance next Thursday, and naturally Senator Harding talked with some degree of reserve on such matters. He said that his views today on the League of Nations were in full consonance with the views he had expressed on that question during the long debate on the Peace Treaty.

Continued on Page Two.

HARMONY ELATES DEMOCRATIC CHIEFS

Confidence in Party Victory Expressed by Those Who Formerly Doubted.

COX DISCUSSES CAMPAIGN

Class Pledges McAdoo Support—Wilson Favors Cummings's Retention as Chairman.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—In the opinion of Democratic leaders, expressed after the conference of President Wilson, Governor Cox and Franklin D. Roosevelt today, the party has never entered a national fight with such harmony as now exists and with better prospects of winning.

These leaders say that before the conventions doubt existed, and that privately the old-time workers were saying that there was no chance of winning the election. This feeling has given way to extreme optimism. If the campaign progresses as satisfactorily as it has started and no differences develop between the White House and the nominee, the leaders say that the party will be retained in power.

There is absolute agreement between President Wilson and Governor Cox, not only as to policies, but also in reference to party management. At the conference today Governor Cox assured the President that he would be guided by his advice as to the attitude to be assumed on the treaty, and hoped to have his approval of the organization of the National Committee and the direction of the campaign generally.

Those who are in a position to know the President's frame of mind said tonight that the conference had entirely satisfied him, and that he now felt that the League of Nations idea as conceived by him would become the chief issue of the campaign. Governor Cox, it was said by one who had his confidence, did not intend to do anything in the League fight that would place him in disagreement with the President.

With this question settled to the entire satisfaction of the President, the nominee will take up on Tuesday, when the National Committee meets at Columbus, the selection of a Chairman of the committee. It has been the custom of the Democratic Party to change its Chairman with every national campaign, and the selection has been left entirely to the nominee. In this instance Governor Cox said that he intended to follow largely the suggestions of the National Committee as to his campaign manager.

While those traveling with Governor Cox said that a new Chairman would be selected and that if E. H. Moore, the Ohio National Committeeman, did not take the place, it would go either to T. N. Ansberry or former Representative George White, the belief here is that the weight of the Administration will be thrown to retain Homer C. Cummings as Chairman. It was argued by those connected with the Executive Committee of the National Committee that a change at this time would necessitate changes in the working organization which would militate

Continued on Page Two.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water, quick relief.—Adv.

PARTY UNITED, WILSON SAYS

He Declares Cox Will Be Champion of the Nation's Honor.

CONCUR ON THE PLATFORM

Nominee Says There Is 'Threatened Bad Faith to the World in the Name of America.'

ROOSEVELT JOINS IN PARLEY

Declares Cox 'Wholly Worthy Successor' of President—Governor Returning to Ohio.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Governor James M. Cox today assured President Wilson that if elected he would do everything within his power to carry out the promises which the President has made relative to the League of Nations issue.

This assurance was given by the presidential candidate in the conference which Mr. Wilson had with him at the White House this morning, in which Franklin D. Roosevelt also participated. The conference began at 10:30 o'clock and ended at 11:30. Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson, the President's physician, was present, but not as a participant.

Republican hopes and predictions that the views of Governor Cox and President Wilson would clash over the League of Nations went glimmering at 1 o'clock, when formal statements were issued at the White House showing that the President and Governor Cox were in perfect accord on that issue. In his statement, Governor Cox declared without equivocation his agreement with the President as to the meaning and sufficiency of the Democratic platform relative to the treaty.

"What he [the President] promised," Governor Cox declared, "I shall, if elected, endeavor with all my strength to give."

"Absolutely at One," Wilson says.

President Wilson announced in his formal statement that he had confirmed what he already knew, that Governor Cox and he were "absolutely at one with respect to the great issue of the League of Nations and that he is ready to be the champion in every respect of the honor of the nation and the secure peace of the world." The President's statement gave definite assurance that "Governor Cox will have the vigorous support of an absolutely united party," and declared the President's confidence also in an absolutely united nation. Assistant Secretary Roosevelt issued a statement in which he asserted that the President and Governor Cox were "in splendid accord."

The conference was considered by many the most important of the campaign, because it meant so much to know whether the President and the party candidate for his chair in the White House were to work hand in hand. With the vigorous and active support of the President and a united party, the candidates and leading Democrats express confidence that they will wage a winning campaign.

The statements of the participants radiated confidence. Mr. Roosevelt said, with no qualification, that his "new commander in chief" would be President Wilson's "wholly worthy successor."

Harmony with the President was clearly reflected by Governor Cox in his interview with more than sixty newspaper correspondents at the White House about an hour after the conference. While the conference with the President lasted an hour, Governor Cox was at the White House two hours and a half. After leaving the President's office at 11:30 o'clock, he and Mr. Roosevelt went to the executive offices and prepared their statements for the press. Subsequently, they were closeted in Secretary Tumulty's office, where they chatted with Mr. Tumulty, Admiral Grayson and Senator-elect Heflin of Alabama.

Senator Glass had by this time reached the White House, and Governor Cox and Mr. Roosevelt were in conference with him about forty minutes.

To Take Definite Stand in Speech.

It was 1 o'clock when Governor Cox was ready for his White House interview with the newspaper correspondents. During this interview the nominee would not discuss in detail what had passed between himself and the President. He said that the result was embodied in his formal statement. His attitude left no doubt that he felt entirely satisfied of the President's wholehearted support.

Asked if the treaty would form the chief issue of the campaign, Governor Cox said his statement must speak for itself and that newspaper men must draw their own conclusions.

"There will be no misunderstanding upon that point after my speech of acceptance," he added.

When the newspaper conference was over Governor Cox and Mr. Roosevelt took luncheon with the President. The other guests were Mr. Tumulty, Admiral Grayson and Senator Glass. Governor

Continued on Page Two.

Cox then returned to the home of Judge Timothy T. Ansberry, where he had a short conference with Chairman Flood of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, Secretary of State Colby, Daniel C. Roper, former Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and Thomas B. Love also called.

On his way from the White House to the Ansberry home Governor Cox dropped in at Secretary Baker's home for a few minutes.

Accompanied by Mr. Roosevelt, Judge Ansberry, John F. Costello, National Committeeman from the District of Columbia; George White, one of the Cox floor managers at San Francisco, and William J. Cochran, publicity director of the Democratic National Committee, Governor Cox left by train at 4:50 o'clock in the afternoon for Columbus.

The meeting between President Wilson and the two nominees was held on the south portico of the White House. Governor Cox and Mr. Roosevelt arrived promptly at 10:30 o'clock to fill the appointment. After the conference Mr. Roosevelt went away in his automobile, but returned to the White House in twenty minutes. Senator Glass arrived at the White House after the conference with the President was over. It was said he went to the White House at the request of Governor Cox for a conference.

Wilson Promised Help.

The Democratic nominee saw the newspaper correspondents in Secretary Tumulty's office in the few minutes before the luncheon, which began at 1:15.

"I am sorry," he said, "that you gentlemen have been delayed. But you have the three statements, which have been issued while we were in conference. I think they tell their own story."

"Did you take up your two reservations with the President?" Governor Cox was asked.

"We discussed the subject in a general way?" he answered. "The President knew, from the statements I have already made, my position concerning the two reservations, and you have his response."

In reply to a request to elaborate upon his proposed reservations, Governor Cox said:

"I think you gentlemen will agree as to the utter impropriety of my making my response to that until my speech of acceptance."

"What part will the President play in the campaign?"

"We did not deal with that specifically. He said he would help in every way he could."

Governor Cox was asked if he had decided upon his campaign manager. He said that question would not be "entirely a personal decision," and that he would talk to the Democratic National Committee about it at the meeting in Columbus on Tuesday. The Governor said he did not know whether E. H. Moore would be his manager.

"What are your own ideas upon the conduct of your campaign?" was asked.

"I think it would be improper for me to discuss with you gentlemen what I have not had the opportunity to discuss with the National Committee," he said.

The Governor reiterated what he said yesterday—that he would visit every State in the Union in his campaign.

Surprised at President's Vigor.

"If it is not improper to ask, Governor, how old you find the President?" was asked.

"In splendid shape; I was most agreeably surprised," he answered.

"Did you discuss any other international subjects than the League?"

"Well, we ran over the chapter of events leading up to the present status. I do not care to discuss the details of our conversation."

"Armenia, for instance?" some one queried.

"I do not care to discuss the details," said Governor Cox, courteously, but firmly.

Questions were asked the nominee about the conference he had with Senator Glass.

"I think he and I discussed the platform and the convention principally, although not very extendedly."

It was learned that one of the purposes of the visit of Senator Glass was to emphasize that the Democratic Party was solid. Senator Glass was a McAdoo man at San Francisco.

Governor Cox said that his campaign would begin immediately after his speech of acceptance, and that there would be no delay. He would not discuss ex-President Taft's recent statement that Governor Cox would have to accept Article X. without reservations. The nominee said he could not allude to Mr. Taft's statement in advance of the acceptance speech.

"Will the treaty be the leading issue in the campaign?" was asked.

"My statement speaks for itself," he said. "You must draw your own conclusions. There will be no misunderstanding after my speech of acceptance. But until then it would be improper for me to discuss the subject."

Senator Sheppard Offered Help.

"Did the Volstead act figure in the talk you had last night with Senator Sheppard, author of the national prohibition amendment?"

"I do not think the details of our conversation should be stated by me. However, I will say it was not mentioned. Senator Sheppard simply came as would a soldier volunteering for duty. I understand he is going to recuperate at a health resort and then take the stump."

Governor Cox said that he and Senator Sheppard did not discuss any possible future modifications of the prohibition laws.

In his formal statement Governor Cox had alluded to numerous anecdotes which the President had told during the conference. The Governor, however, refused with a smile to repeat any of these.

A newspaper man asked if the nominee would try to use his influence with the North Carolina Legislature in order to help ratify the suffrage amendment.

"I treated that in my conference with suffragists in Ohio," he said. "I will help wherever I feel that my offices can aid."

"Although the campaign plans have not been yet formulated, where do you personally prefer to go first?"

"I am so full of the cause," he said, "that I would like to be everywhere at once. The answer to your question will depend upon reports brought in by various members of the State committees. I will be guided, to an extent, by them."

"Did you discuss taxation with Senator Glass?"

"We talked somewhat about Federal taxation, but I do not want to go into details about it."

Crowds Wait to See Nominees.

Crowds were waiting on Pennsylvania Avenue, at the entrance of the White House driveway, for Governor Cox half an hour before he arrived. He drove up with Assistant Secretary Roosevelt in a gray navy automobile to the gate leading into the executive offices.

Moving picture men were waiting as usual, but the nominees came up so quietly that Mr. Roosevelt remarked, laughingly, from the car: "That's one time we caught them napping."

The movie men, however, went into action at once, and ordered Governor Cox about with their customary directness. There were so many requests that Mr. Roosevelt called out:

"Say, who's the captain of this shipt Let's have orders from one man."

Governor Cox and Mr. Roosevelt went at once to the front portico of the White House and inside the doors. No official word was heard from them until they emerged two and a half hours later, except for the three statements.

The Presidential nominee did not go to church today, owing to his long engagement at the White House. Robert W. Woolley of the Interstate Commerce Commission took breakfast with him at Judge Ansberry's home.

When Governor Cox arrived at Union Station this afternoon to take the train for Baltimore a large crowd was waiting for him. People lined his path, and there were many cries of "Hurrah for Cox!" The Governor shook hands with many of the crowd just before his departure.

A. F. OF L. PERFECTS POLITICAL PLANS

Leaders Ask State and District Officials to Call Conferences on Campaign.

APPEALS FOR CO-ORDINATION

Rank and File of Labor Informed of the Legislative Records of Members of Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Plans for bringing organized labor into still greater activity in the political campaign were announced tonight by the American Federation of Labor through the medium of its Executive Committee, consisting of Samuel Gompers, Frank Morrison and James O'Connell.

Two series of campaign conferences will be held throughout the country, bringing together State and Congressional district campaign leaders of organized labor, in an effort to perfect their campaign organization plans. The Federation has already a very large and well organized nonpartisan political Campaign Committee, which has been actively at work. This committee is coordinating the work of thousands of local campaign committees in the States, and in districts where labor is planning to wage its fight for or against the election of certain candidates for the Senate or the House of Representatives.

All indications are that the full influence of the leaders of the American Federation of Labor will be exerted on the rank and file of workmen for the election of the Democratic national ticket. A few weeks ago the Federation made public its comparative analysis of Senator Harding's votes on measures in Congress in which organized labor was interested. This analysis showed that the Federation was of the opinion that Senator Harding's votes were unsatisfactory on a majority of these roll-calls.

Last Sunday night the Federation issued its analysis of the Democratic national platform adopted at San Francisco. That analysis showed that the national officers of the Federation considered the Democratic platform more progressive and satisfactory to labor than the Republican platform. Organized labor's leanings toward the Cox-Roosevelt ticket were again emphasized two days ago when the Metal Trades Council, representing the thousands of workmen in the Amalgamated Metal Trades employed in the gun factory of the Washington Navy Yard, marched with two bands to the Navy Department Building and presented to Assistant Secretary Roosevelt a gavel in congratulation of his nomination, and in what was declared by the President of the Council to be the appreciation the workmen felt for the interest Mr. Roosevelt had shown in the workmen at the Navy Yard during the last seven years.

Appeal to State Executive Officers.

The plans announced by labor tonight comprise the calling of conferences of State Executive Committees throughout the country on Aug. 7, and also a series of conferences in Congressional districts. The letter calling for meetings of State Executive Committees throughout the country follows:

"To State Federation of Labor:

"Dear Sir and Brother: The National Campaign Committee recently has mailed to you copies of the legislative records on measures of interest to labor of all members of the Sixty-sixth Congress whose terms of office expire on March 4, 1921. Copies of these records have also been mailed to every labor organization in your State. It is of the utmost importance to the interests of labor that the information contained in these records be given the broadest publicity among the workers of your State, to the end that they will be enabled to learn the attitude toward labor of their legislators.

"In order that a definite program may be mapped out to reach every wage earner in your State, we suggest that the Executive Council of your body be called into special session on Saturday, Aug. 7, at which these records shall be read and discussed and measures adopted for establishing the closest cooperation with this committee to make the non-partisan political campaign of the American Federation of Labor a triumph in your State.

"The interests of every worker in the land are involved in this campaign, and we are confident that when its vital bearing upon our labor movement is fully realized all will volunteer their services to help us in making this campaign the greatest victory for labor and justice in the political history of our nation. Yours fraternally,

"SAMUEL GOMPERS,
"FRANK MORRISON,
"JAMES O'CONNELL,
"Executive Committee."

In addition to these State conferences, it is planned to bring into existence Congressional district organizations everywhere.

Letter to Congressional Districts.

The letter sent to Congressional districts follows:

"To the Secretaries of All Organizations of Labor of This Congressional District:

"Dear Sirs and Brothers—It has been suggested that all the labor organizations of your Congressional District hold a district conference with the object of making plans to carry on the Congressional campaign, united in purpose and effective in results.

"The National Campaign Committee believes that a conference of this kind would prove beneficial to the workers and the citizenship of your district in that the political situation of the district could be considered from every standpoint and, if necessary, a district conference organized to carry on the district non-partisan political campaign in harmony with the desires of the people of the district, to the end that conflicts in supporting or opposing candidates for Congress may be avoided.

"As a first step in organizing this conference we are mailing a copy of this letter to all the secretaries of trade unions in the district.

"We would suggest that the conference be held on a Saturday. That day being generally observed as a half-holiday, delegates might attend without loss of time from their normal duties.

"You will be notified of the place and time of the meeting of the conference by the local district committee, which will have charge of the arrangements. This letter, with the seal and name of the union and the signature of the delegate, will be accepted as credentials.

"It is most important to the success of this campaign that we carry it on with a united movement in full accord with the principles of unity and solidarity of organized labor. Yours fraternally,

"SAMUEL GOMPERS,
"FRANK MORRISON,
"JAMES O'CONNELL,
"Executive Committee."

While Aug. 7 is the date set for State conferences, no specific date is fixed for the first conferences in Congressional districts.

For Justice Howard as Governor.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 18.—The Wesley O. Howard Club of Onondaga County has been organized here to conduct an active campaign for the nomination of Justice Howard, "farmer jurist," for Governor. The meeting at the Onondaga Hotel was attended by 200 of the younger active members of the Republican Party. Officers were chosen, including: G. I. Horrigan, President; L. W. Mullin, Vice President; Byron W. Grimes, Treasurer, and H. W. Rohner, Secretary. The Executive Committee will consist of one member from each ward in Syracuse and one from each town in Onondaga County. Joseph J. Lawton of Solvay said the object of the club was "to put in the Governor's chair the biggest man the Republican Party can get, and Justice Wesley O. Howard of Troy is such a man."

SHARP REPUBLICAN CONTESTS IN OHIO

Three Candidates Contest for Governorship, More Than Three for Senatorship.

HOST AFTER OTHER OFFICES

Democrats Take Comfort from the Rivalries of Opponents.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 18.—Preliminary skirmishing in a battle which, with the Presidential nominees of both the leading parties hailing from Ohio, is bound to attract country-wide attention has been under way here for several weeks. Claims of victory are being put out by both sides.

The contests now are between candidates for nominations for State offices in the primaries which will be held on Aug. 10. The clash of ambitions is almost entirely on the Republican side. The Democrats have no serious contests, and to the extent that the primary fights may leave scars behind that may be slow to heal the early prospect rather favors the Democrats.

Governor Cox was nominated for the Presidency largely for the reason that he had been elected Governor three times in a State usually reckoned Republican, and because in the last fight in which he was a principal he ran far ahead of his ticket, being the only Democratic candidate for a State office to get a plurality. The Republicans are bending every effort to counteract the impression that Governor Cox is invincible and are presenting figures in an attempt to prove that his vote-getting ability has been overestimated.

They say, that he was first elected in 1912 because the Republican Party was torn to pieces by the Progressive split, which was more pronounced here than in most other States. In 1916, they say, he was swept into office on the crest of the Wilson wave of popularity, due to the campaign slogan "He kept us out of war." They call his election two years ago a fluke due to factional differences in the Republican organization in Hamilton County.

In 1912 Governor Cox was elected by a plurality of 166,823. The Republicans, however, contend that he was a minority candidate. In 1916 the plurality of Cox, who had been a candidate in 1914 and had failed, was 6,616. The plurality of President Wilson that year was 89,308.

In 1918, Governor Cox won by a plurality of 11,994 and showed that he was about 3,000 votes stronger than the other Democratic candidates for State offices.

"He has never met Harding in a fight in this State; wait and see," is the response of Republican politicians when these successive victories by a Democrat in a Republican State are called to their attention. "Harding won his last fight by a majority of more than 102,000. This was in a three-cornered fight, where Arthur L. Garford, Progressive candidate for United States Senator, received 47,500 votes. In that year Cox was defeated by 29,000."

The Republicans have three candidates for Governor whose claims are likely to receive serious attention, and three candidates for United States Senator to succeed Harding.

The candidates for the Gubernatorial nomination are Representatives Ralph D. Cole, Roscoe McCulloch and Harry L. Davis. For the Senate nomination these candidates in the field who have a chance are Walter Brown, former Bull Moose leader in Ohio; ex-Governor Frank B. Willis and T. M. Wanamaker. Mr. Wanamaker is regarded as an ultra Progressive who leaned toward Senator Johnson in the contest for the Presidential nomination.

Three Smiths are contending for the nomination for Secretary of State in the Republican primaries.

The Democrats will have as their candidate for Governor Victor L. Donahey, who is serving his second term as State Auditor. Mr. Donahey is independent, popular throughout the State and friendly to Governor Cox, with whom he has maintained pleasant official relations, although he has never been politically close to the Governor. Mr. Donahey was not the choice of the Democratic politicians, but they picked him because they thought he would add strength to the ticket.

The Democrats express confidence that Governor Cox will carry the State, not alone on account of his personal popularity, but on account of the national platform, which they believe will appeal to the industrial workers throughout the State.

COOLIDGE RISES EARLY TO DO DAY'S 'CHORES'

Has Kept 6 A. M. Time Going to Farm—Wears Grandfather's Old Shirt and Boots.

PLYMOUTH, Vt., July 18.—Governor Coolidge of Massachusetts, Republican nominee for Vice President, who is "on a rest" on his father's farm here, finds the best way to rest is to rise early and help his father do the farm work.

The Governor has risen at 5 o'clock every morning since his arrival on July 4. He usually puts on his grandfather's togs, consisting of an old flannel shirt, denim trousers and cowhide boots, made at the Plymouth tannery in 1858.

The boots were made for his grandfather when he was elected to the Legislature at Montpelier in 1858 and he wore them throughout the session.

A frock which he wears in the fields, is also a relic of his grandfather's days. It is of denim and slides over the head like an army shirt.

By way of adding to his appetite for the cooking prepared by his father's housekeeper, the Governor frequently goes into the meadows and mows a good sized corner of the field before break fast.

The elder Coolidge has a large woodpile in front of his house. Most of it was originally chopped for stove wood, but several chunks were left for the fireplace. When he returned from a fishing trip recently, he found all the larger pieces slithered to kindling and learned that "Cal" had spent part of the forenoon swinging the axe. The old gentleman said nothing about the wood being intended for the fireplace, but smiled and went in the house.

John and Calvin, the Governor's sons, are ardent anglers, like their grandfather, and recently caught 22 speckled trout. The Governor himself is not a fisherman.

DEBS REFUSES TO GRANT FUTURE INTERVIEWS

Socialist Candidate Asks Attorney General to Bar Correspondents from Prison.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, July 18.—Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for President, it was announced today at the Federal prison, will not submit in the future to interviews with newspaper correspondents. Debs had written a letter to Attorney General Palmer requesting that the Department of Justice refrain from granting permission to newspaper men to enter the prison and seek interviews with him.

In the last few weeks Debs has refused to be interviewed by news associations, reporters and special writers, and has declined to give his views on the candidates of the Republican and Democratic Parties.

Two mail clerks are employed at the prison to sort the mail. Prior to Debs's nomination these mail clerks had little to do. Since his nomination his mail alone is as large as the rest of the prison correspondence. In all probability another clerk will be added to the prison force.

Debs does not read all of the mail sent to him. First it is read by the prison authorities, then passed on to the candidate. Debs bundles it up and sends it to his private secretary at Terre Haute, Ind., where answers are mailed to correspondents.

WANT TO NOMINATE PROHIBITION TICKET

Delegates to the Party's National Convention Favor Separate Action.

ASSEMBLING AT LINCOLN

Calderwood Points to Silence on Dry Issue in Platforms of Big Parties.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 18.—Delegates to the Prohibition National Convention, which will begin here on Wednesday, began arriving today, but the number is not yet large.

The early arrivals are chiefly from the Eastern and Central States, and they were making no predictions on the outcome of the convention, preferring to await the leaders and the conferences which will follow.

Among the few who are here sentiment is strongly for the nomination of a national ticket, but none of those who has been mentioned as a possible head of the ticket appears to have a dominating lead. W. G. Calderwood of Minnesota, Vice Chairman of the National Committee, who has been in Lincoln several days, has expressed a preference for a ticket headed by William J. Bryan for President with William A. Sunday as running mate. Mr. Calderwood, however, takes exception to a statement credited to Mr. Bryan that enforcement of the prohibition law rests more with Congress than with the President.

"It is true," said Mr. Calderwood, "that we should not go to sleep at the Congressional switch, but the President can, as the present President has, appoint wet enforcement officers, who will make the law ridiculous and bring it into such disrepute that even the drys will be disgusted."

Mr. Calderwood said that up to the time of the national conventions of the two parties he did not believe the nomination of a separate national ticket advisable, but since the Republican and Democratic parties have ignored the wet and dry issues in their platforms," he had changed his mind, and was now strongly in favor not only of nominating a ticket, but of making a vigorous campaign.

Present expectations are that the convention will be made up of about 400 delegates.

Dr. Clinton N. Howard, Chairman of the National Reform Association, who has been mentioned in connection with the Presidential nomination, made three addresses today, taking for his subject "Missing Planks of the Political Parties."

GOVERNOR BACK AT DESK.

Boxing Commission and Extra Session to be Decided Upon.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 18.—"New York State never looked better to me than it did today," said Governor Smith as he alighted from a train in the Union Station, after his journey from San Francisco. It was the first real vacation the Governor has taken and he declared tonight that he enjoyed every minute of it.

The Governor is now prepared to clear his desk of an accumulation of about six weeks' mail. The first thing he will do will be to take some action on the new State Boxing Commission, it is believed. The Governor said before he went away that he would take this up on his return. He will also have to settle the question whether he will call an extra session of the Legislature to act on the housing question. The feeling about the Capitol is that the Governor does not want an extra session.

The Governor was accompanied by Mrs. Smith and Miss Emily Smith and Alfred, Jr. Charles F. Murphy and Surrogate and Mrs. James A. Foley of New York also returned with the Governor.

ANSWERS REED'S QUESTION.

Senator Spencer Says Covenant Never Can Be Ratified.

ST. LOUIS, July 18.—The League of Nations is declared to be "un-American in its provisions and impossible of ratification" in a letter made public here today by Senator Selden P. Spencer, Republican, of Missouri, in which he answers Senator James A. Reed, who recently called on the Missouri Senatorial candidates to define their attitude toward the League.

Senator Spencer explains that he voted for the treaty with the Republican reservations, and adds that the compact as submitted by the President "never ought to be and never can be ratified by the Senate."

WADSWORTH'S FOES PRESS WILLIAM H. HILL

Men and Women Are Urging Congressman to Run Against Senator in Primary.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., July 18.—Many Republican leaders opposed to the renomination of Senator Wadsworth are supporting Representative William H. Hill as the most available man to defeat Wadsworth in the primaries. Mr. Hill, several months ago, announced his retirement from politics at the close of his present term.

Wadsworth's opponents, men and women, are trying to induce him to enter the Senatorial race. He has been told that if he would consent to allow his name to be placed on the primary ballot he would not be asked to enter the campaign actively or make any effort for the nomination.

Mr. Hill was on record while State Senator as championing woman suffrage and local option for cities. In Congress he was a firm supporter of the Volstead law. His majority in the Congressional election was the largest ever given any candidate.

Mr. Hill has not made known his intentions, but his friends think that he will decline the offer.

BOOM HULL FOR CHAIRMAN.

Chicago Hears Tennessean Will Succeed Cummings.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 18. — Congressman Cordell Hull of Tennessee—"one of the silentest statesmen we have," he has been called—is slated for election as Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, according to reports here. His election, unless there is a sudden twist in the plans, is predicted for Tuesday, when the National Committee assembles in Columbus.

Judge E. H. Moore, manager of the Cox pre-convention campaign, has declined to be a candidate for the national chairmanship. He arrived in Chicago last night. Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall, and Governor Smith of New York were also here.

"I am not to be Chairman of the National Committee," Judge Moore said. "That is definitely settled."

Shortly afterward the belief became prevalent that Congressman Hull stood much the best chance to be chosen. He has the open backing of Thomas Taggart of Indiana.

It is considered probable that National Chairman Homer S. Cummings of Connecticut will not be a candidate for re-election. Mr. Cummings, it is likely, will be placed on a campaign committee to be created.

An atmosphere of complete confidence as to the November result pervaded the conferences that were held among the Democratic leaders. Judge Moore, who had been reported sick in San Francisco following the convention activities, was in fine fettle.

"Cox will carry Ohio beyond a doubt," he said. "The reaction to the nomination has been wonderfully favorable throughout the West."

Mr. Murphy and Governor Smith also brought tidings that were reassuring to the Democratic cause. They departed for New York last night.

LOWDEN DECLARES WAR ON THOMPSON

Makes Mayor's Pro-Germanism Issue of Illinois Primary Campaign.

BRANDS HIM AS DISLOYAL

Calls Republicans to Rebuke His Tammany Machine by Backing Oglesby for Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Governor Frank O. Lowden, for the first time since he and Mayor William Hale Thompson parted political company, tonight made the first statement that the trouble between himself and the Mayor was due to the latter's opposition to the cause of America during the war.

Governor Lowden's complete statement is as follows:

"Ordinarily a slate ticket is out of the question and not in accord with the spirit of our primary laws. But at this time an extraordinary situation confronts the State. The situation, if not met firmly and courageously, is a real menace to the State of Illinois.

"During the war it was my duty as Governor to put the entire strength of Illinois, so far as possible, back of the Government in the prosecution of the war. Patriotism demanded this, and the history and traditions of the great State reinforced the demand of patriotism. It was my constant endeavor to perform this duty. In doing this, as is well known, I came into conflict with the Mayor of Chicago. One of the consequences was that all the elements of disloyalty and discontent became arrayed under his banner.

"Employing these elements as a basis, Thompson has developed a machine in Chicago to a point where it now holds the business, politics and education of that great city by the throat. Tammany Hall of New York is not so powerful and not less scrupulous. Drunk with power, this new Tammany now seeks to extend its rule over the affairs of the entire State.

"It has announced a slate of candidates in order to defeat this slate effectively it becomes necessary, as must be apparent to all the contemporaries in the anti-Thompson sentiment, to centre upon a single list of candidates. With this in view, conferences were held with the chief candidates for the various State offices opposing Thompsonism. These conferences were also attended by various other political leaders. As a result, many personal ambitions were unselfishly laid aside.

"A list of candidates headed by Lieutenant Governor Oglesby for Governor is being submitted for the consideration of the Republican voters of the State. Those men have been tried and have proven their ability and their integrity. If they are successful at the primaries and at the polls, Illinois will be insured a sane, honest and economical administration of its affairs, and the Thompson Tammany will be stopped at the Cook County line."

HARDING HOLDS RIVALS TO RECORD

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

and the League covenant in the United States Senate.

From what he said it was clear that he had given somewhat grudging assent to the covenant, even with the Lodge reservations, although he recognizes many good features of the League and is a firm believer in a rational concert of nations to preserve world peace as long as this does not involve the establishment of what he calls a "supergovernment," with authority in many respects, where foreign relations are concerned, exceeding that of the respective Governments of nations parties to the concert. As an essential element in any project for the perpetuation of peace he regards a high court of international justice and a body of international law, agreed to by the nations, and binding them to submit their international differences to that tribunal for judicial settlement in accordance with that law.

When it was recalled to Senator Harding that the Democratic national platform made the League covenant and the failure of the Republican Senate to act upon it in accordance with President Wilson's views the central issue in the campaign, the Senator said he had nothing to add to his recent statement in which he declared his willingness to meet the opposition party on that issue.

Puts Blame on Administration.

"It is very evident," he said, "that even the Democrats are divided on that question, but the Democrats who met at San Francisco had no choice. The Democratic die inevitably was cast by the Administration. The Democratic Administration has made the record for the Democratic Party, and this record the party cannot escape. I do not believe that the Democratic Party wanted the record made as it was made, because the result has been chaos and confusion that has arrested development and reconstruction, and is bound to bring condemnation on the party in power when the situation is fully understood, as it will be before the campaign ends."

"For the last two years we have had a Republican Congress that must share in that responsibility," was suggested.

"We have had a Republican Congress, but the mischief is all due to the fact that the executive insisted upon retaining, even after the war ended, broad powers that were either vested in or assumed by the President while the war was on as a matter of war necessity. While we were at war, I was in hearty accord with giving the fullest powers to the executive, but now, that the war is over, there should be no attempt on the part of the executive branch of the Government to hold the legislative branch in subjection or ignore it.

"I feel very solemnly on the propositions that in popular Government there is a necessity for very intimate and harmonious relations between these two branches. I also feel that the members of the Cabinet should be more than mere titular heads. They should be men of great capability and they should be consulted and their advice heeded. In a Government such as ours it is both dangerous and unbecoming for any one man, no matter how capable he may be, to arrogate to himself all wisdom and all power.

"If I was to make a comparison of our popular government with one of our modern and highly successful business establishments, I should liken Congress to the Board of Directors, the Cabinet to the executive board, which is always composed of a very limited number, and the President to the Chairman of the Executive Board, whose function is solely to carry out the policies of the Directors and make recommendations subject to their approval."

Reference was made to a recent statement in which Senator Harding declared that if elected he would invited the Vice President to sit with him in the Cabinet meetings.

"I think this about the Vice Presidency," the Senator said, "I have been a witness for the last five years to the utter inactivity of the second official of our republic. I have always felt that Vice President Marshall, with his notable common sense and practical view of things, could have been very helpful in letting the executive know what was in the mind of the Senators, over whose deliberations he presided, and through his more open contact with the public convey to the President what was in the minds of the people.

"I think the second official of the republic should be something more than a mere substitute, waiting for some one to die or become incapacitated for the performance of his functions."

Says Taxation Must be Changed.

Senator Harding believes that internationalism has about run its course in the United States Government. He doubts whether the people will listen with as much interest to campaign speeches on the much discussed and debated League of Nations Covenant as the Democrats, judging from their action at San Francisco, appear to believe. As for the Senator himself, he will give a great deal of his time during the campaign to the discussion of the internal problems for which a solution must be found during the next administration.

The high cost of living, rehabilitation of the railroads, industrial reconstruction, readjustment and stabilization of the relations between labor and capital, agricultural development, Americanization and reform of the Federal taxation system—these are questions which Senator Harding proposes to discuss at length.

"Our whole taxation system is wrong," said the Senator. "It is war taxation in times of peace, and must be changed. I was willing to accept the excess profits tax as a war measure, because it embodied the best promise we had of quick relief, but no country can go forward on an assured industrial future with a tax on excess profits. Experience has shown that it is invariably passed on to the consumer—that is, the great majority of the American people."

While the relation between taxation of that kind and increased cost of living was obvious and close, Senator Harding said, there was only one radical remedy for the high cost of living, and that was economy. "What could be done by Governments, State or Federal, at the best would be purely supplementary.

"The best thing about my sovereign remedy for the high cost of living is that it lies in the hands of the people themselves," he added. "I cannot think of anything comparable as a cure to economy, frugality, even to the point of self-denial, coupled with thrift. You cannot stop the high cost of living as long as gold flows continuously in a yellow current from consumer to producer and when all the people seem to think of is to gratify their tastes, no matter at what cost. Of course, there must be a restoration of efficiency in production. That will help, but until we have accomplished deflation and restored the dollar to its value of 100 cents you cannot have normal prices."

Won't Be Driven from "Front Porch."

The decision of Senator Harding to stick to his "front porch" and the comparative merits of this kind of campaigning and "whirlwind swings of the circle" were discussed.

"Whirlwind campaigning," said the Senator, "was undertaken only once by the Republican Party in the fifty-two years preceding the Roosevelt campaign in 1912. That was in 1884 when Blaine permitted himself to be talked into conducting that sort of a fight and we all remember what happened to Blaine. Had Blaine stayed at home there would have been no rum, Romanism and rebellion" break in his campaign oratory to blight his prospects of winning the Presidency.

"Colonel Roosevelt took up whirlwind campaigning, partly because it was in consonance with his character with strenuous methods and partly because it was the only way in which he could get publicity. Now I want it distinctly understood that there is no justification for the stuff that has been printed about how and why my decision was reached. I am not doing this to signalize a return to old-time methods, as has been suggested. I am doing it for two reasons. The first is that this method of campaigning conforms to my own conception of the dignity of the office for which I am a candidate. The second is a practical one. I believe there is more value in the assured, correct public version of deliberate statements than there is in the chance publicity of extemporaneous utterances made from the tail end of a train. And let me tell you our present-day problems are too serious for any normal man in a prominent public position to take any chance of his words being misquoted and consequently misconstrued.

"There is another reason. A man accepting the burden of responsibility that the Presidency involves must have some regard for his health, and no one can maintain his bodily vigor or his mental poise in swinging the circle and meeting all the people one is obliged to meet on such a trip. It was swinging the circle that brought President Wilson to grief, and there we have a concrete example of one peril with which campaigning of that sort is fraught.

"It has been suggested that the hard campaigning planned by Governor Cox and his running mate, Mr. Roosevelt, will have the effect of driving you off your own front porch," was suggested.

"Any one saying that they will drive me off the front porch has voiced a very foolish opinion to which I do not care to make reply," said Senator Harding.

Thinks His Personality Secondary.

"I shall make three or four specific and important engagements from home," he added. "These will each be for elaboration of some outstanding topic in our platform which will be made the keynote theme. It is not impossible that I will speak once in the East, once in the Middle West and once in the West and Northwest on important issues."

"It has been urged, Senator, that you owe it to the voters at large to afford to them an opportunity to size you up and see what manner of man you are," suggested the correspondent.

"I am appealing to America to put the Republican Party back in power because of the things to which that party is committed," was the reply. "My personality is of mere secondary interest. I can better proclaim the purposes and expound the policies of the party in deliberate speeches from my own home than I could do through any other method of campaigning. Even through the most arduous travel that one could conceive, I could meet face to face only a very small proportion of the American people."

Senator Harding will face his first big home audience this week when he makes his speech of acceptance at Garfield Park, Marion is preparing to take care of 100,000 visitors, and an attendance of at least 75,000 is said to be fully assured. They will come in special trains and in automobile caravans from points far distant. Twenty special trains have already been routed for arrival at Marion on the morning of Thursday, notification day. One motor car caravan in which there was to have been 1,000 cars and more than 5,000 pilgrims had to be abandoned because the travelers could not be provided with sustenance nor could an adequate supply of gasoline be guaranteed on the route by which they were to come.

Marion is putting on holiday attire. Facades of the houses in the business section are almost hidden by flags and red, white and blue streamers that have been hung or festooned on the house fronts until only the windows are left uncovered. Nearly every window frames a picture of Senator Harding.

FOUR QUESTIONS TO COX

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

plained in Senator Harding's speech of acceptance. Having previously accepted the Democratic party's challenge to make the League of Nations "a national referendum," it is virtually certain that the candidate will commit himself to the Lodge reservations or to peace by declaration and negotiation of a new treaty.

The statement issued by the Senator today is construed as an effort to widen the breach between the Administration and the Democrats who are opposed to many of its policies. It is understood that it was prompted by Washington dispatches in this morning's papers stating that Governor Cox did he was conferring with Mr. Wilson because the President "knows more about international affairs than anyone I know in the country."

The Harding men admitted today that they had no hope of attracting Administration supporters to their candidate, but hold that agreement between Governor Cox and the President would give the opportunity they desired to win over Democrats opposed to the President.

Senator and Mrs. Harding, accompanied by former Representative J. Adam Bede of Minnesota, attended morning services at Trinity Baptist Church, where Senator Harding is a trustee. The pastor, the Rev. T. H. McAfee, made no reference in his sermon to the campaign.

On his return from church, the Senator was met by Representative C. Bascom Slemp, Republican Congressman from Virginia and member of the National Committee.

Before leaving for Chicago tonight, Mr. Slemp said:

"Political lines have not, of course, been fully formed as yet, but the action of the Democratic Convention was a complete surrender of the West to the Republican Party. Their Presidential candidate is not in accord with the sentiment of the West, nor is this corrected by the selection of their Vice Presidential candidate from the East.

"The battle lines should, therefore, be Ohio and the East, where the Republican Party is stronger than it has been in any campaign since 1908.

"I just dropped by to pay my respects to Senator Harding on my way to Chicago, and I am delighted to see him looking so well in every way. The Republicans begin the campaign with a tremendous advantage in popular sentiment."

Senator Harding was a guest at the installation ceremonies of B'nai B'rith this afternoon. In responding to the greetings of members and guests, Senator Harding said that he hoped "all America would catch the spirit of the organization in campaigning against ignorance, intolerance, defamation, and everything else aimed to rend the concord of citizenship. Fraternity and helpfulness must be the abiding purpose of our people, and the compensations that come of the consciousness of helping one's fellow men contributes more to the happiness of self than success, distinction and all the other triumph of life."

He also spoke of the part played in war and peace by Jewish citizens of Marion.

With his speech of acceptance completed, Senator Harding, who has kept close to his headquarters the last few weeks, plans to play golf one or two afternoons before the notification ceremonies.

HARMONY ELATES DEMOCRATIC CHIEFS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

against the successful management of the campaign.

President Wilson, it is understood, when asked as to his views on the Chairmanship, declined to commit himself, but showed very plainly that the retention of Cummings would be pleasing to him.

With Mr. Cummings directing the campaign, it was asserted, the league fight would be kept to the front and the President's policies would be upheld fully.

There was every evidence today that the defeated candidates and their supporters would be found loyally behind the ticket. As representing Mr. McAdoo, Senator Glass had a long conference with Governor Cox in the executive offices and, speaking in behalf of Mr. McAdoo, assured the nominee that Mr. McAdoo and all his friends could be counted upon to aid in the election of the ticket.

It is understood that Senator Glass, as a member of the Executive Committee, will devote most of his time to the New York office and in the preparation of campaign material bearing upon taxation and financial matters. With him will be associated Daniel C. Roper, former Commissioner of Internal Revenue, who today, as another of Mr. McAdoo's managers, called upon Governor Cox to pledge allegiance and co-operation.

Mr. McAdoo will be one of the chief speakers in the campaign, it was said here. He has already offered to make as many speeches as possible, and will devote himself to sections of the country in which he is regarded as especially strong among the electorate.

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DRY LEADER DOUBTS PLANK WENT ASTRAY

Anderson Insists "Law and Order" Section Never Passed Republican Committee.

SAYS WATSON OPPOSED IT

Republican Headquarters Has No More Light on the Mix-up, but Thinks It Will Be Straightened Out.

While the discovery by prohibition leaders in Chicago that pamphlets containing the Republican national platform as recently adopted at the Chicago Convention and mailed out from National Headquarters, 19 West Forty-fourth Street, this city, did not include a "law and order" plank, as had been generally supposed, created a stir among Republican leaders in this city as well as in Chicago, the information did not come as news to the Anti-Saloon League forces, according to William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York.

He said at his home at Yonkers yesterday afternoon that he knew all along that the platform as adopted did not contain the law and order plank and as stated at the time of the convention. He remarked also that he did at the time he did not put much faith in the statement attributed to Chairman Watson of the Resolutions Committee, Senator Smoot and others that the plank had been adopted by the Resolutions Committee, was lost in the pile of documents moved from the committee rooms to the convention hall, and that the plank would be inserted in the printed copies sent out during the campaign. One reason, he said, was that he did not think that the National Committee had the authority to make such an alternation in the platform as adopted by the convention. Besides, he said, he had on file in his office a letter from Chairman Watson, under date of June 1, voicing his opposition to any mention of the prohibition question in the platform. This was just a few days before he was made Chairman of the committee.

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, was out of the city yesterday and it was said at national headquarters that there was nothing to add to the statement made on Saturday night by Ralph V. Sollitt, Assistant Chairman, to the effect that the platform had been printed in the pamphlet just as it had been adopted by the convention, the law and order plank being missing for the reason that it had never been before the convention. Mr. Sollitt also said that the plank had not been adopted by the Resolutions Committee, as stated at the time by Chairman Watson, Senator Smoot and others.

During the morning a member of the staff at Republican headquarters was in touch by long distance telephone with Captain Victor Heintz, Chairman Hays's assistant in charge of the Chicago headquarters. Captain Heintz was reported as saying that he did not know the facts relative to the supposed missing plank. "I think the whole thing will be straightened out within a few days," said a member of the staff of the New York office.

Speaking of the State Republican platform, Mr. Anderson said:

"The plan of the New York State Republicans is to make no reference to the prohibition question in the platform to be adopted at the State convention which begins at Saratoga Springs July 27, on the ground that the national platform does not contain any reference to it.

"There is this difference: The National platform is justified by the leaders on the ground that the Republican Party stands on its record in regard to prohibition, it having been a Republican Congress that passed the prohibition law. The Republicans in this State passed the nullification bill. The position taken by the Republican Party in this State is utterly inconsistent with that of the National Party. If the State platform is silent on the prohibition question, it means that the party stands on the State record on this issue, which is for nullification."

In the position in which they have placed themselves the Republicans cannot expect to receive the support of the drys, Mr. Anderson added. He said that they could not consistently ask for the support of the wets and drys at the same time, which would be the position they would be in if the State platform was silent on the prohibition question.

"The really important thing in regard to the omission of the law and order plank in Chicago," continued Mr. Anderson, "is the position the Republican machinery is in if it does not come through. A remarkable thing is that the State leaders don't seem to think that by silence on this great moral issue they are taking an attitude that is contradictory to that of the National platform."

Mr. Anderson said that the Republican leaders had been repeatedly warned, and that if they omitted a declaration on the prohibition issue at the Saratoga convention they should be prepared to take the consequences in the November election.

REPLIES TO AMCS PINCHOT.

Rose Schneiderman Says the 48's Leaders Don't Really Believe in Democracy.

In a statement given out last night Rose Schneiderman, candidate of the Farmer-Labor Party for United States Senator from New York, who has just returned from the National Convention in Chicago, declared that "the four leaders of the Committee of Forty-eight who were overthrown by the rank and file of their own organizations do not really believe in democracy," but that "they distrust plain, average people."

Miss Schneiderman asserted that "between the lines of Amos Pinchot's supercilious comment on the defective mentality of the delegates to the Chicago Convention may be read the reason why Mr. Pinchot, Allen McCurdy, J. A. H. Hopkins and George Record failed at Chicago."

"The Labor Party's idea from the start," she said, "was to organize the hand and brain workers and let them write their own program. Mr. Pinchot is contemptuous of the Farmer-Labor platform and insinuates it was spun from the personal theories of Roscan Bennett, Robert Buck and other platform committee members. The fact is the committee merely gave technical aid to express compactly demands already made by the various groups of farmers and workers.

"If such slow-moving, conservative bodies as the American Federation of Labor and the railroad brotherhoods demand nationalization of the railroads with democratic operation, is it for Mr. Pinchot and his little group of serious thinkers to veto the plan? If the teachers would democratize the school system, if the farmers demand State-owned packing houses and flour mills, if the negroes demand equality before the law, can a real party of the people reject these planks when it makes its platform?

"It is hard to understand why Messrs. Pinchot, McCurdy, Hopkins and Record should reproach the Farmer-Labor Party as being a class party. * * *

"It may have been Mr. Pinchot dismay at being classed with labor which piqued him into calling the membership of his Committee of Forty-eight 'honest, well-meaning muckheads,' and stirred his hope of a fourth party which would accept the 'clean, practical and statesmanlike' platform which the Committee of Forty-eight rejected for the Farmer-Labor platform.

"If the majority of the 'Forty-eighters' had not been heart and soul with the Farmer-Labor Party, Mr. Pinchot and Mr. Hopkins and their friends would have been in complete control of the convention. The 'Forty-eighters,' with the exception of a small minority, voted with the labor delegates and the farmer delegates. If Mr. Pinchot believes the majority of his own ex-followers are 'muskheads' what must be his opinion of ordinary folk?"

ESCAPED PRISONER CAUGHT

Disguised Detective Searches the Bowery Until He Finds Fugitive.

Harry Farrell, 38 years old, who gave his address as the West Shore Hotel, Forty-second Street and Eleventh Avenue, and who, according to the police, escaped Thursday from the West Side Court, where he was awaiting arraignment on a charge of having narcotics in his possession, was rearrested yesterday by Detective Skala. Skala had disguised himself and had been mingling with habitues of the Bowery in a search for the escaped prisoner.

Yesterday afternoon Skala saw Farrell, who recognized the detective. Farrell ran, but after a short chase Skala again had him in custody.

GUAJARDO EXECUTED TRIAL FOR GONZALEZ

Mexico's Northern Revolt Ends, with de la Huerta Believed Firmly Established.

CATHOLICS BACK PELAEZ

Enter Election Campaign with Demand for Constitution of 1857—Strikes Paralyze Traffic.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 18.—General Jesus M. Guajardo, who revolted against the de la Huerta Government in June when commanding two thousand men near Torreon, was captured at Monterey yesterday, and after a summary court-martial was executed this morning at daybreak.

Guajardo served under the orders of General Pablo Gonsales, now under arrest charged with plotting a new revolution. Guajardo, known as "the killer" since he killed Zapata two years ago, commanded the attack on the trains of Carranza when the President fled Mexico City. Guajardo was responsible for the deaths of eighty women and children when the troops wrecked one of the last trains of the Carranza party.

The fact that Guajardo, with 2,000 men, well equipped, lasted only about twenty days is taken to show clearly the strength of the new Government.

The death of Guajardo, the offer of Osuna to surrender, the arrest of Pablo Gonzales and the escape of his son, Ricardo Gonsales, toward the United States, A few scattered rebels are being rounded up daily.

Public opinion here is that the de la Huerta Government is firmly established.

General Pablo Gonsales will face an extraordinary court-martial on Monday. General Finuifo Gonsales, ex-Governor of the Federal District, will preside. Eight Generals who are to form the court left Mexico City on Saturday and were due to arrive at Monterey Sunday night.

Due to strikes and rebel activities, Mexico City is almost cut off from railway traffic to the United States. The lines to Laredo, San Luis Potosi, Tampico, Vera Cruz and Puebla have suspended. The remaining lines to Piedras Negras and Juarez form the only outlet to the United States.

The Catholic Church, in celebrating the twenty-first coronation of the Virgin of Guadalupe, Mexico's patron saint, on October 12, will form a chorus of ten thousand voices to sing at the mid-day mass. Monsignor Bonzano, Papal Delegate to the United States, will be invited to preside.

Catholic Party in Elections.

The constitution of 1857 will be the chief issue in Mexico's Presidential campaign. The Catholic Party, which under Porfirio Diaz and later under Victoriano Huerta controlled the political destinies of Mexico, has again taken the field, with the restoration of the constitution of 1857 as the base of its platform.

A convention to be held here, it is expected, will designate General Manuel Pelaez, who controlled the oil regions in the States of Tamaulipas and Vera Cruz when the revolt began against Carranza, as their candidate for the Presidency.

In order to conserve its full strength the party will have only the Presidential candidate in the field. Pelaez is known as a strong friend of the oil interests, who are fighting the present constitution.

The party was formed by Emilio Pimentel, who acted as Governor of the State of Oaxaca under Porfirio Diaz.

Carlos B. Betins, one of the founders of the Knights of Columbus in Mexico, and Robes Domingues, who is an active enemy of the constitution of 1917, during the Carranza period made bitter newspaper attacks upon Article 27.

The revival of the Catholic movement dates from the visit to Mexico of an American priest who united the warring church factions, and a circle of the Knights of Columbus was formed here pure ly for political purposes. Great activity among the members has been noted lately and a heavy assessment has been levied to furnish money for the Presidential campaign. The party now has an abundance of money, backed by the Church.

Protestant persistence in opening secular schools and hospitals in Mexico, coupled with an expressed willingness on the part of the Government to permit all religions to enter into competition with the Catholics, has aroused bitter feeling.

Although Mexico is 90 per cent. Catholic, a number of prominent Catholics protest against the new party taking part in politics. One prominent Catholic who held important positions under Porfirio Diaz stated to your correspondent that the new party was being used outside the interests of Catholics who had studied the situation. He would not take part in the elections, he said, adding that the action of the party in naming Pelaez would not only work in favor of outside interests but by the appearance of another candidate would give the election of Obregon the appearance of legality needed. With two candidates the usual charges that the elections were fixed could not be sustained.

Several other Catholics stated that they deplored the entrance of the party in the field at this time, when the country was in no shape to sustain further difficulties.

General opinion is that the party is being used in the interests of those who wish to see the constitution of 1917, with its restrictions against oil, abolished.

MEXICO CITY, July 18 (Associated Press).—General Carlos Garcia, Chief of Staff of General Pablo Gonzales, has been freed because he is a Deputy and has been ordered to proceed from Monterey and present himself before the War Department, according to a dispatch to the Universal.

A passenger train from Tampico to San Luis Potosi was robbed today by its own military escort, according to a dispatch from Tampico to the Excelsior. The report stated that the holdup occurred between Raccon and Tamasopo, in the State of San Luis Potosi.

The management of the Mexican Railway has appealed to General P. Elias Calles, Minister of War, to prevent strikers at Vera Cruz and Mexico City from interfering with the movement of petroleum trains between the two cities, and has been advised that the General cannot send forces against the strikers.

The reply of the Minister of War stated that he would refer the situation to a committee of strikers, appealing that they should not interfere with traffic so vital to the country's transportation and industries, according to the Excelsior.

General Jacinto B. Trevino, Secretary of Industry, Commerce and Labor, declares that the petroleum question in Mexico will be settled "forever" at a conference next week between oil men and representatives of the Government, according to the Excelsior.

The Secretary adds that the Government, however, will not change the constitutional law or derogate the decrees of the late President Carranza.

According to the newspaper report of General Trevino's statement, the only possible concession is that the Government may accept payment of taxes in cash instead of in merchandise. He says the millions in wealth of the oil men cannot change the spirit of the laws.

General Trevino is quoted as stating that no modification can be made in the Carranza decrees because the Supreme Court passed on the question by denying twenty-nine petitions for appeal by the petroleum operators and because the General Congress approved the extraordinary powers by virtue of which the former President issued the decrees.

After a conference today with representatives of the oil men, the General announced that certain concessions had been made by the petroleum interests, but he did not indicate their nature.

The oil men consented to deposit all rentals and perquisites due the Government, subject to ratification by the companies' Directors, while the Government agreed temporarily to suspend all procedure regarding denouncements of the Federal zones, according to the petroleum interests' version of the conferences as reported by the Universal.

The newspaper's account indicated that Provisional President de la Huerta as well as General Trevino attended the conference.

ARREST PORTO RICAN ON SHIP

Fireman on Pastores Wanted for Burglary and Murder.

When the United Fruit steamer Pastores arrived in Quarantine yesterday afternoon from the West Indies, two detectives went on board and arrested Jesus Crus Gomez, aged 24 years, of San Juan, Porto Rico, as a fugitive from justice. He was taken to Police Headquarters, where he will be held to await the arrival of a warrant from Porto Rico. The detectives said that the man, who was also known as Jose Santiago, was wanted for burglary, grand larceny and murder.

Gomez on Oct. 13, 1919, came to this country and lived at 217 West Twenty-fourth Street, and after doing various odd jobs, joined the Pastores as a fireman on her last voyage south.

IRISH POLICE HEAD, V. C. WINNER, KILLED

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

demobilized soldiers in force attacked soldiers in uniform in consequence of the death of a comrade named Bourke, who was stabbed this morning.

Sinn Fein Volunteers interfered and saved some of the soldiers who had become detached from their colleagues. One soldier is said to have received a bullet wound.

A large force of military came on the scene with an armored car and fired on the people. Six persons were seriously wounded, and it is rumored that one civilian and three soldiers were shot dead.

LABOR'S IRISH ACTION ILLEGAL

Law Prevents Them Calling Strike on Political Issues.

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LONDON, July 18.—The proposal of the British Labor extremists to hold a ballot to decide the question of a general strike in support of Ireland's demand for self-government has struck a snag which may end all efforts to use the strike weapon for political purposes.

The moderates consulted legal experts, who advise them that under the English law any expenditure of labor union funds for any purposes other than strictly trade purposes is illegal and can be enjoined by the courts.

Thus the expense of printing ballots on the question of a political strike would be illegal; and the officials authorizing such an expenditure would be liable to be held personally responsible.

It is now certain that if any union attempts to take a ballot on the question of a strike in support of Ireland or of Russia an appeal will be made immediately to the courts for an injunction, which is sure to be granted.

It is unlikely that the unions will consent to waste funds on a long legal fight, which it is almost sure to lose, in order to establish a principle to which the majority is said to be opposed and all except the extremists lukewarm.

DENIES PERSECUTION OF CARRANZA'S AIDS

El Heraldo Writer Says Huerta Merely Seeks Justice for Chief's Murder.

AFRAID TO FREE MURGUIA

General Is Known to be Supporter of Bonillas and Cabrera, So Is Kept in Jail.

Manuel Carpio, representative of El Heraldo, of Mexico City, now in New York, declared yesterday that the statement of General Norberto C. Olvera regarding the alleged persecution by the Huerta régime of former Carranza Generals would tend to mislead people because it gave only a part of the real situation.

General Olvera, who was the last military commander of the Federal District of Mexico under the Carranza Government and who commanded the infantry troops which served as guard and escort of Carranza in his flight, said that the opposition to the Huerta régime was growing stronger daily because of the persecution of former Carranza officers and placeholders.

"In the interest of truth and impartial justice," said Mr. Carpio yesterday, "it must be stated that after the death of Carranza the Generals escorting him, many of whom are now on trial, telegraphed to General Obregon in Mexico City asking permission to escort the body to the capital.

"Now, it must be borne in mind that, of the six persons in the hut where Carranza met his death, the only person wounded or killed was the President himself, and the testimony taken at the trial so far shows that the others fled during the surprise attack.

"Under these circumstances, it is not surprising that the reply of Obregon to the request of the Generals was as brusque as it turned out to be.

"General Obregon informed the Carranza Generals that he felt their position was a most undignified one; that they should have protected Carranza at the cost of their lives, instead of seeking safety.

"He said that it would certainly not suffice that the Generals lament the deed, in which they had direct responsibility and for which they would be held to account by the nation. The Generals replied that they had done their full duty and would prove it at the right time."

Other well informed Mexicans said that the imprisonment of the Carranza Generals was not as simple as General Olvera made it. They said the perplexing thing was, that, of six persons in a room, only Carranza was killed in the surprise attack. One question asked by these Mexicans is why did General Mariel at a certain point in the mountains intrust the guidance of the party to a rebel who promised to be good?" And why did not General Murguia remain close to Carranza and go to his hut to protect him?

Provisional President Huerta is in a peculiarly perplexing situation, it was said. If he keeps General Murguia and the others in jail the agitation against the present régime, organized by Bonillas and his friends and supported by Luis Cabrera, now said to be in the United States, will go on. If he frees the men now in prison, there appears to be no doubt that they will take up arms at once in an effort to overthrow the Government. This movement will gain the support of the Mexican exiles in Washington, New York and San Antonio.

The name of Manuel Pelaez, king of the Tampico oil fields, is said to be connected with the immediate future of Mexico, and it is believed likely that Pelaez will join forces with the enemies of Huerta and Obregon. Pelaez, having financial relations with all interests in Tampico, it would be useless, it was said, to deny his influence, particularly as he is said to be flirting with the reactionary interests at the present time.

What is said to be a sinister indication in the situation is that Cabrera's purposes and plans in the United States have not yet been revealed, and Cabrera himself has as yet not revealed himself to any but a few intimate friends.

SOCIALISTS DRINK WATER.

Last Year the Party Dinner Consumed 175 Kegs of Beer.

Four thousand persons attended the picnic of the New York County Socialist Party last night at the Manhattan Casino at 155th Street and Eighth Avenue. Although several Socialist candidates were present, there was no speech-making.

The Socialists consumed 175 kegs of beer at their annual dinner last year, but they refused yesterday to compromise with the moral element by drinking substitutes. Water flowed like beer all evening.

OPEN AN AMERICAN CHURCH.

Holy Russian Orthodox Cathedral of St. Nicholas Has Branch.

The first service was held yesterday morning of an American branch of the Holy Russian Orthodox Cathedral of St. Nicholas, in Ninety-seventh Street, east of Fifth Avenue. The new branch, the distinctive feature of which will be that the entire service will be in English instead of Russian, is in the chapel of St. Vladimir's Home, 230 East Seventeenth Street.

The branch, which has been named the American Orthodox-Catholic Church of the Transfiguration, fulfills a long-time wish of the Rev. Dr. Ingram N. W. Irvine, a canon of the cathedral, who will be associate rector of the new mission. The pastor is Abbot Patrick. Canon Stephen and Canon Paul are the other members of the staff, all of whom were converts to the Russian Orthodox Church.

The ritualistic service used was the Litany of St. John Chrysostom, which seldom has been read in English. The service was read by Canon Irvine, assisted by Canon Stephen. A choir of students from the Russian Theological Seminary, at Tenafly, N. J., where Canon Irvine is a professor, chanted the responses without instrumental music.

Canon Irvine gave a brief address. Canon Stephen delivered a short sermon on faith. He said the little group of American priests in charge of the mission had faith that it would meet a real need in this city.

STOP TRUCK WITH WHISKY.

Connecticut Police Hold New York Man Transporting 195 Cases.

NORWICH, Conn., July 18.—A New York truck, carrying 195 cases of whisky, en route to Albany from New York City and in charge of Louis Sorrel of Bridgeport, was taken in charge by the local police about 10 o'clock last night while passing through here.

Two other men with the truck, Silvel Michini and Antonio Lagrutta of New York, are held with Sorrel under $5,000 bonds each for appearance here tomorrow morning before United States Commissioner Earl Matthewson.

Sorrel, when questioned by the police, exhibited a permit for the transportation of liquor, but the police question its validity. When asked what he was doing in Eastern Connecticut if his destination was Albany, Sorrel stated that he had been advised to come through here as he was told the roads over the route he was following are better than the direct route from New York to Albany.

SUGGESTION

TO THOSE WHO FIND IT PRACTICAL AND ECONOMICAL TO WEAR CLOTHES OF INDISPUTABLE QUALITY, FINCHLEY OFFERS THE SUGGESTION THAT THE BUSINESS AND LOUNGE SUITS, NOW ON REVIEW, OFFER AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR SELECTION.

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CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY

5 West 46th Street

NEW YORK

KAISER'S YOUNGEST SON A SUICIDE

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

health. He is highly nervous and is subject to a serious congenital malady."

The following Spring he was reported to be fighting on the Russian front and to have narrowly escaped capture there. In August of that year, 1915, it was rumored he was to become King of Poland, while in July, 1917, another throne was said to be in prospect for him—his father's—the rumor asserting that the Kaiser had abdicated in his favor, ignoring the Crown Prince and other brothers, all his seniors. Indeed, most of the information about Prince Joachim has been contradictory, one version of his war record holding that his invalidism prevented his taking any part in the war at all.

Joachim was married on March 11, 1916, to Princess Marie Augustine, daughter of Prince Edward of Anhalt, and niece of the reigning Duke Frederick II. of Anhalt. The Princess was only 17 years old at the time, and her union with the only unmarried son of the Emperor had certain romantic aspects, which were perhaps heightened by stanch support of him when he was arrested in the Munich uprising of 1919. Yet last January reports from Paris and Berlin persisted in saying that the Prince had brought an action for divorce, one dispatch adding that Berlin-ers would have been less surprised had the Princess been the plaintiff. Their son, the Kaiser's tenth grandchild, and the fourth of the grandchildren born during the war, was born Dec. 15, 1916.

After the war the name of Prince Joachim pretty well dropped out of the news, only cropping up occasionally in connection with some brief rumor of how he was passing the time. "Joachim now a gambler," said one correspondent, who described him as a nightly spectator at the roulette table in Cannes, the new Monte Carlo that attracted many Germans and Austrians last year. Rome reports said he had paid $30,000 for the Villa Favorita at Castagnola. Then he was said to intend coming to the United States as soon as peace was declared, which prompted the Ellis Island officials to announce that the Prince would receive the same treatment as any other alien applying for entrance to this country.

The six marches composed by Joachim after 1914 were entitled "The Man in Field Gray," "Young Germany," "Gloria et Patria," "The Liege March," "1914," and "Pro Deo for King and Country." Previous to the war his musical works had been performed only at Court, where his father took much pride in them, but his marches were well received by the soldiers and were known in every trench.

The late Prince should be distinguished from the ex-Kaiser's cousin, Prince Joachim Albrecht, of Prussia, who was arrested and fined a few months ago for leading an assault on French officials in the dining room of the Hotel Adlon, in Berlin, and who, earlier in his career,

Joachim, ex-Kaiser's Youngest Son.

had been forced to leave the German Army after a morganatic marriage with an actress.

That the German people still had a friendly feeling towards Prince Joachim was demonstrated at Potsdam on Whit Sunday, May 30, when a NEW YORK TIMES reporter visited the former garrison town. Hundreds of people had come out from Berlin to see the old palace of Frederick the Great and the newer one in the great park, where the former Emperor William resided.

While 200 persons were waiting outside the doors for admission, Prince Joachim rode up on a very fine chestnut horse, wearing the uniform of the regiment in which he had been commissioned captain in the war. He looked rather stout and smiled as he returned the salutes of the people, who called to each other, "Der Prinz Joachim."

After passing the Palace the Prince rode down the avenue to the villa where he had been living some time. He was the only German whom the reporter saw in army uniform in Potsdam that day.

ANXIETY FOR EX-KAISERIN.

Mother of Joachim Ill at Doorn and Father Unnerved by Worry.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 18.—The ex-Kaiserin's condition was today reported unchanged since yesterday. Professor Hermans Vanderberg's, who was called from Utrecht, still remained at Doorn in attendance on the former German Empress.

The ex-Kaiser was said to be much depressed over the ex-Kaiserin's weak state and to show signs of nervousness.

Great secrecy continued to be maintained as to the ex-Kaiserin's condition, which was said to be in part due to a return of her former heart trouble.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY

NEW YORK CITY

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

"A Tower of Strength"

MEMBER NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

Condensed Statement of Condition on June 30th, 1920, as reported to the State Banking Department

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Cash on Hand and in Banks	$ 48,103,218.82	Capital	$ 20,000,000.00
Exchanges for Clearing House	14,695,097.89	Surplus Fund	11,250,000.00
Demand Loans	73,933,893.74	Undivided Profits (Actual market values)	6,157,750.53
Time Loans on U. S. Government Securities	35,738,931.68	Unpaid Dividends	1,000,140.00
U. S. Government Securities	12,889,317.84	Deposits	$15,260,948.17
Other Time Loans and Bills Purchased	139,183,998.72	Certified and Other Outstanding Checks	18,197,136.00
New York State and Municipal Bonds	9,054,306.38	Accrued Interest Payable	257,841.13
Other Bonds and Stocks	27,534,962.39	Unearned Interest	691,090.63
Bonds and Mortgages	1,972,000.00	Reserved for Taxes	1,641,411.73
Real Estate	6,991,808.18	Outstanding Acceptances	14,677,835.81
Accrued Interest and Accounts Receivable	4,552,009.30		
Customers' Liability on Acceptances	14,484,609.06		
	$389,134,154.00		$389,134,154.00

SEWARD PROSSER, *President*

Directors

STEPHEN BAKER, Pres't Bank of the Manhattan Co.		HORACE HAVEMEYER	Pres't Havemeyers & Elder, Inc.
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M. FRIEDSAM	B. Altman & Co.		
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Downtown Office: 16 Wall Street

Paris Office: 9 Rue St. Florentin

Astor Trust Office: 5th Avenue and 42nd Street

A SUMMER DELICACY

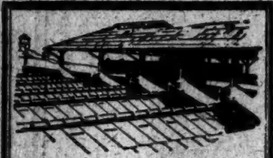
Shakespeare makes Falstaff exultingly remark, in a fit of pleasant excitement, that "it rains potatoes!"

Could the jolly old wit take a peep into the CHILDS restaurants today, he would probably exclaim: "It snows potato salad!"

For he would see veritable snow banks of this savory summer delicacy, each flake so delicious that it fairly melts in the mouth.

Cold roast beef, ham, or corned beef, with ri-c-h, creamy potato salad.

Childs



U. S. Gov't Ship Repair Shop Panama Canal Zone

American Industrial Roofing Tile

American Cement Tile are made of Portland Cement re-inforced. Each tile is 26 x 52 inches and roofs are laid on steel purlins spaced every 4 feet. Finished roof weighs 15 lbs. per sq. ft. and has a carrying capacity of 250 lbs. per sq. ft.

Our engineers will gladly solve your problems.

American Cement Tile Mfg. Co.

824 Oliver Building, Pittsburgh

50 Church St. New York — 801 Otis Bldg. Philadelphia — 809 Brown-Marx Bldg. Birmingham

$3.00 Round Trip Atlantic City

War Tax 24c additional

SUNDAYS
July 18; August 1, 15, 29; September 19; October 3 and 17

WEDNESDAYS
July 21; August 4 and 18

SPECIAL TRAIN
(Eastern Standard Time)

Lv. Pennsylvania Station - - - 7.30 A.M.
" Madison Terminal - - - 7.30 A.M.
Returning, leaves Atlantic City - 7.00 P.M.

Tickets good only on Special Train in each direction.

Pennsylvania System

GIRL SHOOTS MAN AND KILLS HERSELF

Chicago Salesman, Brother-in-Law of Leo Feist, Likely to Die of Wound.

WAS RETURNING TO HIS WIFE

Had Previously Promised to Get a Divorce and Marry Young Woman Who Shot Him.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Strangely similar to the tragedy a few months ago in which Ruth Randall slew Clifford Bleyer, a married man, and then committed suicide, Miss Pauline Meglitsch today attempted to murder Julius Jonas, a commercial salesman, married and with four grown children, and then fired a shot into her own head and fell dead across the prostrate form of her victim. Jonas, who is not expected to live, is a brother-in-law of Leo Feist, the New York music publisher.

The motive for the deed was found in a letter which Miss Meglitsch addressed "To the public."

"I tried to get Jule to kiss me tonight," it said, "but he refused. He said he loved his wife and family more than he did me, and that he was through with me. He said he was going back to his wife and family, and he seemed to mean what he said."

Jonas was shot and Miss Meglitsch committed suicide in a bedroom of the Meglitsch home at 4,827 North Lawndale Avenue. Later, in the Montrose Hospital, Jonas told the police that he had spent the night in the guest room of the Meglitsch home and was asleep when Pauline entered and fired without warning.

A few hours later his wife, Mrs. Sarah Jonas of 1,452 Addison Street, was at his side. The bullet, which severed his optic nerve, leaving him totally blind, had just been probed and he was being carried up stairs when he recognized her voice.

"Do you forgive me," he asked?

"Yes, Jule," she replied.

Only last March Mrs. Jonas had filed suit for separate maintenance against her husband. Miss Meglitsch was named. A conference, which was held in the office of Mrs. Jonas's attorney, resulted in the husband's promise to throw over his affinity and return to his wife and four children.

On Saturday night, as he was about to depart on a business trip, Jonas received a phone call from Pauline. She was very sick, she said, and asked him to come to her. Jonas did, and the early morning tragedy was the result.

It was 6:15 o'clock when Mrs. Helen Sanders, sister of the dead girl, was wakened by the sound of firing. Then she heard Jonas's voice calling for help. Mrs. Sanders hurried to the room, where she found Jonas wounded and her dead sister lying on the floor in her night gown, one hand clutching the revolver, a small .25 calibre Colt automatic.

Jonas's relations with Pauline extended back through several years. It was a decade ago, when he was a corset salesman and she a bookkeeper for the Wolff Clothing Company in St. Louis, that they met. Subsequently he was not seen for several years, when, returning to St. Louis, he came to the Meglitsch home to become a roomer.

The Meglitsch family liked him. He used to tell them about his wife and family, and show them presents which he had bought to send to them. Again he dropped out of their lives; this time for two years. Once more established in their household as a roomer, he told the family of his passion for the young lady, and said he would get a divorce from his wife and marry Pauline.

Then Mrs. Meglitsch objected to having her daughter go with a married man. She ordered him from the house, but Pauline and Jonas met elsewhere.

Last October the family moved to Chicago and took an apartment on North Lawndale Avenue. Jonas, who was making about $20,000 a year, furnished the flat. Then for weeks at a time he was not seen in his Addison Street home. His wife investigated. She discovered the other woman and the divorce proceedings started, to be discontinued upon his promise to have nothing further to do with Miss Meglitsch.

HOLD GIRL IN $10,000 THEFT.

Baltimore Cashier Spent Money on Her Lover, She Admits.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 18.—One night in a prison cell and Bessie L. Pick, 25 years old, who as cashier, by her own admission, embezzled nearly $10,000 from Alfred G. Goodrich, agent here of the National Life Insurance Company of Vermont, to lavish upon the man she loved, was transformed from a trim business girl in a broken-down woman.

Today as she was arraigned before Justice Johannsen in the Police Court she presented a wan and dejected appearance. Her eyes were red and swollen, the result of a sleepless night, spent for the most part in weeping. The police asked that the case be postponed until tomorrow afternoon, as they expected "additional developments." The postponement was granted.

When Justice Johannsen pronounced the amount of bail, $5,000, the girl broke down completely. Throwing her arms around her mother's neck, she became hysterical. The efforts of the mother and a sister to pacify her were unavailing.

The man in the case, Frank Schultz, was also locked up in the Central Police Station. He is held for the Government authorities on a charge of violating the Mann act. It is said by the police that early this month he went to Charlestown, W. Va., with the Pick girl and spent the night of July 4 with her at a hotel.

The girl steadfastly refuses to admit that she ever gave Schultz money other than to pay for the good times they had together, and declares she still loves him and will suffer the entire penalty rather than see him punished.

ALASKA FLIERS DELAYED.

Storm Prevents Their Start from Erie.

ERIE, Pa., July 18.—The four army aviators, blazing a trail from Mitchel Field, Long Island, to Nome, Alaska, were forced to remain here today by a heavy thunderstorm and downpour of rain, which continued until late tonight.

Captain St. Clair Street, in command of the expedition, said that an attempt would be made to make the next jump to Grand Rapids, Mich., Monday morning, if weather conditions permit.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.—Closed Saturday During July and August

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

New Navy Blue Blouses at $9.75

Two Advance Fall Models in Georgette Crepe

TO meet the season's demand of womenkind for navy blue Blouses to wear with Tailleurs and Skirts of the same popular shade, we have secured two absolutely new Fall models that present the advance style lines.

Third Floor.

ILLUSTRATED is the tie-on model, the lower part of the Blouse elaborately embroidered in navy floss, Filet mesh design, square neck, short sleeves. The other a slip-on model, round neck, short sleeves wool embroidered, self-color.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

The Midsummer Clearance of Women's Cotton Frocks

beginning to-day (Monday)

will afford an opportunity for buying attractively dainty frocks, in styles and fabrics for all occasions

at the extraordinarily low prices of

$4.75, 6.90, 9.75, 11.50, 15.00 to 58.00

White Cotton Skirts

will offer excellent values at

$3.90 & 5.00

(Third Floor, Madison Avenue section)

Other Special Values

obtainable to-day (Monday) include

Women's, Misses' and Children's Bathing Costumes; American-made Lingerie; and Boys' Summer Clothing

KNABE JULY SALE

of Slightly Used and Rebuilt

PIANOS

During

Knabe Building Alteration

THE growth of our Grand and Ampico business has necessitated the installation of new Display Studios, additional elevators and stairways. The work of construction and decoration must be completed at the earliest possible moment. That our architects and contractors may have more room, in order to complete their work, we must clear our floors by an immediate sale of the complete stock of instruments taken in exchange for new Knabes and Ampico Reproducing Pianos. The finest collection of Upright, Grand and Player Pianos we can offer.

Knabe Chickering Steinway
Haines Bros. Weber

Remodeled by our own experts, many cannot be distinguished from new, even by the initiated. Many have been used as specimen exhibits. A moderate deposit will secure a choice instrument, which may remain in storage until Fall if you wish. Quick action will get the choicest instruments at a great saving.

Below is a Partial List of the Many Wonderful Bargains

UPRIGHT PIANOS		PLAYER-PIANOS	
Decker, attractive offer	$65	Stanley, all improvements	$385
Biddle, a bargain	70	Foster, mahogany, perfect	410
Lagonda, rare value	185	Perlman, modern, fine value	440
Story & Clark, like new	235	Draper, mahogany, like new	490
Weber, ebony, fine tone	250	Holmes, slightly used	495
Norris & Hyde, a gem	275	Stanley, splendid condition	510
Foster, mahogany, perfect	295	Stuyvesant Pianola, a beauty	620
Vose & Sons, slightly used	310	Brewster, mahogany, a bargain	665
Hardman, latest model	375	Armstrong, used for demonstration, rare offer	740
Sohmer, unusual value	395	Hardman Autotone, fine value	765
Chickering, unusual value	410	Haines, excellent condition	825
Sohmer, fine condition	450	Sohmer Cecilian, perfect	845
Steinway, a bargain	495	Knabe Angelus, mahogany	880
Knabe Colonial, a gem	510	Sohmer, as new	950
Haines Bros., like new	560	Marshall & Wendell, Player Grand, unusual offer	1025
Hardman, walnut, a beauty	600	Knabe de Luxe, artist used	1150
Steinway, ebony, excellent	610	Weber Pianola Grand, a gem	1650
Knabe, demonstration use	750		
Knabe, art case, like new	850		

GRAND PIANOS			
Armstrong, miniature, like new	$825	Steinway, parlor, a bargain	$1035
Armstrong, choice selection	845	Knabe, mignon, artist used	1050
Knabe, mignon, mahogany, a gem	875	Knabe, mignon, perfect	1070
Armstrong, baby, splendid tone	875	Knabe, baby, attractive offer	1125
Knabe, mignon, slightly used	910	Knabe, art case, perfect	1330
Knabe, baby, mahogany, rare	965	Steinway, Louis XIV, gold finish, a beauty	1750
Fischer, mahogany, fine shape	975	Knabe, concert demonstration	1850
Weber, mahogany, unusual offer	1020		

Prices to Suit Every Purse — *Terms Convenient to Everyone*
All are fully guaranteed — *A liberal allowance for your piano*

Knabe

Warerooms - Fifth Ave at 39th St.

SALE COMMENCES AT 8:30 A.M.

Continuing throughout the week, unless Pianos are disposed of at an earlier date.

Gidding

PARIS — 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST — NEW YORK

Will Offer Today

The Following Unusual Values

Street and Sport Suits
(About fifty pieces in all)
Formerly to $195 — $45—$65—$85

Summer Evening Wraps
Formerly to $345 — $95—$125—$165

Summer Frocks and Dresses
Formerly to $65 — $18—$28

Day Dresses—Informal Gowns
Formerly to $195 — $45—$65—$85

Sheer Summer Blouses
Formerly to $40 — $7.50—$12—$18

Sport Coats—Street Wraps
Formerly to $250 — $45—$75—$95—$125

Country Club & Sport Skirts
Formerly to $58 — $18—$28

Street and Dress Hats—$10
Formerly to $45 — Balance of our early season styles.

NO C. O. D.'S—EXCHANGES OR CREDITS

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

20,000 Yards of
All-silk Crepe de Chine

(39 inches wide, and really choice quality)

to be placed on sale this morning will offer extraordinary value at

$1.95 per yard

There are liberal quantities of white, flesh-tone, navy blue and black; and, in addition, twenty of the most popular Summer shades

(This Sale will be held on the First Floor)

NEW LIGHT

Every great financial event throws new light on the security market. The world-wide inflation of the currency brings Guaranteed Mortgages into the limelight, and shows their sound capital value that keeps them at par with a 6% yield while other standard securities of like yield have depreciated 25%. With our Guaranteed Mortgages you buy stability.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST CO.
160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Brooklyn
44 Court St., Brooklyn
207 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
365 E. 149th St., N. Y.
1354 Broadway, Brooklyn
160 Main St., W. Plains, N. Y.

Andrew Alexander
548 Fifth Ave., at 45th St.

An Extensive Collection of

Women's Low Shoes

including Oxfords, Pumps and tie effects—correct in every detail and of the quality assured by the Alexander label.

$8.50 & $9.90

a pair

Reduced from much higher prices

1571—Breakfast Set, $25.00. Tray, $20.00

THERE are three shops in all New York that all brides look upon with a peculiar reverence—the shop where her rings were bought, the florist whose bouquet she carried and Ovington's, the shop from which her most charming gifts were sent.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

Flint's Fine Furniture
GUARANTEED.

Annual Summer Clearance Sale
Now in progress
At Reductions of
10% to 50%

Our Entire Stock of Persian & Chinese Rugs
AT REDUCTIONS AVERAGING MORE THAN 35%

Flint & Horner Co Inc
41-43 West 34th St.

The Market Is Best Now For The Consumer! Save $10.

Just now there is a temporary surplus. It is a good time to buy clothes. I've clipped $10 off the price of every suit and spring overcoat. Every one all wool, correctly styled and tailored.

$35	Suits and Overcoats		$25
$38	"	"	$28
$40	"	"	$30
$45	"	"	$35
$55	"	"	$45
$65	"	"	$55
$75	"	"	$65

G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
is the wittiest, most convincing, best worth while novel of up-to-the-minute America you can find to-day
$2.00 at any bookstore

SHE ASKED BUT $1,000 ON CHECK FOR $60,000

Girl with Smile Astounded a Teller in a National Bank.

FLED AS INQUIRY IS MADE

Former Employe of Wine Dealer Freund Is Held on Charge Which She Denies.

A slender little miss walked into the Fifth National Bank, Lexington Avenue and Twenty-third Street, last Thursday, went over to the paying teller's window, leveled a pair of steel-gray eyes, backed by a sunshiny smile, at the paying teller, and said:

"I am Mrs. Frederick Fruend, my husband has a wholesale wine business at 487 Third Avenue, you know? Would you mind cashing this check. I want only $1,000 just now and you may just keep the rest of it around here somewhere until I call in later for it. Thank you so much!"

The paying teller looked at the check. It was payable to "cash" and called for $60,000. He glanced up at the person willing to let $59,000 lie around a bank until "later." The gray eyes deepened and were coaxing. The smile matched the eyes.

"Why, certainly," said the teller, "just have a seat, and I'll hop downstairs and get all your money in new bills."

A second later Mr. Freund was indignantly denying that he had ever drawn a check for $60,000, and he was emphatically certain that his "wife" wasn't cashing anything of the sort. So the teller went back to his cage, but the lady of the wistful eyes and "oh-please" smile had departed.

This in substance was the story that Policeman Edward Gillman of the East Twenty-second Street station told to Magistrate Max Levine in Yorkville Court yesterday when he charged Miss Mary Lurie of 223 West Eighty-sixth Street with being the girl who tried to cash the check. The policeman said he had been searching for Miss Lurie, a former employe of the wine dealer, and finally arrested her on Saturday night at the West Eighty-sixth Street address.

Miss Lurie denied the charge, but was held without bail for examination today. Efforts to ascertain how the woman got the check were fruitless as it was said for Mr. Fruend that he had nothing to say.

TWO ACCUSED OF ROBBERY.

Magistrate Compliments Police for Arrest in Tenth Avenue.

Charged with robbery, John Doyle, a driver, of 730 Tenth Avenue, and John Hudson of 460 West 153d Street were held by Justice Kernochan, in West Side Court, yesterday in $5,000 bail each for examination July 21. Both men were arrested early yesterday morning in a restaurant near Fifty-fourth Street and Tenth Avenue by Detective Joseph Reilly of the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station.

Reilly was attracted by the outcry of Thomas Potts of 344 East Fifteenth Street. Potts said that three men had just accosted him at Fifty-third Street and Tenth Avenue and that after taking from him $50 in money, a gold watch and chain and a stickpin had pointed a revolver at him and threatened to kill him if he raised any alarm. The men at the time were running toward the restaurant. Reilly saw them and followed them in. Potts followed and identified two men in the restaurant as among the trio that held him up.

Justice Kernochan complimented the detective and also Captain James McAuley of the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station, who was in court. He said he had heard of many hold-ups in the section and that he was glad the police were on the lookout for offenders.

HURT GOING TO PICNIC.

Automobile Truck Overturns and Passenger's Legs Are Crushed.

ORANGE, N. J., July 18.—Little hope was held out today at the Orange Memorial Hospital for Samuel Silverang of 66 Louisiana Avenue, Brooklyn, who was injured when an automobile truck in which he was riding overturned in Eagle Rock Avenue Saturday afternoon.

Forty young people were in the truck when it overturned. They were employes of the Diamond Electric Specialty Corporation of Newark, and were on their way to a picnic. The corporation was formerly located in Brooklyn, and most of the party live in Brooklyn. Silverang's legs were crushed.

MEMPHIS GUARD INCREASED.

Local Unions Expected to Act on Strike of Firemen.

MEMPHIS, July 18.—Two additional companies of the Tennessee National Guard arrived in Memphis today to augment the State troops held here since the resignation last week of the members of the Fire Fighters' Union, comprising the entire city Fire Department with the exception of the Chief and his Assistant Chiefs. State Adj. Gen. Sweeney is in charge of the troops.

The Executive Board of the Memphis Trades and Labor Council sent out a call during the day for a meeting tomorrow night of officials of all unions affiliated with the council. The call declared that a "matter of vital importance" would be discussed. Members of the Executive Board refused to give further information.

Sick Janitor Hangs Himself.

Felix Ruckkart, 40 years old, a native of Berlin, Germany, whose wife died two months ago, and who was janitor of an apartment house at 120 East Thirty-first Street, was found dead, hanging by a rope attached to a steampipe in the cellar of the building, yesterday morning. He had a bankbook crediting him with $300. Ruckkart had been employed in the building for about two weeks and had been ill with stomach trouble.

Children Like

Grape-Nuts

The flavor appeals and the food builds.

Needs No Sugar

Give the youngsters Grape-Nuts at least once each day.

"There's a Reason"

COAL MOVEMENT SLOW.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Transportation continues to be the dominant factor limiting production of coal, according to the weekly report of the Geological Survey, made public tonight. The loss in production during the week ending July 10 ascribed to transportation, the report asserts, was three times the loss credited to any other one factor.

The average car supply to mines during the week of July 10 remained about the same, reports from mine operators to the Survey indicate. In some districts the supply of cars improved while in others it grew worse.

The movement of coal to the lakes for transportation to the northwest for the week of July 10, amounted to only 553,635 tons, the lowest since the first week of operation of the lake pools.

"Shipments to the lakes for the season," the report says, "now stand at 4,684,000 tons, as against 9,470,000 tons in 1918 and 10,930,000 in 1919. With more than one-third of the season of navigation gone, the lake movement is 50 per cent. behind 1918 and 57 per cent. behind 1919."

DREICER & Co

Pearls, Precious Stones and Jewels

FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SIXTH

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

Beginning This Monday Morning

The Semi-Annual Sale of

MEN'S SUITS

Former Prices $68, $65, $63, $60, $58, $55, $53 and $50

Reduced to

$35

WE have included in this great sale every light-weight business suit in stock that formerly sold at the above-mentioned prices, blacks and blues not excepted. They are all our own clothes, produced in our own shops this season in the most dependable woolens obtainable, and every one tailored in the customary Saks fashion. *Make it a point to be on good time for this occasion to-day.*

SMALL CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS

BROADWAY Saks & Company AT 34TH STREET

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

Offer

MEN'S TWO-PIECE SUITS

21.00 to 55.00

for the hot summer days, of fine tested fabrics, including Palm Beach in tan, green, brown and grey; mohair, tropical worsteds and Shantung silk.

Continuing—Clearance of

MEN'S & YOUNG MEN'S SUITS

Originally 50.00 to 60.00	38.00
" 61.00 to 65.00	45.00
" 66.00 to 70.00	50.00
" 71.00 to 80.00	57.50
" 81.00 to 87.00	67.50

ALTERATIONS GRATIS

You Never Pay More at Best's

Use the 5th Avenue Entrance

Our Annual July Clearance Sale of Men's and Young Men's Suits

in all truth!

There is a lot more to be said about these suits than the mere statement that they've been reduced. We believe (and so do thousands of our customers) that they were unequalled at their original prices — that they had an "edge" of from $5 to $15 on clothing of like quality that was sold at other reputable shops. What strengthens our belief in this is that we have the fastest growing Men's Clothing business in New York. And so what is the logical summary? Simply this: That at these three sale prices you may reap the advantage of McCreery values — and McCreery values are famous.

$31.50
Reduced from $48, $50 and $55

$47.50
Reduced from $60, $65 and $70

$63.50
Reduced from $75, $85 and $95

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue Second Floor 35th Street

Stern Brothers
West 42nd St. (Bet. 5th and 6th Aves.) West 43rd St.

A Correction—of the typographical error in our advertisement of Sunday, July 18th.

The Chamber Suite item and illustration in advertisement referred to should have appeared thus:

CHAMBER SUITE, four pieces, as illustrated.
In Mahogany with a Bow-end Bed, a 52-inch Bureau with a 30x42 Mirror; a Man's Chifforobe and a generous size Vanity Case. Value $515.00..... $460.00

Factory for C. B. Dolge Co., Saugatuck, Conn.

Come to headquarters for your moderate size industrial buildings—from $50,000 to $200,000.

Here your job will get the personal attention of executives from start to finish—that means "Speed with Economy."

Phone Bryant 2908.

Barney Ahlers
Industrial Construction
"Speed with Economy"

ADVERTISEMENT.

STOLEN

Airedale Pup

seven months old, from Emerson Hill, Concord, Staten Island, on Sunday, June 27th.

Has very black saddle, short tail and a two-inch narrow white streak on breast between legs, answers to name of "NORSE." Very liberal reward for return also for information leading to identity of the thief or thieves.

Phone or write

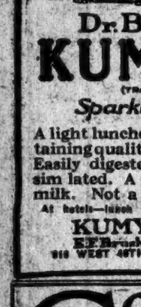
FLYNN
753 DANUBE AVENUE,
CONCORD, STATEN ISLAND.
Tel. 181-M Tompkinsville
or the Police Station at Stapleton.

Dr. Brush's
KUMYSS
(TRADE MARK)
Sparkling Milk

A light luncheon with the sustaining qualities of a full meal. Easily digested. Quickly assimilated. A fermented sweet milk. Not a buttermilk.

At hotels—lunch counters—soda fountains

KUMYSS, Inc.
E. F. Brush, M.D., President
910 WEST 46TH ST., NEW YORK



COFFEE

SUPPLIED TO YOU DIRECT FROM IMPORTER AT THE WHOLESALE PRICE.
Our cash and carry plan saves delivery expenses and retailer's profits.

PURE MARACAIBO COFFEE
In 5-lb. lots or more (bean or ground) ..... **35c lb.**
Save 10c a Pound.

Delivered in New York, Brooklyn and within 200 miles at 35c lb.
Satisfaction guaranteed or money back.

Gillies Coffee Co.
225-229 Washington Street, New York.
Between Park Place and Barclay St.
Phone Barclay 9837. Est. 30 Years.

ORDER

Ballantine's GOLDEN GLOW

GINGER ALE

WE OFFER
SPOT
imported high class
Aluminum Ware
and
Needles
Baft Sales Corporation
236 Church St. First Floor
Rector 9953

SEEK AN INJUNCTION TO KEEP MILLS OPEN

Textile Union Workers Will Investigate Possibility of Obtaining Courts' Aid.

CALL IT "STRIKE ON PUBLIC"

Workers Maintain That Reduced Operation Is Not Justified, Owing to Demand for Cloth.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 18.—Wool sorters and weavers, delegates to the Central Federated Union, stated tonight that the textile unions of the country are about to investigate the possibility of obtaining injunctions to restrain mill owners from shutting down their plants.

The statement was made by Secretary Francis U. Gorman, delegate from the Wool Sorters' Union of Olneyville, who reported that the men of his craft were loafing because of the closing of the American Woolen Company's mills in Olneyville and other parts of the State.

He called the closing a "strike upon the public" not justified by conditions in the textile trade, and said that, as manufacturers frequently appealed to the courts when labor struck and held up production, the organizations of textile workers felt that there must be some legal method of compelling the manufacturers to keep their plants in operation while there was still a market for the product.

He claimed that, although the reasons given for closing include unsatisfactory market conditions, there was still a demand for cloth that could not be supplied by stocks of finished goods held in reserve.

Delegate Brady of the Weavers' Union corroborated the statements and said that his union had already instructed the Secretary to take up the matter with the international officers of the United Textile Workers.

LAWRENCE MAYOR ACTS TO REOPEN WOOL MILLS

State Investigator Finds Rival Plants Running—W. M. Wood Called to Confer Today.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 18.—Following an investigation of general industrial and economic conditions in Lawrence, Charles H. Adams of the State Commission on the Necessaries of Life has announced that his strangest discovery was that "while the American Woolen Company had shut down, throwing 15,000 employes out of work, the other mills appear to be running as usual."

He intends to continue his investigations there next week, and was not prepared tonight to express an opinion as to whether the shutdown was due to the cancellation of orders, to profiteering charges brought against President William M. Wood, to a desire to obtain better results from labor or to a combination of causes.

"The chief cause of anxiety," he said, "is the possibility of hard times next Winter and of unemployment, combined with high prices and insufficient supplies. That, of course, is the worst possible combination of hardship for the mass of the people. In previous cycles of hard times there have been at least sufficient supplies; indeed, the unemployment always before has been largely due to overproduction."

Mayor William P. White, of Lawrence, alarmed over the general exodus of labor from that city and the presence of thousands still unemployed, has called a special meeting of the City Council for tomorrow morning to consider suggestions for relieving the situation.

The Mayor also has requested Mr. Wood to attend the conference, and to make known, if possible, the date when the mills will be re-opened.

Mr. Adams reported that he found considerable feeling against the President of the American Woolen Company among the Lawrence merchants and business men, who estimate that the suspension of business at the large mills will entail a loss in trade for them of approximately $50,000 a week. Among the dismissed mill workers, it is reported, there is less bitterness against Mr. Wood, due, it is said, to his philanthropic undertakings.

Some of the Lawrence manufacturers were mystified by Mr. Wood's action in closing his mills, Mr. Adams said.

"According to the opinion of some of the mill owners," he added, "Mr. Wood may be attempting to give an object lesson to organized labor, or may be anticipating further increased wage demands, by demonstrating that an end can be put to such affairs by closing his mills.

"There is undoubtedly a considerable change already in the labor situation," declared Mr. Adams tonight, "and, while employment seekers are increasing, opportunities for work are decreasing, reversing the tendency of the war years.

"There is one condition, or custom, which has grown among manufacturers which might well be changed, that is waiting for such quantities of advance orders before manufacturing the goods. In former years competition was such and production on such a scale that the goods themselves were never so many months behind the orders."

Pittsburgh Carpenters Go to Work.

PITTSBURGH, July 18.—Union carpenters who have been on strike here for several months to enforce a demand for $1.25 an hour, voted today to accept the compromise offer of the contractors and return to work tomorrow at $1.20, until Sept. 15, when the rate will be advanced to $1.25. Four thousand men are affected by the settlement.

LIEUT. BREEZE RESCUES 3 FROM LAKE MICHIGAN

With Wife and Oarsman, NC-4's Engineer Saves Members of Canoe Party.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 18.—A sailing canoe capsized one mile from the shore of Lake Michigan this afternoon. In it were Lawrence Wilder, head of the Amalgamated Machine Company, his wife who is a daughter of James A. Patten, broker, and Millar Brainard, Vice President of the Central Trust Company of Illinois. The canoe filled with water and sank.

Lieutenant James Breeze, the naval officer who was the engineer on the NC-4 on her recent transatlantic flight; Mrs. Breeze, who is athletic, and Jerold May, who pulled the stroke oar of the Cambridge crew during his college days, rowed to the rescue and brought the trio ashore.

GRAYSON TO TAKE REST.

Seeks Cottage at Blue Ridge Summit—Wilson Stays in Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 18.—Rear Admiral Grayson, President Wilson's physician, caused quite a stir among the Summer cottagers at Blue Ridge Summit today when it was learned that he was negotiating for a cottage. A report quickly spread to the effect that President Wilson was planning to spend the rest of July and the month of August in the Maryland mountains, despite the announcement that he would remain all Summer in the capital.

At Washington late tonight officials at the White House said that the President had not changed his mind.

Admiral Grayson explained that he had sought a cottage at the Summit for himself and his family.

DRAG LAKE FOR WOMAN.

Police Seek Owner of Handbag Found on Water's Edge in Park.

The police of the Arsenal Station spent several hours last night dragging the large lake in Central Park near Seventy-third Street to recover the body of a woman who is believed to have drowned herself after leaving her hat and a black silk handbag on the path near the boathouse. The handbag and hat, which was black with a black feather, were found shortly before midnight by George Mills, of 240 East Thirty-sixth Street, who was on his way home from the west side. He notified the police.

In the handbag were found 50 cents in cash, a brass check from the Pennsylvania Hotel and a slip of paper on which was written, "Ouda Miss Yukl, 568, Washington, D. C." There was no other clue to the identity of the handbag's owner.

At the hotel it was said that the check had been issued for baggage in storage and corresponded to the room number occupied by Miss Ouda Yukl, who registered from Washington, D. C., on Saturday. Investigation made by the hotel officials disclosed that the suite occupied by Miss Yudl was unoccupied last night. The key to her room was in the box at the desk, it was said.

GETS HER THIRD DIVORCE.

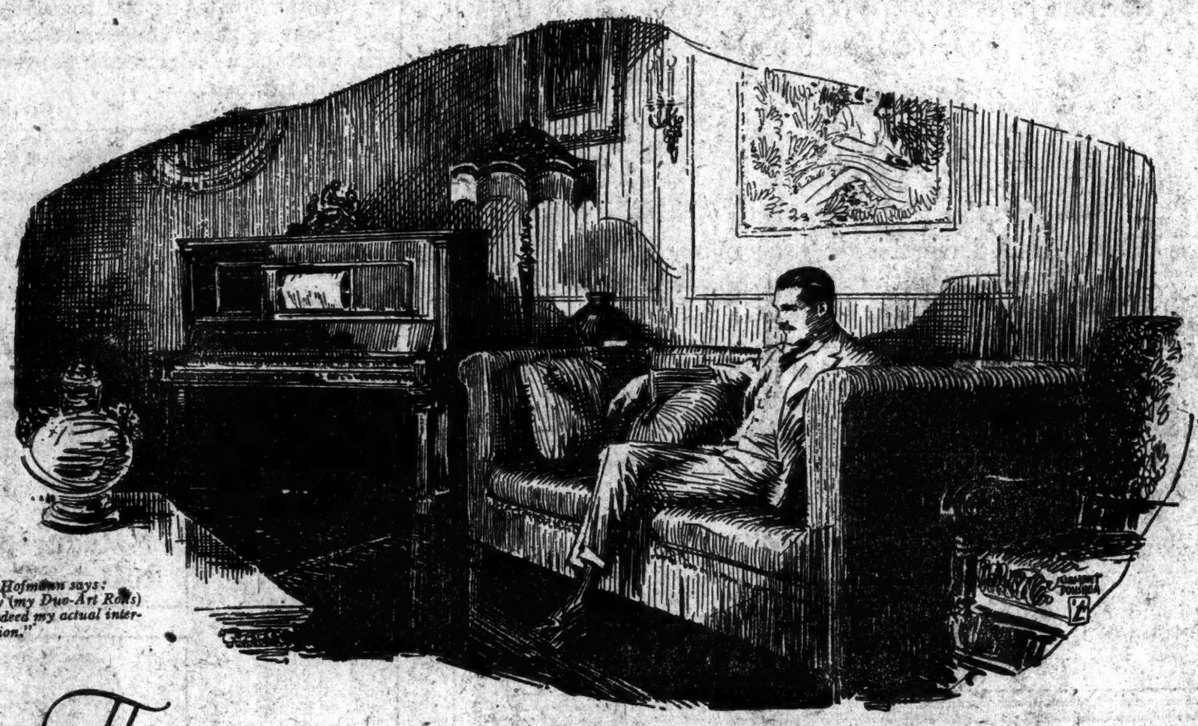
Mrs. Iring of Kentucky Is Said to be Planning Fourth Marriage Here.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 18.—Mrs. Ora Smith-Kemper-Boyce-Iring, Kentucky's most divorced woman, is free again tonight. She is in New York, and it is reported she is to wed "O. W. Boner" of New York or a relative, "W. O. Boner."

Mrs. Iring was granted a divorce yesterday at Louisville, Ky., from her third husband, Walter Iring. Last Winter she sued Iring and was granted a divorce, which was set aside immediately afterward, however, when the trial Judge was informed that Mrs. Iring had secured two previous divorces on the same grounds, which is contrary to Kentucky law.

Supposing I had the power, what would I like to make my Piano do?



Josef Hofmann says: "They (my Duo-Art Rolls) are indeed my actual interpretation."

The Duo-Art Pianola

The piano that meets your every wish

WHEN you have a few moments' leisure, go into the room where your piano stands. Look it over and then ask yourself this question:

"Supposing I had the power, what would I like to make my piano do?"

"I would like, with a wave of my hand, to summon Paderewski to play for *me* his famous Minuet or the music of his great compatriot, Chopin.

"I would like to hear *my piano* play the unbelievably swift runs—the mighty chords and harmonies, that are wrought by the world's greatest geniuses of the piano!

Dance Music, too

"Then I would like to summon the famous players of dance music to give me beautiful waltzes and snappy, rhythmical fox-trots, and some frivolous jazz and rag-time—things that cheer me up and make me feel younger and brighter.

"I would like to hear it play songs with feeling and tenderness—my old favorites—popular ballads and the "hits" of the day, so that I could sing with it.

Nothing in the world could give me so much pleasure as to have this music in my home.

"Then another thought would come—I would like to have given me the power to *play*—to give the music my own expression, to play slowly, feelingly when I chose, the melodies I care most for; or to run lightly and rapidly through a piece if I wished, without worrying over the 'fingering.'

"I'd like to play a big military march and make the rhythm and tempo suit my mood. That, too, would be wonderful!"

It *is* wonderful, and more than this, it is *possible* for you to do these very things in your own home. For with the aid of the Duo-Art Artist's Record-rolls your first wish may be gratified to the full.

The Greatest Pianists at Your Piano

Not only can you have the playing of the great classic artists, such as Paderewski, Hofmann, Bauer, Novaes, Cortot, Grainger, Ganz and Gabrilowitsch, but you can have the past masters of dance music, the composers of popular songs, the great accompanists and those gifted players who play best the simple melodies you have known from childhood.

And with a regular Pianola Music Roll you can play, and play beautifully all the music you wish. The fingering and technique are there and the wonderful Pianola expression devices aid you in playing *any* music with artistic effect.

Now is a most favorable time to buy a Duo-Art Piano. While prices of musical instruments are higher than they were previous to the war, their advance has been moderate compared with that of other commodities.

The Stroud Duo-Art Upright, operated by foot pedals, is priced at present at $895 and as all manufacturing costs show a decided tendency to increase, it represents at this time especially, an exceedingly *good buy*.

It is an excellent piano for hand playing, of fine tone, attractive in appearance and splendidly durable.

It contains the Pianola with all the latest and best devices for the control of expression and tempo.

It is also a Duo-Art Reproducing Piano, playing the genuine Duo-Art Artists' Record-rolls. The power is obtained by foot treadles which may be operated by anyone with great ease. (Duo-Art Pianos operated by electricity are priced from $1095 upward).

We are making, just at this time, unusually liberal allowances on pianos in fair condition taken in exchange for the Duo-Art. Another good reason for purchasing now.

The Duo-Art is obtainable in the Steinway, Steck, Wheelock, Stroud and in the renowned Weber. Grand and Upright Models. Convenient Monthly Terms

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

Makers of the Aeolian-Vocalion—the Phonograph Supreme

In MANHATTAN 29 West 42nd St. | *In* THE BRONX 367 East 149th St. | *In* BROOKLYN 11 Flatbush Ave. | *In* NEWARK 895 Broad St. | *In* FORDHAM 270 E. Fordham Road

If you are unable to visit Aeolian Hall at this time, cut out this coupon and mail it to us. We will send you, free of charge the beautiful illustrated Duo-Art Portfolio.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY, 29 West 42nd St., N. Y. City.
Gentlemen: Kindly send me your illustrated Duo-Art Portfolio.
Name _____
Address _____
T-2730—7-19-20

On the river—not under it—

These hot days the breezes over the water cool you off. Start your trip across the river—the cool, comfort way to

Philadelphia
via New Jersey Central

Less than two hours on the train.

Dining car service a feature.

Fast trains with parlor cars and coaches from Liberty Street (15 minutes earlier from West 23rd Street) 8:00, 9:00 and 11:00 A. M. and 1:00 P. M., and hourly on the hour from 3:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M. Also 12:01 midnight (from Liberty Street only) with sleeper. (Daylight Saving Time.) For other trains and Sunday schedule see time tables.

New Jersey Central

Time tables and complete information at Consolidated Ticket Offices or Stations.

BUY WITH KNOWLEDGE

"ANOTHER sizzling day and lots of perspiration to contend with.

"Well let Mr. Sun do his worst, this Lastlong Union Suit with its *feather-weight, flat-knit* fabric is the *best* I've struck yet for absorbing perspiration and letting in the air to keep my underwear dry and comfortable.

"A six ounce Lastlong Union Suit is about as cool a proposition as I know of, and I've tried them all."

Short sleeve, three-quarter leg and athletic suits for men; boys' athletic.

For sale by

B. Altman & Co., 34th St. & 5th Ave.
Franklin Simon & Co., 38th St. & 5th Ave.
R. H. Macy & Co., 34th St. & Broadway.
F. R. Tripler & Co., 9 & 11 East 46th St.
Wm. Morgan & Sons, 34 Cortlandt St.
Estate of A. F. Kennedy, 12 Cortlandt St.
Jas. Hotchkiss & Son, Inc., 9 John St.
Chas. Young, 56 Wall St.—132 Columbus Ave.
Hemmerdinger & Strauss, Broadway & 72d St.
W. K. Gilbert, 527 Fulton St., Bklyn.
Jos. Nuchtmann, Bower & Montague Sts., Bklyn.
Baur & Co., 136 Flatbush Ave., Bklyn.

LASTLONG UNDERWEAR CO., DEPT. T, 349 Broadway, N. Y.

For Men **LASTLONG** (TRADE MARK) FEATHER-WEIGHT · · FLAT-KNIT For Boys
Union Suits

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK

Interest and Taxes

Financial opinion of weight, right or wrong, is under the impression that the restriction placed upon credits by the Federal Reserve Banks at the present time is primarily due to the congestion of rediscounts of Liberty Bond loans carried for member banks, resulting from the well remembered urge to buy bonds liberally and borrow from the banks.

A suggestion: The relief of this condition, it seems to the Harriman National Bank, could be readily accomplished by a conference with England and France, looking to an agreement whereby the Allied debt of ten billion dollars owing the United States, now in the form of promissory demand notes, could be changed into obligations of fixed maturity, at terms and rate of interest which the Allies could meet, and the new securities offered to American investors.

That these securities at a suitable price would be absorbed is attested by the recent over-subscription of such new flotations as Armour & Co., General Motors, and the Swiss Government. As the foreign securities were sold, the proceeds could be applied to retirement of a like amount of Liberty Bonds, thereby relieving the Federal Banks and releasing credit for use in trade.

An equally important result would be the reduction of the Government debt from approximately twenty-five billion dollars to fifteen billion dollars, with a correspondingly large saving to the public in taxes that fall upon us to pay Liberty Bond interest.

Is this not the way out of the congested situation?

BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 8 O'CLOCK P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

SAVINGS AND LOANS ASSOCIATION.

4½ & 5% ON SAVINGS
DATING FROM AUGUST 1st
Paid by the old reliable
FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FIFTEEN PARK ROW, N. Y.
Park Row Bldg., Ground Floor.
24 Years Old—Safe—Conservative.

16-INCH OSCILLATING
General Electric
Regular Price, $45. $36
OUR PRICE .....
3 Inch Reg. $11.50. $8.50
OUR PRICE .....
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 6th Av. (45th), N. Y. Bryant 6272.

PAY HONOR TO FIELD OFCHATEAU-THIERRY

France Confers Legion of Honor and War Cross to Mark Franco-American Valor.

WALLACE JOINS IN TRIBUTE

Calls Scene Valley of Victory in Returning Thanks for the Honor —Graves Decorated.

CHATEAU-THIERRY, July 18 (Associated Press).—The battlefield at Chateau-Thierry, where American troops fell with the French, was honored today by the conferring of the Legion of Honor and the Croix de Guerre upon the town of Chateau-Thierry. The decorations were given in honor of Hill 204, where the Americans and French under General Degoutte, with the French Army of General Mangin on their left, launched their attack in the second battle of the Marne on July 18, 1918.

Hugh C. Wallace, the American Ambassador, in thanking the French for their tribute to American valor, described the scene as "the valley of victory." The ceremony of presentation was held on the top of Hill 204, at the base of the monument erected to the men who fell in the battle. Country people from miles around lined the muddy, tortuous road, drenched by the rainstorm, and saluted the arrival of Minister of War Lefevre, Ambassador Wallace, Generals Mangin and Degoutte and other notable personages.

The storm ceased with the playing of "The Marseillaise" and "The Star-Spangled Banner." As the ceremony began a ray of sunlight broke through the clouds and fell across the village of Chateau-Thierry lying below.

M. Lefevre paid a tribute to the American soldiers, who, he said, "brought their youth, their enthusiasm and their bravery" to the aid of France and gave token of American friendship in blood.

What the French called a "Franco-American ceremony" began this morning with a visit of M. Lefevre to the American cemetery in Belleau Wood, where 4,000 American dead lie. The Minister of War there placed a bronze palm at the foot of the flagstaff which flies the American flag. Ambassador Wallace thanked the Minister in the name of the United States. It was a simple but torrential tribute, which was witnessed by a small group of notables, surrounded by peasants, who were headed by Mayor Emile Barbier, of the village of Belleau.

Ambassador Wallace said in part:

"It is with emotion that I gaze upon the Marne flowing through a battlefield where my valiant countrymen, standing side by side with their brothers of France, smote hard for the right and spared not, fought, suffered and died, but conquered.

"It is with solemn pride, inexpressible in words, that I recall what they did here for America, for France and for the world, and my hand rises in salute to the living and the dead as their dauntless spirits seem to pass before me upon the very field of their glory."

HONOR HEROES OF MARNE.

Memorial Exercises Held for Third Division Men Who Died.

Memorial exercises for members of the Third (Marne) Division who died in service were held yesterday by the Third Division Society in the Engineering Societies Building at 29 West Thirty-ninth Street. Just two years have passed since this division held back the enemy at the Marne. Colonel Robert H. C. Kelton, Chief of Staff of the Marne division overseas, was the only speaker.

Colonel Kelton pointed out that while the Government had provided that the bodies of men who died in France could be brought back to this country for burial, the cemeteries of France seemed appropriate resting places. "France is a sensitive country and a beautiful one," he declared. "Those very grounds where the dead lie buried are beautiful and kept in a remarkable condition, even though at Romaine there is evidence near the cemetery of the devastation of the war. We have done a great service to France and she will show her appreciation, at least by taking perfect care of the graves of those who lost their lives in her cause."

A letter was received from General John J. Pershing, who told of his pride for the division's achievements. The Rev. Henry J. Johnston of Orange, who was chaplain of the 38th Infantry, delivered the prayer. The President of the society, W. G. Dunington, presided.

Macy's Macy's

A Message of Real Thrift To Business Men

Our Commercial Stationery Department is fully equipped to fill your every office stationery requirement at lowest-in-the-city prices.

Special For This Week

Another example of the worth-while savings for you in this department.

FILING CARDS
(Size 3x5)

Special 98c. per thousand
(Lowest verified price elsewhere $2.00)

These cards are good quality white, horizontally ruled.

Buy and Save in Macy's Commercial Stationery Department

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street

R.H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

You can make your own program with a Victrola

Exactly the dance numbers you like best—played by famous bands and orchestras. This is why the Victrola is so popular with those who like to dance. They always have a program of their own choosing, and a "dance orchestra" made up of the best qualified musicians in the world.

Hear the newest dance music at any Victor dealer's. Victrolas $25 to $1500. New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

VICTROLA
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

This trademark and the trademarked word "Victrola" identify all our products. Look under the lid! Look on the label!

VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO.
Camden N. J.

Victor Talking Machine Company
Camden, New Jersey

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway at Ninth, New York *Telephone Stuyvesant 4700* *Store Hours 9 to 5*

This---And More---For Today

The Last Swift-Flying Years of a Man's Life

ought to be the best if blest with fairly good health.

His past experiences have taught him much and they reflect light by which he may see more clearly the most important things to be done.

William and John Penn, Franklin and his associates, the first President and his noble wife, Martha Custis Washington, and the members of the first Cabinet of President Washington and their families, all helped to build imperishable foundations for our country.

Every city is what its men have been.

Making a personal and practical application of the one all-pervading thought of the foregoing, why should not the mercantile and manufacturing business men individually resolve to upkeep, enlarge, perfect and complete their enterprises to the betterment of the city?

(Signed),

John Wanamaker

July 19, 1920.

Printed Voiles lower at 50c

From one of the foremost manufacturers of good, printed voiles we have received a new shipment of 2,000 yards at a special price. This same quality we have sold in our own stock this season at twice the price we are able to offer them for today.

Many smart designs in light and dark color combinations; 38 inches wide.

Main Floor, Old Building

Beautiful Comforters of Jap. Silk

These were made in our own factory, and we know just how good they are. In fact, we know of no way to make them better.

Wool-filled; full size; suitable for year-'round use. In yellow, Copen, brown, green, pink, blue, bronze, lavender, light blue, rose, putty, French gray, light pink, $29.50.

Fourth Gallery, New Bldg.

Philippine Lingerie at two low prices

Hand-made and beautifully hand-embroidered, $2.95

Straight chemises — Regulation top with simple dotted design and fine scalloping.

Nightgowns—Square and round neck models, embroidered in several attractive patterns.

Drawers—Cut on good pattern. Scalloped at edge.

And these at $3.95

Envelope chemises—Made with regulation top. Dainty lace inserts and drawn work. Motifs add to the charm of hand-embroidery.

Nightgowns—Particularly charming models. Round, square or "V" neck. Exquisitely fine patterns such as butterfly, rosebud, and the like. One especially alluring, tailored model, has square neck, flat casing for ribbon and fine rows of hemstitching.

Third floor, Old Building.

For the Difficult feminine ages, 6 to 14

Mothers will be glad to have this news

In the girls' shop a study has been made of the needs and suitable styles required by the young miss of 6 to 14 and the result is uniquely successful.

Simplicity of style and daintiness have been achieved without approaching the danger-line of the despised baby touch, so feared by girls of this age.

The prices are consistently conservative

We recognize that the young girl who must have many tub frocks is wise to choose many frocks at a small price; so we have featured inexpensive garments.

Frocks begin at $2.98

Easily laundered sturdy frocks in chambrays, ginghams and a few printed or solid-color voiles are fashioned in simple, full-skirted and usually pocketed models for the hard play hours. All the styles are attractive.

At $5.75

are striped gingham frocks, with a bit of smocking for trimming, and plaid gingham frocks with surplice collar and cuffs of lawn. In sizes 6, 8, 10 there are a few dainty voile frocks.

At $7.75

are gingham frocks in checks with wide bow sash, or a dainty collar to relieve the simple lines. Voiles printed after English flower patterns are smocked. Gingham frocks are fashioned with lawn guimpes.

Figured voiles with fluted collar and cuffs and in the darker shades are charming travelling frocks.

Bloomer Dresses at $8.95

have been copied from some of our very expensive dresses because they were found to be so successful. They hang straight from the shoulder, are trimmed with a bit of hand embroidery and the skirt is a bit shorter than the bloomer, which is finished with hand-embroidered binding. Fashioned of checked gingham or chambray in solid colors.

Thin Frocks in a variety of Models

A striped voile frock has a beruffled skirt and square collar and cuffs finished with imitation Valenciennes lace. $9.75.

At $10.75

a frock has been fashioned of a checked voile which is smocked at the waist-line and the smocking continued with the sash which ties in the back. A dainty dimity frock has fluted collar and cuffs and a narrow sash of *gros-grain* ribbon. Its colors are rose, tan and navy blue. Canary yellow and blue are the delightful colors of a frock of cross-bar swiss which has a full, tucked skirt and collar, cuffs and sash of crisp organdie.

The awkward age

has been cared for. A charming frock of flowered organdie has the apron front sponsored by Paris, and it is edged with a ruffle. $10.75. Sizes 12 to 14.

Another frock

of figured voile is fashioned with a skirt made of a deep ruffle and still another features handwork on waist and skirt and flutted collar and cuffs. Sizes 12 to 16.

There are several other particularly charming frocks for Miss 12 and 14, of which there is but one or two of a size. A very smart and simple frock is fashioned of green chambray and yellow dimity, $15; and a dimity frock is trimmed with organdie and with scroll work in wool; an organdie frock has a daintily and gaily ruffled skirt, $19.75.

The White Dress

most suggestive of summer and festive occasions comes in a variety of models. Sizes 6 to 14 are included in the entire collection, though there is not every size in every style.

An organdie frock

is daintily smocked with colors, $10.75; an imported Swiss frock is hand embroidered, $13.75; a voile frock has hem, collar, cuffs and neckline of voile in contrasting shades, rose, orchid and blue, $15.

An all-white organdie frock

in sizes 10 to 14 has a dainty edge of imitation filet lace on peplum, short sleeves and square neckline, $18.75.

Net frocks

trimmed with ruffles and tucks are $25; silk net frocks fashioned with lace or embroidered are $27.50 and $35.

Chic, Simplicity and Dignity

are the keynotes of a frock which is fashioned either of Georgette crepe or crepe de chine. The skirt is accordion plaited and straight lines of the blouse are emphasized by a narrow inset of Irish lace. The collar and cuffs are fluted. Of Georgette crepe, $32.50.

Second Floor, Old Building, Tenth Street

Nearly Ready!

W-A-N-A-M-A-K-E-R-'S

August Sale of

F-U-R-N-I-T-U-R-E

Being read in the home this advance notice will make you want to "look things over" a bit; to see what needs replacement, what furniture needs adding to, in order to get your house in order for the Autumn.

Brides-and-grooms-to-be, planning their *new* home, will need no urging to furnish it as comfortably as they can.

Prices will be 10 to 40 per cent. less

Announcement of the exact date of opening of the sale will shortly be made.

July Close-Out

Of Imported

Rush and Straw Rugs

Shipments were later than usual this year; and we have more of these good rugs to close out underprice than in many seasons past. These sale prices are very low, quality considered:

Heavy Rush Rugs
(Oblong and oval)

Size	Grade	Sale price
9 x 12 feet	$32.50	$20.00
8 x 10 feet	23.00	18.00
6 x 9 feet	18.50	13.50

Rice Straw Rugs
Natural centers, with blue, green and brown borders.

9 x 12 feet	$13.00	$ 8.00
9 x 15 feet	18.00	11.00
6 x 9 feet	8.00	5.00

Better grade Rice Straw Rugs
These have rice straw centers interwoven with colored cotton and cloth, giving a beautiful effect and assuring good wear.

Size	Grade	Sale price
9 x 12 feet	$22.50	$15.00
8 x 10 feet	20.00	13.50
6 x 9 feet	13.00	9.00

Third Gallery, New Bldg.

Sports Sweaters For Women

Specially Featured

Hand-made filet sweaters of the sleeveless variety, the sort that do so much toward making a white sports costume smart and becoming, are now $3.95. In sports colors white, peacock, American beauty, blue and navy blue.

Coat Sweaters in Charming Colors, $6.50

In sapphire blue, pale green, pale blue, maize and saffron yellow. Made with narrow belts and sashes; pockets and attractive collars.

Second Floor, Old Building

Beaded Bags

(Imported)

Special at $5

This small lot of smart handbags consists of the favorite drawstring styles made up in a variety of attractive patterns, and in light or dark colors. Two sizes. Very good value.

Main Floor, Old Building

Out-of-Door Games are best for kiddies

Nothing better than croquet. Here are new sets, in suitable sizes and weights for children and adults, $1.25 to $12 set.

Ketchring is a new game for the lawn, and can be played by two or more persons—children or adults, $4.50.

Toy Store, Third Gallery, New Bldg.

At Last! Ice Cream Freezers

The Wanamaker

Tubs made of cedar with electric welded hoops. Can and all metal parts are coated with pure tin. Dasher has an extra revolving wire whip which gives a triple motion to the cream, making it light and smooth.

1 qt. $3.50—2 qts. $3.90—3 qts. $4.75—4 qts. $5.80—6 qts. $7.50—8 qts. $9.50—10 qts. $12.75—14 qts. $16—20 qts. $24.25 (fly wheel crank) $31.50.

The Gem

1 qt. $3.25—2 qts. $3.75—3 qts. $4.50—4 qts. $5.50—6 qts. $7—8 qts. $9.

Auto vacuum ice cream freezers do not require any churning. This is the very easiest way to make frozen desserts. 2 qt. $5.

Seventh Gallery, New Bldg.

White Enamel Kitchen Tables Costs Less

Kitchen tables finished in white enamel, with porcelain on steel top; square legs; large drawer; two sizes, 36x24 and 40x25 in. Regular price $15—now $12.

Pastry tables finished in white enamel, with porcelain on steel top; two drawers and flour bin. 40x25 in. top. Regular price $25—now $19.50.

Seventh Gallery, New Bldg.

BEN FRANKLIN

Applied to building, Franklin's famous remark about saving money at the spigot and losing it at the bunghole, means saving money in the estimate and losing it in the calendar.

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

WAR RISK BUREAU PUSHES FRAUD CASES

Cholmeley-Jones Promises Every Effort to Disclose All Facts About Swindle.

SEVEN EMPLOYES HELD

He Calls Attention to the Immense Operations of the Claims Bureau.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—R. G. Cholmeley-Jones of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, in a statement tonight relative to the recent arrest of seven employes of the Compensation and Insurance Claim Division of that bureau on charges of conspiracy to defraud veterans of the World War, promised that "no stone will be left unturned to disclose the entire fraud."

"The Compensation and Insurance Claims Division of the bureau has in its employ 290 examiners and reviewers," he said, "of whom 161 are ex-service men. In addition to the 290 now employed, the bureau has had in its employ since Jan. 1, 1920, 72 other examiners and reviewers, who have resigned or have been transferred to other divisions of the bureau in the course of the last six months, making a total of 362 examiners and reviewers employed during 1920.

"As a matter of fact, reviewers and examiners are selected with great care, each being obliged to qualify for the position according to certain set standards. Here is a summary of the civil service qualifications for these offices:

"Three years of study in a recognized law school or in the office of a practicing attorney and at least one year's legal experience in the adjudication of claims or the preparation or trial of court actions. One year of such legal experience will be accepted in lieu of each year of required law study as herein set forth.

"Six months' experience as a claims examiner with a liability or indemnity insurance company or as an investigator or member of a State compensation commission or board will be accepted as the equivalent of one year's study of law in a recognized law school or in the office of a practicing attorney, and one and one-half years of such experience will be regarded as sufficient for admission to this examination.

"The fact that evidence has been found to indicate that a few of these trusted employes were in a conspiracy to defraud veterans of the World War reveals a circumstance that is dastardly and inexcusable in the extreme, and I am unable to find words strong enough to express fully my abhorrence and condemnation for all those found guilty of such practice.

"The Secret Service of the Treasury Department, which is handling the case, is leaving no stone unturned to disclose the entire fraud, and it is my earnest hope that every person directly or indirectly involved in this outrageous proceeding will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

"The Compensation and Insurance Claims Division has a total personnel of 1,085, and the volume of work handled by this division is very great. For instance, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1920, 170,824 claims have been awarded for compensation and 58,826 claims have been disallowed; 26,402 insurance awards have been made and 2,815 disallowed. In the conduct of this business 3,698,117 pieces of mail have been received by the division and 3,067,484 communications mailed. The amount being paid out monthly in active compensation awards for death and disability at present is $9,647,950.25, and the monthly amount being paid out in insurance awards is $7,626,000."

Kill Head of Spanish Exposition.

BARCELONA, Spain, July 17.—José Villalba, head of the Exposition of Industrial Electricity, was shot and killed by a group of unidentified workers today while directing arrangements for exhibits. His assailants escaped.

FEARS AMERICA WOULD MISUNDERSTAND JAPAN

Ichizo Hattori Asserts Proposed Armament Increase Would Make Us Suspicious.

TOKIO, July 17 (Associated Press).—Addressing the House of Peers today, Ichizo Hattori declared that the United States was expanding her armament because she misunderstood Japan. America, he added, loved peace, but if Japan adopted the National Defense Bill he gave it as his opinion that the United States would become suspicious of the proposed increase in armament.

Premier Hara, in reply, said Japan had no aggressive intentions; that she only desired the perfection of her national defense, which could not be neglected.

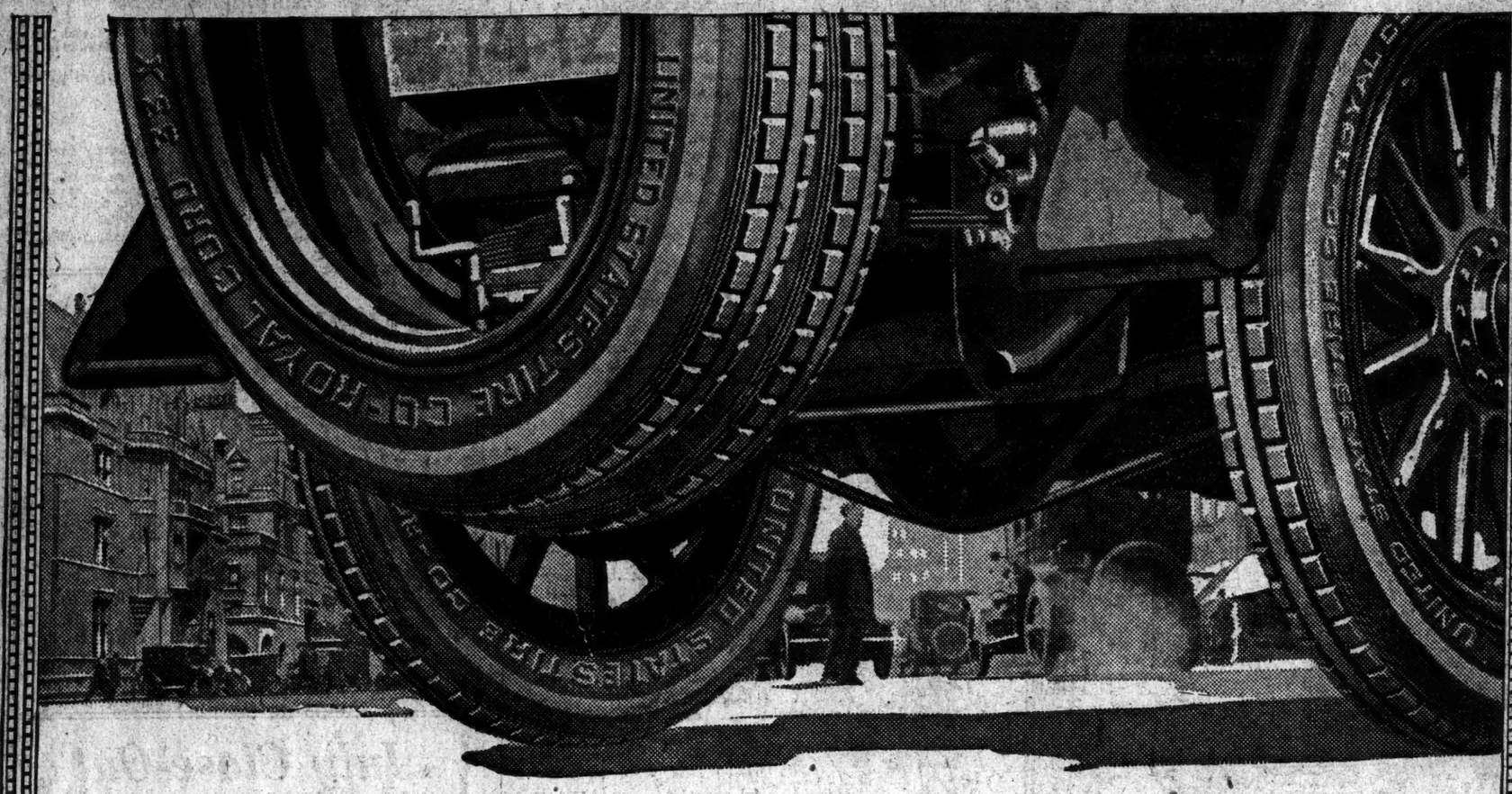
Halibut, Free in the Ocean—40 Cents a Pound on Land

Monday The further you go into these comparisons the cheaper your milk becomes

THE oceans are full of edible fish free for anyone who will go out and get them. Yet they cost you so much more than Sheffield Milk. Take halibut for example. Most everybody eats halibut at 40 cents a pound. A halibut steak is 76% water and, say 4% waste. That leaves 20% solid food. Milk contains 12% solid food. At 5½ cents a pound for milk and 40 cents a pound for halibut it looks as if your fish was costing 4¼ times as much as your milk.

In making these comparisons we are figuring the net food value in each case. As to the quality of the food there can be no comparison. Milk stands alone as the only complete food.

Sheffield Farms Co., Inc.
New York



Why Cord Tires

FOR seventeen years motorists have been buying cord tires—since one of the factories of the United States Rubber Company built the *first* cord tire.

Ask the average motorist today why he buys cord tires and he will tell you because they give him more miles for his dollar—*on the average.*

Experienced motorists have come to expect something *more* from cord tires than merely "more miles on the average."

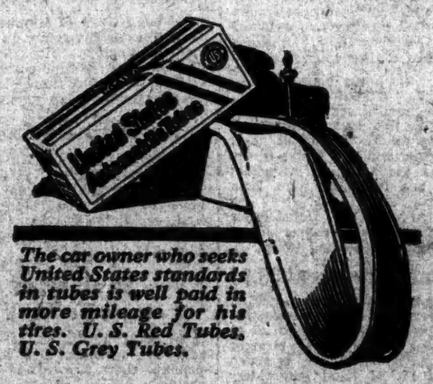
• • •

Watch an experienced motorist buying a tire sometime when you happen to run across one in a tire shop.

You will probably see him feeling the tire the dealer hands him—not consciously, perhaps, but as if from force of habit.

Sometimes he will ask to see another tire of the same make.

Experience has taught him that even tires of the same make may vary considerably.



The car owner who seeks United States standards in tubes is well paid in more mileage for his tires. U. S. Red Tubes, U. S. Grey Tubes.

• • •

One of the reasons—the biggest reason—why the United States Rubber Company began its enlarged production of cord tires was because it realized that cord tires *could* be made to deliver more miles—not only on the average—but *all the time.*

This company has spent more money than any other tire concern on earth in making its Cord Tires *uniform.*

And by uniformity is meant not taking the exceptional tire and trying to find out what made it exceptional, but building *every tire* you build to the highest standards of quality.

U. S. Royal Cord Tires

United States Rubber Company

Tire Division Branch, Broadway at 58th St.

Have You Saved 23% on Auto Insurance?

IF you had been one of the Liberty Mutual policyholders last year, a check would have been mailed to you at the end of the year, equivalent to 23% saving on your automobile premium.

This strong New England Company, with its record for full responsibility and prompt, fair settlements, saves money for its policyholders every year. It is a *mutual* company—you get automobile insurance at actual cost.

Find out how much you can save by filling out and mailing the coupon. No obligation.

LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
Established 1912
Workmen's Compensation, Liability and
Automobile INSURANCE

SEND THIS TODAY

LIBERTY MUTUAL, 80 EAST 42D ST., N. Y. C.
Please mail particulars regarding Automobile Insurance at once.

Name.....Residence.....
Business Address.....
Make of Car?.....Year of Model?.....
Cost You?.....Bought New or Used?.....
Do You Use Car in Your Business?.....
Type of Body?.....City or Town Garaged in?.....

Who balks at saving a little money!

We've just given the whip to several thousand suits! Snapped off $10 or more from their former prices! Our finest qualities included.

A splendid showing now at $50 to $75.

Vestless mohairs, $30.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "Four Convenient Corners" Broadway at 34th St. Fifth Ave. at 41st St. Broadway at Warren.

America's Participation in the Olympic Games depends on subscriptions from You and your friends.

Today's papers give the personnel of the Greatest Track and Field Team ever brought together to represent this or any other country. The Swimming, Boxing, Wrestling, Cycling, Fencing, Polo and Riding teams are equally great, as will be the Crews to be selected next week.

One hundred thousand dollars more must be raised if our teams are to go—

$30,000

from New York City.

Send your check to American Olympic Committee 2 East 23d Street, New York Telephone: Gramercy 3540

The Cup races—

All the world and his neighbor will be out. There will be cars galore—compare them with the TEMPLAR.

You will find the Templar stands alone in its class—the only small car possessing the best features of the heavy expensive cars.

Prompt Deliveries

MORROW MOTORS CORP.
George S. Morrow, Pres.
1761 Broadway, at 57th St.
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Templar
The Superfine Small Car

Everything for Sportsman and Motorist

JOHN LURIE INC.
Broadway & 58th Street
ESTABLISHED 1906

Also a full line of Automobile Accessories.

Accident & Life INSURANCE
Covering Travel in
AIRPLANE & HYDROPLANE
QUINN & QUINN
27 William St. Phone 1400 Broad

WHY GOLD FOR MONEY?

A correspondent in The Annalist (out today) asks if prices would not be reduced by the elimination of all paper currency except gold certificates and some variety of our present issues as a source of disrepair. Published by The New York Times Company. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $6 a year by mail.—Adv.

TEAM OF 132 STARS TO REPRESENT U. S.

Olympic Committee Makes Final Selections for Antwerp Trip in Boston.

MANY NEW YORKERS PICKED

Metropolitan District Leads All Others in Number of Successful Candidates.

N. Y. A. C. HAS FOURTEEN

Shares with Chicago A. A. Distinction of Having the Biggest Club Delegation of Athletes.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 18.—The task of selecting America's Olympic track and field, cross-country, steeplechase, pentathlon, decathlon and boxing teams, the most delicate duty connected with the work of preparation for the Olympic games at Antwerp, Belgium, next month, was completed here this morning, after a record session of the American Olympic Committee at the Boston A. A.

President Gustavus T. Kirby gathered his committee contemporaries about him last night, immediately after the final tryouts at Harvard Stadium, and without interruption the officials composing the Team Selection Committee and the Executive Committee continued in their session until 3 o'clock this morning. A tired and weary but withal satisfied and confident collection of the nation's leading athletic officials then made a hurried dash for the Back Bay railroad terminal for trains which would carry them home.

Announcement of the selections, eagerly awaited by athletes and keenly interested followers of amateur sport, disclosed that the committee had chosen the greatest athletic team which ever competed in international games for Uncle Sam. In cold numbers, the team far exceeds any other ever nominated for the world classic.

Surpasses Previous Teams.

A total of 132 scintillating track and field stars, from all parts of the country, the survival of the fittest in the extensive plan employed to determine the athletes best equipped to wear the American shield, was announced by Secretary Frederick W. Rubien this morning before the officials departed for their homes.

In the matter of strength the team surpasses anything of the past. The greatest sprinters, short distance, middle distance and long distance runners of the country, the leading field performers, decathlon and pentathlon men and the cream of the nation's amateur boxing talent have been selected and will soon embark on the trip which is expected to end with the national colors snapping triumphantly from the staff in King Albert's stadium.

Out of the maelstrom of data available this morning one vividly significant fact stands out. The metropolitan district leads the other sections of the country in the number of representatives on the team. Twenty-one sturdy sons of Father Knickerbocker attained the goal which is the ambition of every athlete from the time he first dons the spiked shoes. The clubs represented in this collection of stars are the New York A. C., Paulist A. C., Morningside A. C., Loughlin Lyceum and Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A.

New York A. C. and Chicago A. A. Lead.

The New York A. C., with the Chicago A. A., shares the distinction of having the greatest number of athletes on the team. The country's two leading clubs each landed fourteen individual berths. The Paulist A. C. has three active members and one virtual member. The former are Pat Flynn, Al Hulsebosch and Max Bosland. Gus Desch, whose matriculation at Notre Dame prevents his representing the Paulist Club in competition, is the virtual member, for he is a product of the organization. Kaufman Geist is the Y. M. H. A. representative and young Hugo Politzer represents the Mohawk A. C. Brawny Pat Ryan is the lone individual from the Loughlin Lyceum, for sturdy, stouthearted little Jimmy O'Brien was cast aside in the deliberations of the committee.

The list of New York A. C. stars includes Loren Murchison, Ted Meredith, Allen Helfrich, George Cornetta, Ivan Dresser, Joe Pearman, Win Rolker, Herbert Frem, Jim Lincoln, Fred Murray, Pat McDonald, Matt McGrath, Dick Landon and Jim Simmons. A recapitulation of the representation among the leading clubs shows the following organizations trailing the two leaders: Olympic Club 8, Boston A. A. 7, Los Angeles A. C. 6, Illinois A. C. 4, Meadowbrook Club 3.

To Assemble at Fort Slocum.

According to the plans of the committee, the team will be assembled at Fort Slocum tomorrow afternoon and will remain there until the date of sailing, July 25. Manager Matt Halpin and his assistants have already arranged for quartering the athletes at the army camp.

The complete list of Olympic representatives in track and field, cross-country, steeplechase, pentathlon, decathlon and boxing, as announced by Secretary Rubien, follows:

TRACK EVENTS.

100-Meter Dash.

Loren Murchison, New York A. C.
J. W. Scholz, University of Missouri.
C. W. Paddock, Los Angeles A. C.
M. M. Kirksey, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
Allen Woodring, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia.
W. D. Hayes, Boston.

200-Meter Dash.

C. W. Paddock, Los Angeles A. C.
M. M. Kirksey, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
Loren Murchison, New York A. C.
Allen Woodring, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia.
W. D. Hayes, Boston.
J. V. Scholz, University of Missouri.

110-Meter Hurdles.

H. E. Barron, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia.
W. Yount, Los Angeles A. C.
Walker Smith, Chicago A. A.
F. S. Murray, New York A. C.
J. M. Watt, Ithaca, N. Y.
C. O. Anderson, Los Angeles A. C., or J. Moss, University of Texas.

400-Meter Hurdles.

F. F. Loomis, Chicago A. A.
J. K. Norton, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
A. C. Desch, New York.
C. D. Daniz, Los Angeles A. C.
J. M. Watt, Ithaca, N. Y.
F. Smart, Chicago A. A.

400-Meter Run.

F. J. Shea, Navy.
J. E. Meredith, New York A. C.
R. S. Ismory, Chicago A. A.
Earl Eby, Los Angeles A. C.
J. W. Driscoll, Boston A. A.
Earl Eby, Chicago A. A.

800-Meter Run.

Earl Eby, Chicago A. A.
Lieutenant D. M. Scott, Army.
Thomas Campbell, Yale University.
A. B. Brook, Los Angeles A. C.
A. D. Seiffrich, New York A. C.
J. W. Ray, Illinois A. C.

1,500-Meter Run.

J. W. Ray, Illinois A. C.
E. B. Curtis, Navy.
J. M. Shields, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia.
J. J. Connolly, Boston A. C.
A. A. Schardt, Chicago A. A.
G. P. Goodwin, Boston A. A.

5,000-Meter Run.

H. H. Brown, Boston A. A.
C. Fenaux, Purdue University.
C. F. Hunter, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
J. C. Dresser, New York A. C.
R. E. Johnson, Morgan Club, Pittsburgh.
R. B. Watson, Kansas State Agricultural College.

10,000-Meter Run.

F. W. Faller, Dorchester Club, Boston.
R. E. Johnson, Morgan Club, Pittsburgh.
G. Cornetta, New York A. C.
M. Bohland, Paulist A. C., New York.
A. Patsoni, Haskell Institute, Kansas.
C. F. Hunter, Olympic Club, San Francisco.

3,000 and 10,000 Meter Walk.

W. Plant, Morningside A. C., New York.
J. B. Pearman, New York A. C.
W. J. Reiker, New York A. C.
R. F. Remer, Walkers Club, New York.
T. A. Maroney, St. Anselm A. A., New York.

3,000-Meter Steeplechase.

P. Flynn, Paulist A. C., New York.
M. Devanney, Millrose A. A., New York.
A. C. Huelsenbeck, New York A. C.
R. U. Watson, Kansas State Agricultural College.
R. Crawford, Millrose A. A., New York.
M. Bohland, Paulist A. C., New York.

400-Meter Relay Team.

Loren Murchison, New York A. C.
J. V. Scholz, University of Missouri.
C. W. Paddock, Los Angeles A. C.
M. M. Kirksey, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
A. Woodring, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia.
J. G. Loomis, Chicago A. A.

1,600-Meter Relay Team.

F. J. Shea, Navy.
J. E. Meredith, New York A. C.
R. S. Ismory, Chicago A. A.
Earl Eby, Chicago A. A.
G. S. Bretnall, Cornell College.
G. S. Schiller, Los Angeles A. C.

3,000-Meter Relay Team.

J. W. Ray, Illinois A. C.
H. H. Brown, Boston A. A.
J. C. Dresser, New York A. C.
C. Fenaux, Purdue University.
A. A. Schardt, Chicago A. A.
M. Devanney, Millrose A. C., New York.
L. M. Shields, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia.

10,000-Meter Cross-Country Team.

J. Simons, New York A. C.
L. B. Watson, Syracuse University.
F. W. Faller, Dorchester Club Boston.
P. Flynn, Paulist A. C., New York.
R. Crawford, Millrose A. A., New York.
A. C. Huelsenbeck, New York A. C.
H. H. Brown, Boston A. A.
M. Bohland, Paulist A. C., New York.

FIELD EVENTS.

High Jump.

J. Murphy, Multnomah A. C., Portland, Oregon.
H. P. Muller, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
R. W. Landon, New York A. C.
W. L. Whalen, Boston A. A.
O. Corry, Los Angeles A. C.
R. L. Templeton, Olympic Club, San Francisco.

Broad Jump.

Sol Butler, Bubuque College.
S. Landers, Chicago A. A.
R. L. Templeton, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
J. M. Merchant, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
H. Politzer, Mohawk A. C., New York (only five selections).

Hop, Step and Jump.

S. Landers, Chicago A. A.
D. Shearn, Illinois A. C.
A. C. Geist, Y. M. H. A., New York.
C. E. Jaquith, Chicago A. A.
J. G. Loomis, Chicago A. A.
H. Prom, New York A. C.

Pole Vault.

F. K. Foss, Chicago A. A.
E. E. Meyers, Chicago A. A.
E. E. Knourek, Illinois A. C.
E. J. Jenne, Washington State College.
H. W. Harwood, Boston A. A.
F. W. Graham, Chicago A. A.

Shot Put.

P. J. McDonald, New York A. C.
H. D. Liversedge, Navy.
G. H. Bihlman, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
H. G. Cann, New York A. C.
E. H. Hills, Washington, D. C.
E. P. Caughey, Olympic Club, San Francisco.

Hammer Throw.

P. J. Ryan, Loughlin Lyceum, New York.
M. J. McGrath, New York A. C.
J. M. McCeachison, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
B. E. Bennett, Chicago A. A.
C. U. Dandrow, Boston A. A.
J. M. Merchant, Olympic Club, San Francisco.

56-Pound Weight.

P. J. McDonald, New York A. C.
M. J. McGrath, New York A. C.
P. J. Ryan, Loughlin Lyceum, New York.
J. M. McCeachison, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
Lieutenant E. R. Roberts, Army.
C. U. Dandrow, Boston A. A.

Javelin Throw.

M. S. Angier, Illinois A. C.
J. C. Lincoln, New York A. C.
K. L. Wilson, Chicago A. A.
F. J. Hanner, Stanford University.
A. M. Tuck, University of Oregon.
J. Mahan, Texas College.

Discus Throw.

A. R. Pope, University of Washington.
K. C. Bartlett, University of Oregon.
R. M. Evans, Los Angeles A. C.
K. L. Wilson, Chicago A. A.
V. O. Clapp, Navy (only five selections).

PENTATHLON.

B. Hamilton, University of Missouri.
R. L. Bradley, University of Kansas.
R. Legendre, Georgetown University.
N. L. Bradley, University of Kansas.
Leon L. Ferrine, University of Idaho.
R. Dunne, University of Michigan.
V. O. Clapp, Navy.

DECATHLON.

B. Hamilton, University of Missouri.
R. L. Bradley, University of Kansas.
R. Legendre, Georgetown University.
H. Goelitz, Illinois A. C.
Lieutenant E. I. Vidal, Army.
E. Ellis, Syracuse University.

BOXING TEAM.

112-Pound Class—P. Zivic, Willow A. C., Pittsburgh; Frank Di Gemaro, Paulist A. C., New York; J. Lesser, Army.

115-Pound Class—E. Harriman, Hermann Institute, Philadelphia; N. Brock, Cleveland; S. J. Gustin, Boston.

126-Pound Class—J. Zivic, Willow A. C., Pittsburgh; G. Etsell, Navy; S. Vogel, Teutime A. C., New York.

135-Pound Class—F. Cassidy, Osanam A. C., New York; B. Ponteau, St. Christopher Club, New York; E. U. Fowler, Army.

147-Pound Class—W. Clarke, Philadelphia; F. Goldberg, Army; S. Loos, Jr., Philadelphia.

160-Pound Class—S. Lagonia, Bronzdale A. C., New York; Lieutenant J. A. Cranston, Army; S. Murchie, Navy.

175-Pound Class—E. Eagan, Yale University; T. Snyder, Army; J. R. Grant, Navy.

Heavyweight Class—W. Spengler, New York Police A. C.; Lieutenant S. Stewart, Army.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	001	200	040—7
Akron	100	000	201—4

Batteries—Parnham and Egan, Casey; Barnes, Moseley and Walker.

Jersey City at Buffalo (postponed, rain).
Reading at Rochester (postponed, rain).
Other teams not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Buffalo	57	29	.671
Toronto	56	30	.651
Baltimore	54	30	.643
Akron	52	33	.612
Reading	43	39	.500
Jersey City	30	53	.361
Rochester	28	56	.333
Syracuse	18	62	.217

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Rochester.
Syracuse at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Toronto.
Reading at Akron.

American Association.

St. Paul 4, Indianapolis 3.
Milwaukee 4, Toledo 2.
Columbus 12, Kansas City 9.
(First game.)
Kansas City 3, Columbus 0.
(Second game.)
Minneapolis 10, Louisville 9.
(First game 14 innings.)
Louisville 1, Minneapolis 0.
(Second game 9 innings.)

WHITE SOX BEATEN AGAIN BY YANKEES

Hugmen Get to Williams in First Inning and Capture 8 to 4 Victory.

BODIE BATS IN SIX RUNS

Crashes Out Homer in Opening Frame with Bases Full—Collins Effective in Pinches.

Ping Bodie spent the Saturday weekend at the Polo Grounds without getting anything like a hit, while all the other Yankees were denting the landscape and the fences. "Somebody will suffer for this," moaned the hero of Telegraph Hill as he trudged his way to the clubhouse at the close of the greatest scoring carnival of the year. Ping did not know just who the sufferer would be, but he learned his identity yesterday when Kid Gleason picked Lefty Williams to do the pitching for the White Sox in the second game of the series.

Ping wreaked vengeance on the Chicago southpaw yesterday in a way that made 33,000 fans delirious with joy. As long as the Chicago side-wheeler remained on the hill Signor Pizzola contributed to slap nits around the park, both inside and beyond the fences, and when Williams was withdrawn from the picture in the fifth Ping was satisfied to call it a day. He had made up for his shortcomings of Saturday and had pounded the Yankees to a lead which the White Sox could not match in nine innings. Bodie had not been counted on as the probable hero, with Ruth only one slam away from a record-breaking mark, but Ping developed into the big noise of the rainy afternoon while the Yanks were handing the Sox an 8 to 4 defeat and thereby lengthening the distance between the two teams in the pennant chase.

Bodie Drives in Six Runs.

Six of the eight runs which the Hugmen collected between raindrops were directly the result of the heavy bat which Ping swung against the tangents of Lefty Williams. In the first inning Bodie plowed his way through the mud from dugout to plate, while three brother Yanks wallowed in the mud along the base paths. Two were out at the time. With a strike and a ball against him Ping took as healthy a swing as he ever uncovered and a streak of white made its way toward the left field bleachers. High up among the drenched fans the ball disappeared, while the parade of Yankee runnerre got under way. It was a homer with the bases full, the last word in stickwork, and the dream which all players enjoy, but few realize.

That would have been satisfaction for most ball players, but not for Bodie yesterday. He couldn't forget that wasted Saturday afternoon while hits were so cheap, with even the pitchers getting them. So Ping came back in the third with a double to the left field fence with Ruth on third base and Meusel on second. Babe scored, but Bob was nailed as he hesitated to see if the ball would be caught and then found the track too heavy. This was the blow that settled the ball game, as the Sox succeeded in matching the total runs driven in by the four-sack blow. They never could reach a fifth run, so the glory was all Ping's. In the fifth Bodie stumped to a single, which scored Meusel from third. Then Williams departed and Bodie called it a day.

Despite threatening clouds a crowd that filled the grand stand as early as 2:15 and added many thousands more for the bleachers turned out for the battle. Rain drops began to fall just before game time, and a real shower was under way when the teams warmed up. It was still raining when play began, and after Peck had popped out in the Yankees' half of the first inning the downpour drove the players, bleacherites and box holders under cover. For almost a half hour the rain continued to fall, and then it let up enough for play to be resumed. It was not until the sixth inning that the shower came to an end.

Collins Strong in Pinches.

Rip Collins, who has developed into one of the consistent winners of the New York flinging force, went the whole game for the Yanks and did some fancy pitching in the pinches. He was not as successful in keeping the Sox off the paths as in keeping them there after they got on. Two passes and a hit batsman filled the corners on Rip in the first inning and the crowd went wild when he got the dangerous Felsch on strikes and finally retired the side without a run. He was equally effective in the pinches which developed later in the game, and but for a brief streak of wildness in the sixth frame he would have come through with only one earned run against him. A muffed pop fly by the usually reliable Peckinpaugh handed the Sox one of their runs in the third inning after two were out.

The Yanks, mostly Bodie, satisfied Kid Gleason in five innings that it was useless to waste Williams on a lost cause, particularly with double headers in the offing, so the Kid derricked the southpaw after five frames, which had produced eight hits by the Yanks. After Williams came Payne, who had suffered in the slugging bee Saturday, and he got through two innings without even a hit being made. Wilkinson pitched one inning and held the Yanks in subjection.

Passes to Leibold and E. Collins, Weaver's infield out and a hit batsman filled the corners in Chicago's first, but nothing developed. Felsch fanned and J. Collins lifted to Ruth.

In New York's half Peck and Pipp went out in order and the fans settled down to wonder what the next frame would bring any old. A pass to Pratt brought out the usual noise which accompanies Ruth's trip to the plate. Babe had only half a home run this time, his effort being a double to right, which sent Pratt to third. Meusel's walk crowded the corners and Bodie depopulated same with a smash among the left field fans.

Neither team threatened in the second and each got busy in the third. With one out in Chicago's half E. Collins singled to left and was forced at second by Weaver. Jackson lashed a triple down the alley between Bodie and Meusel, and Weaver registered. Peck ran back for Felsch's pop fly in short left, Ruth gave way and Peck muffed the ball, Jackson scoring while Felsch reached second, where he was left.

In New York's half of the third Ruth walked with one out and Meusel chased him to second with a double over third base. The ball hit a roll of tarpaulin near the field boxes and was picked up by one of the groundkeeper's assistants. Ruth crossed the plate, but was sent back to third, Huggins putting up a big argument when the decision was made.

Bodie then hit over Jackson's head for a double, scoring Ruth, but Meusel, who had turned back to second when he thought Jackson would catch the ball, was thrown out at the plate on Risberg's relay.

In the fifth a pass to Pipp, a fielder's choice on Pratt, Ruth's scratch infield hit and singles by Meusel and Bodie sent over New York's last two runs.

The Sox picked up their last two runs in the sixth. J. Collins got an infield hit and passes to Risberg and Schalk filled the bases. Jourdan forced Collins at the plate with a grounder to Collins, but Leibold's short single to left and E. Collins's sacrifice fly to Ruth sent two runs across.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	Ab.	R.	H.	P.	A.	CHICAGO (A.)	Ab.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Peck's'gh,ss	4	0	0	2	2	Leibold,rf	3	0	1	1	0
Pipp,1b	3	0	0	8	0	E.Collins,2b	3	0	2	1	2
Pratt,2b	3	0	2	3	0	Weaver,3b	3	1	0	2	2
Ruth,lf	3	2	2	5	0	Jackson,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Meusel,rf	3	2	2	2	0	Felsch,cf	5	0	0	4	1
Bodie,cf	4	1	3	4	0	J.Collins,1b	3	0	2	3	1
Ward,3b	3	0	1	0	1	Risberg,ss	3	1	0	4	0
Ruel,c	4	0	0	4	0	Schalk,c	3	1	1	6	0
W.Collins,p	4	0	0	0	3	Williams,p	2	0	0	1	0
						aJourdan	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	5	8	27	6	Payne,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bMurphy	1	0	0	0	0
						Wilkinson,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	33	4	8	24	6

a Batted for Williams in sixth.
b Batted for Payne in eighth.

Errors—Peckinpaugh, Ruth, Felsch.

New York	4	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	—8
Chicago	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Ruth, Meusel, Bodie, Schalk. Three-base hit—Jackson. Home run—Bodie. Stolen bases—Leibold, Schalk. Sacrifice hits—E. Collins. Double play—E. Collins and J. Collins. Left on bases—Chicago 11, New York 4. Bases on balls—Off Williams 5, Collins 5, Hits—Off Williams 8 in 5 innings, Payne 0 in 2, Wilkinson 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By W. Collins (Jackson). Struck out—By Williams 2, Wilkinson 1, Collins 3. Losing pitcher—Williams. Umpires—Moriarty and Chill. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

SENATORS WIN EASILY.

Get Seventeen Hits and Defeat Tigers, 10-3—Coombs Is Injured.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Washington pounded Detroit pitchers for seventeen hits today and won easily, 10 to 3. After two of the visiting pitchers had been knocked from the box, Jack Coombs, Detroit pitching coach, attempted the hurling work, but aggravated an old injury and had to be carried from the field.

The score:

WASHINGTON (A.)	Ab.	R.	H.	P.	A.	DETROIT (A.)	Ab.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Shanks,3b	5	0	2	1	2	Young,2b	4	0	0	4	5
Milan,lf	5	1	2	2	0	Bush,ss	5	0	0	2	3
Rice,cf	5	2	2	3	0	Shorten,cf	5	0	2	1	1
Roth,rf	4	1	1	2	0	Veach,lf	5	1	1	4	0
Harris,2b	5	2	3	4	4	Heilmann,1b	5	0	1	9	0
Gharrity,1b	5	2	3	14	0	Flagstead,rf	1	2	1	3	0
McBride,ss	3	2	1	0	6	Jones,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Picinich,c	4	0	2	1	0	Woodall,c	4	0	2	0	1
Schacht,p	4	1	1	0	3	Leonard,p	2	0	1	0	0
						aHale	1	0	0	0	0
						Okrie,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bAinsmith	1	0	0	0	0
						Coombs,p	0	0	0	4	0
						Oldham,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	39	10	17	27	15	Total	37	3	10	24	13

a Batted for Leonard in sixth.
b Batted for Okrie in eighth.

Errors—Shanks (2), Bush, Heilmann.

Washington	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	3	x	—10
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—2

Two base hits—Schacht, Harris, Gharrity (2), Picinich, Veach. Stolen bases—Rice, Shanks. Sacrifice hits—Flagstead, McBride (2), Young. Left on bases—Detroit 11, Washington 10. Bases on balls—Off Leonard 1, Schacht 2, Coombs 1. Hits—Off Leonard 12 in 5 innings, Okrie 3 in 2, Coombs 3 in 2-3, Oldham 0 in 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Leonard (Picinich). Struck out—By Schacht 1, Losing pitcher—Leonard. Umpires—Friel and Dineen. Time of game—One hour and fifty-four minutes.

PHILLIES WIN IN NINTH.

Meadows Holds Cards in Check and His Hit Settles Game, 2-1.

ST. LOUIS, July 18.—Philadelphia defeated St. Louis, 2 to 1, today, Meadows's infield hit in the ninth inning, after two were out, driving Meusel across with the winning run.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	Ab.	R.	H.	P.	A.	ST. LOUIS (N.)	Ab.	R.	H.	P.	A.
Paulette,ss	4	0	1	1	3	Smith,lf	2	1	2	3	0
J. Miller,2b	4	0	0	1	2	Fournier,1b	4	0	1	12	1
Stengel,rf	3	0	1	0	0	Stock,3b	4	0	0	0	3
Williams,cf	4	0	1	4	0	Hornsby,2b	3	0	0	1	6
Meusel,1b	4	2	3	13	0	Leven,ss	4	0	0	2	2
Lee'rwais,lf	3	0	0	1	0	Clemons,c	4	0	1	5	1
Wr'stone,3b	3	0	0	1	1	Heathcote,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Wheat,c	4	0	0	6	1	McHenry,cf	3	0	1	1	0
Meadows,p	4	0	1	0	4	Haines,p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	33	2	7	27	12	Total	31	1	7	27	13

Errors—Meadows, Hornsby, Haines.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Two base hit—Williams. Home run—Meusel. Stolen base—Meusel. Sacrifice hits—Wrightstone, Labourveau, Fournier. Double play—Wrightstone and Meusel. Left on bases—Philadelphia 8, St. Louis 6. Bases on balls—Off Meadows 1, Haines 1. Hit by pitcher—By Meadows (Hornsby); by Haines (Paulette). Struck out—By Meadows 5, Haines 4. Umpires—Hiem and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Curves and Bingles

The raindrops kept Ping wondering for almost an hour whether that home run would get into the records. When the Sox were retired in the fifth Signor Pizzola breathed a sigh of satisfaction.

Hap Felsch got in wrong with the big crowd by some rough handling of Walter Pipp when he was thrown out in the fifth. During the remainder of the game Felsch was the target for hoots and jeers every time he did anything good or otherwise.

The Collins family was all over the infield during the afternoon. Eddie and Jack made up half of the Sox inner cordon and Walrus, generally known as Rip, was busy for the Yanks in the middle of the diamond.

What has become of the old-time fan who can recall when Peck muffed a fly ball prior to his error on Felsch in the third inning of yesterday's game?

The Yanks and Sox will mingle in a double header this afternoon and another twin bill tomorrow. The walls of the Brush Stadium will be severely tested before the close of another day.

The Henry Fabian Tarpaulin and Sawdust Squad put in a busy afternoon in the mud. As a result of their activities close to 33,000 rain checks became null and void at 4:45 P. M.

Thormahlen and Quinn probably will be sent against the White Sox this afternoon. Gleason hopes to have Faber and Kerr do all the pitching for the Sox and the Yankees hope to give them what Cicotte and Williams got.

Babe had to be content with a double, a scratch single and a pass, which were turned into three runs. In the ninth Ruth hit one on a line to right field and Leibold made a fancy catch close to the right field bleachers.

Eddie Collins still wears on wad of gum on the button of his cap until he gets two strikes. Then he transfers the gum to his mouth and chews it until he has another turn at bat.

Bob Meusel regards it as a wasted day if he does not contribute at least one two-bagger. The punch arrived in the third inning and chased Ruth from first to third.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 8; Chicago, 4.
Washington, 10; Detroit, 3.
Other teams not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati, 4; Brooklyn, 1.
Chicago, 6; Boston, 3.
Philadelphia, 2; St. Louis, 1.
Other teams not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	56	27	.675
New York	56	30	.651
Chicago	50	32	.610
St. Louis	41	42	.494
Washington	39	40	.494
Boston	37	42	.468
Detroit	27	53	.338
Philadelphia	23	53	.267

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	51	34	.600
Cincinnati	45	34	.570
Pittsburgh	40	38	.513
St. Louis	41	43	.488
New York	39	42	.481
Chicago	41	45	.477
Boston	33	40	.452
Philadelphia	33	47	.413

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
(Two games, first starts 1:30 P. M.)
Cleveland at Boston.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Chicago.

REDS FINALLY BEAT SPEEDING DODGERS

Luque's Great Pitching Halts League Leaders, Who Succumb by Score of 4 to 1.

CINCINNATI, July 18.—The Brooklyn Robins, who have been whizzing along the Western highways hitting on all nine cylinders were held up today by tire trouble. Luque, twirler for the Reds, was the man who made them tired. He put brick dust in their bearings and slowed them up until even the world's champions could beat them. The score was 4 to 1.

In numbers and enthusiasm the crowd that turned out for today's combat paralleled the hosts that gathered last October at Redlands Field for the world's series games. A mid-season attendance record was set when 26,000 fans pressed through the turnstiles to see the rampageous Robins—cocky Robins indeed with twenty-two victories in their last twenty-five games—run up against Moran's sparrows with their bows and arrows. The matinee performance pleased the throng mightily and everybody except the delegation from Brooklyn went away from there in the best of spirits.

Cincinnati looks backward with pleasure to the world's series of 1919 and forward with confidence to another like it next Autumn. The local fans argue that the Reds are indulging the Superbas with a temporary lead as a kindly sprinter would let his little brother beat him in a race to the front gate. When it comes time to settle the issue, they declare, the class of the world's champions will tell and they'll scamper home in front. Oh, well, if you don't agree with this, it's because you don't live in Cincinnati.

Luque in Excellent Form.

About this man Luque referred to above. He pitched quite a nifty game of baseball this afternoon. The Dodgers got three hits off him in the eighth inning and three in the other eight. That's all. It wasn't enough to do much damage.

Sherry Smith pitched on an ascending scale. The Reds got no hits in the first inning, one in the second, two in the third and three in the fourth. They didn't get any off Sherry after that because he wasn't there. Robby had done a little figuring and, perceiving that Smith was due to be rapped safely eight times in the ninth, he rolloped him off to the shower bath.

Mitchell took his place on the mound and twirled nice ball. The Reds got a couple of futile singles in the seventh but those were the only safe runs which Clarence saw fit to allow. However, it was too late to save the game, for he fell heir to a hostile score of 4 to 0, and Luque kept on his steam roller course.

In the opening inning Griffith singled with two out but Wheat's effort to advance him resulted in a goop fly to Sicking. The Reds went out one, two, three in their half.

Tim Robins made a bid in the second when Myers opened with a triple to right centre. Koney popped to Groh. Kopf made a good stop of Kilduff's hard grounder and Myers was run down, Kilduff reaching second on the play. Miller filed to Roush, who made a running catch.

Kopf got a single in the Reds' portion of the session, but it was drowned in a flock of outs.

Reds Waste Some Hits.

It was a speedy and fruitless period for the Robins in the third, but the local team put up a good scrap in its half. Luque singled with one out, and Groh repeated the operation, Luque stopping at second. The two runners advanced when Olson threw Daubert out on a close play. Kilduff smothered Roush's grounder and got him at first.

Again in the fourth the visitors went down as fast as they came up. It was different with the champions, however. They grabbed the ball game then and there.

To start things, Duncan singled over Olson's head. Kopf doubled past Johnston, Duncan was interfered with by Johnston as he turned third, Duncan stopped, but Umpire Harrison ordered him to score. Neale was safe on Johnston's fumble, Kopf going to third. Sicking hit to Olson, and Kopf beat the throw home, Neale stopping second. Allen sacrificed, Smith to Kilduff. Kilduff knocked down Lukue's hard line drive and by a quick recovery threw the pitcher out, it was a great play. Neale scored and Sicking reached third. Groh singled to centre scoring Sicking. Kilduff threw out Daubert.

There wasn't much action on the part of the Reds thereafter for, as has been narrated,

COLOR LINE ERASED BY JACK DEMPSEY

Champion Reverses Attitude and Announces He'll Take On Wills or Anybody Else.

SAYS HE NEEDS THE MONEY

Yearns for Action and Plenty of It and Hopes Brennan Match Will Be First of a Series.

Jack Dempsey has erased the color line and stands ready to make a match with a colored fighter, either Harry Wills or another. This statement is contained in an announcement, given out for publication yesterday by the International Sporting Club, which will stage the bout between Wills and Fred Fulton at the Newark Sportsmen's Club next Monday.

The following is Dempsey's declaration as to the obliteration of the color line, which he has hitherto drawn as champion:

"As for the colored boxers, you can say for me, and make it as strong as you like, that I have absolutely no scruples whatsoever about boxing them. After I won the championship, Jack Kearns, my manager, contended that mixed bouts are injurious to the sport, and for that reason would not consider any for me. It is different now. If the press, public or promoters want me to box a negro, I'll gladly take the match. That goes for Harry Wills and the rest of this ilk. To be quite frank about it, I need the money.

Will Be at the Ringside.

"When Wills and Fulton meet in Newark, I'll be right down there at the ringside. And I'll be pulling for them to box a hard draw, in order that I may meet both of them in the future. In case one of them is knocked out, the victim will be eliminated from consideration for a match with me, and will lose a profitable bout. When boxing opens up in New York I hope to be one of the busiest champions around here.

"Now that I have vindicated myself of the absurd charges preferred against me," said Dempsey, "I am ready to give my attention to boxing again. And the sooner I get into action the better I like it. I will take a few weeks around for a place suitable for training quarters. I am in pretty good shape now as I kept on training all the time I was on the Coast. I will need but a couple of weeks, devoted chiefly to boxing, to get into tip-top condition.

Wants to Be a Lot of Boxing.

"At present I have a match with K. O. Brennan in prospect. This I hope will be but the beginning of a series of contests. I hope to do a lot of boxing henceforth. When I get through with Brennan I will take on any man the promoters may select for me.

"If there is one fellow I would rather meet than another, it is Fred Fulton. When I stopped him in Harrison a couple of summers ago in less than half a minute, it was not a fluke victory. I knew I can knock out that lanky fellow any time I meet him. In fact, I consider him softer than others that could be sent against me."

SELECT CANADIAN TEAM.

Dominion's Track and Field Contingent for Olympics Announced.

MONTREAL, July 19.—The track and field team which will represent Canada in the Olympic Games at Antwerp was announced here today. Selections were made from contestants in the meet held here yesterday by the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association. The athletes chosen and the events in which they will take part follow:

Alex Fenton, Ontario, 100 and 200 meters. Hector Phillips, Ontario, 400 and 800 meters.

Thomas Own, Manitoba, and E. Lawrence, Quebec, 1,500, 5,000 and 10,000 meters.

Earl Thomson, Saskatchewan, 110-meter hurdles, 400 meters and pentathlon.

E. C. Fredman, Ontario, walks.

Archie McDiarmid and John McEachern, both of British Columbia, 56-pound weight and hammer throw.

John Cameron, British Columbia, decathlon and hammer throw.

W. R. Kennedy of Montreal, jumper, who was unable to compete in the trials because of illness, will be given a private trial when he recovers, it was announced.

FINE ENTRY FOR REGATTA.

Many Leading Oarsmen to Cross Blades at Worcester.

The list of entries for the annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen to be held at Worcester, Mass., on July 23 and 24, was made public yesterday. The thirteen events on the card have brought out sixty-three entries, including many of the best oarsmen in the country.

The following are the entries:

Junior Eight-Oared Shell—New Rochelle Rowing Club, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Springfield Boat Club, Springfield, Mass.; Norton Boat Club, Worcester, Mass.; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn.

Intermediate Four-Oared Shell—Norton Boat Club, Worcester, Mass.; Navy Athletic Association, Annapolis, Md.; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn.

Senior Quarter-Mile Dash—John B. Kelly, Vesper Boat Club, Philadelphia; Walter Rigling, Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia; George W. Allison, Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia.

Intermediate Single Shell—James F. Sullivan, St. Alphonsus Boat Club, Boston; William Bresnahan, Springfield Boat Club, Springfield, Mass.; Robert Fish, Rockrimmon Boat Club, Springfield, Mass.; John Mary's A. A. and C. C., Halifax, N. S.; Andrew J. Hutterly, Potomac Boat Club, Washington, D. C.; F. E. Murphy, New Rochelle Rowing Club, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Senior International Four-Oared Shell—Century Boat Club, St. Louis, Mo.; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn., crew No. 1; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn., crew No. 2; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn., crew No. 3; Navy Athletic Association, Annapolis, Md.; Pennsylvania Barge Club, Philadelphia.

Association Single Shell—John J. Sullivan, St. Alphonsus Boat Club, Boston; Jeremiah Shea, Riverside Boat Club, Cambridge, Mass.; W. E. Garrett Guimera, Bachelors' Barge Club, Philadelphia; Louis Zobe, First Bohemian Boat Club, New York City; Henry A. Helbig, Atlantic Boat Club, New York City; Robert Duncan, Potomac Boat Club, Washington, D. C.; Walter Rigling, Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia; George W. Allison, Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia.

Intermediate Eight-Oared Shells—Detroit Boat Club, Detroit; Norton Boat Club, Worcester, Mass., crew No. 1; Norton Boat Club, Worcester, Mass., crew No. 2; Navy Athletic Association, Annapolis, Md.; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn.

Senior Double Shell—Metropolitan Rowing Club, New York City; Bachelors' Barge Club, Philadelphia; Vesper Boat Club, Philadelphia; Lone Star Boat Club, New York City; Union Boat Club, Boston; Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia.

Senior Four-Oared Shells—Century Boat Club, St. Louis, Mo.; Navy Athletic Association, Annapolis, Md.; Pennsylvania Barge Club, Philadelphia; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn., crew No. 1; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn., crew No. 2; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn., crew No. 3.

Intermediate Double Shell—Riverside Boat Club, Cambridge, Mass.; Rockrimmon Boat Club, Springfield, Mass.; Lone Star Boat Club, New York City; New Rochelle Rowing Club, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Championship Single Sculls—John B. Kelly, Vesper Boat Club, Philadelphia; Paul V. Costello, Vesper Boat Club, Philadelphia; winner of association single race.

Senior Quadruple Scull Shells—New York Athletic Club, New York City; New Rochelle Rowing Club, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia; Bachelors' Barge Club, Philadelphia.

Senior Eight-Oared Shells—Norton Boat Club, Worcester, Mass.; Navy Athletic Association, Annapolis, Md.; crew No. 1; Navy Athletic Association, Annapolis, Md., crew No. 2; Syracuse University, Syracuse, N. Y.; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn., crew No. 1; Duluth Boat Club, Duluth, Minn., crew No. 2.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	R.	H.	P.C.
Speaker, Cleveland	82	323	58	132	.410
Sisler, St. Louis	83	330	64	136	.412
Jackson, Chicago	78	311	56	124	.399
Ruth, New York	80	269	69	106	.394
Rice, Washington	79	317	67	117	.369

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	84	332	53	110	.331
E. Smith, New York	69	145	10	42	.290
J. Smith, St. Louis	55	175	27	59	.337
Roush, Cincinnati	79	282	35	96	.340
Konetchy, Brooklyn	71	277	38	90	.325

RUTHIE II. WINNER IN CRUISER CLASS

Finishes First Among Power Boats in Close Race for Jamaica Bay Corinthians.

With a fleet that numbered twenty-five power and eleven sail boats, the Jamaica Bay Corinthians resumed racing under the burgee of the Bergen Beach Yacht Club yesterday. Just as the sailing divisions were finishing, a nasty rain squall broke.

The larger power boats were sent from the clubhouse over a course that took them around Nova Scotia light, to and around the Red Can Buoy at the Rockaway Inlet and then back to the finishing line. In the cruising power boat class, the winner was Fred Doebell's Ruthie II. The winner among the larger open power boats was W. Klostermeir's Thelma II. W. James's Mary James took first prize in the canopy and half cabin class. The small open power boat class was won by W. Heathcote's Heela.

The summary:

CRUISERS UNDER 40-FOOT RATING.

Start, 11:45. Course, 9 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Ruthie II., F. Doebell	1:14:25	1:29:26
Siren, W. Krueger	1:14:51	1:29:31
Geraldine, W. Dietzy	1:14:30	1:29:30
Olive, Richter & Emerson	1:16:23	1:31:28
Isabel, W. Diffendale	1:15:45	1:30:45
Ruth, C. Tripoli	1:21:30	1:36:36
Frances, H. Muller	1:20:57	1:45:57
Hope	1:15:25	1:30:25
Fire, W. Humphreys	Did not finish.	
Bebe, W. Fyan	Did not finish.	

Corrected time on Ruthie II., 1:30:07. Geraldine 1:26:16, Siren 1:29:20, Ruth 1:20:35, Olive 1:31:23, Isabel 1:26:37 and Frances 1:36:34. Other yachts raced subject to measurement.

OPEN POWER BOATS—OVER 40-FOOT RATING.

Start, 11:50. Course, 9 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Thelma II., W. Klostermeir	12:23:07	0:33:07
Pal, E. Reeves	12:27:22	0:37:22
Browny, W. Brown	12:49:37	0:59:37

POWER BOATS—CANOPY AND HALF-CABIN LAUNCHES.

Start, 11:55. Course, 6 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Trixie	12:56:13	1:01:13
Sangamon, E. L. Madison	12:58:58	1:06:58
Reka, E. Kirby	12:59:20	1:06:20
Mary James, W. James	12:58:50	1:08:50
Starlight, N. Nesbett	1:01:45	1:06:45
Elizabeth, Erickson & Schelsh	1:01:02	1:06:02
Dorothy H., F. Codner	Did not finish.	
Marian, W. Limfecty	1:10:29	1:15:29
Roney, W. King	1:24:30	1:29:30

Corrected time on Mary James 59:58, Marian 1:00:55, Trixie 1:01:13, Elizabeth 1:01:17, Reka 1:01:43, Sangamon 1:01:58, Smarty II. 1:02:14, Roney 1:02:48.

OPEN POWER BOATS.

Start, 12:00. Course, 6 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Heela, W. Heathcote	1:01:46	1:06:46
Alma	1:06:23	1:06:23
Imp	1:21:15	1:27:15

Corrected time on Heela 1:00:50, Imp 1:04:48, Alma 1:06:23.

SLOOPS—ONE-DESIGN CLASS.

Start, 12:05. Course, 9 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
B. B. No. 1, F. Doebell	2:33:28	2:28:28
B. B. No. 7, S. Foster	2:33:28	2:28:28

KNOCKABOUTS.

Start, 11:30. Course, 6 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Lady Low, A. Olsen	2:10:33	2:00:33
Flota, H. Peterson	2:11:40	2:01:40

SLOOPS

Start, 3:25. Course, 9 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Dart, J. Rosenstock	2:12:38	1:58:38

CABIN CATBOATS.

Start, 12:20. Course, 6 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Seat, A. Kopf	2:02:40	1:42:40
Clara May, W. Endlich	2:08:44	1:48:44

OPEN CATBOATS.

Start, 12:35. Course, 6 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Selfish, C. W. Schober	1:53:51	1:50:51
Iris, A. Spoey	2:03:00	1:49:00

OPEN CATBOATS—SMALL.

Start, 12:25. Course, 6 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Time.
Girlie II., J. Detzler	1:58:20	1:33:20
Prim, A. Detzler	2:08:50	1:43:50

ARIA FIRST TO FINISH.

Leads Star Class Yachts in Opening of Interclub Series.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., July 18.—Eighteen yachts of the Star Class were caught in a heavy thunderstorm on the first leg of one of the series of races for the interclub championship over the course of the Port Washington Yacht Club in Manhasset Bay this afternoon.

W. L. Inslee did not sail over from his anchorage at the Bayside Yacht Club with the Taurus, but a dismasted George Abbott won the event in Class A with the Aria. The latter won by a margin of two minutes and thirty two seconds over the Saturn, owned and guided by George W. Elder, Jr.

The summaries:

INTERCLUB RACE, STAR CLASS, CLASS A.

Start, 5:00. Course, 7 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Aria, G. Abbott	5:02:40	2:02:40
Saturn, G. W. Elder, Jr.	5:05:12	2:05:12
Aquille, G. Curry	5:07:11	2:07:11
Milky Way, F. W. Tower	5:07:35	2:07:35
Snapper, A. Iselin 2d	5:11:40	2:11:40
Mars II., Crumble and Walters	5:12:00	2:12:00
Tara, D. Cowl	5:13:31	2:13:31
Mala, B. L. Linkfield	Did not finish.	

CLASS B.

Start, 5:10. Course, 7 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Vega, Steward Elmore	5:29:50	2:19:20
Big Dipper, W. Robinson	5:32:52	2:22:52
Mars, R. D'Oench	5:35:48	2:25:48
Orion, K. B. Thayer	5:34:18	2:24:18
Draco, G. A. Schieren	5:36:18	2:26:18
Starlight, N. Nesbett	5:36:20	2:26:20
Centaure, C. F. Searing	5:36:50	2:26:50
Southern Cross, A. Knapp	5:37:49	2:27:49
North Star, G. Hance	5:37:55	2:27:55
Nereid, E. W. H. Teller	5:37:49	2:27:49

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—The Fairfield Purse; two-year-old fillies; five and a half furlongs. Ten-Lee 104 pounds, Superwoman 107, Fantastic 104, Celtic Lass 104, Sarajavra 109, Polly Ann 107, Santa Paula 107, Light Fantastic 104, Lady Alcy 104, Foam 104, Prodigy 107, Fringe 104, Day Lilly 107, Theconsia 104.

SECOND RACE—The Futnam Purse; three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Arum 118 pounds, Leatherface 118, Bright Gold 100, War Machine 113, War Plume 113, Gath 115, Courselles 110, Cinquer 122, Yoomed 118, Battle 106, King Marippa 116, Frank Tirner 108, Ballybell 103, War Smoke 113, Duress 108, The Wit 103, Flibbertygibbet 106, Scotch Verdict 104, Napthaline 116.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; maidens; about six furlongs. King George 115 pounds, La Bar 118, Beaumarais 120, Surley 115, Carolina S. 110, Double Eye 115, Furlough 115, The Dashe 120, Mistletoe 110, Ernest A. 115, L'Enfeiar 120, Cherry Creek 115, Winneconne 110, Skypaper 110, Universal 115, Gibbie Cadorna 115, J. Alfred Clark 115, Florain 115, Mate Jo 115, Joliette 110, Nelle Yorke 115, Gonzalo 115, Larghette 110.

FOURTH RACE—The Fleetwing Handicap of $6,600; three-year-olds and upward; about six furlongs. Pen Rose 119 pounds, Old Rosebud 115, Dream of the Valley 105, Tickfish 108, Tippity Witchet 115, Master On 94, Caramandale 106, Raffiade 115, Irish Dream 110.

FIFTH RACE—Flinkill Selling Handicap; three-year-olds and upwards; one mile and a sixteenth. Trilby 96 pounds, Yellow Hand 108, Mansvere 110, Salvestre 110, Thrift 103, Glasgow 114, Sir Gratted 104, Pen Dragon 102, Jury 96, Elmendorf 118, Buford 112, Recount 105, Translate 98, Penelope 104, Chasseur 112, Sundial II. 113, Kashmir 120.

SIXTH RACE—Two-year-olds; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Meridge Hunter 102 pounds, Waft 102, Keduna 102, Crimson Rambler 106, Fading Star 106, Omar K. 103, George Berry 108, Tripperty 103, Arada 110, The Cook 113, Bluesman 113, Jokoline 105, Superwoman 108, Tercedor 112, Mary Erb 105, Morning Rose 105.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

YACHTING

Practically every expert who saw the first two races for the America's Cup will doubtless agree that Sir Thomas Lipton and his advisers have done wisely in changing skippers for Shamrock IV. Despite the great reputation with which Mr. Burton came to this country, a reputation which gave him the standing of the best amateur skipper in Great Britain—he has unfortunately shown nothing whatever in his two public appearances at the challenger's wheel to sustain his prestige. Skilled yachtsmen whose glasses were fixed upon the competing yachts last Thursday and Saturday were almost unanimous in declaring that Mr. Burton handled the Shamrock not only unimpressively but positively badly. The consensus of opinion was that if he remained at the tiller throughout the remainder of the series, and showed the same lack of skill, Sir Thomas's chances of lifting the Cup were poor. The experts pretty well agreed that, despite the fluky and unsatisfactory wind conditions on both days of the Cup contests, Shamrock IV. is a fast boat, probably much faster than Resolute, in any kind of a blow, "but," said they, "the skipper will kill her unless he improves enormously."

With either Mr. Nicholson, Shamrock's designer, at the wheel or with Colonel Nefl or Commodore Jarvis or Captain Diaper or Captain Turner—such is the wealth of talent at Sir Thomas's disposal—it is believed that Mr. Adams, skipper of the Resolute, will be put to it much harder than he has been thus far to give the defending yacht an advantage in handling. If Mr. Nicholson sails Shamrock, as now seems probable, and if he manages to steer her to victory in two races, he will have accomplished something unique in the history of the America's Cup—he will have designed, built and sailed the winning yacht.

As far as the comparative merits of the competing yachts are concerned, the first contests have told nothing. The fact that Resolute had all the better of both contests, as long as she was racing, by no means proves that she is the better boat. The fluky wind and the cleverer handling of Resolute were chiefly responsible for the defender's fine showing. What every one interested in the grand old sport wants to see is a strong, steady wind and a skipper at Shamrock's wheel who can get the last second of speed out of her. Then let the better yacht either lift or hold the Cup.

TENNIS

The decisive victories of the American tennis players in England have more significance than the mere right to challenge for the Davis Cup, or to claim the London and world's championships. They are a vindication of the distinctive American style of play on the court and of the attitude of the United States Lawn Tennis Association as regards the International Federation abroad. The chief reason for the refusal of American to line up with the other nations thus far, in what is unquestionably an admirable association in the interests of international lawn tennis is the perpetual award of the world's championship" to Great Britain. Wimbledon, Mr. Washburn has been making efforts to clarify this point of view to European minds, and there is evidence of progress in the fact that the leading English papers are now arguing against the Federation's ruling, recognizing America's claims to consideration as the current leader in tennis affairs. But it is the playing of William T. Tilden, 2d, and William M. Johnston that has really induced the gradual change of mind abroad. After their sweeping victories at the Queen's Club at Wimbledon, and in the Davis Cup matches, it becomes obvious that no tennis tournament can properly be designated a "world's championship" without the inclusion of these super stars.

Gerald L. Patterson of Australia became the hero of English tennis circles last year when he defeated every one in sight on the other side of the pond, however, his battles with the Americans have been a series of reverses, and there are few left to concede him the equal of either Tilden or Johnston. It is more than likely that the result of the recent matches in England will cause a reconsideration of policy regarding the "world's championship" on the part of the International Federation. In any case, the American Davis Cup team may look forward with confidence to the future.

TRACK AND FIELD

As America's competitive preparation for the seventh Olympic games closes, it appears the reverse of rash to forecast another triumph for this country in the great world meet. An elaborate series of elimination tests has developed one of the strongest teams—many critics think the very strongest—which ever represented the nation in international struggles on cinder paths and field.

In the sprints are a number of tried and lightning-fast youths. In the intermediate and long-distance runs also will be found a sturdy representation, and the same can be said of the field events where the strength exceeds predictions. The record performances of the athletes who smashed two long-standing American marks and three championship records in the decisive try-outs on Saturday, in the Harvard Stadium will increase the already strong confidence in the powers of the United States team.

America's pre-Olympic meet—the Stadium tests may be thus termed—abounded in brilliant performances. The most popular was Meredith's showing in the quarter-mile run, after weeks of intensive training for the supreme test. The most spectacular was Fuller's great spurt to victory at the close of the strength-sapping 10,000-metre race. The most sensational was Murchison's wonderful dash to victory down the 100-yard straightaway. These notable accomplishments rivaled the field record performances and overshadowed the creditable success of Ray and the feats of strength of McDonald.

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GOLF

There's a fortune in sight for two inventions. One is a cure for hay fever, and the other is a safe and sane method for handling a golf gallery. The season is at hand—it arrived only yesterday—when unwieldy golf galleries, made all the more unwieldy by course marshals who fall all over each other in giving orders, flock out to big matches.

Since the national amateur championship last August at Oakmont, when the never-to-be-forgotten megaphonist played such an important part in damaging Bobby Jones's game, there had been no untoward incident of note until yesterday.

But Vardon and Ray are here, and that fact means immense throngs almost daily. They began their tour at the Siwanoy Country Club, where more than 3,000 fans flocked yesterday afternoon. One of the first spectacles was the old familiar rope being hauled out. A rope at an important golf match is a necessary evil. In fact, perhaps, it is only an evil and not a necessity, for an authority as great as A. Linde Fowler declared yesterday that crowds would behave better without a rope.

However, a rope in the hands of marshals is something to be condemned. The afternoon match began yesterday with a chief megaphone man, who acted as course marshal, and a quiet, orderly, efficient corps of six assistants. All went well until half-way to the first green, when another half dozen of self-appointed marshals took their places on the rope. By the second hole there were more than twenty marshals, by the third probably thirty. Thereafter the number was unlimited. Siwanoy Club members and, in fact, some few "fingers"—suddenly discovered that the rope handlers were able to stand well inside the ropes to watch spectators, three or four deep, and that consequently they literally had ringside places. They were the ones who saw the match the best, most commodiously. It was fortunate that the contest continued only eighteen holes. Had it gone more probably there would have been more marshals than spectators.

By the same token the number of orders increased. Instead of one megaphone man there were a dozen shouting the commands "keep back," "stand back" and "fore." On one hole some one bellowed an order just as Ted Ray was finishing his stroke. Ray turned to Vardon and smiled in a manner that was unmistakable. He was having a new experience. On the fourteenth Vardon was playing a difficult iron shot along the edge of a line of trees in order to fetch the green. A hoarse-voiced shout just as he was making the shot so disturbed him that he half-flubbed it, taking up a great chunk of turf. The ball landed far short.

The point is that golf crowds handle themselves quite well if let. Regularly, as by clock-work, they settled themselves around the edge of each green after the balls had been chipped on, and caused no trouble whatever. But it took the rope-handlers half the match to discover this. For the first nine holes they regularly brought the rope up, delayed the playing while they strung it around the green, and then blocked the view of those who had been quick enough to get on the inside. Later they found that this rope was unnecessary. It would seem that the surest way of spoiling spectators' pleasure and keeping them away from interesting matches is to employ an overabundance of rope and too many marshals who have aggravated cases of officiousness.

BASEBALL

Only a stretch of bad weather can prevent the current week from being the greatest, from the standpoint of both attendance and enthusiasm, in the baseball history of New York. Today and tomorrow one strong pennant contender, the Chicago White Sox, will play double headers at the Polo Grounds, and capacity crowds are assured, under normal weather conditions. With the departure of the White Sox will come the Cleveland Indians for four games in as many days, and the demand for reservations to these contests gives it the standing of a "little world's series." The capacity of the Polo Grounds may be strained on each of the four days.

Pennant contenders hardly can be classed as novelties in New York, but the chase now under way in the American League has created an interest far exceeding that of the days when the Giants were making their numerous fights in past years. Crowds of fifteen to twenty thousand from Monday to Saturday are common, while the Saturday and Sunday attendance goes to thirty thousand or beyond that mark every week. The acquisition of Babe Ruth, of course, must not be discounted in any tale involving the popularity of the Yankees, but there are other factors that cannot be overlooked. The veterans are all showing to advantage, and the newcomers in the regular lineup—Ward, Meusel and Colline—have rounded out as a spectacular a combination as the major leagues ever produced.

The American League pennant fight shows no signs of lessening in its closeness, and it would not be surprising if the battle carried well into September before one of the three contenders gained enough ground to be rated as an almost certain winner. This morning the Yankees are less than two games behind the Indians, and in one respect this ability to hang on has been remarkable. With Shawkey on the injured list for a stretch of four weeks, Lewis out for more than a month, Ward and Peck incapacitated for a stretch of a week, Mogridge ailing for three weeks and Meusel playing with a crippled hand, the team has surprised even its most optimistic followers by sticking in the thick of the fight, now and then going to the front for a brief period. Chicago, despite its setbacks here in the past two days, must still be rated as a strong contender.

New York is beginning to take new interest in National League doings, after losing all enthusiasm because of the failure of the Giants. The Brooklyn team is stepping along faster than any of its rivals in the Heydler circuit, and is beginning to loom up as a possible pennant winner. Manhattan is usually inclined to overlook Brooklyn in baseball, but if there is a prospect of a world's series in Flatbush real interest is awakened. Then, again, the Giants seem to be shaking off their pitching ailment and the McGrawmen are moving forward after a long delay. With the race so tight, it is not yet too late for the Giants to cut a real figure in the National League pennant hunt.

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TURF

There has been some disappointment this season owing to the limited number of high-class handicap horses seen in action, and the fact that few of the better three-year-olds accepted the issue in stakes for horses of that age because of the presence of Man o' War, but local racegoers have been compensated by an abundance of material in the juvenile division.

During May the prospect of a good crop of two-year-olds was anything but bright, but within a month enough high-class youngsters have been brought out to make this division the most interesting on the turf this year. There are at present perhaps a dozen high-class youngsters so well matched that it is not yet possible to point to an outstanding horse, though Ambassador is regarded by many as the best seen thus far.

It appears that racing folk will have to look to the juveniles to provide the best contests and, unless all signs fail, they will not be disappointed. The two-year-olds will be in their glory next month at Saratoga, where some really inviting stakes for horses of this age are to be decided. The fields are always large for the juvenile events at the Spa, and such races as the Saratoga Special, the Keene Memorial and the Hopeful come very close to pointing to the champion of the year.

Only slightly more than half a dozen high-class handicap horses have been seen in the distance races around here this season, and most of these have met so many times that interest has been lost in their meetings. This condition was due to the fact that such horses as Purchase and Lucullite became lame and have not been able to race, while Sir Barton went off badly in the Spring and is only now coming back to form. Some of these performers will be seen during August and will add materially to the interest in the races for older horses over distances from a mile upward.

BOLDEN IS VICTOR IN TEN-MILE SWIM

Chicagoan Takes National Title Race for Second Time—Seventeen Cover Distance.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Eugene Bolden of the Illinois Athletic Club won the 10-mile national swimming championship for the second consecutive year when he finished first in the race in the Delaware River from Pier 10 at Arch Street to the Riverton Yacht Club this afternoon.

Bolden's time for the event was 2 hours 9 minutes and 11 seconds, 13 minutes slower than the record time which he made last year, but a spell of sickness which the winner experienced before the race not only slowed him up, but at one time acted on him to such an extent that he stopped swimming and just floated along with the tide until his strength came back to him.

Victor Kiffee of Brooklyn finished second after fighting nearly all the way with three local swimmers, Paul Ralston of the Meadow Brook Athletic Club was nosed out and reverted back to third place, while Jack McCurdy and Vic Levand, both of the Philadelphia Swimming Club, finished fourth and fifth respectively. Seventeen swimmers competed.

The order of finish:

	H.M.S.
Bolden, Illinois A. C.	2:09:11
Kiffee, Brooklyn	2:13:45
Ralston, Meadowbrook A. C.	2:15:19
McCurdy, Philadelphia S. C.	2:20:43
Levand, Philadelphia S. C.	2:21:00
Showell, Riverton Y. C.	2:22:00
Corner, Riverton Y. C.	2:23:55
Elvarson, Camden Y. M. C. A.	2:25:55
Brown, New York	2:29:26
Gunther, Charleston	2:29:14
Robborough, Philadelphia S. C.	2:30:30
Titus, Philadelphia S. C.	2:30:37
Bell, Riverton Y. C.	2:32:50
Davidson, Riverton Y. C.	2:36:05
Pagel, Philadelphia	2:39:55
Einhorn, Philadelphia, unattached	2:42:35
Ferry, East Rutherford, N. J.	2:45:55

JAFFE TIED FOR SECOND.

Overtakes Miotkowski in Eighth Round of Chess Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 18.—A tie between Charles Jaffe of New York and Stasch Miotkowski of Los Angeles for second place resulted from the outcome of the two adjourned games in the eighth round of the Masters' Tournament of the Atlantic City Chess Congress today. Both are half a point behind Marshall, who leads with a score of 6½ to 2½. Jaffe was successful in his game with Neidich of Cornell, who, with a pawn down, made a stubborn fight, but eventually resigned after forty moves. Miotkowski could do no better than draw with Sharp of Philadelphia in thirty moves, and consequently dropped back from first place.

With but two more rounds to be played the odds are all in favor of Marshall's winning the Pillsbury Memorial prize, donated by A. J. McClure of Lakewood, N. J., President of the Atlantic City Chess Congress.

The standing follows:

Players.	Won.	Lost.	Players.	Won.	Lost
Marshall	6½	2½	Jackson	4	4
Jaffe	6	3	Sharp	3½	4½
Miotkowski	6	3	Neidich	1	7

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NEW SKIPPER FOR SHAMROCK IV.

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

lenger is far more than ever was attempted before by any one man, yet there are many who know the designer who believe he could do it better than anyone else. He is most versatile and original, as the design of the Shamrock IV. itself proves. In addition he is a man with an unusually keen and active mind. In this respect he more closely resembles a Yankee skipper than any other type, and, in addition to being able to take his trick at the wheel with the best of them, he also is a nimble topmast head man and has duly impressed the men of Shamrock's crew that there is nothing he would ask them to do that he would not do himself.

He has a most pleasing personality and is well liked by the crew, which in itself is of no small importance, particularly in an event such as the America's Cup contests, where confidence in the skipper is such a large factor with the men under him. During his stay in this country, and particularly down inside the Hook, Mr. Nicholson had made repeated visits to various places where he might gain added knowledge regarding local conditions that might add in sailing the race over the cup course.

A Noted Naval Architect.

He is at the head of a large ship and yacht building firm, with yards at Gosport and Southampton, England, and has done more than any other British naval architect of recent days to develop naval architecture, as it applies to yachts, many of the leading craft of Europe being from his board. It was he who introduced the so called Marconi mast in the fifteen-meter sloop Istria, which made a clean up that year, and thereafter he kept adding to his string of productions craft that surpassed each previous one, culminating in the 90-foot schooner Marguerita, built to defend the Herreshoff designed and built Westward, is but one example of his versatility.

The comments of the press throughout the country, which Mr. Burton were cabled to England, regarding the failure of Mr. Burton to live up to the reputation that preceded him here are believed to have been largely responsible for the action of dispensing with him in future races, for a majority of the criticisms were hedged up by the opinions of the best racing talent in this country.

It is known that, since the time Shamrock and Resolute met for the first time off Sandy Hook, and even before that, that the skill or lack of it as shown by Mr. Burton had been the chief subject of discussion among the men of the challenger's crew.

The climax in the situation came on Saturday when the Shamrock lost ground because of certain changes in headsails during the first leg of the windward. Here again Skipper Adams was complimented on the skill with which he hunted out the vagrant breezes and kept the Resolute moving while the Shamrock was continually in trouble, floundering helplessly in soft spots where there was no wind and getting so becalmed that she fell far behind the defender.

Sir Thomas Lipton believes that the Shamrock IV is a wonderfully fine craft and that with good wheel work and a whole sail breeze she can defeat the American defender.

"I have never seen Sir Thomas quite so cheerful under the circumstances," said Lord Dewar on board the steam yacht Victoria last night, "though to change horses while crossing streams is always a doubtful thing." Saturday night after the race Sir Thomas was joking with those on board the Shamrock, saying, "Did you really see the Resolute? Could you see her? You must have had fine binoculars."

Inquiries of Sir Thomas.

When the final error which left Shamrock far behind took place Sir Thomas was on the main deck talking with guests who were aboard for the day, and he did not go to the bridge until Resolute had a long lead.

When he did ascend to that point of vantage he inquired as to where the racers were.

"There is the Resolute," replied the officer to whom he spoke, pointing ahead and handing him glasses.

"Where's Shamrock?" demanded the owner of the challenger without another look at the American boat.

The officer swung his arm in a great circle to a point far aft and off to port of the Victoria, where the Shamrock at the moment was sailing exactly away from the Resolute, beating back toward the mark astern.

"There," he said, and Sir Thomas, with only a brief glance, turned to the starboard wing bridge and dropped down in his chair. There was every indication of disappointment in his attitude.

A conference between the Baronet and his closest friends who are yachting experts followed. The words "ill-luck," "flat spot," and "mismanagement" drifted down from the bridge, and it was the last word, spoken sharply, which had a sting to it. There was no echo of this conference later, however, in the way in which Sir Thomas joked with his guests on the homeward trip, and he had nothing to say as to the events of the day, then or later.

Hope for Strong Winds.

Shamrock backers were scanning weather charts last night in hope of strong winds for the next race tomorrow. They professed confidence that the Royal Ulster boat would show clean heels to the defender with a blow that tested her seagoing qualities. It was expected she could carry sail under a wind that would force the defender to shorten canvas.

Those who supported this view argue that a vessel built to cross the ocean, as was the Shamrock IV., was of necessity more staunchly built than would be a craft designed only for the limitations of the race meet, like the Resolute.

Semi-Professionals Beat Giants.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 18.—The Mahroys, a local semi-professional team, defeated the New York National League team here today, 8 to 2.

MISS BLEIBTREY IS HALF-MILE WINNER

Adds Another Swimming Title to Her Collection by Victory at Lake Hopatoong.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J., July 18.—Ethelda Bleibtrey, the sensational swimmer of the New York Women's Swimming Association, added further to her laurels this afternoon when she captured the women's national half-mile title in the meet held here under the auspices of the Alamac A. A. The

ENGLISH LINKSMEN WIN FIRST MATCHES

Vardon and Ray Twice Victorious at Siwanoy in Initial Exhibitions.

LARGE CROWD SEES PLAY

More Than 3,000 Golf Enthusiasts Follow Invading Pair—Ray's Putting of High Quality.

Two middle-aged Englishmen, smoking black pipes of briarwood as they played golf, concluded yesterday that all Americans were open-mouthed, admiring hero-worshippers. To Harry Vardon and Edward Ray, who arrived Saturday afternoon from the other side, golf is a perfectly normal occupation. Both have been British open champions, and both have visited the United States. With their legs still a bit sea-wobbly, and their eyes still unaccustomed to trees, bushes and sand pits as a result of being at sea nine days on the Celtic, they went out to the Siwanoy Country Club at Mount Vernon yesterday for their first exhibition on American soil in seven years. It was merely a day's work to them, but it was a great occasion for the crowds that played hookey from church.

In the morning Vardon and Ray—these names are magic to all golfers—casually and without much effort defeated D. E. Sawyer, the Metropolitan amateur champion, and John G. Anderson by 3 and 1. Several hundred saw the tussle, but by 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when they were ready to tee off for the afternoon match, the gallery numbered more than three thousand. This mob—for golf crowds are notoriously unwieldy to handle—never missed a movement. They saw them continue where they left off in the Fall of 1913, after having played in forty matches with only a single defeat. They saw them win their second match of the day, beating Tom Kerrigan and Tom McNamara, the Siwanoy home-bred professionals, by 2 and 1.

Crowd at Fever Pitch.

There is no other species on the face of the globe just like the golf fan. Relatively a crowd of 3,000 watching a golf match is equivalent to 30,000 sitting easily and comfortably for a ball game at the Polo Grounds. Excited men, matrons in bright-colored silks, and awed kiddies comprised the throng. There was one cripple who hobbled around on crutches. At the first tee all pushed and jostled one another for a place along the ropes. Most every one asked the same questions: Which is Vardon? Which is Ray? And once they distinguished between the two mustached veterans, once they learned to recognize Ray as the huge, broad-shouldered giant and Vardon as the more slender, red-cheeked man, they were ready for anything.

Clad in worn, gray trousers, a jersey knitted, loose-fitting coat of heather color and a dirty gray felt hat, with the always present pipe looking strong enough to walk right out of his mouth, Ted Ray is one of the most picturesque figures in golf. Vardon is considerably more "natty." Alongside of Ray he is a Beau Brummel. His costume yesterday included gray knickerbockers, dark golf stockings, a flimsy, pinch-back jacket of Palm Beach cloth and a cap. Ray is never without his pipe. At every third or fourth hole out comes his leather pouch for a refill. Vardon, however, is not the inveterate smoker, but jams his briar between his teeth only occasionally.

By the time the third hole was reached in the afternoon match the gallery exceeded 3,000 with the late arrivals. Going to the fourth hole, with every one happy, a rain squall appeared without warning and caught the thousands on the middle of the course. Luckily a fringe of trees bordered the fourth fairway on the left, and under this shelter the men, women and children scampered. The clubhouse and piazza were not more than 200 yards away, but do you suppose the gallery broke and ran for it? Not for a million rainstorms when Vardon and Ray are playing! Instead the onlookers huddled under the trees for ten minutes, laughed and joked about the prosperity of tailors and pressers and took their misfortune without a whimper.

Match Is Resumed.

Presently the shower slackened a bit and the match was resumed. Those without umbrellas, and they composed the majority, tramped along, getting wetter by the minute, but never complaining. They were seeing the great Vardon and Ray, and that was enough compensation.

On many holes a score or more would run like mad up ahead of the course marshals, get inside the ropes, and tear furiously up to where the balls of the British players were lying. Then, standing off at a safe distance, so that there was no possibility of disturbing the pellets, they would double up and nearly turn a somersault in order to screw their heads into position to see the ball.

Yesterday was also the occasion for many professionals to welcome the visitors and renew old friendships. Jim Barnes, their companion on the voyage to this side, was present. J. Douglas Edgar of Atlanta, the former Englishman who won last year's Canadian open, was on hand, as were Herbert Strong and Jack Dowling, among others. J. S. Worthington, Westchester champion, acted as umpire.

It was Vardon, but the big Ted Ray who performed all the extraordinary feats yesterday. Vardon will have his own opportunity in a few days, but just now he is severely handicapped by a sprained left thumb, injured in a pillow fight last Wednesday while at sea. The thumb was carefully wound in adhesive tape yesterday, but it affected his whole game. Vardon's tee shots were invariably shorter than Ray's, and although straight, as a rule, this loss of distance forced him to tax his strength to redeem lost ground with his irons, which he played more easily. On the putting green Vardon was also at a loss. At the finish of their afternoon match crowds stormed old Joe Horgan, America's oldest caddy, who carried Vardon's bag, for a peek at his widely heralded mashie, that surprisingly short club with which he does wonders. But at the finish, also, there was a greater number who circled around Neal Sullivan, Ray's caddy, and inspected the putter which does miracles.

Ray Excels in Putting.

Ray's putting yesterday, aided and abetted in some measure by his tremendously long drives, longer even than Kerrigan's, won both matches. In the morning match against Sawyer and Anderson the Vardon-Ray pair won only three holes by one man's feats. It was Ray who was responsible. Two tremendous wooden shots brought him to the edge of the fourth green, 514 yards from the tee. His third was shorter than the usual run of his approach putts and stopped ten feet from the cup. But Ray rolled the ball in for a birdie four with no effort at all. At the eleventh Ray holed a 25-foot putt for a birdie 2, and at the fifteenth two dead-sure taps, after he had reached the green on his second shot, gave him another birdie and the win. Vardon didn't win a single hole outright in the morning nor did he win a hole outright in the afternoon. His sole contributions were halves at opportune times.

Those spectators left Siwanoy late in the afternoon simply astonished at Ted Ray's putting exhibition. His light touch, his confidence and his success were sensational. Ray never frowns or pouts on a putting green, nor does he waste time or even take time for planning and aiming. He steps up to his ball, heels his putter-neck instrument just once, and lets it go. Rarely does he go behind his ball to appraise the roll of the surface.

In the afternoon match Vardon and Ray won three holes and McNamara and Kerrigan one. The Englishman halved the third in threes for their first win, but it was Ray who putted to victories on the others. His second on the eighth hole was on the edge of the green and with one of his brilliant approach putts, always sure despite the pitch of the slope, he ran his ball up to eighteen inches of the cup. For Ray eighteen inches is as easy as if it were one-half inch. He sank the putt for a four. Tommy Kerrigan at this point in the match made his only slip. He had been bolstering up the homebred team throughout, with longer drives than McNamara, and with better putting. Kerrigan had a chance for halving this eighth by sinking a one-footer, but over-confidence robbed him of his opportunity and he missed.

Battle at Sixteenth.

The sixteenth hole was Ray's great big accomplishment of the day. This is uphill, 272 yards long, with the green right in front of the clubhouse. It was a battle here between Ray and McNamara in particular. Tommy's second had fetched to within seven feet of the pin, whereas Ray's was hole high, but about thirty feet to the left. The English veteran took one sweeping look at the putting surface, stepped up, tapped his ball and watched it roll dead straight for the cup and drop in for a birdie 3. After the applause the dropping of a pin would have made a noisy racket. Three thousand spectators held their breath and stood motionless while McNamara tried for the half. But the American missed his chance and failed to get the seven-footer. This put the Englishman dormie 2. When Vardon slammed his second on the seventeenth over the green and to the rough on the right, the homebreds still had a chance, for Ray had put his second into a trap. But they misjudged this Ray. He niblicked his ball out of the sand straight for the pin, and it actually hit the back of the cup and bounded out. That's an example of Ray's golf. The four was easy for him, giving him a half and ending the match, 2 and 1.

In the morning match Ray and Vardon had a best ball of 71 and Sawyer and Anderson had 74. Individual scores follow: Ray, 74; Vardon, 75; Sawyer, 75; Anderson, 81. In the afternoon the Vardon-Ray best ball was 69 and the McNamara-Kerrigan best ball was 71. Individual totals were: Ray, 71; Vardon, 76; Kerrigan, 72; McNamara, 75. Ray, therefore, equalled the best ball of his opponents in both morning and afternoon matches.

Their cards follow:

Morning Match.

Out—									
Par	4	4	3	5	5	3	4	4	4—36
Vardon	5	4	3	5	5	3	4	4	5—38
Ray	5	4	3	5	4	3	4	4	4—36
Sawyer	5	5	4	5	5	3	5	4	4—40
Anderson	4	5	4	6	6	4	4	4	4—41
In—									
Par	4	5	4	3	4	5	4	4	5—36—72
Vardon	5	3	4	3	4	5	4	4	5—37—75
Ray	5	5	4	3	4	4	5	4	5—39—75
Sawyer	4	5	4	3	5	5	4	4	5—39—79
Anderson	4	5	5	4	5	5	4	4	5—40—81

Afternoon Match.

Out—									
Par	4	4	3	5	5	3	4	4	4—36
Vardon	5	4	3	5	5	3	4	5	4—38
Ray	4	4	4	5	4	3	4	4	4—36
Kerrigan	4	4	3	5	4	3	4	5	5—37
McNamara	4	4	3	5	5	4	4	5	4—38
In—									
Par	4	3	4	3	4	5	4	4	5—36—72
Vardon	4	4	3	3	4	4	4	5	5—36—74
Ray	4	3	4	4	4	5	3	4	5—36—72
Kerrigan	4	3	4	3	4	4	4	4	4—34—72
McNamara	4	3	3	5	4	4	4	4	5—36—74

HERRON ON ROSLYN LINKS.

Champion, Paired with Peacock, Loses Two Four-Ball Encounters.

S. Davidson Herron, fresh from his victory in the Mohawk tournament last week, yesterday inspected the Engineers' Country Club at Roslyn. Although the national golf champion had a fine opportunity for viewing the scene of the tournament in September, when he must defend his title, his display of golfing wares was by no means extraordinary, and in two matches he was on the losing side both times.

Herron paired with his former Princeton classmate, Grant A. Peacock, in two four-ball encounters with the home club stars, Frank H. Hoyt and Harry K. B. Davis. Actually Herron and Peacock won the morning match by 1 up, but it seems that they bit off considerably more than they could chew comfortably. In the morning, Herron and Peacock spotted their opponents two holes, so instead of winning by 1 up they lost by this score. Herron, Peacock and Hoyt had individual balls of 83 and Davis had an 86. The wet course made low scoring impossible, and Herron was particularly wild on his tee and second shots.

The best-ball cards follow:

Herron-Peacock—									
Out	4	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	5—40
In	3	4	4	4	3	5	5	5	5—38—78
Hoyt-Davis—									
Out	4	4	5	5	3	4	5	4	5—42
In	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	4—37—79

After luncheon Herron and Peacock withdrew their liberal offer and played their opponents on even terms, but were six holes down on the medal score at the end of the round. Herron played even worse in the afternoon and had an individual ball of 86. Davis was now with an 80, Hoyt had an 83 and Peacock took 87.

The best-ball cards follow:

Hoyt-Davis—									
Out	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	2	5—38
In	3	4	4	5	5	5	4	5	5—40—78
Herron-Peacock—									
Out	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	3	6—42
In	4	4	5	5	4	5	6	4	4—40—82

Navy Gets Athlete Who Shines in Five Branches of Sport

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 18.—The new class at the Naval Academy has gained a versatile athlete in Victor Noyes, who comes from the New York Military Academy at Cornwall-on-Hudson, and enjoys a big reputation as preparatory school performer. He has done high grade work at football, basket ball, baseball, track and wrestling. Noyes has been doing good work with the Olympic wrestlers who have been training at the Naval Academy, and will join the football squad just as soon as the call is issued. There is considerable additional material of high grade in the class.

ROBERTS WINS CLAY COURT TENNIS TITLE

Defeats Richards at Chicago, 6-3, 6-1, 6-3, and the Two Paired Take Doubles Honors.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Speed was the deciding factor in the final of the National Clay Court Tennis Championship, played at the South Side Tennis Club today, in which Roland Roberts of San Francisco defeated Vincent Richards of Yonkers, N. Y., in three straight sets, before the largest audience of the tournament. The scores were 6—3, 6—1, 6—3. Roberts and Richards defeated Hayes and Burdick in the doubles in straight sets.

Roberts's forehand drive won the championship for him. With it he was able to keep the New York youngster constantly on the defensive and he never gave him a chance to get set for his shots. Roberts followed his drive to the net regularly and was able, at all times, to cut off the returns sent him by the Eastern youth. At no stage of the match was Richards threatening. Richard was not able to handle Roberts's service and continually put up easy returns in attempting to chop the ball cross-court on his backhand.

Richards won the first game of the match on his service, after deuce had been called twice, several of Roberts's drives missing the court by narrow margins. Then Roberts got going and took the next game. Richards won his service again and led 2—1. Then Roberts started to find the corners and ran into a lead of 4—2, before Richards, serving desperately and following to the net, was able to take another game. Roberts won the next two and the set easily.

The second set was a runaway for Roberts. His forehand drive was never working better, and overhead he was perfect. Richards was having trouble with his service, his first ball seldom finding the court and his second being so soft that Roberts was able to score many placements down the side lines.

At the beginning of the third set Richards picked up in his play. His service started to go in, and he was able to come in to the net and cut off Roberts's cross-court returns for many earned points. In the second game he broke through his opponent's service, passing Roberts beautifully, as the agile Californian stormed the net. Two of Richards's passing shots during this game were splendidly executed, and for once he seemed able to rely on his forehand drive and not the chop strokes, which Roberts found easy. The rally did not last, however, for, with Richards leading at 3—1, Roberts took five games and the match. Roberts's driving was again the feature of these five games.

The summary:

FIRST SET.

	Places.	Outs.	Nets.	D.F.	S.A.
Roberts	8	12	12	1	1
Richards	2	11	12	2	0
SECOND SET.					
Roberts	13	3	2	2	2
Richards	10	4	10	0	0
THIRD SET.					
Roberts	10	10	7	3	0
Richards	8	12	9	2	0
TOTALS.					
Roberts	31	25	21	6	3
Richards	20	27	21	4	0

The doubles were easy for Roberts and Richards. Roberts's forehand and Richards's volleying were too much for Hayes and Burdick. The Western champions did not get their game going until the midde of the third set, when it was too late. Burdick played poorly at the net, while Hayes could not gain control of his drive.

The summaries:

National Clay Court Championship, Final Round, Singles—Roland Roberts, San Francisco, defeated Vincent Richards, Yonkers, N. Y., 6—3, 6—1, 6—3.

Doubles, Final Round—Vincent Richards and Roland Roberts defeated Walter T. Hayes and Ralph Burdick, Chicago, 6—2, 6—2, 7—9.

WEST SIDE TAKES MATCH.

Defeats Terrace-Kings County Tennis Team by Score of 21 to 10.

In the most voluminous team tennis match on record the West Side Club yesterday defeated the Terrace-Kings County Association at Forest Hills, L. I., by a score of 21 10. The home players won fifteen of the twenty-two singles encounters and also had the advantage in doubles by a margin of 6 to 5.

The summaries:

Singles—Frank T. Anderson, T., defeated Percy L. Kynaston, W., 3—6, 6—0, 9—7; A. V. Duncan, T., defeated W. S. Anderson, W., 12—10, 6—4; W. J. Gallon, W., defeated Cecil Donaldson, T., 6—0, 6—1; R. L. Bagge, W., defeated Charles Chambers, T., 6—1, 3—6, 6—0; A. J. Lowrey, W., defeated Henry Mollenhauer, W., T., 6—3, 6—1; S. E. Davenport, Jr., W., defeated Royal Richey, T., 6—2, 6—3; J. K. Winkler, W., defeated J. T. Allen, T., 1—6, 1—3, 8—6, 6—3, 6—4; Hugh Tallant, W., defeated H. G. Hyginan, W., defeated J. Ward, T., 6—2, 3—6, 6—0; F. Danielson, T., defeated Frank Ross, W., 4—6, 6—2, 6—0; R. J. Davis, W., defeated R. V. Lake, T., 6—3, 6—4; Hugh Tallant, W., defeated F. G. Anderson, T., 6—0, 6—0; W. D. Cunningham, W., defeated R. J. Shearer, T., 6—3, 8—6; R. Kelley, W., defeated W. J. Colwell, T., 6—0, 6—2; Stuart Johnson, W., defeated George Jackson, T., 6—4, 6—3; E. W. Peaslee, W., defeated F. H. Driggs, T., 6—1, 6—1; A. L. Bruneau, T., defeated H. P. Gullery, W., 6—2, 7—5; W. R. Burroughs, T., defeated W. E. Dwight, W., 6—3, 6—1; J. Downey, W., defeated E. Shumway, T., 6—2, 6—2; F. B. Ogilvie, T., defeated J. King, W., 8—6, 6—4; Robert Brown, W., defeated A. L. Helwitz, T., 6—0, 6—2; H. W. Lewis, T., defeated Marshall Hagar, W., 6—2, 7—5, 7—5; M. Herkert, W., defeated T. H. Perris, T., 6—0, 6—2.

Doubles—Frank Anderson and Donaldson, T., defeated Alex Iler and Murray Vernon, W., 6—4, 6—4; W. S. Anderson and Tallant, W., defeated F. G. Anderson and A. V. Duncan, T., 6—7, 7—5, 6—7; R. L. Bagge and Hugh Nehring, W., defeated Allen and Ogilvie, T., 6—3, 6—4; Davenport and Hyginan, W., defeated Richey and Ward, T., 6—3, 3—6, 6—3; R. and E. Brown, W., defeated Danielson and Lake, T., 1—6, 6—3, 6—4; Davis and Lewis, T., defeated Davis and Feaslee, W., 1—6, 6—2, 6—3; R. E. Roberts and Bruneau, T., defeated Johnson and Hadsell, W., 6—2, 6—4; Downey and Herkert, W., defeated Burroughs and Shumway, T., 6—3, 9—7; A. Smith and Hagar, W., defeated Helwitz and Driggs, T. 6—4, 6—1.

BOTSFORD CAPTURES WOODMERE SINGLES

Defeats Anderson in Tennis Final, 9-7, 6-3, 6-3 — Letson and Anderson Win Doubles.

With the completion of the tennis schedule at the Woodmere Club yesterday, Willard Botsford emerged as victor in the singles, with Ben Letson and Fred C. Anderson taking first honors in the doubles. The New Jersey champions disposed of the former national indoor title-holders, Frederick B. Alexander and Dr. William Rosenbaum, in straight sets, much to the surprise of the gallery as well as the victims, while Botsford took the individual trophy with a similar decision over Anderson at 9—7, 6—3, 9—3.

Both encounters produced tennis of the highest order. Anderson shone far more in the doubles than in the singles, but his game was good enough to keep Botsford on the jump all the way. The winner used his fast dropping drives to good effect, as in his earlier matches, and found many opportunities to come in close and volley sensationally for the points. In some cases he even cut off the overhead shots from Anderson's racquet, anticipating the direction of the ball with uncanny skill.

Anderson looked strong at the start, breaking through Botsford's service immediately, and leading at 2—0 on his own delivery. He maintained this advantage up to 3—1 and 4—2. Then Botsford broke through in turn, and by winning on his own service squared the count at 4-all.

They alternated on service up to 6-all, when Anderson had another chance to win the set. He upset Botsford's delivery for the second time. The latter, however, retaliated immediately, showing a command of the situation that proved him clearly the better tennis player of the two. Having won his own service for an 8—7 lead, Botsford continued his streak through another break, which gave him the set, 9—7.

Anderson again had the better of the start in the second session, upsetting Botsford's service at the outset, and keeping his lead up to 2—2. Then the winner once more showed his class by equalizing against service, and running out the set without the loss of another game.

The third set was a similar story, although this time it was Botsford who had the initial advantage. His opening break, however, was immediately cancelled by Anderson, who kept on even terms up to 2—all. Then Botsford produced his best and best spurt and once more three games in succession fell to the commanding skill of his racquet, finishing the match with a 6—3 decision, in straight sets.

Anderson and Letson made Dr. Rosenbaum the target of their shots in the doubles final and the former holder of the Woodmere Cup wilted under their aggressive attack. Alexander tried hard to save the day, but his energy was not quite parallel with his endurance and he also faded before the match was over. The scores were 6—3, 6—4, 6—3.

Both of the winners played the consistently fast doubles that they have so rapidly developed this season, taking chances overhead and on low volleys and aiming always to put the ball away with a single shot, instead of waiting for the obvious openings. In general their tactics were successful and the fierceness of their assault drove their more experienced opponents into a multitude of errors.

Anderson was the star of the quartet and most of his shots were made with a finality that brought repeated applause from the crowd. His reach was a tremendous help and he often surprised his opponents by killing balls that seemed ticketed for clean placements. Letson was steady overhead and his well controlled service was a constant help to his side. The matches brought to a conclusion the most successful tournament ever staged by the Woodmere Club.

Thompson Captures Golf Cup.

G. L. Thompson won the President's Cup on the links of the Malba Field Club yesterday, when he defeated Harry Wright in the final at 18 holes by 2 up and 1 to play. Thompson took 79 strokes, while Wright required 81, the bye hole having been played. Thompson won his way into the final by defeating Thomas Clark by 2 and 1, while Wright defeated George Andrews 1 up.

THROCKMORTON AND VOSHELL IN FINAL

Win Their Way Through Greenwich Tennis Tourney in Well-Contested Matches.

Harold Throckmorton and S. Howard Voshell yesterday reached the final round of the invitation tennis tournament of the Greenwich Field Club, but before the event could be completed a heavy rain turned the courts into green puddles and the finish had to be postponed until next Sunday. Miss Florence Baillin won a place in the final of the women's singles in the morning by defeating Miss Clare Cassel, 6—0, 10—8, and will face Mis Eleanor Tennant of California in the postponed windup. The finalists in the men's doubles are Watson M. Washburn and S. Howard Voshell and the winners of the Mathey-Leroy-Beekman-Hall match, still to be played.

Throckmorton came through fairly decisively yesterday against H. S. Parker, having eliminated Dean Mathey in two close sets late on the previous day. Parker could do little with the New Jersey champion's brilliant shots in the opening set, losing at 6—2. But in the second he steadied and put up a real resistance, carrying the games to deuce before admitting defeat.

Voshell, on the other hand, has most of his trouble with Beekman in the opening set, and this was eventually turned into a marathon of service, with a decisive break until the games had gone four times to deuce. Having half the match in hand, after these strenuous efforts, Voshell played with more confidence, and his aggressiveness quickly brought a decision at 6—2.

Miss Baillin found Miss Cassel far off her stroke in the opener and improved the occasion to sweep through without the loss of a game.

The summaries:

Men's Singles—Third Round—Harold Throckmorton defeated Dean Mathey, 6—1, 7—5. Semi-final Round—Throckmorton defeated H. S. Parker, 6—2, 7—5; S. Howard Voshell defeated Leonard Beekman, 10—8, 6—2.

Women's Singles—Semi-final Round—Miss Florence Baillin defeated Miss Clare Cassel, 6—0, 10—8.

CANOE BROOK A WINNER.

Takes Team Match with Shackamaxon Golfers, 48 to 16.

The golf team of the Shackamaxon Country Club has been unusually successful in matches played at home this season, but it ran up against a snag yesterday when it tried to lengthen its string of victories on a strange links. In a team match with the Canoe Brook Club on the latter's course at Summit, N. J., Canoe Brook was victorious by 48 points to 16.

The point score for the twosomes follows:

CANOE BROOK.		SHACKAMAXON.	
E. H. Wood	0	H. C. Buchanan	2
A. H. Griswold	0	W. E. Donahue	0
Harold Downey	0	Jack Leonard	0
F. E. Hoffman	1	John Mehl	0
A. E. Halston	2	J. C. Beadle	0
Fred Lenham	2	A. C. Willis	0
Aaron Downey	1	H. C. Baird	0
F. C. Marshall	2	F. L. Ballard	0
H. Feuchtwanger	2	H. F. Brundage	0
A. H. Feuchtwanger	2	H. Adams	0
Roger Jones	2	W. H. Parker	0
George McLoughlin	2	John Fisher	0
Isaac Mackie	1	Pete O'Hare	0
S. M. Lovell	1	Alex Wood	0
Total	22	Total	2

RACING
Empire City Track
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The $3,500 Fleetwing
Fairfield Purse
Fishkill Handicap
Putnam Purse
AND 2 OTHER CLASSY CONTESTS.
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
Special Race Trains leave Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 1:10, 1:40 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon at 11:35, 12:30, 1:30, 2:35 P. M. Additional trains Sats. All trains stop at 125th St. Also reached via Lexington and Jerome Av. Subway or West Farms Subway to Mott Av., transferring to Jerome Av. Subway, or via 6th and 9th Av. "L" to Jerome Av. Subway; thence by trolley from Woodlawn Station.
Grand Stand $3.30. Ladies $1.65. Including War Tax.

Only 7 Days More

~~18~~	20	21	22
23	24	25	26

On the Evening of July 26th
JOHNNY DUNDEE
a brave son of Italy, will meet
EDDIE FITZSIMMONS
Compatriots should be present and cheer his entrance in the ring.

Other contests are:
FRED FULTON
and
HARRY WILLS
JACK BRITTON—MARCEL THOMAS
FRANK MORAN
and
"WILD" BERT KENNY
The Fulton - Wills contest should be as memorable as that between Peter Jackson and Frank Slavin years ago.

Tickets are on sale at the offices of the
International Sporting Club
107 W. 41st St., N. Y. Phone 2769 Bryant and D. MacKay, 126 Market St., Newark. Phone Market 6459.

"BAROMETRICS."

The Annalist, published Mondays by The New York Times Company, contains each week a page of Barometrics, showing national business activity, prices of basic commodities, the state of credit, &c. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $5.00 a year by mail.—Adv.

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Camel CIGARETTES

The New York Times

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CONTENT AND UNASHAMED.

The New Republic, surveying the political landscape from its watch-tower of whimsical discontent, reports that the United States is in no mood for radical experimentation. Everywhere it discerns a wicked disposition to go to work to build on the old foundations. It sees no chance this year except of a result in the elections that it will be compelled to interpret as "reactionary." This is a conveniently ambiguous swear-word, but what it means in the present instance is not in doubt. It means that the people as a whole are turning a deaf ear to the advocates of upheaval, charm they never so wisely. The incantations of the direct actionists and the indirect seditionists are now more laughed at than feared. When Mr. AMOS PINCHOT comes back from Chicago to say that the trouble with the Third-Party promoters was that they numbered too many "mushheads," there is no doubt what the popular verdict will be.

It is most ungrateful and rebellious of the country, after all the lurid preaching inflicted upon it about the coming day of wrath, when the elements of the old parties were to melt with fervent heat, to be settling down comfortably to an unexciting campaign, but this is what it is visibly doing. It refuses to be alarmed. It thinks more of getting back to normal than of longer listening to the abnormalities and the fantastics. It is an awful confession to make, one that will cause the eager neophytes of anarchy to think up several new definitions with which to hide their real intentions, but Americans are today showing every sign of being reasonably well satisfied with their political institutions, and of hoping for fairly good results from them. It is had enough to have such a base contentment. But it is worse not even to be ashamed of it.

ALLIED UNITY AND POWER.

Those who complain that the Spa conference between the Allies and the Germans was not a complete success forget what it set out to do. First of all, the aim was to make an end of long-distance negotiations with Germany. LLOYD GEORGE and MILLERAND had become tired of sending leisurely notes to Berlin and getting even more leisurely replies. Hence the demand that accredited delegates meet face to face at Spa. The result was a much swifter exchange of demands and responses. Instead of fixing a time limit for the Germans in terms of days or weeks, it was stated in hours. By 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, or by 4 in the afternoon, became the formula. This compelled a much more rapid dispatch of business than had been possible before. The interval during which the German spokesman could vow he would never sign, ending up by saying meekly, "I will sign," was much cut down. The effect all round was good.

The second thing which the Allies set out to do at Spa was to demonstrate to Germany that they were absolutely united in policy and purpose, and stood ready to apply force in carrying out the provisions of the Treaty. Thus, as M. MILLERAND phrased it in his interview with the French newspapers on his return to Paris yesterday, the "first stage" in executing the Treaty has now been achieved. The German agents and diplomats did not take with them from Spa any gain except a gain in knowledge. They now understand that the allied victory on the field is not to be whittled away at the conference table. The Treaty itself contained provisions for hearing what Germany had to say about her ability to make the restitution justly demanded of her. The Reparation Commission was given discretion to adjust or remit in the matter of Germany's payment, in money or goods. All these measures of patient consideration will still be fairly applied. But behind them all even the most short-sighted German can now see the figures of the Allies, erect, resolute, prepared to do whatever may be necessary to make the Treaty a binding and effective document.

A similar lesson is at the same time being read by the Allies to the Turk. Some people in Turkey, too, were beginning to think that their having gone to war alongside Germany didn't amount to much and would soon be forgotten. They imagined the time had come to make use once more of the fine old Turkish tactics of delay and evasion. But the shufflers in Constantinople are pulled up with a round turn by the latest allied communication. They are informed that their day of domination over subject races is forever past. Even the shrunk remnants of their empire will be taken from them unless they make haste to accept without demur the terms of peace which the Allies are imposing. Thus to Constantinople, as well as to Berlin and Vienna and Sofia, the word has gone forth that the unconditional surrender first made in the form of armistices, and then written into treaties, was a stern reality and must be lived up to in its entirety.

UNKIND TO MR. HARDING.

Governor COX is regrettably short on "comity" to his fellow-Buckeye, Mr. HARDING. In the comfortable, kindlier days of the best Ohio orthodoxy, Mr. HAYES'S or Mr. MCKINLEY'S golden prime, one respected traditions, one played the game with a certain consideration and tolerance. To insist on definiteness, to demand positiveness, was "bad form."

Governor COX violates form and tradition. He really believes in something. He insists on making the election mean and decide something. This is more than improper. It is dangerous—to the Republican worshippers of equivocation and ambiguity. The proper course for a proper sportsman in politics is to get office in a general way as a believer in the beautiful, the good and the consequently vague.

Mr. COX isn't vague. He is almost vulgarly definite. "There's one thing "that I am going to emphasize most "strongly," he says, "and that is "the issue of the campaign. I am "going to put that issue in a chal-"lenge to Senator HARDING and the "Republican Party to answer this "question: 'Are you going into the "'League of Nations or are you going "'to stay out?'"

Senator HARDING is a mighty "nice" man. Governor COX is unkind in forcing any "issue" upon so amene and agreeable a person, bound, moreover, by the poor cat i' the adage of Chicago. Why make an "issue" of the League of Nations? The people are sinfully interested in that. Why should they be allowed to vote mere beliefs and hopes; miserable convictions?

Governor COX is trying to degrade the election into an absolute judgment about a supreme public and popular question. He wants the people to sustain or smash a vital national and international policy. This is a shameless effort to mislead the people. Principles are superfluous, not to say silly. Mr. COX has the impudence to assume that American voters shall vote for or against a principle, not a man; a political tag and label.

The heathen in his blindness falls into these wild words:

They [the Republicans] have under their banner men like TAFT, who desire very much to go into the League. Then they have JOHNSON and BORAH, who are opposed to any League at all. How can they put men of such wide differences of opinions under the same standard and under the same declaration on the League? Let them say what they are going to do.

Let them not say it. Why does Mr. COX strive to make the brethren unhappy? It is only too painfully clear that he's going to find what he seeks. That is mighty good politics, but how distressing, unkind! Mr. HARDING is one of the urbanest, most characteristic of Ohio Republicans. Why force him to clearness? Indeed, you can't.

RESPONSIBLE FOR EXTRAVAGANCE.

Everybody admits that public expenditures ought to be cut down. Yet they are not, in anything like the degree possible. Whose fault is it? That of all of us to some extent. But if we ask who is responsible for needlessly swollen appropriations of the public money, there is but one answer, under our political system. The responsibility goes with the control of the power of the purse. As a rule, he who fixes public policy fixes public outlay. And the man or men to hold to an accounting for the extravagance of Congress are those who were able to say what money bills should pass, and in what amounts.

The commonest answer they give in palliation of high expenditure is that there was universal pressure for it. But they were put in office precisely in order to resist pressure. Their common form of evasion of the charge of extravagance is to ask, plaintively, what appropriations they might have left out, and to call upon objectors to say what reductions they themselves would have made. The true rejoinder to all this was lately made by Mr. ASQUITH. For in England, too, there is much complaint about governmental lavishness, and defenses of it are set up there very like those offered in this country. As himself a former Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. ASQUITH made the following correct retort to all weak excuses:

You may ransack all the innumerable hypothetical confectural proposals which financial experts and financial cranks put forward for raising revenue; you will never advance an inch on the road until you attack the real evil at its source and cut down your expenditure and make it in accordance with your means. The Chancellor of the Exchequer says to us, if we criticise his expenditure, "Show me how I am to reduce it." The proper answer to that is, as I have always said, "Do it for yourself. "What are you there for if you can-"not do it? If it is beyond the art "and resources of your statesmanship "and that of your colleagues, then "make way for somebody who can."

This is what should be said with due emphasis to Leader MANDELL and the Republican majority in Congress, who ask, almost with tears, how they could have spent less than they did. It is for them to find out. What the people know is that the shoe of public expenditure pinches most unpleasantly. But they don't expect the shoemaker to turn round and ask them how they would go to work to ease it, if they were shoemakers.

JAPAN AND IMPERIALISM.

England and Japan make joint formal announcement that the Anglo-Japanese agreement of 1911, if renewed at all, "must be in a form "which is not inconsistent with that "Covenant"—that is, the Covenant of the League of Nations. It can only be a coincidence that the announcement is made while a Japanese warship is on a friendly visit to New York and is receiving a cordial welcome. Foreign policy might dictate an assumption of anti-militarism, but domestic policy is not subject to doubts of candor in that matter, and Japan has just passed through a political crisis on that question. According to cable reports, there was not the usual patriotic response when a supplementary naval budget of $84,000,000 was predicted by the Government, and also supplementary army credits for $48,000,000. According to the Tokio dispatches:

Considerable opposition to strengthening the national defense has developed because of the necessity of raising the income tax to meet the increased cost. The moneyed interests are said to be wielding a strong influence in the Diet against the proposed credits.

This is something new. Armament rings have often been charged with promoting appropriations for national defense and their own profit, and the "moneyed interests" have been with them, not against. There is reason to believe that Germany's financial strain under the support of her military machine made its use necessary by the assertion of a sort of patriotism which the world will never tolerate again, but which will not die without vigorous and continued attack.

BREAKING THE RAIL BLOCKADE.

There is a better supply of coal locally than there has been for a month. Nowhere outside of this city were so many millions within almost hourly danger of disturbance of daily life. It is not in selfishness that New York welcomes its improving coal supply. It rejoices also that the rest of the country approaches relief, although as usual at the expense of the railways. No complaint has come from the railways of their shortage of coal. They have had a way of taking the coal they needed wherever they found it. The Interstate Commerce Commission has ordered that this practice, which grew out of war necessities, shall be discontinued, and one of the largest coal carriers has stopped excursion travel to give priority to coal. New England will need 6,400,000 tons before next Winter, the present supply being five millions under last year's, according to official reports. The spirit in which the railways are attacking the problem appears in the remark of one official that they "propose to break their necks "moving coal if the miners and operators will break theirs in producing "coal."

The general situation is to be attacked with equal zeal, according to the determination of the Association of Railway Executives to speed freight cars up to a movement of thirty miles daily, with every car carrying a greater load. In order to get the cars out of the terminals the expense of detaining cars is to be increased, and those willing to pay to hold coal awaiting a rise in the market are to be discouraged by embargoing their trade. These are rough-and-ready ways, but can be made tolerable by the new spirit and method of co-operation between the railways, working together as a unit, and the Interstate Commerce Commission. It would be agreeable to add that this pressure of business is enriching the railways. But the contrary is the fact. The results for May are just announced. The net earnings of the railways were a deficit, $7,266,964 less than nothing, against last year's $31,780,918. The roads would have earned more if they had moved less business under conditions of less congestion. For the five months of this year the roads have had results hardly any better. There is an apparent total of net earnings for the five months of $47,000,000, but that is almost wholly due to a retroactive award for mail pay by the Post Office, which had been claiming a profit on its business, done at the cost of the railways. Now it is seen that the Treasury is carrying both the railways and the Post Office.

That the railways are working hard appears from the fact that during June 3,405,507 cars of freight were loaded, against 3,287,406 last year. That is significant, for during the first six months of the year there have been unfavorable comparisons due to strikes. That handicap is now being carried with increasing ease. The New York Central's advertisement of the fact that it carried during the first five months of this year an increase of 12¼ per cent. of general freight and 29 per cent. of bituminous coal shows how individual companies are deserving well of the public, and, it may be added, of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Its decision on the rise in rates is expected shortly after the Railway Wage Board announces its award on wage increases on Tuesday, but there is little hope now of relief to the Treasury before the end of the Government's guarantee. It is necessary to give notice—a month is usually expected—and September is likely to be the first month in which the railways will earn something for their work above their costs. As costs become more normal and rates more reasonable, there is likely soon to be an improvement in railway credit. As a precaution against any premature complaint that railway profits are excessive, it is well to bear in mind that the railways have large arrears of financing and construction to make up. Their deterioration has been progressive over at least a decade, and five years of recuperation will be needed.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The Colder You Are the Happier!

In The Maple Leaf, a little monthly magazine which, though published in New York, has been suspected by shrewd observers to have as mission in life the enlightenment of the world as to the remarkable charms of Canada and the equally remarkable virtues of the Canadians, VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON comes down with all the weight of his experience and authority on a long-established belief, widely and firmly held. Who does not know that there is about the "frozen North" an inexplicable attraction that lures men back to it again and again, in spite of the cruel hardships all who go there must endure? If anybody lacks that knowledge, it certainly is not because he has not heard and read the statement a hundred times.

Yet Mr. STEFANSSON declares that there is nothing at all inexplicable, nothing mysterious, about the attraction of the arctic regions. Men go there, and not a few men stay there, he says, for the very simple reason that they like the arctic climate, and they like it for the equally simple reason that the arctic climate is likable!

That Winter is long in the arctic, and the temperature low, Mr. STEFANSSON admits, but he insists that the conditions of living, for those who have learned how to meet them, are more than tolerable—they are distinctly and highly enjoyable. And, really, how could anybody be unhappy in a country where "you can't help enjoying yourself because of a superabundance of energy, an exuberance of good health"?

We Cannot All Be Explorers.

While reading Mr. STEFANSSON'S laudations of the arctic as a place of residence, it is impossible to forget that a special interest took him there—that exploration cannot be anywhere, for long, either the business or the pleasure of any large number of people. He pushes too hard, also, the argument that, as civilization, like the human race, started in the tropics and ever since has marched steadily toward the pole, ultimately it will arrive there and remain, because it cannot go any further. That has been the line of progress in the Northern Hemisphere, but in the southern half of the world, which also has a pole, the motion in that direction has been slight and hesitating. And besides, there is such a thing as having too much of a good thing, which seasonal cold unquestionably is.

Mr. STEFANSSON, curiously enough, does not refer to the length of the arctic night. He will have trouble in convincing many people that five or six months of continuous darkness will ever be advertised by dealers in arctic real estate as meeting the home-seeker's most passionate desire.

Of course, there's nothing inexplicable or mysterious in The Maple Leaf's admiration for Mr. STEFANSSON'S article. In the first place, it is a good article, and readable, as is all that Mr. STEFANSSON writes; in the second place, if Farthest North, some centuries hence, is to be populous, wealthy and happy, it is obvious that Canada's day is close at hand and that the wise will come at once to avoid the rush. "Which was to be proved," as the mathematicians put it.

Dreadful, but It Might Be Worse.

Nobody is going to get wildly excited over the fact that Mayor HYLAN saw fit, on two days last week, to bar from a meeting of the Board of Estimate the representative of a Brooklyn newspaper. As a matter of fact, the reporter wasn't barred from the meeting; he was only excluded from the space habitually occupied by the reporters, where they can do their work conveniently and well, and told to go way back and sit down.

This somewhat mitigates the horror of the Mayor's misuse of power and to the same extent decreases the infringement of journalistic liberties and privileges. War in its sterner forms to defend those liberties and privileges will not be necessitated, therefore, by what the Mayor did—especially as it was to a Brooklyn reporter.

None the less the misuse of power was obvious, serious and without any trace of justification. The explanation given for it—that the reporter had written something the Mayor disliked and considered untrue—was grotesquely irrelevant to the action taken, and therefore was not even the beginning of an excuse for it. As the reporter evidently had not been guilty of criminal libel—else would he have been in jail—he had exactly the same right as the Mayor himself to be present at the meeting, and deprivation of any privilege accorded to a reporter whose paper fervently upholds the present administration was tyranny, small but unpardonable.

But again, why get excited? The episode was one that went well with many others of recent occurrence in the same place and presence. MAYOR HYLAN was not imposed on New York by any outside influence, and, for those who like that sort of thing, it must be just the sort of thing they like.

Conditions Across the Hudson.

Something more than a pretense of observing and enforcing the Federal Constitution and law as regards the sale of intoxicants is made in this city—not so very much more, perhaps, but still enough to prove a fair amount of good-will and decency among the general population and a measurable degree of energy and efficiency in our courts and prosecuting officials.

Across the river in Jersey City and the rest of Hudson County the situation is different. There, according to common report and to the detailed information collected by those especially interested in the matter, even pretense has been abandoned, and the traffic in all the prohibited liquids goes on nearly as openly as in the days before the Constitution was amended and the Volstead act passed.

One feature of the situation in Jersey City deserves the attention of economists and financiers, and they may have the influence which moralists evidently lack in that part of New Jersey. The rum business as now conducted there is changed in one important respect. None of the dealers has to pay a license fee, and therefore none of them makes even the partial contribution he did in the past toward meeting the expenditures of public funds for the criminals and paupers whom the saloons produce and the disorder they incite.

That this should be the case may seem all right to Governor EDWARDS, but some discontent among the New Jersey taxpayers might be expected to result from it in time.

East Bronx Complaint.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is high time that wider publicity be given to an intolerable condition that exists in the Eastern Bronx, where, despite the urgent and oft-repeated complaints of the citizens, the city administration is allowing the continuance of a nuisance that not only interferes with the comfort but menaces the health of thousands. During last Summer and far more during this present Summer dumping of city refuse has been carried on around Hunts Point and Clason Point, coming within 500 feet of Public School 48, a school attended by nearly 3,000 pupils. This refuse contains a large percentage of garbage. When the wind is in certain directions a thickly populated section of the city is covered with a blanket of foul-smelling, smoky fumes. Rats have found an ideal Summer resort and a veritable plague of flies has descended upon us.

In the face of these conditions the citizens receive many promises from the Mayor, the Board of Estimate and the Street Cleaning Department, but the nuisance remains unabated. The most discouraging factor is that even the Board of Health seems unable to come to our rescue in combating the very conditions that start epidemic diseases. The citizens of the East Bronx mean to make themselves heard until their borough is freed from this iniquitous menace to the public health.

BASIL DOUGLAS HALL,
Pastor Hunts Point Presbyterian Church.
New York, July 15, 1920.

California and Japan.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When we permit immigrants to come from any country we reserve the right to admit them or to turn them back. That is a matter of almost daily experience. If, then, by the experience of years we find that a certain element is inimical to the interests of the country or of any section of it, we are wholly within our rights in excluding that element from further entry. To do so is not necessarily a slight upon the element involved. It is simply an exercise of our sovereignty and a legitimate exercise of our judgment in employing that sovereignty. Admission to a country's population is a matter of "grace," not of right; and "grace" or favor may not be demanded.

Japan's advocate, Dr. Gulick, blinks a fact which has in recent months been brought out. The fact is that while certain diminution in new immigration from Japan has, under the "gentlemen's agreement," been brought about, a still more dangerous element, more subtle and Orientally wily, has come into existence as a danger. Japanese minors born here have doubled in ten years. The experience of California under this new danger is not happy.

GEORGE W. GILMORE.
New York, July 14, 1920.

A Courtesy Prize.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In response to your editorial request for courtesy in the discussion of the present Administration, permit me to suggest that there should be a courtesy prize offer to the writer or speaker who displayed during the campaign the most gentlemanly attitude. I would gladly contribute to a fund for this purpose, for it is really more important to the people to maintain an ethical attitude in controversy than to accomplish any contestable reform. What separates us from Mexican conditions is just our superiority in giving a fair deal to the opposing party.

To improve still further in this respect, our new women voters should help to make election campaigns worthy of the dignity of the American people. Above all, our leaders should be urged to give an example of more light and less heat.

J. BLUMBORG.
New York, July 12, 1920.

THE CRY OF LABOR.

Oh, Capital! in ancient years I frowned,
Lurked with clenched fists, raged but to hear your name,
Hated you, tyrant, who had kept me bound,
Indifferent to my serfdom, needs and shame.
Wherever you might stand I saw a foe—
One quick, I deemed, my caution to outwit,
My weakness, my dependence, quick to know,
A web of snares about my path to knit.
If you showed friendliness, I held it guile—
Snarled, "What new fetters is he welding now?"
In every proffered aid detected wile,
Convinced your motive was my neck to bow.

The years have taught me we in truth are friends,
Together tending toward a common goal.
Oh, not through you my burdened back now bends,
Nor do you drive the iron to my soul.
But others, like myself, whose lot is toil—
Ah! they oppress me, cozen and deceive,
My substance waste, my hands' best effort foil,
Leave me and mine impoverished, to grieve—
Evasive, shifty, conscienceless, stand back,
Scorning that work which must be shared by all!
I strive, I groan—for food and clothing lack—
Since these, my cruel kind, thus plot my fall!

ELLA A. FANNING.

SUBWAY CONTRACT LOSSES.

A Burden for the City or the Contractors Concerned?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Relative to the news item in today's TIMES headed "Mayor Hits Tube Critics," Mayor Hylan is quoted as follows: "That certain interests * * * have been endeavoring to induce, persuade and, in fact, coerce public officials to reimburse certain contractors out of the city treasury for any loss they may have sustained in their contracts with the city."

Well, under the circumstances, why not?

Now, what are the circumstances? In the Fall of 1917 there were many subway contracts under construction and in various stages with respect to the amount of work to be done to complete them. The contracts for all of them had been signed prior to the entrance of the United States into the war; some of them after a President had been reelected because he had kept us out of the war. At this time the contractors were already suffering on account of war conditions, and the President of the General Contractors' Association, in a letter to the Public Service Commission, stated in effect that if some relief was not afforded to subway contractors in all probability some of them would find it impossible to complete their work, in which event a delay in the operation of the subway system would result.

Now, instead of treating this communication in the spirit in which it was sent, it was accepted as a bluff, and as an answer a bluff was made to mobilize the engineering forces of the city to take over any subway job which might be defaulted. That was the only result of the attempt on the part of the contractors to get together with the city to solve a problem which has confronted all interested parties ever since.

Later the General Contractors' Association was instrumental in the introduction in the Assembly of a bill for the relief of subway contractors who were endeavoring to complete contracts under war conditions which had been entered into before the United States entered the war, on April 6, 1917. The city, being opposed to the contractors' bill, offered to have introduced and urge the passage of a bill which would afford the desired relief, if the contractors would withdraw their bill. To this suggestion of the city the contractors acquiesced, and a bill, known as the Lockwood bill, was passed by the Legislature, approved officially by Mayor Hylan and is a law of this State.

In general the Lockwood bill empowered the city, acting by the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate, to so arrange subway contracts that the work could be completed without either loss or profit to the contractors. No contractor has had any relief under this law, because the city has refused to take any action under it. While the writer is not in a position to say positively, it is his opinion that the adjustment mentioned by the Mayor in the news item referred to as being impossible under the law was an adjustment proposed to be made under the provisions of the Lockwood law. In this light it is impossible to understand the Mayor's statement.

If it is true, as the Mayor stated, that had the contractors been successful in obtaining legislation which they sought it would have cost the people $50,000,000 to $100,000,000, it follows that that represents the loss sustained by the contractors due to war conditions. That is to say, that failure on the part of experienced and reliable contractors to anticipate in 1916 conditions which followed, and which were in the mind of neither party to the contract when it was executed, has cost them the sum named; and, in the opinion of the Mayor, it is a proper contingency for the contractor to assume, and it is reprehensible in him to try by any means to get from under the load, even though the results of years of successful business are entirely wiped out and the vitality of his body and mind is sapped under the strain to carry the load to the bitter end.

Unfortunately the contractor's loss does not represent a corresponding gain to the people, who own the subways into which the losses have gone. Had the representatives of the city in 1917 met the contractors in a spirit which good business methods would have inspired, an adjustment of the impending difficulties might easily have been consummated which would have resulted in the operation of all of the subways long ago. Inability properly to finance the jobs prolonged the work. It made it impossible, among other things, to compete with the Government for labor, materials and machinery. Inadequacy of labor, both in respect to fitness and quantity, greatly prolonged the duration of the work.

The fact that a large portion of the subway system has been completed for a long time, while another portion has not been completed, means a great money loss in interest on the money invested and that due to inadequate transit facilities. This is so obvious that it seems foolish to mention it. However, the loss is indirect, so nobody, not even the city officials, consider it in the slightest degree, because that has always been the habit of our great and glorious—and rich and prodigal—country.

Incompetency and inefficiency in the individual and duplication and lack of co-ordination in the departments of administration of the people's affairs (municipal, State and national) is costing more in real money than any one person can possibly comprehend. Governor Smith knows and he has told us something about the losses in the administration of New York State affairs. Henry L. Stimson has told us similarly in regard to the National Government.

The administration of affairs connected with subway construction is a subject which may well be considered by the people. The lesson is the same old story—party or personal politics above the real interests of the people. Heretofore we have been so rich and prosperous that no thought has been given by ordinary people to indirect taxation. Conditions are different now; and, among other things, it is time to take account of administration methods in order that indirect taxes may be saved, for these taxes are just as real as any others.

CIVIL ENGINEER.
Brooklyn, July 15, 1920.

Loans on Liberty Bonds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was very pleased to read your editorial article on loans by banks on Liberty bonds.

During the campaign nearly every seller of Liberty bonds told the public to "borrow and buy." Millions were bought this way, and now—when many of us, which is only a natural condition, do not want to sacrifice our bonds, but borrow thereon, we are told by the banks to sell them and they refuse to lend to patriotic citizens $500 or $1,000 on the proper collateral of securities in Liberty bonds.

J. C. BOYD.
Brooklyn, N. Y., July 17, 1920.

ADVENTISTS IN NEW TEMPLE.

Dedication Services Held and Plans for School Begun.

Dedication services were held yesterday by the congregation of the First Church of the Seventh Day Adventists in the new structure it purchased last week from the Congregation of Temple Israel of Harlem, Lenox Avenue and 120th Street.

Hereafter the regular preaching services will be held each Saturday morning at 11:30 o'clock, and will be preceded by a Sabbath School at 10:30 o'clock.

In the Fall the Rev. Carlyle B. Haynes, the pastor, expects to inaugurate a series of Sunday evening evangelical services in the new church, the name of which will from now on be the Seventh Day Adventist Temple of New York City.

The Seventh Day Adventists will open a ten grade educational institution in the temple next September. This will be known as the Temple Academy. A faculty is now being appointed.

At yesterday's services the speakers were the Rev. J. C. Stevens, an evangelist of London; W. H. Branson, an elder of Johannesberg, South Africa, Vice President of the General Conference of Seventh Day Adventists for South Africa, and J. E. Jayne, President of the Greater New York Conference of Seventh Day Adventists.

LEGION TO AID IMMIGRANT.

Posts Throughout Country Will Cooperate in Americanization Work.

The National Americanism Commission of the American Legion has effected a plan whereby immigrants will be welcomed by Legion members, preferably those who speak the alien's language. Arrangements have been made whereby the local post of the community to which the immigrant is going will communicate will him immediately upon his arrival at his destination.

A statement issued yesterday by Colonel Arthur Woods, Chairman of the National Americanism Commission, told of arrangements with Immigration Commissioner Wallis whereby the names and destinations of all immigrants will be obtained. This information will be forwarded to the various Legion posts so that they may make immediate preparations for the reception of the new arrivals, in an effort toward befriending in practical and helpful ways the immigrants who land in this country and to make them 100 per cent. Americans.

TO AMEND ERROR ON LODGE.

Democratic Platform Will Give Correct Date of His Article.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—As the results of criticism of the statement in the Democratic platform concerning an article by Senator Lodge, which was declared to have appeared in December, 1918, (after the armistice), whereas it really was published in June of that year, the revised text of the party declarations will change the date to conform to the facts.

The Lodge article was a declaration against a separate peace by the United States. Some critics have hinted that the erroneous date was not without intention, since such a declaration, made after the armistice, might be thought more important than it made before.

But the error seems to have been a typographical mistake. When Senator Glass's attention was called to it at San Francisco he saw to it that the convention granted permission for correcting errors in the convention draft of the platform and the change has been made in this case.

UNITE ON HERRERA.

Guatemalan Parties Choose Him as Presidential Candidate.

GUATEMALA CITY, July 18.—Both the Democrats and Unionists have united on Carlos Herrera, Provisional President, as their Presidential candidate in the approaching elections. Senor Herrera has issued a manifesto in which he declares he finds no material difference in the platforms of the parties and accepts the nomination.

The manifesto says Senor Herrera favors strict compliance with the law guaranteeing individual rights and freedom of the press, a union of Central American States and a revision of the constitution by Congress broadening liberal principles. It also declares in favor of a reduction of the Presidential term to four years and prohibiting reelection consecutively, "in order that never again may one man remain in power indefinitely."

ARMISTICE IN SIBERIA.

Japanese Prepare to Evacuate Trans-Baikalia at Once.

TOKIO, July 17.—A War Office statement says an agreement for the suspension of hostilities in the western part of Trans-Baikalia was signed on July 15 between the Japanese Armistice Committee and representatives of the Verkhne-Udinsk Government (Far Eastern Republic), pending completion of negotiations going on between the Russo-Japanese committees in Siberia.

VLADIVOSTOK, July 18.—A dispatch received here from Nikolsk says the Japanese there are preparing for an immediate evacuation of Trans-Baikalia.

The situation around Iman (on the railway between Vladivostok and Khabarovsk) is unsettled. Counter-revolutionaries are terrorizing the district, arresting or murdering the inhabitants. A small number of Russian militia is the only protection of the inhabitants.

START ST. QUENTIN CHURCH.

Cornerstone Laid of Edifice to be Built by Mrs. Bates of New York.

ST. QUENTIN, France, July 18.—The cornerstone was laid here today of the first of the French Protestant churches to be rebuilt in the devastated regions. Addresses were made by the Mayor of St. Quentin and the Rev. Charles S. McFarland, of the Federal Council of Churches.

The funds for rebuilding the church here were furnished largely by a New York woman, the widow of the late Rev. H. Roswell Bates of the Presbyterian Church. The exercises partook of the nature of a general civic demonstration and were participated in by many former refugees, including a thousand members of the church.

Kenny Sugar Charges Dropped.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Dismissal of its formal complaint of unfair competition against the C. D. Kenny Company, with main offices at Baltimore, was announced today by the Federal Trade Commission. The record of the case, the commission said, failed to disclose evidence to support the charges that the company adopted a policy of refusal to sell sugar to prospective purchasers unless they would also buy an equal amount of coffee, and that customers were coerced into purchase of inferior grades of coffee at prices in excess of the market value in order to obtain sugar.

SIXTEEN QUESTIONS ASKED OF SOVIET

What the Allies Wanted to Know Before They Would Discuss Trade Relations.

LAWS AS TO CONTRACTS

Personal Rights of Foreigners Trading in Russia and Guarantees for Their Protection.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The text of the sixteen questions recently submitted by the Supreme Economic Council of the Allies to the Soviet trade delegation at London, headed by Krassin, has just reached Washington. Satisfactory answers to the questions thus submitted were made by the Supreme Council a necessary preliminary to the carrying out of any negotiations for the resumption of trade relations. So far as known, no direct answer to the questionnaire has been made by the Moscow authorities.

Attention is called here to the nature of the allied questions as being indicative of the uncertainty of the Supreme Economic Council concerning the practicability of the contemplated negotiations and the Council's marked distrust of the Bolsheviki.

The text of the questionnaire follows:

"1. Are the delegates of the Soviet Government the only persons holding the right to trade outside of Russia?

"2. Are the members of the Soviet Government the only persons within Russia with whom foreign commercial interests are authorized to deal?

"3. What is the legal effect, on what will be the consequences of contracts made (a), with organizations or persons in parts of the former Russian Empire which for the moment do not recognize the authority of the Soviet Government? (b) with organizations or persons within Soviet Russia who are not included within the scope of Question 2?

"4. Under what form and under what laws will contracts be made and how will they be carried out (a) if the contract is made in an allied country? (b) if the contract is made in Russia?

"5. What are the commercial relations between the Central Soviet and the local Soviets, and what control does the Central Soviet exercise over the local Soviets?

"6. What are the personal rights of foreigners trading in Russia? That is to say, is the Soviet Government prepared to guarantee to them (a) freedom of entry, sojourn and departure? (b) the abandonment of all efforts on the part of the Soviet Government to impose laws restricting their personal liberty? (c) the abandonment of all efforts on the part of the Soviet Government to deny possession or exportation of any commodities which, according to European custom, would be considered as the personal property of traders, which would be necessary to the traders or which should have been procured by them through regular commercial transactions? (d) freedom of telegraphic communication in cipher or commercial code and freedom of postal communication?

"7. What will be the guarantees given for the execution of contracts for labor and of other contracts for personal service?

"8. What will be the nature, the extent, &c., of concessions for mines, forests, &c.?

"9. What conditions will be imposed upon allied ships in Bolshevist ports? What will be the measures taken for the execution and surveillance of contracts for loading and unloading, for the payment and reception of pilotage and docking rights, conditions under which crews may disembark, their security and other general matters ordinarily handled by official consular agents in other countries?

"10. What is the actual condition of the laws in Russia pertaining to allied nationals who have taken out patents or who have registered trade marks or designs? Is the protection resulting from the registration of a patent, of a trade mark or of copyrights which foreigners formerly enjoyed in Russia, recognized by the Soviet Government? Has the Soviet Government confiscated to its own profit or otherwise modified rights of this nature which foreigners formerly enjoyed in Russia? Is it possible to renew the demands for the protection of these rights, and if so, how?

"11. Is the Soviet Government disposed to permit, in conformity with the laws of allied countries, the constitution of a Russian organization or company with which contracts could be made and which could prosecute or be prosecuted under the laws of allied or other European countries?

"12. Referring to question 4 of the conditions set forth in the note of M. Krassin on May 29, is the Soviet Government prepared to give guarantees for the lifting of restrictions against the sale and free export of various kinds of commodities actually in Russia?

"13. What measures do the Soviet Government contemplate concerning taxes to be imposed upon commercial representatives, whether or not they be official allied representatives in Russia?

"14. What are the provisions in force in Russia with regard to customs duties, rights of excise, railway and other transit rates, and what commercial code is in force in Russia?

"15. What disposition does the Soviet Government intend to make with regard to the supply of sustenance, lodgings, &c., to allied representatives, official or not, during their stay in Russia?

"16. What is the exact meaning and the purpose of the demand of M. Krassin that documents recognized as legal in one country should be recognized as legal in the other? What are the documents to which he alludes?"

DRYATTACK ON WADSWORTH

Anderson Tells Him He Should Withdraw from Senatorial Race.

William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, made public yesterday an open letter which he had sent to Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., at Geneseo, N. Y., under date of July 17.

"Why do you not withdraw from the Senatorial race," says the letter, "and save your party the loss of a seat in the United States Senate, possibly the State ticket in New York, perhaps the Presidential ticket, and in that event quite probably the loss of the Presidency itself?

"If you are not enough interested in the party which has honored you by keeping you in public office for many years, and your other before you, to voluntarily eliminate your own candidacy as a menace to its success, then what right have you to expect the advocates of moral reform whom you have outraged to sacrifice their principles in behalf

16,000 IRISH CHEER ARCHBISHOP MANNIX

Great Demonstration Marks Archdiocesan Reception in Madison Square Garden.

OVERFLOW MEETING HELD

Irish "Republic" and De Valera Receive a Share of the Tumultuous Applause.

Answering a summons from every Catholic altar, about 15,000 persons crowded into Madison Square Garden last night to participate in the archdiocesan reception to Archbishop Mannix of Melbourne, Australia, a reception which, due to the Australian's attitude toward Ireland, lapsed into a tumultuous demonstration for the Sinn Fein movement.

Responding to what they evidently construed as a need, 230 policemen, including ten mounted men, came from thirteen precincts to maintain order under the direction of Captain James S. Post of the East Twenty-second Street Station. Aside from the peaceable ejection of a man whose Irish enthusiasm was mistaken for "enemy" propaganda, the evening passed without disorder.

All the Sinn Fein Donnybrook spirit, latent since the "Irish Republic" loan got under way, came out strong—came out in thousands of Irish flags tirelessly waved; came out in sustained cheering for Archbishop Hayes, presiding; Archbishop Mannix and for "President" de Valera. Also it came out in a volley of hisses for the first mention of President Wilson's name, a demonstration counterbalanced later, however, by applause for the second allusion to the President. Gales of groans, boos and hisses swept through the Garden when Lloyd George's name was spoken.

Overflow Meeting Is Held.

At 8 o'clock the police closed the Garden's doors, and several thousand unable to get in held an overflow meeting at Madison Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street. Inside, the Police Band was blaring away at the "Soldier's Song," the Irish rallying tune, and the arriving clergy were getting great receptions.

The meeting was opened by Mgr. Joseph M. Mooney, V. G., who presented Archbishop Hayes as presiding officer.

"I want you to keep all your cheering and all your enthusiasm," said the Archbishop, "for our distinguished visitor. I want you to make the Archbishop of Melbourne go away from New York and feel sorry that he is not the Archbishop of New York. The principal object of this meeting is to extend a welcome to his Grace and at the same time to afford him an opportunity of speaking to you good people on a subject that is near and dear to our very souls, a subject which he has fought and defended to the bitter end, namely, the question of the national and racial independence of Ireland.

"True Irishmen all, as we are here tonight, we wish to express in no uncertain tone the high esteem, the affection and the loyalty that we wish to extend to him on this occasion to what I consider two of the foremost and most distinguished Irishmen on the Atlantic seaboard—his Excellency, the President of the Irish Republic, and the other, the Lord Archbishop of Melbourne, Dr. Mannix.

"Further," he continued, when the enthusiasm permitted, "we are here tonight for a holy purpose. We are here to unfurl freedom's flag, we are here to help make the world safe for democracy."

He closed with a tribute to de Valera as one who might be trusted with the Irish cause.

Being Back "When the Time Comes."

De Valera followed here. He thanked the committee and the audience for aiding him in his efforts in this country and, evidently taking a fling at the Cohalan incident, declared he was "going back to Ireland when the time comes," and not before.

Archbishop Mannix was then introduced and for fifteen minutes the crowd cheered him.

He declared that all Irishmen sought was an application of President Wilson's fourteen points to their problem. He spoke highly of "President" de Valera's mission to this country and predicted that a free Ireland was not far distant and then, discussing the events at the Peace Conference, he continued:

"But I often have cause to regret that Ireland, instead of having to fight for her liberty against England, had not to fight for it against Germany. I wish—it may seem a strange thing to say—but I wish that the invader had been the German invader"—cheers and applause greeted this—"and I will tell you why, not that I wanted any invader, but if there were to be an invader I think I might have chosen the German, and I will tell you why.

"Not exactly, because under German rule Ireland might have increased in population and trade, as Alsace-Lorraine did under German rule. That, however, is not the reason.

Would Have Won Recognition.

"But, if only our enemy had been Germany, then Ireland at the present moment would have her freedom acknowledged before all the world. I have been putting the case in this way to every audience that I have addressed since I came to America.

"If our President here, de Valera, if he had gone over to the Paris conference, and if he had knocked at the door where these great plenipotentiaries were assembled in secret conclave to give us open covenants, and if he had said he had a list of grievances against Germany, the doors would have been flung open to him, and he would have been invited to take a chair at the head of the table."

The Australian prelate then pictured de Valera as charging up to Germany the "wrongs" and the "oppressions" which have been laid at England's door. In the end, said Archbishop Mannix, the conference would have forthwith made Ireland free and "Lloyd-George, signing the document, would have shed a salt tear on it because of his happiness at being spared to participate in such a boon to humanity."

At the close of his address Archbishop Mannix received another ovation, the cheering lasting while he entered an automobile, Madison Avenue and Fiftieth Street.

TO FIGHT SINN FEIN HERE.

Loyal Coalition Planning to Establish Headquarters in New York.

The Loyal Coalition, a Boston organization, is considering plans to establish a national headquarters in this city for the purpose of starting a campaign against the Sinn Fein movement, according to Demarest Lloyd, the President. The Coalition, Mr. Lloyd said, was a citizens' organization formed "to resist the movements of hyphenated groups and other persons seeking to dominate the country, disturb national harmony and disrupt friendly relations with Great Britain and other Allies in the great war."

Mr. Lloyd in his statement says:

"The Loyal Coalition in the maintenance of its stand for American ideals and against the demoralization of the American Government, has come into direct collision with the propaganda for the so-called Irish Republic which until the formation of our organization seemed to dominate every phase of American public life.

"The Loyal Coalition is a movement of power of tremendous power. Immediately upon its formation in March of this year it voiced opposition to the Sinn Fein movement, and had startling success wherever it entered the field.

"The Irish bond drive was discontinued in New England on April 25. The Mason and Hammill (Irish) resolutions in Congress were blocked and the Republican convention eliminated the proposed Irish plank from their platform.

"Valera, since his arrival in New York has been trying to make people believe that the Democratic Party adopted an Irish recognition plank. Nothing of the sort took place. Its proposal came up on the floor of the convention. The delegates voted 656 to 402 against it. The sympathy plank, voicing sympathy with in the proper limitations, of Iniscopia.

"Perhaps the only place where the Irish Republic received recognition was at the amalgamated convention of class war and red radicals at Chicago, which has now broken into fragments due to disagreement over this and other questions. The Committee of Forty-Eight were not in favor of such a plank, but consented to it in order to ingratiate themselves with the labor group who, acting upon this little success, proceeded to a usurpation which, however, reached itself.

"There is a strong movement on foot to have Valera deported because anti-British agitation is dangerous and illegal at this time due to the fact that the war against Germany is not even technically over."

TWO ARCHBISHOPS AT MASS.

Australian Prelate Is Celebrant—De Valera Among the Worshippers.

St. Patrick's Cathedral was filled at 11 o'clock yesterday with Irish and Australians, the occasion being solemn pontifical mass, at which the celebrant was the Most Rev. Daniel Mannix, Archbishop of Melbourne, Australia.

Among those present were Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," and Mr. Fawcett, his "Consul General." Archbishop Hayes recognized de Valera and led him into the small robing room, where they remained for about ten minutes. They walked together to the green in front of the cathedral on the Fiftieth Street side, where they stood talking another fifteen minutes.

Archbishop Mannix showed plainly his fatigue. Archbishop Hayes gave up his throne to the visiting Archbishop, and the Metropolitan of New York, instead of having an improvised throne, as is customary, sat in a chair on the opposite side of the chancel with the other clergy.

The archpriest at the mass was Mgr. John J. Dunn, chancellor of the archdiocese. The deacons of honor to Archbishop Mannix were the Rev. William Livingston, pastor of St. Gabriel's, and the Rev. Dr. William B. Martin of the cathedral staff. The deacon of the mass was the Rev. Patrick Daly of the cathedral staff. The sub-deacon was the Rev. Francis Fadden, also of the cathedral staff. Archbishop Hayes was attended by Mgr. Lavelle. The master of ceremonies was Father Dineen.

SIGNBOARD HISTORY.

Tell Fame of Presidential Nominees and Their Homes.

United States history as written on the signboards of the country by a tire manufacturing concern has recently received the first additions commemorative of the Republican and Democratic candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency and the places they have made famous. At Dayton the new history sign just erected says:

"Trail's End, near Dayton, Ohio, is the home of James M. Cox, Governor of Ohio for three terms, who began life as a newsboy and is now the Democratic nominee for the Presidency of the United States."

On the highway just beyond Poughkeepsie a new signboard bears these words:

"Near Poughkeepsie is Hyde Park, the birthplace and Summer home of Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic nominee for the Vice Presidency, whose official career has been like that of Theodore Roosevelt."

The new sign at Marion reads:

"Marion is the home of Warren G. Harding, who started in life as a printer's devil and rose to United States Senator from Ohio, now being the Republican nominee for the Presidency."

And at Northampton the tourist may read:

"Northampton is the home of Calvin Coolidge, who was elected Governor of Massachusetts by the largest vote ever recorded for that office, and is now the Republican nominee for Vice-President."

COULD SAVE MORE BABIES.

No Such Thing as Irreducible Infant Mortality, Says Woman Doctor.

Dr. Helen MacMurchy is quoted in The Modern Hospital as saying that there is no such thing as an irreducible infant mortality, whereas it was formerly believed that there was almost a fixed limit below which the lives of babies under 1 month could not be saved. In refutation of this old belief she points out that the mortality rate varies greatly where the parents of infants are of different stations in life, and also in different localities.

"It should be first mentioned," says the physician, "that formerly the opinion was held that deaths under 1 month were 75 per cent. irreducible—that is, it used to be thought that these deaths could not be helped, that the causes were beyond our control.

"Now we know better. We don't believe a word of the irreducible theory. The death rate under 1 month where the baby's father is a doctor, a merchant, or an artist is below 25 per 1,000 births; and where the baby's father is a miner, a navvy, or a scavenger, the death rate under 1 month is 45 per 1,000 births.

"Again, the death rate under 1 month in Watford, England, is 19 per 1,000 births, but in Workington it is 45 per 1,000 births.

"Consider this: The general infant mortality is 100 per 1,000 births, but the illegitimate mortality rate is 200 per 1,000 births."

WOMAN FALLS FIVE FLOORS.

Topples from Window While Hanging Clothing on Line.

Mrs. Dora Rappaport, 27 years of age, of 1,778 Park Place, Brooklyn, fell from a window of the fifth story of 406 East Ninth Street yesterday while hanging clothing on a line at the home of her mother-in-law.

In falling she broke several clothes lines. Patrolman Mack of the Fifth Street Station summoned an ambulance, and Dr. Smith of Bellevue Hospital declared that the victim had broken several bones and had been injured internally. She was removed to the hospital in a serious condition.

HOLD 4 MEN AS BURGLARS.

Ticket Broker Robbed of All His Clothes Except Pajamas.

Four men were arrested yesterday by detectives of the West Forty-seventh Street Branch, following their investigation of the robbery Saturday night at the home of Reuben Weller, 249 West Fifty-first Street. When Weller, a theatre ticket broker, got home early Sunday morning he found that $1,200 worth of clothes had been stolen, but that the burglars had been kind enough to leave him a pair of pajamas.

The men arrested by Sullivan and Hogan said they were Arthur Rivers, 30, a dancing instructor, of 244 West Fifty-first Street; Joseph Mulcahy, 21, an actor, of 404 West Twenty-third Street; John Wales, 23, a clerk, of 66 Overlook Avenue, Newburgh, and William Flynn, 28, a clerk, living at a Brooklyn Y. M. C. A. building. They were locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Station, charged with burglary.

KIDNAPPERS SEIZE BOY AT SEASHORE

Mrs. Birdie Averett of New York and Eleven-Year-Old Son Captured in Atlantic City.

MOTHER RESCUED FROM CAB

Strangers Drive Off with Child—Victim Accuses Her Husband of Directing Raid.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 18.—Eleven-year-old Julius Averett and his mother, Mrs. Birdie Averett of New York, were kidnapped in melodramatic style in the heart of Atlantic City this evening. The mother escaped after a struggle, and the police have now spread a dragnet for Abraham Averett, New York real estate broker, residing at the Hotel Cecil, that city.

Mrs. Averett, who has been separated from her husband for three years, has been staying at the Grossmann Hotel, South New Jersey Avenue, with her son.

Tonight about 8 o'clock she was on her way from the Boardwalk to the hotel with her boy when a big taxicab drew suddenly up to the curb. Two men sprang from the machine and grabbed both Mrs. Averett and the boy. The two, screaming and struggling, were bundled into a cab and the start was made toward Atlantic Avenue. The boy was quickly subdued by a third man in the machine, while the two men who had leaped to the curb devoted their attention to Mrs. Averett. The woman could not be silenced, however, and fought desperately to make her escape. As the machine neared Atlantic Avenue she managed to reach the running board. The car slowed down to make the turn and as it did a woman on the sidewalk who had heard Mrs. Averett's screams jumped on the running board and pulled the struggling woman from the car.

The car with the boy safely in the tonneau then headed down Atlantic Avenue at breakneck speed, and the kidnappers are believed to have left the city.

"The third man in the machine was my husband," declared Mrs. Averett tonight. "Why he wanted to kidnap me, too, I do not know, but I suppose he thought I would put up too much of a fight if my boy was taken from me."

The woman said that when she made an outcry the driver stopped the taxi. Her husband then threw a large roll of bills into his lap and told him there would be more for him if he succeeded in getting away. The driver then speeded up his car and only slowed down when he made the turn into Atlantic Avenue.

Abraham Averett made his home at Hotel Cecil, 118th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, for the last two years, it was said at the hotel early this morning, but checked out on July 9. He left the hotel on that date in his automobile saying that he was going to Atlantic City for his vacation. It was said at the hotel that Mrs. Averett and children had made their home at the Hoffman boarding house, at 120th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, during the time Mr. Averett lived at the hotel.

WOMAN HURT IN FIRE IN LAKE PLACID INN

Guests Escape in Sleeping Apparel as Early Morning Blaze Destroys Hotel.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., July 18.—In a fire which totally destroyed Lake Placid Inn, the oldest of the smaller hotels here, at 5:45 o'clock this morning, Mrs. F. Samuel Pest of 247 West 102d Street, New York City, was bruised and injured internally when, disregarding the instructions of rescuers, she jumped from the second story after safely handing down her five-year-old son.

All others of the fifty-eight guests and forty-five employes occupying the building when the fire broke out made their escape, although practically all of them fled in their night clothing, losing their personal effects.

B. E. Demurg of New York, proprietor, Dennis Callaghan of Brooklyn, porter, and Otto Kerpen of New York, bell boy, did heroic work in the rescue of guests by means of a rope from the second story.

The fire was discovered in the bakeshop beneath the employes' quarters by the night watchman, who gave the alarm.

On June 4 fire destroyed the upper story of Lake Placid Inn, necessitating repairs which cost $10,000. The loss in today's fire is estimated at $75,000, covered by insurance.

Members of the Signal Hill cottage colony subscribed a fund of $400 for the relief of the employes of the inn.

NO 'PROFITEERING' AT CONEY

Bathhouse Owners Adhere to Usual Prices as Few Seek Ocean.

Coney Island had a mild and peaceful day yesterday, in marked contrast to the wild scenes of a week ago. The intermittent showers dampened the ardor of the visitors. There were 200,000 persons at the island, but the chilly atmosphere had a deterrent effect on the bathers, and there was no "profiteering" by bathhouse proprietors.

Hyman Vermin of 110 Norfolk Street, Manhattan, who has no arms or legs, fell afoul of the police again when he was arrested on a charge of vagrancy. Last week he was charged with peddling and the Magistrate held court in the street when it was found impossible to carry Vermin up the stairs into the courtroom. He received a suspended sentence at the time. He will be arraigned in Coney Island Court today.

Forty persons who were charged with shooting dice were fined $3 each in the Coney Island Court yesterday.

Charles Rosenberg, 985 De Kalb Avenue; Heyman Saltsman, 754 Lafayette Avenue, and Bernard Gordon, 1544 East Second Street, all of Brooklyn, were arrested charged with disorderly conduct in throwing water and sand on women as they came from bath houses, and chasing after the women's escorts when the latter objected.

There were a number of minor accidents. Saul Santles, of 1488 Eastern Parkway, suffered a fractured shoulder and Henry Blake, of 622 Powell Street, suffered contusions of the head, received when the taxicab of John Dutte, 424 Snediker Avenue, was in collision with another car. Dutte escaped uninjured.

John Friedman, 1415 Madison Avenue, Manhattan, suffered a fractured shoulder as the result of a fall, and Max Mandel, 158 Broome Street, Manhattan, dislocated his left hip in falling from a trolley car.

DOG BITES FOUR CHILDREN.

Animal Afterward Is Killed by Canarsie Policeman.

Four children were bitten on the hands and arms in Church Lane, Canarsie, between Eighty-third and Ninety-first Streets, yesterday afternoon. The dog was later shot and killed by Policeman Albert Douglass of Canarsie. The children who were bitten were Mary Daccica, 5 years old, of 126 Varet Street; Henry Abrams, 8, of East Ninety-first Street and Church Avenue; Kenneth Ryder of East Ninety-first Street and Church Lane, and Gustave Koster, 6, of East Eighty-third Street and Church Avenue.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gilbert Smith and their two sons have left Greenwich, Conn., and are occupying their camp on Bixby Lake in the Adirondacks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernesto G. Fabbri are at Bar Harbor. Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard is spending the season with them.

Mrs. Donn Barber and her daughters are at the Holm Ranch, near Cody, Wyo. Mr. Barber will join them in August, when they will go to California for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. George Leary expect to occupy their new house shortly, which is nearing completion at Southampton.

Mrs. H. Chauncey Cryder, who is at Stockbridge, Mass., is sailing this week for Europe.

Mrs. William B. Trowbridge of 53 West Fifty-eighth Street is in Europe for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold I. Pratt plan to leave Glen Cove, L. I., today for Isleboro, Dark Harbor, Me., where they will remain until September.

Mrs. Samuel H. Valentine of 5 East Sixty-seventh Street is at Narragansett Pier this Summer.

Mrs. George Van Vleck, Mrs. Christine Hawley, Mrs. Tremaine McKinstry, Mrs. Horace Brown and Miss Eleanor Brown are among those who will assist at the annual fair, to be given July 29, at Claverack, N. Y., for the Lulu Thorley Home for Crippled and Delicate Children.

Archie M. Andrews, New York and Chicago banker, who is here from California in his yacht Sachem, gave a luncheon party to a number of friends on the Hudson yesterday.

Lenox.

Mrs. Robert N. Brace of New York, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Augustus L. Hyde, in Pittsfield, returned to New York yesterday. She is leaving July 30 for the Racquet Falls Club in the Adirondacks.

George Gilder of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Rodman Gilder in Tyringham. Mrs. George S. Parker, who has been a guest at the same house, left for Syosset, L. I., yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. de Gersdorff of New York and Casper de Gersdorff left yesterday for Chatham, on Cape Cod, for a week's visit.

Among the new arrivals are Mrs. John B. Drake, Mrs. Henry W. Farnum, Mrs. Floyd Hall White, Mrs. Edward Walker Harden, Mr. and Mrs. Huntingdon Adams, Mr. and Mrs. George Roberts and William E. Hawkins.

Miss Heloise Meyer has been chosen Chairman of the Republican Women's Town Committee on Registration. She was a leader in the suffrage movement here several years ago.

Newport.

The Italian Ambassador, Baron Romano Avezzano, and Baroness Avezzano gave their first informal dinner of the season last night at their residence, the Merrill cottage, on Shepperd Avenue.

Other entertainers last night were Mr. and Mrs. George D. Widener and Miss Evelyn Burden.

Governor and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman gave a luncheon at Land's End yesterday.

There was an exodus of men last night for New York. Among those leaving were Charles P. H. Gibbs, Stuart Duncan, William Woodward, Rutherford Sherman, Jr., Louis S. Tiffany, Norman De L. Whitehouse, Paulding Fosdick, Philip Benkard, William B. Bristow, Beverley Bogert and Royal Phelps Carroll.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. McFadden, who have been visiting at Land's End, have returned to New York.

Arthur Curtis James, on the Aloha, appeared in the harbor Saturday for the week-end. The yawl Solita, Daniel Bacon, owner, also arrived.

Among recent arrivals are Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Appleton, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Mitchell, Mrs. Sonya Morris and Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Presbey.

In the semi-finals of the mixed doubles on the Casino courts Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Gray defeated Mrs. William G. Loew and William P. Burden, and Miss Ruth Twombly and Sumner Gerard beat Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden and Beverley Bogert.

Hot Springs.

Among yesterday's arrivals were Mr. and Mrs. John W. Dixon of New York, Mr. and Mrs. G. Arthur Gordon of Savannah, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred A. Crocker of Cincinnati and Mrs. Benjamin B. Taum of Miami.

Miss Olive Graef has joined her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Campbell Graef of Washington.

Mrs. Charles Delavan Wetmore left for New York yesterday with the members of her family. They will go on to Jamestown in a few days to spend the Summer there.

The Baron and Baroness Rosenkrantz of Atlanta gave an informal tea yesterday at Roselce.

Bishop Brossart of Covington officiated Sunday morning at the Sacred Heart Church.

Mrs. Terah Haggin entertained at tea on the Casino lawn, her guests including Mrs. Craig Biddle, Miss Elinor Bright, Thomas Sturgis, Festus J. Wade, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Matthew L. Akers and Mrs. Stanley J. Wolf.

Mrs. James McCrea is expected from New York today.

White Sulphur Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Brydon, who have been here for three months, are leaving today for their home in Scranton.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Alexander of Shreveport, La., are here for the Summer.

Thornton Lewis of Cincinnati returned last night from New York, where he spent a week.

Mrs. William Haywood of Washington left last night for her home to meet her son, Wilson Haywood, who is returning from Red Cross service in Siberia.

Mrs. Andrew Melville Reid of Baltimore gave a tea for thirty persons yesterday on the Casino lawn.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JENNIE WHARTON, wife of Clifton Wharton, a retired coal merchant of Pittsburgh, died yesterday, aged 79 years, at the home of her son, Clifton Wharton, Jr., in Plainfield.

LEWIS D. EDWARDS, head of the lumber firm of L. & D. Edwards & Co., died Saturday at his home in Long Branch, aged 71 years.

LAWRENCE WILLIAMS, President of the Oliver Typewriter Company, died Friday at his home in Lake Forest, Ill., of pneumonia.

CHARLES MILTON FRENCH, head of the Thiel Detective Service, died in Chicago Saturday.

GEORGE W. CRANWELL, head of the contracting firm of Cranwell & Son, died Saturday at his home in West Hoboken, aged 86 years.

Mrs. CAROLINE OVERMAN TOLFREE, widow of Rear Admiral James E. Tolfree, retired, former Pay Director of the navy, died yesterday at her residence, 51 West Forty-ninth Street. Before her marriage her home was in Philadelphia. Admiral Tolfree died suddenly at Atlantic City last January.

LEOPOLD BERNHEIMER, last of the six brothers who before the civil war founded the clothing firm of Bernheimer Brothers of this city, died yesterday morning of old age at his home, 175 West Seventy-second Street, in his 82d year.

ROBIN DAMON, publisher of Salem, Mass., Evening News, died yesterday of injuries received in an automobile collision on July 5. Mr. Damon was 48 years old.

ADVERTISEMENT.

FISHERMEN
Mosquito bites sure take the joy out of an outing, unless soothed by
BAUME ANALGÉSIQUE
BENGUÉ
(Bauer Au-chi-ay-gaw Ben-gay)
Thos. Leeming & Co., N. Y.

BROOKLINE'S FIRES LAID TO FANATIC

Fire Worshipper Thought to be Responsible for Three Blazes in One Day.

100 HER AIM, SHE WROTE

xWealthy Residents in Terror Lest Threat of "Queen of the Fires" Be Realized.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 18.—Three fires in one day in the wealthy residential section of Brookline, with an estimated property damage of $7,000, have added to the terror of residents because of the belief that the "Queen of the Fires" is a reality and bent on carrying out her avowed intention of offering up 100 sacrifices to the "god of Guebres."

The Fire Chief considers that one fire in the three-story brick dwelling of James W. Dunlop, 25 Monmouth Court, Longwood, was incendiary. The family are absent for the Summer. The cellar window had been jimmied, glass was broken, household articles were piled in the cellar in confusion and in every way conditions were the same as at other fires in the town believed to be of the same origin.

Yesterday Fire Chief Johnson and Police Chief Rutherford received letters asserting that a hundred fires is the avowed ambition of the fire worshipper and her son and assistant. The number already to her credit, according to her boasts, and corroborated by the official records, is eight, several of them in costly residences of the fashionable Chestnut Hill section.

In the letter to Chief Johnson the writer assumes all responsibility for the fires. The handwriting in both communications is identical—large, bold script. In one of the letters frequent mention is made of the God of Fire and the God Guebres. The Guebres, or Ghebers, are adherents of the ancient Persian religion, which includes fire worship.

The communication to Chief Johnson was dated July 11, postmarked Jamaica Plain. That sent to Chief Rutherford was postmarked Boston.

Chief Rutherford was informed that if he wanted to know who caused the series of Brookline fires he must look for a woman and a boy.

The letter sent to Chief Johnson reads in part:

"Sir: They say it's only an insane person who makes fires—I am not. Why? Well, I am the queen of the fire. My work is fires. I have made hundreds of them about the United States. Over in New York alone I burnt up over 200 different subjects to the god of fire. In Brookline last month I have to the most glorious (god of fire) set eight houses and expect to burn up ninety-two more if the god or his great right-hand man (the moon) don't protest.

"My son and myself never steal anything. Yesterday noon we set another of the fires near the graveyard. (Signed)

"A member of the Lege of Guebres."

Miss Damrosch Weds in Paris.

PARIS, July 18.—Margaret Blaine Damrosch, eldest daughter of Walter Damrosch, the musical director, and former Lieutenant Thomas Knight Finletter, son of Judge Finletter of Philadelphia, were married here yesterday.

EUGENIE'S BODY TAKEN TO FARNBOROUGH, ENG.

Ex-Empress Will be Laid Beside Napoleon III. and Prince Imperial on Tuesday.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

FARNBOROUGH, England, July 18.—Before the high altar of the Abbey of St. Michael's the remains of ex-Empress Eugénie were laid today. To the music of the "Marseillaise" eight Sergeants of the Royal Horse Artillery placed the coffin in position on the catafalque between six burning candles, and thus it will remain, watched over day and night by two Benedictine monks, until Tuesday, when the body will be laid in a special sarcophagus between the tombs of Napoleon III. and the Prince Imperial.

Thousands of British soldiers under General Lord Rawlinson escorted the coffin from the station to the abbey with much military ceremonial. Cavalry with drawn swords lined the route, and the path through the abbey grounds was guarded by infantrymen with reversed rifles.

Prince Victor Napoleon, Princess Clementine of Belgium and the Spanish Ambassador were among those on the platform to meet the special train which brought the coffin. Draped in the Union Jack, the coffin was placed on a gun carriage, and then with a staff of officers standing at salute and the guard of honor at royal salute the Abbot sprinkled the coffin with holy water. The military band played the Dead March from "Saul," and the procession of soldiers and priests moved slowly off, the latter chanting a De Profundis.

LONDON, July 18.—The body of Empress Eugenie was accorded naval and military honors this morning on arrival at Southampton, where it was entrained for Farnborough.

Born.

GOLDSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Sidney M. Goldstein (nee Beulah Samuels), 286 Summit Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., announce the arrival of a baby girl, July 16.

WOLF—To Dr. and Mrs. George D. Wolf (nee Rose Boulme), at the Lying-In Hospital, a daughter, on July 17, 1920. No cards.

Married.

YOUNG—SMITH—At New Haven, Conn., by Rev. John H. Bell, on Saturday, July 10, 1920, Sue Gendar Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Smith, New Haven, to George Rowland Young of Greenwich, Conn.

Died.

BERNHEIMER—Leopold, on Sunday, July 18, beloved husband of Julia Gans Bernheimer and father of Sidney, Jerome, Clarence, Alfred and Edgar, in his 82d year. Funeral from his late residence, 175 West 72d St., on Tuesday, July 20, at 10 A. M.

BEVERLY—On July 18, 1920, May, beloved wife of Albert Beverly, member of Women's Relief Corps of James Monroe Post, G. A. R., at her residence, 20 South 5th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Funeral services at the mortuary chapel of Burr Davis & Son, 15 South 4th Av., Mount Vernon, on Wednesday, at 2:30.

CELLARIUS—Elizabeth, on Saturday, July 17, youngest daughter of Ferdinand and the late Charlotte Cellarius. Funeral services Monday, July 19, at 8 o'clock at 1,130 Clinton Av. Interment private. Omit flowers.

CLARKE—At Whitinsville, July 15, Annie Louise Clarke, daughter of the late Rowse Reynolds Clarke, M. D. Funeral services at the residence of Arthur F. Whitin at 4 P. M., Monday, July 19. Relatives and friends invited. Kindly omit flowers.

COX—On Sunday, July 18, 1920, Margaret G., wife of Robert Lynn Cox. Funeral services at residence, 97 North Mountain Av., Montclair, N. J., Tuesday, July 20, at 3:30 P. M. Interment Buffalo, N. Y.

CROWLEY—On July 17, 1920, Thomas M. Crowley, dearly beloved husband of Hannah Crowley (nee Herrick) and brother of John A. and Matthew J. Funeral from his late residence, 568 Greene Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 20. Solemn requiem mass at 10 A. M., St. Ambrose Church, Tompkins and DeKalb Avs. B. P. O. E. Brooklyn, No. 22, respectfully invited. Automobile cortege.

Died.

DU BOIS—July 18, 1920, Ermand J. Du Bois, beloved husband of Clara Du Bois. Funeral Wednesday, 9:15 A. M., from his late residence, 853 St. Nicholas Av.; thence to St. Catherine's Church, 153d St., near Amsterdam Av. Mass 10 o'clock.

DU RANT—On Sunday, July 18, 1920, Mary Du Rant, an old and valued helper. Funeral service at the home, 1,060 Amsterdam Av., Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock.

EASTON—On Sunday, July 18, after a painful illness, Charles H. Easton, beloved husband of Mary G. Easton. Funeral services Tuesday, July 20, at 2 P. M., Trinity Church, Mount Vernon, N. Y. Interment private.

FIERO—On Saturday, July 17, 1920, at her residence, 120 East 31st St., Bertha Smith, beloved wife of Clifford B. Fiero.

FORCE—Saturday, July 17, Nellie Ray, wife of Arthur H. Force. Funeral private.

FOX—Yetta, Sunday, July 18, A. M., beloved mother of Maurice, Sol, Charlotte Fox, Mrs. Essie Greenwald, Mrs. Rose Mosell, Mrs. Ray Albert and Mrs. Beatrice Isler, also beloved wife of Sol Fox. Funeral from Jewish Hospital, Brooklyn, Monday, July 19, 11 A. M. Services during week at 554 West 148th St.

FREYTAG—Entered into eternal rest on Saturday, July 17, Alonzo F. Freytag, beloved husband of Katherine Daly Freytag, in his 43d year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 159 Hawthorne St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, July 20, at 8:30 P. M. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

HILDEBRANDT—David A., in his 63d year. Funeral services at F. Stolzenberger & Son's chapel, 450 East 162d St., Monday, July 19, at 8 P. M. Funeral private.

HILDEBRANDT—Evangelist Lodge No. 600, F. and A. M., Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, David A. Hildebrandt, on Monday, July 19, at 8 P. M., at F. Stolzenberger & Son's chapel. By order of

John Schnabel, Master.

Robert T. Reid, Sec'y, 457 Convent Av.

JENKS—Suddenly, Dr. R. B. Jenks of Elmira, N. Y., Sunday, July 18, 1920, at the Summer home of his son, Dr. Edwin B. Jenks of Bolton, N. Y. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 20, at 11 A. M.

JONES—St. David's Society announces with deep regret the death of Thomas W. Jones. Funeral service Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, at Welsh Church, West 155th St. John Castree Williams, President.

George Morgan Lewis, Secretary.

JONES—On Saturday, July 17, 1920, Thomas, beloved husband of Elizabeth Jones (nee Owens), aged 80th year. Funeral services in Welsh C. M. Church, 155th St. and Amsterdam Av., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Members of Copestone Lodge 943, F. and A. M., and Glyndivi Lodge, True Ivorites, invited.

KETCHAM—At White Plains, N. Y., July 17, W. Frederick, husband of Louise A. and son of the late Elizabeth Ann Baker and Walter Ketcham, in his 63d year. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 14 Cromwell Place, on Monday, at 3:30 P. M.

KOHN—On July 18, Gustave, beloved husband of Bertha and dear father of Jeanette. Services at Meyer's Funeral Parlors, 226 Lenox Av., Tuesday, July 20, at 10 A. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited.

McKIM—Suddenly, on Thursday, July 15, 1920, at Bedford Springs, Pa., the Rev. Randolph H. McKim, D. D., rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Washington, D. C. Funeral service at Church of the Epiphany on Monday, July 19, at 2 P. M. Interment at Green Mount Cemetery, Baltimore, at 4:30 P. M. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

MANZEL—On July 17, 1920, Emily H. Manzel (nee Karcher), beloved wife of G. Ewald Manzel and mother of Helen E., G. Ewald, Jr., and Hugo. Funeral services at her late residence, 137 South Burnett St., East Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, July 20, at 3:30 P. M. Trains leave Hoboken (Lackawanna Station), 2:50 P. M. (daylight saving time).

MARTINEZ—July 18, Maria Martinez. Funeral Tuesday from the funeral establishment of James E. McLarney & Son, Lexington Av. and 65th St. Requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, at 10 o'clock.

MEYER—July 16, Helen E. C. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Tuesday, 10 A. M.

NIEMEIER—Charles, on Saturday, July 17, beloved husband of Bertha Niemeier, in his 63d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 373 First St., Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock, Monday evening. Interment private.

PALMER—Sunday afternoon, Jane R. Elwell, beloved wife of George W. Palmer. Funeral services at her late residence, 70 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, July 21, at 2:30 P. M.

POLAND—Suddenly, on Friday, July 16, 1920, at his residence, Long Branch, N. J., George E. Poland, for many years connected with Gillies Coffee Company. Funeral services Tuesday, July 20, 1920, at 2:30 P. M., Baptist Church, Bath Av., Long Branch, N. J.

RIESER—On Sunday, July 18, 1920, at her residence, 208 11th St., Hoboken, N. J., Julie, widow of the late Maximilian Rieser, in her 77th year.

Died.

SANDS—Suddenly, on Friday, July 16, 1920, William R. Sands, son of the late Samuel S. and Mary Emily Sands, in his 67th year. Funeral services at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Monday, July 19, at 3:30 P. M.

SCHONBERGER—William, at 366 West 126th St., N. Y., on July 18, at the home of his sister, Mrs. S. Gottlieb. Funeral Monday, 2 P. M., from 158 Bay 25th St., Brooklyn. Interment Union Field Cemetery.

SCHONBERGER—The Hungarian Society of New York announces the death of Brother William Schonberger, of 316 West 126th St., on July 18. Funeral services to be held at the residence of Mrs. S. Gottlieb, 156 Bay 25th St., Brooklyn, Monday, July 19, 2 P. M.

Lou S. Bruenn, President.
Martin Birnbaum, Secretary.

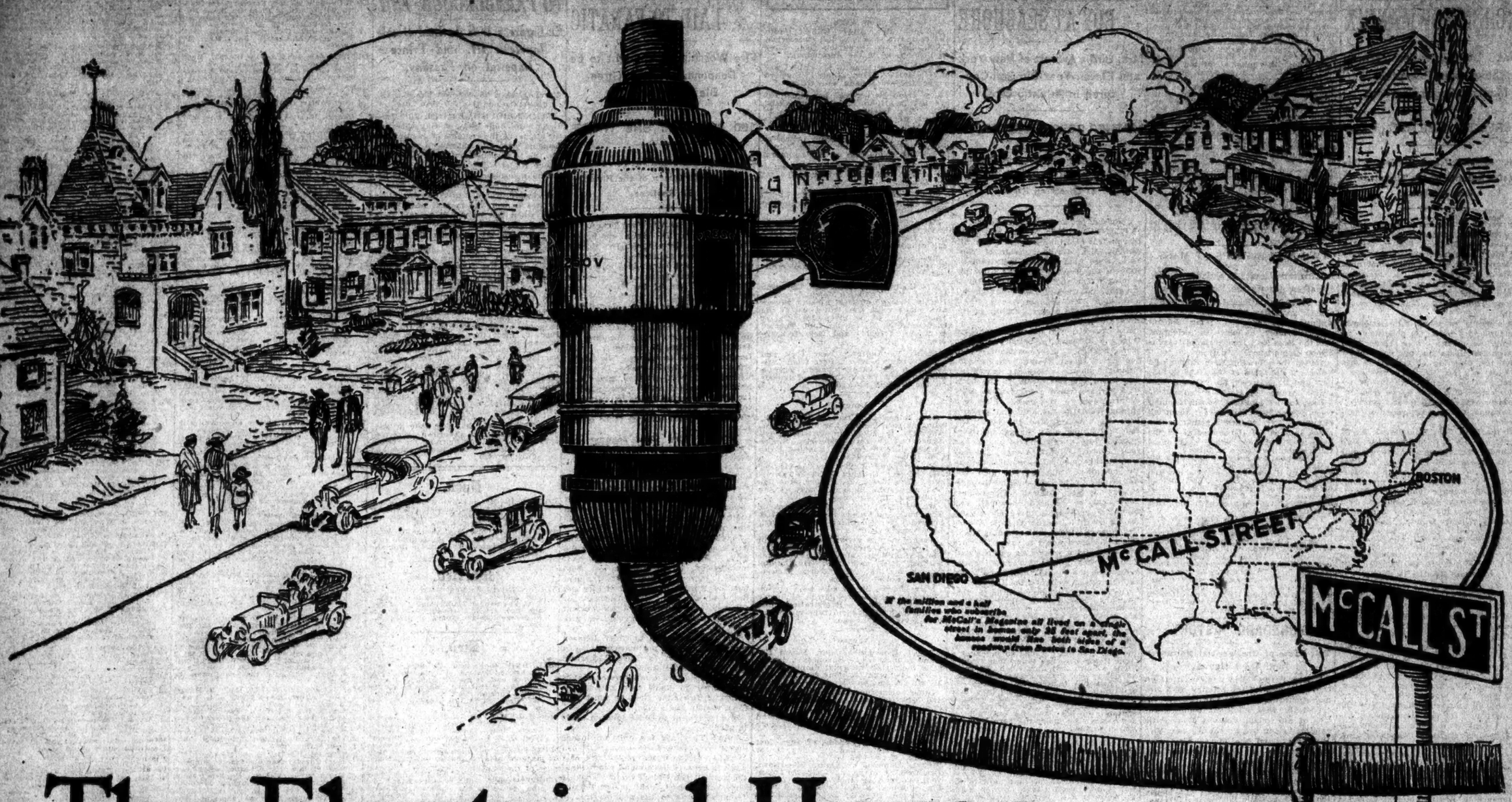
SEABURY—In Asheville, N. C., July 16, of heart failure, Melvin Seabury, beloved husband of Lucy A. Seabury, 65 Central Park West, New York. Interment at Providence, R. I. Albany and Providence papers please copy.

SHAFER—At Summit, N. J., July 17, 1920, Joseph H. Shafer, in his 90th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 32 Beekman Road, Summit, N. J., on Monday, July 19, at 3:30 P. M.

STEIN—Friedens Verein, No. 1—Officers and members are requested to attend the funeral of our beloved and esteemed brother, Edward Stein, on July 20 from the late residence, 41 West 70th St., at 2 P. M.

Ray. Del Blumberg, President.

STEIN—Edward, in his 82d year, beloved husband of Minna and father of Max S., Dr. Herbert E. and Clothilde Benheim. Funeral Tuesday, July 20, at 2 P. M. from his late residence, 41 West 75th St. Members of Friedens Verein, No. 1; Henry



The Electrical Home *on* McCALL STREET

Bubbling song of percolating coffee, appetizing odor of crisping toast, whirr of cooling electric fan or sanitary vacuum cleaner—these are familiar sounds in the homes along McCall Street.

Two million dollars is a low estimate of the amount spent monthly for household electrical conveniences by McCall Street's 1,500,000 families.

With all its homes on either side of a straight, continuous thoroughfare—a house every 25 feet—McCall Street would extend across the continent, from Boston to San Diego.

But the homes of McCall Street—the homes in which McCall's Magazine is read every month—are in city and town and country—from San Diego to Boston, from the Great Lakes to the Gulf.

Enter almost any one of these homes, and you find electricity at work. McCall Street uses electric washing machines, electric irons, electric sewing machines, electric stoves and heaters, vacuum cleaners, toasters, curling irons, percolators, chafing dishes, fans, and dishwashers.

The pleasant duty of selecting up-to-date, labor-saving electrical equipment for the household is entrusted almost entirely to the women of McCall Street. It is the woman of the family who chooses which percolator, or toaster, or vacuum cleaner, or washing machine shall be used in her home.

And the women of McCall Street are the readers of McCall's Magazine. Its splendid fiction entertains them—its authoritative fashions guide them in the making of their clothes—its ably-edited household departments help them in all their daily duties—its advertising pages are their trusted shopping guide.

Electric
Irons
Vacuum Cleaners
Washing Machines
Toasters
Curling Irons
Percolators
Heaters
Chafing Dishes
Fans
Dishwashers
Sewing Machines
Stoves

THE McCALL COMPANY, 236-250 WEST 37th STREET, NEW YORK CITY

CHICAGO SAN FRANCISCO BOSTON ATLANTA TORONTO

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

$31,593,409 SURPLUS IN STATE TREASURY

Year's Receipts Exceed Expenditures by $21,567,391—$10,109,537 from Last Year.

NEW BUDGET TO TAKE HALF

Education, Hospitals and Other Groups Call for Increases in the Coming Year.

REVENUES UP 45 PER CENT.

State Debt Shows a Reduction of $5,094,983—Sinking Fund Resources Are $69,499,475.

ALBANY, July 18.—A surplus of $31,593,409 exist for the fiscal year ended June 30, Controller Travis reported tonight. This is due, he said, to revenue receipts exceeding expenditures by $21,567,391, with $10,189,537 from last year's surplus, deducting $163,519 sundry charges. To finance this year's general budget of $141,885,474, the Controller shows, it will be necessary to supplement estimated revenues of $125,059,023 by using $16,826,450 of the general surplus to balance appropriated expenditures.

Classified by the divisional groups, the largest estimated increases come from education, $22,570,747, due to appropriations for teachers' increased pay; State hospitals, $5,747,891, due to new construction and increased maintenance cost; highways, $5,245,655; canals, $3,816,578; debt service, $1,993,095. Six other groups show a total increase of $7,394,985. Those requiring less money than appropriated last year are: Legislative, $78,835; judicial, $204,934; defensive, $150,602; penal, $53,728, and the general group, $204,863. A statement of the financial plan is as follows:

FINANCIAL PLAN FOR THE GENERAL BUDGET OF 1920. Estimated Revenue.	
General Property Taxes:	
Sinking funds, &c...1.105 mills	$15,522,378
School teachers.....1.50 mills	19,454,150
Total direct State tax rate .....2.605 mills	
Court and stenographer's tax	500,000
Total general property taxes..	$35,506,528
Special Taxes:	
Corporation tax	30,000,000
Income tax	20,000,000
Organization of corporations...	1,500,000
Transfers (inheritance tax)...	15,000,000
Stock transfer (stamp tax)...	10,800,000
Investment tax	350,000
Mortgage tax	1,500,000
Motor vehicles	3,500,000
Other receipts of departments, &c.	7,042,500
Total estimated revenue....	$125,059,023
Balance to be provided from surplus treasury funds	16,826,450
Total	$141,885,474
ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES, 1920-21.	
Executive	$175,077
Administrative	4,228,559
Legislative	1,712,600
Judicial	1,505,745
Regulative	7,839,897
Educational	39,879,429
Agricultural	4,026,173
Defensive	3,970,976
Penal	3,715,596
Curative	20,010,974
Charitable	6,879,255
Protective	3,682,360
Constructive	18,879,927
General	1,586,992
Canal fund for appropriations	6,256,231
Total ordinary expenditures....	$126,800,657
State debt service	15,584,816
*Total estimated expenditures..	$141,885,474

*Budget appropriations of 1920.

Revenue receipts show a gain over the previous year of $35,737,073—nearly 45 per cent. The largest increases came from income tax, $16,500,000; inheritances $7,920,057; corporations, $6,628,020; stock transfers, $8,639,675; motor vehicles, $1,339,808; organization of corporations, $1,822,760. Expenditures totaled $94,024,215, or an increase of 20.57 per cent. Other expenditures consisting of State debt and appropriations advanced for canal construction, amounting to $15,721,720, show a gain of 16.63 per cent. Supporting this, the following is appended:

Consolidated summary statement showing the operations for the general purposes of State government:

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1920.	June 30, 1919.
Revenue receipts—		
General property taxes	$15,052,317	$15,067,918
Special taxes	93,615,039	58,000,102
Other revs. and rects.	7,515,257	6,705,532
Total revenue rects.	$11,530,606	$79,833,033
Expenditures—		
Ord. expenditures, &c.	$76,362,404	$64,861,667
State debt service	13,501,730	13,336,145
Canal const. approps.	2,130,000	149,500
Total expenditures	$94,024,215	$78,341,313
Excess revenue receipts over expenditures	$21,567,391	$1,492,320
Total revenue rects.	$115,591,606	$79,833,033

A reduction of $5,004,983 in the State debt is shown, the gross debt amounting to $238,860,017, while sinking fund resources totaled $69,499,475.

The transactions of the State debt show that there has been a reduction of the net debt for the year of $5,094,-983.04, the gross debt (including the funded and temporary debts) amounting to $238,860,017.33 at June 30, 1920, while the sinking fund resources were $68,-499,475.22. The statement reflecting these results follows:

Net State debt on July 1, 1919...	$174,455,524
Debts incurred during the year..	2,286,679
	$176,742,207
Debt redeemed	171,516
	$176,570,691
Less increase in sinking fund resources during the year of.....	7,210,830
Making the net debt on June 30, 1920	$169,360,542
Or a reduction of	5,094,983

The surplus transactions for the past two years are shown in the following:

	Fiscal year ended June 30, 1920	1919
Surplus beginning of period	$10,189,537	$8,585,582
Credits to surplus—		
Excess revenue receipts over expenditures for year	21,567,391	1,492,320
Net adjustments in the accounts		111,634
Total	$31,756,929	$10,189,537
Charges to surplus—		
Net adjustments in the accounts	163,519	
Total	$31,593,409	$10,189,537

If the estimates made in the current budget prove to be correct, and it will be necessary to charge against the consolidated surplus shown above of $31,-593,409.68 the $16,826,450.48 to balance the present budget, there will still remain a surplus at the beginning of the next fiscal year of $14,766,959.15 available for financing the budget for the year 1921-22.

Schumann-Heink's Adopted Son Is Killed in Airplane Fall

TULSA, Okla., July 18.—Albert W. Newsom, of Union Point, Ga., and Robert F. Midkiff, an adopted son of Mme. Schumann-Heink, the prima donna, and son of a minister at Decatur, Ill., were killed instantly in an airplane fall near here today.

Newsom, pilot of the machine, was manoeuvring for a landing when one of the wings suddenly dropped off and the plane fell about 3,500 feet.

MILITARISTS LOSE BATTLE NEAR PEKING

Five Thousand of Tuan Chi-Jui's Troops Retire North Toward the Capital.

MARTIAL LAW IN PEKING

Beaten Anfu Forces Kept Outside the Walls — Imperial Family Seeks Foreign Protection.

PEKING, July 18 (Associated Press)—The latest reports received here indicate that the forces of General Tuan Chi-jui met with a serious reverse to the south and that approximately 5,000 of his troops retired toward the capital and camped Saturday night outside the west wall, refusing to continue their operations. It is stated that the men had been for three days without food. The gates of the city were closed early Saturday and heavy guards prevented the entry of the troops while plans were being made to feed them.

On the Tientsin line the troops of Tuan Chi-jui have been driven back toward Chang-chuan.

It is reported that ten trainloads of General Chang Tso-lin's troops have arrived at Pei-tang, north of Tientsin.

Chang-Tso-lin recently announced that he would head an expedition to occupy Peking because Tuan Chi-jui had incited the brigands in Manchuria.

The troops in the suburb of Nan-yuan are reported to be out of hand and looting.

Members of the imperial family have appealed to the foreign legations for protection, fearing that they will be victims of propaganda, alleging that General Wu Pei-fu is carrying on a movement for the restoration of the monarchy.

There is much apprehension in the capital in view of the continued arrival of defeated troops and an alleged plan to wreak vengeance on the city.

TIENTSIN, July 17.—A wireless dispatch received from Peking this evening says that after a battle in which General Wu Pei-fu was driven back at Kao-pei-tien (about fifty miles southwest of Peking), a brigade of Wu Pei-fu's troops outflanked the attacking forces in the direction of Men-tou-kou and attacked the Anfuites on three sides, driving them toward L'iu-li-ho. It is reported that the commander of the 1st Frontier Division was killed.

Out of the mass of conflicting reports it appears evident that Wu Pei-fu is maintaining his advantage south of the capital, and that his troops have advanced slightly north of L'iu-li-ho, which is about twenty-five miles southwest of Peking.

The operations around Lofa, on the railway midway between Peking and Tientsin, are said to be favorable to the frontier defense forces of General Tuan Chi-jui.

In reply to a protest by the diplomatic representatives, the Minister of Communications has assured them that the Tientsin railway line will not be cut.

Two trains from Peking arrived last night. The passengers report that the Anfu troops are evacuating Yang-tsun. They also say that students who had been in prison since January for anti-Japanese demonstrations were released unconditionally yesterday. The prices of rice and other foodstuffs are rising in Peking.

SHANGHAI, July 17 (Associated Press).—The first major battle between the Anfu forces of General Tuan Chi-jui and Chi-li troops under General Wu Pei-fu occurred on July 15 north of Tientsin and ended in victory for the Anfuites, who, led personally by General Hsu Shu-cheng, captured Yang-tsun, the largest centre on the Peking-Tientsin railway line. This has cut off communication with Peking.

A consular mission, consisting of British, French, Japanese and Americans, has gone to Yang-tsun to invoke the treaty protocol limiting the fighting areas.

Fighting is also reported in the Lofa district, where Chi-li troops are said to be fleeing southward in disorder. It is understood that the diplomatic corps is taking measures to protect them.

Martial law has been proclaimed in Peking.

BRITISH TO DEFEND ISMID-BLACK SEA LINE

Campaign to Wipe Out Bandits In That Territory Is to be Carried On.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17 (Associated Press).—The British and Greeks are preparing to clear the Scutari Peninsula of all Nationalists and establish a line from Ismid to Chileh on the Black Sea, which will control the bandit raids against Bosporus towns and check communication between Angora and Constantinople through the Scutari Peninsula mountains.

General Ironsides of the British forces probably will command the troops. His headquarters will be Ismid. Two British divisions already are available. These will be increased to an army corps. Two Greek regiments will be used.

Turkish Nationalists continue to raid Greek villages on the south shore of the Gulf of Ismid. The Greek Patriarch reports that Fouladjik, a Greek village with a population of 2,000 near Karamorsal, was virtually wiped out on July 13. The Greeks were shut inside the church, which was set on fire. The Patriarch reports that there are only 150 Greeks alive in the village.

The Entente is preparing for a campaign for the extermination of bandits. They will issue a warning that all villages which shelter or assist the Nationalists will be shelled or burned. British torpedo boat destroyers have shelled and ruined Rive, a Nationalist stronghold on the Black Sea near the entrance to the Bosporus, and are carrying out spasmodic bombardments elsewhere against the Nationalists on the Scutari Peninsula, who are shortly to be attacked by land forces from the east.

Failure by the French troops to display the Greek flag at a review on July 14 and failure by the French to salute the flag when passing the Greek Consulate resulted in a protest by the Greeks. The French General, Nayral de Bourgon, in reply apologized for the oversight.

SEES EUROPE SAVED BY LLOYD GEORGE

English Writer Tells of Some Motives Which Actuated Allied Attitude at Spa.

BERLIN CABINET VERY WEAK

With Only Tottering Poland Between Germany and Soviet Army Anarchical Chaos Was Feared.

By G. H. PERRIS.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 18.—No man in the world has the experience and qualities for such leadership that Lloyd George brought to Spa and I believe the general judgment to be that no man but he could have brought the meeting to a successful issue. More than once it reached the point of rupture and each time his hand prevailed.

I am not competent to judge the Prime Minister in home affairs, but to a certainty he stands in the outer world, in a Europe that is suffering far beyond any pains we know, prominent as have been only few master spirits in international history. Joined to his extraordinary nerve and grasp of essentials, his bubbling humor, his curiosity about new men and movements and some of the very qualities that are cited against him at home—proneness to manoeuvre and transaction, openness and elasticity of mind and swift seizure of opportunity—gave immense access of strength to the influence England would have exerted in any case and on which Europe depends more than ever since the defection of America.

At Paris the British themselves were not yet prepared for England to play her natural part of moderator, and President Wilson at one end and Clemenceau at the other with their opposite crowds of worshippers made it almost an impossible part. San Remo meant above all that France was persuaded to agree to Germany being brought into the council. Boulogne was only the trying out of the possibilities of reparation and enforcement. Now came the crucial test.

If in the end the two old enemies could be got round this corner there was hope that force would be definitely supplanted on both sides by sane business discussions and the new Europe would be born. If not, the method of peace and its chief advocate would be badly prejudiced and fresh experiments in violence might complete the ruin of Central Europe.

The auspices were not propitious. Millerand could hardly keep his adversaries in hand, compelled to bring with them the powerful and implacable Stinnes. "When first I saw him I said, 'there goes a fanatic,'" was the Prime Minister's comment.

Both camps in fact, were divided. The Liberal chiefs were more than a little afraid of the base forces behind them. The venal part of the Paris press shouted with joy when it learned that Lloyd George had been saddled with the disarmament proposition. They did not know their man. The Prime Minister sees disarmament as a general necessity, not merely as a penalty for the conquered.

Germany must effectively disarm, and that at once, or the whole process of peace is held up. But we must disarm ourself and the difficulties of the case must be understood. The Government stands weakly between two extremes of class struggle, armed workmen and armed reactionaries. Both must have their strings drawn. The evident interest of the Allies is to aid the Government so situated, weak as it may be. For the greatest of perils, the death of all reparation, is not that of another German aggression, it is anarchy.

In the height of the pressure at Spa I found Lloyd George looking widely over the prospect, sensible in particular of the mischief that might flow from the downfall of Polish ambition. Lenin had been brought and had brought his Soviet to accept conditions for the reopening of trade with Great Britain. A selfish England might have rested upon this success. The Prime Minister looked further.

He saw the Bolsheviki at Warsaw on the German frontier at the very moment when by the punitive occupation of the Ruhr the German people, or a large part of them, might have been thrown into a mad spasm of resistance. Such a conjunction would set half the continent ablaze.

Between one sitting of the conference and another a great decision was taken. Poland must be saved from the consequences of her own folly. The Bolsheviki must stop or they would meet the strength of Britain and not only the ineffectual opposition of France.

LITHUANIANS ENTER VILNA.

Bolsheviki Promise to Turn the City Over to Them.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, July 18.—A special dispatch to the Berlingske Tidende from Kovno, says the Lithuanians have occupied 2,500 square kilometers of territory evacuated by the retreating Poles.

A telegram received here from the Russian Foreign Minister, Tchitcherin, indicates that the Bolsheviki will soon evacuate Vilna, and that there is full understanding between them and the Lithuanian troops which have now also arrived at Vilna. At their entry the Russian Commissioner made a speech declaring that the occupied districts would be handed over to Lithuania in accordance with the Peace Treaty.

GENEVA, July 18. — The journal Pravda, the official mouthpiece of Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevist Premier, a copy of which has arrived here, contains the following statement:

"We are fully in accord with M. Tchitcherin (the Bolshevist Foreign Minister) when he acknowledges that it is urgent for the economic and industrial reconstitution of Russia that Russia and Germany should have a common frontier in the future. Therefore our offensive against Poland will not be terminated until this necessary goal is reached. It is to Germany's interest to aid Russia by every means to attain this object."

INSULT TO FRANCE STUDIED.

German Military Authorities Had Carefully Planned an Affront.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 18.—Further details of the incident at the ceremonial reparation for the insult to the French flag at the embassy show a prearranged insult was intended by the German military authorities. Apart from the conduct of the German troops in singing "Deutschland Ueber Alles" there was carefully studied mockery.

For such an occasion full parade dress, of course, should have been worn, but instead the whole company was in field grey even to the caps which long ago have been abolished for the whole garrison troops of Germany in favor of helmets. Further, the uniforms were old, evidently dug out for the occasion and the high clumsy boots were unpolished.

The appearance of this ragged regiment was greeted with appreciative laughter and cheers by the crowds in the streets. Near eyewitnesses say the presentation of arms was carried out in anything but the proper ceremonial manner.

Reactionary papers vigorously protest against the summary dismissal of Major Haupt of the military police who is held responsible for the flag incident. Major Haupt distinguished himself at the taking of Fort Douaumont near Verdun.

Feisal Mobilizes Against French in Syria; Gouraud Reported Ready to Move Today.

LONDON, July 18.—A general mobilization in Syria has been ordered as a reply to the French ultimatum to King Feisal that he acquiesce in the French mandate for Syria, according to a dispatch to The London Times from Jerusalem.

The dispatch adds that if General Gouraud, the French commander, does not receive a satisfactory reply by Monday the French forthwith will occupy Aleppo and march on Damascus.

Another dispatch to The London Times from Cairo quotes a report received from Haifa, Syria, dated last Friday, as saying the French had advanced in force to Rayak with armored cars, airplanes and artillery, and that it was assumed their destination was Aleppo and Damascus.

The London Times last Saturday printed a report that the French had begun operations in Syria and were moving toward Aleppo and Damascus.

PICTURES POINCARE IN THROES OF DREAM

French Writer Imagines Defeated Allies Attempting Evasions of the Peace Treaty.

WHAT KAISER DID ABOUT IT

And What the Germans by Talking Actually Got Out of Conference at Spa.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 18.—The Matin will print the following tomorrow:

"President Poincaré has dreamed a dream. He dreamed that Germany won the war, imposed a crushing peace at Versailles and sent troops triumphantly through the Arch of Triumph with the Kaiser, Crown Prince, Ludendorf and Hindenburg at their head.

"France had been stripped of her northern territory, England of her colonies and fleet, and America forced to pay a terrific indemnity. But as time wore on six—ten—months after the peace treaty, the Allies began to recover. England had hid submarines and airplanes. The United States was secretly rebuilding both in factories that escaped control. French nationalist patriots were arming despite the half-hearted protests of the French Government.

"Rumors of this began to reach Germany and there was agitation in the German press. Then a German Liberal newspaper proposed that a conference be held at Cannes between the beaten Allies and victorious Germany to induce the former to fulfill the treaty throughly without the idea or hope of evasion and revenge.

"What happened? The army was flung at France and the fleet at England. A cloud of Zeppelins and Gothas bombed New York. French Nationalist bands were hunted down and slaughtered. Paris was smashed into submission with minenwerfers and machine guns. The latter's murderous rattle woke the French President.

"For a moment he was dazed. Then memory returned—the Allies had won the war and were holding at Spa just the same conference as the Liberal German newspaper had proposed for Cannes. The President continues:

"'I don't for a moment desire to suggest that we should imitate the brutal and bloody methods that the Germans might have employed. But is there not a mean between brutality and weakness? After all, what have been the results of Spa? The principal problem that the conference had to settle—reparations on which depend France's resurrection—has not even been touched. It has been put off to the Genevan Kalends.'

"Disarmament of Germany has been postponed. The amount of coal fixed by the treaty, even less in amount than was apportioned by the Reparations Committee, has been reduced still further. We have agreed to advance Germany money without even knowing if she will pay us our damages. It is true we got the insertion of penal clauses in the event of non-fulfilment, but they are a long way off, and meanwhile Germany has learned how best to play the game against the Allies and, still more, how to temporize, for time is on her side. She has seen what she gains by talking; she will go on with it. The sessions will continue indefinitely.

"And yet I dream no longer—the Allies are victorious and the Germans vanquished."

GERMANS DECEIVED ON AMERICAN POWER

"If Wilson Wants War, He Can Have It," Kaiser Wrote on Paper Made Public.

BERLIN, July 18 (Associated Press).—"The Failure of Frightfulness" might be the title of a report of the second sub-committee of the Commision of Investigation on President Wilson's peace effort in the Winter of 1916-17 which has just been issued.

The report, which was drawn up by Professor Sinsheimer, former Socialist member of the Reichstag, gravely indicts Germany's military dictators at the time for rejecting a possible peace in favor of unrestricted submarine warfare, and declares the gravest error was under-estimation of America's resources.

The report declares the German public was grossly misled and blames those in authority for withholding from the public knowledge of communications from Haniel von Haimhausen, Under Secretary of the Foreign Office; Franz von Papen, former Military Attaché at Washington, and others familiar with the American situation who issued warnings against the submarine warfare.

An interesting marginal note by the former Emperor to one document appended to the report, reads:

"An end must be made once for all to negotiations with America. If Wilson wants war he can have it."

PILGRIM FETE TO START.

Ambassador Davis to Aid Celebration Opening Saturday in England.

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LONDON, July 18.—The first of the tercentenary Mayflower celebrations will be held Saturday in Southampton on the 300th anniversary of the sailing of the Mayflower from that port.

A historical pageant will be performed in the presence of the American Ambassador and other distinguished persons, close to the spot from which the Pilgrims embarked. Following this will be a carnival and sports.

On the same date there will be meetings in various towns of Essex, from which country many Pilgrims came. The principal celebrations will be at Romford, Chelmsford, Southend and Billericay.

Ambassador Davis on July 29 will unveil a memorial in the Congregational Church at Billericay to the four Pilgrims from that town. Later there will be celebrations at Plymouth and other points associated with the Pilgrims.

TURKS MUST HELP THRACE OCCUPATION

Acceptance of the Peace Treaty by Constantinople Is Now Expected There.

BRIGANDS NEAR CAPITAL

Small Bands Rob and Murder in the Outskirts of the City, Eluding the Troops.

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CONSTANTINOPLE, July 18.—The Greeks are prepared for immediate occupation of Thrace from three sides, as ordered by the Allies. It generally is understood the Turks intend to sign the treaty. Acceptance of the treaty means the Government co-operates in the Thrace occupation, while heretofore it openly encouraged Jajar Tayar in his preparations for resistance.

The Thrace occupation threatens to become decidedly embarrassing politically, rather than militarily, because the Bulgarians and other Slav elements are lined behind Tayar. The Greeks even sent a proclamation to Sofia announcing their intention to war on the Bulgarian bands employed to fight the Greeks. The inclination of the Government to accept the occupation is shown by a request that the Turk representatives, police, soldiers, and administrative forces join with the Greek troops in taking over the towns and sending the Turk inspectors to Panderma, Brussa, and other captured territory in the Ismid Peninsula.

The former Turkish Governor of Smyrna has advised the Grand Assembly of Anatolia that it is necessary for the Turks to fight to death.

Americans from Harput say independent Kurd brigands are operating there. It is not known whether they are employed by Kemal Pasha. Mrs. Miney of Boston, the only relief worker in Adabazar, is attempting the evacuation of 200 orphans owing to the fact that it is impossible to get supplies and to the report that Kemal Pasha intends to establish headquarters there. The Americans at Konia have been cut off since the Greeks' drive began. There is sporadic fighting at Adana.

Brigandage is coming closer to Constantinople, showing great activity on the European side of the Bosporus, near Buyukdere, while looting and murders on the Asiatic side, near Kekios, are continuing under very close of the Greek patrols who are daily having machine gun battles with the Kemal Pasha army. Bandits estimated at 800 are working in bands of five or ten and entering homes and robbing pedestrians and motorists on the outskirts of Constantinople.

Last night a Russian was killed and his wife wounded while motoring between here and Thereapia, ten miles away, making the twelfth similar murder during the week. The country is hilly and the bandits are able almost to descend within hailing distance of the Allies' camps undetected.

GREEKS HIT FRENCH AIRPLANE

Explanations Demanded for Attack on Flier Over Thrace.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17 (Associated Press).—Greek cannon near Adrianople on Thursday fired at a French airplane on its way from Constantinople to Bucharest, causing damage which forced it to descend. The pilot was Lieutenant Malleterre, son of the French General Malleterre, and he had as a passenger a British subject, J. H. MacBaffin, Director of the Levant Trading Company. There also were two French mechanics in the plane.

The machine was flying in the regular passenger service which the French Government has established with Bucharest. Explanations have been demanded from the Greeks, who recently have had some friction with the French in Thrace, charging that the French are supplying information to the Nationalist forces of Colonel Jafar Tavar.

TURMOIL IN NEAR EAST.

Old Feuds and Religious Hatreds Cropping Out in Many Places.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 15 (Associated Press).—The prediction of disinterested statesmen that the proposed peace treaty with Turkey, apportioning the choicest parts of the Turkish Empire among the various European powers, would Balkanize the entire Levant seemingly has been realized. War exists today from the Black Sea to the Dead Sea, the Turks and Arabs being engaged in fighting with the British, French and Greeks in almost countless places.

Palestine, Syria, Cilicia, Anatolia and Thrace are in religious ferment. The Mohammedans are massacring or deporting Greeks and Armenians. The Christians are retaliating wherever they are strong enough to do so.

The Russian Bolsheviki are taking a hand through their contact in the Caucasus with the Tartars, connecting the Asiatic struggle with their battlefront from the Baltic to the Black Sea and stirring the Moslem world to greater resistance by promising additional contact with Soviet Russia through Rumania and Bulgaria. The Bolsheviki declare they will subjugate these latter countries as soon as they have attended to Poland. They plan this way to thwart possible domination of Turkey by Great Britain, through support of Grecian territorial aspirations.

Hatreds of centuries are being displayed in their most hideous form. Religious and race prejudices and international battles for commercial advantages in territory and for fuel oil appear in the swirl of which Constantinople is the centre. Even the Russians here, who hitherto apparently had been unsympathetic, are watching the struggle with more complaisance. It is said they hope for actual control of Constantinople by the Moscow Government in the event of Poland's defeat and the realisation of the pledges made to Russia early in the war.

In high official quarters here it is said that Great Britain and Greece stand alone with regard to the Turkish treaty. The Italians here openly disavow the treaty, while the French acquiesce in it grumblingly.

The indications are that Damad Ferid Pasha, the Grand Vizier, who is decidedly Anglophile, will organize a new Government which will sign the treaty in order to check a further Greek advance into Asia Minor. But Mustapha Kemal Pasha and his regular troops and bandit associates, who are variously estimated to aggregate from 200,000 to 500,000, are still to be dealt with.

JAPANESE PROBLEM WORRIES BRITAIN

California Agitation Has Direct Bearing on the Proposed Alliance.

CANADA MUST APPROVE IT

But She, Like Other Dominions, Holds the Same Views as the Pacific States.

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LONDON, July 18.—The British Government is watching closely developments in the Japanese question in California and is arranging to have full reports on the agitation in favor of prohibiting Japanese from acquiring land ownership. Japan alleges that the agitation is a violation of the spirit of the League of Nations.

Great Britain's difficulty is that California's attitude is identical with that of Canada, Australia and New Zealand, and she cannot conclude any agreement with Japan which is not approved by these Dominions.

The present intention is to refer the whole situation to the League of Nations in the hope that the League will be able to find a way out which, while preserving the Anglo-Japanese alliance, will satisfy colonial opinion and avoid offending America, whose friendship is valued far more than that of Japan.

The opinion held here is that all depends upon the attitude of America. If the Dominions are assured of American support they will probably succeed in preventing a renewal of the treaty, but if that happens Great Britain undoubtedly will seek an alliance, or at least an informal agreement with America for control of the Pacific.

British statesmen feel that with the growing power of the Soviet Government and its increasing tendency to adopt a strong foreign policy the conditions under which the treaty originally was framed are being reshaped. The treaty was originally intended to hold the Russian power in check, and when Czarism fell it was thought that the danger had disappeared.

Now that there is a prospect of a strong Russia, bitterly opposed to all "capitalistic" governments, statesmen here believe that some entente for the preservation of the status quo is absolutely necessary. They would prefer an alliance with America, but if America is not willing to conclude one, Great Britain may be forced into the arms of Japan for another period of years.

Japanese statesmen are fully cognizant of this state of affairs and are making the most of the opportunity to gain for their nationals equal rights in the British colonies, believing that if they are successful America must fall in line.

CONFERENCE RESULTS DISAPPOINT GERMANS

Big Business Aggrieved Because Hue Impressed Allies More Than Stinnes Did.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 18.—The unanimous verdict in Germany concerning the Spa Convention result is that it is extremely disappointing and at best only grants Germany a few months' respite, but will not prevent the final catastrophe that, according to the Teutonic side, will mean the end of half the world.

Industrial and financial circles have a particular grievance against the Entente delegates because the latter, instead of being advised by Stinnes, permitted themselves to be more impressed by the labor leader Hue's rough and ready mode of argument, with the result that for her only Spa success Germany is obliged to the Social Democracy. State Secretary Simons, himself interviewed, characterized this one "success" as follows:

"We saved the Ruhr district from invasion, but at very dear cost."

Though Dr. Simons does not take quite so black a view as most other competent judges and naturally makes the best of his and the other delegates' work, even he appears extremely depressed. Next to saving the Ruhr district from invasion, he thinks the German delegation deserves some credit for having successfully persisted in refusing to sign the clause permitting similar retribution in case the coal arrangement should prove impracticable, because, as he argued, "the German delegation could not tolerate having its face slapped and then attest to having received the slap."

Some members of the German delegation arrived last night and others this morning. They looked very tired in body and soul and seemed not to care about concealing their disgust.

Chancellor Fehrenbach and other Cabinet members are expected tomorrow morning. There will be no ovations for them on their arrival in Berlin. His own partisans are extremely disappointed with the Chancellor and a very hot time is promised him beginning at the Reichstag's reopening in August, which many prophesy he will not survive. The only gainers as far as interior politics is concerned are the labor parties, and their organs have lost no time in driving it home.

"A new power," the leading leader in the Dortmund General Anzeiger, Socialist organ, says, "made its appearance at the Spa Conference, causing to our adversaries painful embarrassment. German mining labor, through Hue, brought its fist down on the table and declared, 'Why should we German miners continue to haul coal if Germany is doomed to perish anyway? We prefer looking on to see if you braggarts at the green table will succeed in hauling your own coal from the bowels of the earth.' The coal arrangement will be adhered to only if the Entente supplies the promised additional food. No food ships, no coal. Miners of the Ruhr district, it is for you to say whether or not France shall have coal."

For once all classes, excepting high finance and captains of industry, seem a unit in the idea that Germany's salvation after all may depend upon the attitude of the great laboring masses toward the inflexible harshness with which the Entente tries to uphold the Versailles Treaty. Even the leaders of the Independent Socialists approve Hue's attitude, though fears are expressed that too intensive activity in foreign politics might divert the proletariat's strength from interior problems, which for the present are more important for these men.

Foch to be Honorary Member of the Knights of Columbus

BOSTON, July 18.—Announcement that Marshal Foch would be made an honorary member of the Knights of Columbus on his unveiling of the statue of Lafayette, the order's gift to France, at Meis on Aug. 21, was made here today by Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty of Philadelphia.

Mr. Flaherty, who attended a meeting of officers of the order preliminary to the supreme convention, said that he would personally induct the Marshal and that this would be the first time that any resident of Europe had been taken into the American order.

ITALY NEAR QUITTING IN ALBANIA AND EAST

Giolitti's Aid Gives Official Hint of New Policy Looking to Withdrawal of Troops.

LABOR FOR DEMOBILIZATION

Workers' Fight on Imperialist Design Said to Cause Change—Greece May Get Islands.

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ROME, July 18.—"Two questions," said the private secretary of Giolitti, Italy's Minister-President, in an interview on behalf of his chief today, "most seriously occupy the attention of the Italian Government. One is the question of Albania, which must be settled in the immediate future. The other, the problem of Fiume, will require longer for agreement.

"Italy is ready to give Albania its independence. To that end Signor Giolitti dispatched Baron Aliotty last week to treat with the Nationalists, and we hope to be able to announce a definite alliance during the coming week.

"We are ready to recognise the present Nationalist Government, or any strong Government which may arise there, but the interests of Italy must be protected. We must be assured that another power will not be able to obtain a foothold and threaten Italy from those shores.

"Despite the fact that the Peace Conference gave Valona and its hinterland to Italy, we are ready to withdraw from the city if we are assured by the treaty which we hope to conclude that the port of Valona cannot be used as a base for enemy warships and submarines in the event of a war with Italy. It is only a six-hour run from Valona to the Italian coast and the important naval base of Trentino. With these assurances and sufficient guarantees that they will be observed we are ready to withdraw entirely from Albania.

"Signor Nitti, former Minister-President, had an opportunity of making this solution months ago. He refused to do it. Signor Giolitti has reversed his policy. The Italian people have no imperialistic designs on the territory of Albania. Signor Nitti sought to keep every territorial advantage won by Italy, whether justified or not. Signor Giolitti seeks only to restore the economic balance of Italy.

"We also are ready to withdraw in the immediate future from the Dodecanesus, but we seek first an agreement with Greece which will help the economic situation. We will exchange the islands, giving them to Greece in return for raw materials, wheat, credits abroad and cash."

This statement was received here as giving the Italians official reasons for withdrawing from Albania and the Near East. The unofficial and more creditable one is that Italian workmen are demanding immediate demobilization of the army, withdrawal of troops from foreign soil and an anti-imperialistic policy.

ALBERTA FARMERS PLAN POOL TO MARKET WHEAT

Would Deliver Grain Themselves if Government Makes Wheat Board Inoperative.

CALGARY, Alberta, July 18.—Directors of the United Farmers of Alberta, meeting here today, decided to request the United Grain Growers, Limited, and the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevators Company to consider the feasibility of forming a co-operative farmers' pool, to deliver the Canadian 1920 wheat crop on the European markets.

This action was proposed should the Dominion Government adhere to its decision to make the Wheat Board inoperative. The Directors, it was said, first would make every effort to have the board continued for another year as now constituted.

TWO BOYS HOLD UP MAN.

One Pins His Arms Behind Him While Other Empties Pockets.

Ruggierio Ansiello, 15 years old, of 34 Hester Street, was arrested by Detective Henry F. Schneider of the Elizabeth Street Station yesterday afternoon at Canal and Elizabeth Streets after, it is alleged, he and another boy, who escaped, attempted to rob Frank Sexton, who lives at the Savoy Hotel in the Bowery.

Detective Schneider said he saw Ansiello going through Sexton's pockets while the other boy pinned the man's arms behind his back. Ansiello was later attended at the Elizabeth Street Station for a laceration of the scalp, received when he resisted arrest. He said he did not know the name of the other boy. He is charged with juvenile delinquency.

BOY CYCLIST HITS WAGON.

Youthful Racer Wanted to See Why Opponent Dismounted.

While engaged in a bicycle race yesterday morning at Hopkinson and Pitkin Avenues, Brooklyn, Isador Hemeroff, 14 years old, of 436 Hopkinson Avenue, ran into the rear of an ice cream wagon going in the same direction and suffered a fracture of the skull. He was taken to St. Mary's Hospital.

The boy was racing with William Schneider, 15 years old, of 445 Hopkinson Avenue, who had dismounted from his bicycle. Isadore wanted to see why the Schneider boy had dismounted when the collision took place.

LABOR EFFICIENCY FOUND INCREASING

Twenty-three Manufacturers Report a Noticeable Improvement Since Last September.

NORMAL NOT YET REACHED

Other Employers Say They Have Sensed a Better Spirit Among the Workers.

PIECE WORK IS FOUND BEST

Better Class of Labor Reported Available—Change to Open Shop Helps in One Plant.

Labor's efficiency is increasing, according to reports received by the Industrial Bureau of the Merchants' Association from forty-nine manufacturers, representing forty industries, who replied to a letter sent out by the bureau. The same manufacturers reported in September, 1919, that in general labor was not more than 70 per cent. efficient, judged by normal standards.

"Although production per man per hour has not yet reached normal, it has been gradually improving since last September," says the report, "especially during the last four or five months, and a spirit of optimism regarding the productivity of labor is now prevalent among manufacturers.

"It is not possible to measure the increase in output on a percentage basis except in special cases, and it cannot be said that the increase is as yet remarkable, but the testimony is unmistakable that a change for the better is now well under way.

"Of the forty-nine manufacturers who reported, twenty-three say that the efficiency of their employes has increased noticeably since last September; five say that although they have seen no measurable increase, they sense a better spirit among their employes; seventeen say that they have observed no change, and three say that they have noted a decrease. One manufacturer reports that it is his observation that labor efficiency is increasing in many lines of industry, although he has available no specific data for his own plant.

"The reasons given for the present tendency toward increased productivity per man are varied, but those most frequently cited are the increase in the number of applicants for positions and the change from time work to piece work.

"Some manufacturers report also that there seems to be a better class of labor available, and two or three make this statement particularly in reference to female labor. One manufacturer says that a decided increase in individual efficiency occurred in his plant following a change from a closed shop to an open shop policy. Another manufacturer reports as follows:

"'We have until the past two months been running under strained conditions, due to a large percentage of our help being affiliated and under union rules. We have had a six weeks' shutdown through this. Since then a complete change has taken place. We can say today that our percentage of increase in production has now reached between 30 and 40 per cent., with a tendency to further increased production.'

"The following statements are made by manufacturers in the jewelry, automobile accessories and candy industries:

"'The fact that there has been a slight increase in the productivity of labor is in no sense, in our opinion, due to the conscience-stricken feeling that may have pervaded labor, but rather to the prevalent dulness through which all industries are now passing. This condition has finally been driven home to labor, which realizes that its intolerant attitude will no longer prevail.'

"'In all departments that we have inaugurated the piece work system the output is entirely satisfactory, but the output on time labor is fully 30 per cent. below normal.'"

SEIZE TWO AS BUR

FINDS SOVIET VIEWS IN AUTHORS LEAGUE

Emil Voute, Editorial Writer, Resigns After Getting Upton Sinclair Circular.

DISAGREES WITH MEMBERS

Bolshevist Principles of Some of Them Offensive to Him—His Resignation Accepted.

Because he believes that the Authors League of America, 41 Union Square, is being used as a vehicle for Bolshevist and pro-Soviet propaganda, Emile Voute, novelist, an editorial writer, has resigned from that organization, it was learned yesterday.

In an interview with a New York Times reporter, when he confirmed the report that he had resigned from the league because its principles and those of some members of the association were incompatible, Mr. Voute said:

"Last April I received a circular of a book by Upton Sinclair, sent out. I believe, through the good offices of the Authors League, which appealed to me as flagrant anti-American and pro-Soviet propaganda. In it Sinclair asserts, among other things, that the American press has not preserved its integrity, and offers Soviet Russia among his examples of subjects with which our press has not dealt fairly. I have nothing in common with men of Sinclair's ilk, and so I resigned."

"Many members of the league," Mr. Voute continued, "I know to be fine Americans in every way and devoted to the welfare of their country. Authors, as a class, have the reputation of being more or less bohemian in their attitude toward life, and for this reason, perhaps, the enemies of our society and national life find such an organization conveniently easy for them to work through."

Mr. Voute's letter of resignation was addressed to Eric Schuler, the Secretary of the league, who could not be found yesterday.

In his letter, Mr. Voute says:

In sending you my resignation from the Authors League I am reminded that some weeks ago I asked you whether it would be possible for me to receive a list of names and addresses of members, to whom I desired to send something of a political nature, but also of a nature completely, thoroughly and emphatically American. I was rather surprised at the denial of my request for these same lists and again received similar and circularized letters that had every earmark of having been sent according to the membership list of the League. Many of them actually mentioned the Authors' League.

The receipt by me of the enclosed radical prospectus, perfectly anti-American—in fact, entirely pro-Bolshevist—settled in my mind the question as to whether or not I may be permitted to use the League's membership list for circularization purposes. I have nothing in common with Upton Sinclair or those of his kind. If you have not read his plea, it may interest you, and possibly you may prove interesting reading in The Bulletin (the League's official organ). It is yours, with my compliments.

Upton Sinclair asks for a newspaper without a propaganda behind it, and upholds one's intelligence by thinking one does not read in his circular the propaganda of Bolshevism and the so-called Soviets.

A few days after he sent this letter, Mr. Voute was notified that the Directors of the League had voted to "regretfully accept" his resignation.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Certificate of stock No. 302, representing one (1) share of the capital stock of the Bryant Park Bank, No. 220 West 42d St., the transfer of which has been stopped. All persons are hereby ordered to show cause to the bank on or before August 23, 1920, why a new certificate should not be issued in lieu thereof.

LOST—In New Amsterdam Theatre Saturday evening, blue silk bag, cut steel beads, containing small amount of money and cigarette case. Finder please return to the Clerk, Hotel Belmont, and receive reward.

LOST—A purple silk umbrella in the Grand Central Station, lower level, about 9 o'clock Thursday morning last. Kindly return to W. C. Schilthuis, B-14 Produce Exchange, New York City.

LOST—Friday, black wallet, containing papers belonging to Henry Rosenblatt and Leon Rosenblatt, Inc.; liberal reward. 51 Maiden Lane. John 6277.

LOST—Between Brooklyn and Rockaway Beach, bunch of keys on chain, with oval tag. Reward. Room 808, 291 Broadway. Phone Worth 4723.

LOST—Umbrella, silver handle, initials "D. H. R." Sunday morning, Manhattan subway station; reward. M 35 Times.

LOST—Bank book No. 252,360, South Brooklyn Savings Bank. Return to bank.

Jewelry.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, 2 inches long, ¼ inch wide, 6 small and one large diamond in platinum setting, between Woman's Hospital, 110th St., Claremont Av., and 116th St.; liberal reward to finder; no questions asked. S. H. Steinberg, 25 Claremont Av. Morningside 4834. Watkins 4173.

LOST—Thursday, between 3-6, gold wrist watch, monogram H. H.; between 80th St. and Lexington Av., 97th St. and Broadway; liberal reward to finder; watch valued to owner. 768 West End Av.

LOST—On Friday night, probably at Montmartre, heart-shaped end, of diamond and onyx pin. Reward will be paid on return to L. Cooper, 46 West 40th St.

LOST—Cort Theatre, Wednesday evening, July 14, pair of platinum lorgnettes with black ribbon and diamond buckle; reward. C. L. Lawrance, 644 West 44th.

LOST—On Thursday, in Woodmere, L. I., on Burton Av. or Crawford Road, a small gold bar pin with pearl at each end of bar; reward. Phone 2440 Woodmere.

LOST—Diamond platinum bar pin, on Coney Island bus or at Coney Island. Reward if returned to H. McCandless, 440 East 144th St. Tel. Melrose 1122M.

LOST—Between 42d St. and Woolworth Building, horseshoe stick pin, seven diamonds. Return to Room 66, Somerset Hotel.

LOST—B. R. T. train or Brighton Beach, small coral carved brooch; valued as keepsake; reward. Newton, 97 W. Prospect.

LOST—Pair aluminum opera glasses, near 10th and 5th Av., on Tuesday, July 13, about 8 o'clock; reward. 33 5th Av.

LOST—Manhattan Beach, July 10, diamond ring; reward. Communicate W 476 Times.

$1,000 REWARD

for return of 2 solitaire diamond rings and diamond bar pin, lost July 11, vicinity of Richter's Halcyon Casino Baths, Arverne, L. I. L. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—White English Bulldog with yellow spot on head and left side; reward. U. S. S. Tennessee, Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Found.

FOUND—Downtown New York, July 2, wallet containing sum money; will return on proper identification. Address W. Hamilton, 120 Broadway, Room 2234.

PERSONAL.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT I, JEAN Pichood, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Marguerite Pichood, 228 West 50th St., N. Y., after this date, July 17, 1920, at 2 P. M. Jean Pichood.

EDDIE C.—WRITE, WIRE OR PHONE ME; very important; full loyalty; protection guaranteed. Bill, 119 South Elliott Place.

CHICAGO CAR STRIKE ENDS.

Unions Failed to Get Rise and "Closed" South Side Shops.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The "one man" street car strike, which has partially paralyzed Chicago's transportation system since last Thursday, was called off late this afternoon, when at a conference of company officials, Mike Boyle and other union heads, a compromise agreement was subscribed to by all factions.

According to the terms of the peace treaty, the company won a decisive victory over the Boyle faction. The South Side shops, bone of contention in the strike, will remain open to both union and non-union men alike.

By 7 o'clock tonight all sub-station men and others who struck on night shifts were back on the job. There was little change in the terms finally agreed upon and those the company had offered.

The union chiefs were defeated on demands for an increase of the two groups of Class B electricians to a standard rate of pay. The same was true of the tinners. Their wages will remain at the $1 and 95 cents an hour rate, as heretofore.

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John Knott, business agent of Linemen's Local No. 9, failed to gain his objective, the unionization of the foremen. He also accepted the rate offered by the company of $10 a day for foremen, $9 a day for linemen and $7 a day for helpers.

NURSES' RESTHOUSE OPENED

Bayshore Institution Is Provided by Red Cross Fund.

A rest house for nurses who have served with the Red Cross, army, navy or United States Public Health Organization has been opened at Bayshore by the Red Cross, local headquarters announced yesterday. The house is in charge of Miss Mabel Fletcher, a Red Cross nurse who saw service in Italy during the war, and fills the need of a place for nurses who have not recovered from the strain of duty overseas or epidemic service in this country.

Nurses taking Government vocational training courses, those being trained under the Red Cross scholarship arrangement and other nurses who wish to avail themselves of the benefits of the rest house will also be eligible.

The house, a substantial structure with a spacious porch and grounds, will accomodate twenty-six nurses. It is on the main street of Bayshore, four minutes from the bathing beach and Great South Bay. An appropriation by national headquarters of the Red Cross made the project possible.

"ROLLED BONES" NOISILY.

Eight Men Get Suspended Sentences —Thirty Are Discharged.

Chief Justice Frederic Kernochan of the Court of Special Sessions, sitting as a Magistrate in the West Side Court yesterday, found eight men guilty of disorderly conduct after Detective James O'Brien testified that he found them in an apartment on West 109th Street, boisterously "rolling the bones," and that they threw lighted cigarette butts out of the window, two of which hit him, the detective testified. The court suspended sentence.

Thirty more alleged dice throwers, card and domino players who were arrested, charged with being disorderly because they gambled in their homes, were discharged by Justice Kernochan. He remarked that he did not think it a crime to play a quiet game of cards at home.

POLICEMAN SHOOTS ROBBER

Fell Asleep on Stoop and Awakened by Thief with Revolver.

Patrolman Edward J. Cassidy of the Astoria Police Station, who had escorted a young woman to her home at 2,077 Eighth Avenue early yesterday morning, took a nap on her stoop.

When he awoke he was looking into the muzzle of a revolver pointed at him by one of two men. Cassidy fired over the men's heads once, and then shot one when they refused to halt. The wounded man gave his name as Thomas Malone, 22, of 2,172 Eighth Avenue. He was taken to the Harlem Hospital, delirious, the bullet having gone through the right side of his back and coming out of his abdomen. His companion escaped. The men had taken $37 and a gold watch.

Fred H. Post's Condition Unchanged

Physicians at Bellevue Hospital yesterday said that the condition of Fred H. Post, polo player and dealer in polo ponies of East Williston, L. I., who was sent to Bellevue several days ago suffering from anthrax, was unchanged. The crisis will have been reached in a few days, and until then it was said that no definite medical prognostications could be made of the chances for recovery.

Madrid Wars Against Food Costs.

MADRID, July 17.—All the newspapers have joined the Imparcial in the campaign it has just started to bring about a decrease in the cost to the middle classes of food and clothing. A large meeting was held today, at which the speakers proposed energetic methods to promote the movement.

Trinidad Oversubscribes Loan.

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, July 18.—A loan of £1,000,000 for public works has been oversubscribed locally by £90,000. The bonds will pay 6 per cent. This was the first attempt of the Trinidad Government to raise money outside of England.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

According to Annie Hughes, an English comedienne, who returned from London Saturday, more than half of the plays in the West End theatres are from American sources.

"Come Seven," the blackface comedy by Octavus Roy Cohen, opens tonight at the Broadhurst Theatre.

Beginning Sept. 6, the George M. Cohan Theatre will be devoted exclusively to Mr. Cohan's productions for the entire season.

Lee Ditrichstein and Lee Shubert will present the new Brieux play "The Americans in France" in Stamford, Friday night. It is scheduled to open in New York Aug. 2.

"Little Miss Charity," a comedy with music, will be placed in rehearsal today by Richard G. Herndon. It will open after a fortnight on tour at the Belmont Theatre.

The American Company engaged for Robert Courtneidge's London play "Paddy the Next Best Thing," includes Eileen Elhban, Cyril Scott, Pauline Armitage, Eunice Elliott, Walter Edwin, Jeita Stuart, Charles B. Wells, Isabelle West, Hugh Huntley, Kitty O'Connor, Hamilton Christie, Charles McCarthy, Hilda Harris, Lida Kane and Emily Lorraine.

Margaret Anglin will open the Frazee Theatre, formerly the Harris Theatre, with "The Woman of Bronze," about Sept. 1.

THE SCREEN

Drawing on "The Murders in the Rue Morgue," the latest feats of airplane dare-devils, the farthest reaches of surgical speculation, a popular idea of the excitements of newspaper reporting, the stock materials for screen melodrama, and also his own imagination and skill as a cinematician, Marshall Neilan has contrived a motion picture which outstrips many of its competitors in melodramatic action, and in holding the interest of spectators is quite unequaled by most of the recent works of its kind. It may be seen at the Strand this week under the title, "Go and Get It."

This production is no more plausible, no more credible, than any other rampant movie melodrama. Everything and everybody in it is perfectly impossible. But the photoplay is not therefore dull. Mr. Neilan has so speeded, and yet regulated, his action, and so shot and arranged his quickly moving scenes, that for the moment of its duration the story has vitality. It holds the interest—and this is all that a melodrama is supposed to do. As unreal and far from ordinary human experience as the story is, it takes on the aspect of reality. The things that happen in it are pictured in clear-cut vivid fashion, in logical sequence, and a definite, direct motive is supplied each of the characters. In this latter respect, "Go and Get It" has a factor missing in many melodramatic narratives. Often the villain's a villain because he's a villain, and for no other evident reason, likewise the hero's a hero, and so on. No propelling motive is apparent in any one. In Mr. Neilan's story, however, every person does what he does because of an object in view, and by this fact is made comprehensible. Clearness is also given to the plot by the introduction of numerous little scenes and panoramic views that supply vitalizing details and supporting environment to the main action.

Also the acting makes its necessary contribution to the whole. Pat O'Malley as the hero and Agnes Ayres as the heroine are sufficient, and J. Barney Sherry, C. Mailles, Noah Beery, Bull Montana, Walter Long and the others in the cast suit well their actions and appearances to their parts. Those used merely as types are good, too.

The story of "Go and Get It" revolves chiefly about a newspaper with a dishonest publisher and the achievement of a super-surgeon in substituting the brain of man for that of a gorilla, giving the animal thereby the impulse to carry out the acts of vengeance entertained in the mind of the man. An amazing reporter solves the mystery of the murders committed by the animal, thwarts the dishonest publisher, and marries the heroine, after all of which, it may be assumed, he takes a long vacation. Another assignment to "go and get it" and even he would have been a fit subject for a home for broken down newspapermen. But he lasts until the end of the story, and that is enough to give lovers of melodrama all they have a right to expect.

"The World and His Wife," adapted by Frances Marion from the stage play of the same name in which William Faversham and Julia Opp appeared some years ago, and more remotely from Jose Echegaray's "The Great Galeoto," is the photoplay at the Rivoli this week. It is an uneven work, with positive merit and serious fault. In the first place, there is good material in its story—that of the damage done by idle gossip, and the acting, for the most part, is excellent. Alma Rubens, whose work in "Humoresque" is entirely overshadowed by that of Vera Gordon, proves her quality in "The World and His Wife," and receives noteworthy support from Montagu Love, Pedro de Cordoba, Charles Gerard, Gaston Glass, Byron Russell and the others in the cast. Also, some of the separate scenes are effectively staged. Other scenes, however, are weak, and the treatment of the story as a whole leaves it, despite its good points, extremely tedious in many places. The central action is psychological—the working of ugly gossip on the minds of three innocent people—and this should have had imaginative, suggestive, perhaps symbolical treatment. But the pictures are literal, simply animated photographs of externals, and subtitles are depended upon for psychological analysis—something of which they are incapable. The result is lack of force, failure to convince.

Furthermore, numerous non-essential scenes drag out the action while interest wanes, and when the end is finally arrived at the ultimate happiness of the real hero and heroine is foreshadowed, whereas, by all of argument of developments and the clear logic of the narrative, unrelieved tragedy is the only possible outcome. The photoplay, therefore, misses its main mark, but scores several incidental points. It was directed by Robert G. Vignola.

The Capitol program this week includes a Rex Beach comedy, "Going Some," and Mrs. Sidney Drew's "The Unconventional Maida Greenwood," with John Cumberland. The Rialto's chief offering is "The Fighting Chance," and "The Girl in the Web," with Blanche Sweet, is at B. S. Moss's Broadway. "Humoresque" continues at the Criterion and "Shipwrecked Among Cannibals" at the Astor.

SEE RACE FROM LINER.

Steamship Finland Coming from Europe Stops Off Sandy Hook.

When the Red Star liner Finland sailed from Antwerp ten days ago the 287 cabin passengers were promised by the officials of the company that the vessel would be held off Sandy Hook so they could see the race for the America's Cup. The Finland arrived yesterday morning. The passengers were pleased with the near view they had of the Resolute and Shamrock IV. doing the second leg on Saturday afternoon.

The Finland brought 336 steerage passengers, who were not detained at Quarantine, as there were no typhus contacts among them.

MUSIC NOTES.

Enrico Caruso is to make his only appearance hereabouts this Summer in a concert at Asbury Park on Saturday evening, Aug. 14. Next Thursday Rose Ponselle sings there, and on July 29 Merle Alcock and Orville Harrold.

Rachel Morton Harris sings airs from "Carmen" and "The Cid" at the Stadium tonight. Walter Rothwell will conduct one movement from Beethoven's fifth symphony, Smetana's "The River Moldau," Mosart's "Turkish March," Offenbach's barcarolle from "Tales of Hoffman," Wagner's prelude to "The Master Singers" and Humperdinck's dream music from "Hansel and Gretel."

The Goldman Concert Band will give a free concert in Thomas Jefferson Park tomorrow evening, with an all-Italian program of operatic composers, as well as the "Marcia Reale," coupled with "The Star-Spangled Banner" and a "Triumphal March" by Mancinelli, who led opera at the Metropolitan for Maurice Grau. Tonight Mr. Goldman opens his usual concert at Columbia with a "Military March" by Granados.

CHILEAN WARSHIPS ARRIVE AT ARICA

Bolivian Revolution Still Subject of Much Speculation—Peru Gives Recognition.

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 17.—The newspapers announce that a Chilean battleship and a part of the other units of the Chilean fleet have arrived at Arica.

The public press continues absorbed with discussion of the possible effect of the Bolivian revolt on Chilean relations in connection with the littoral question as a result of the Republicans coming into power. The Mercurio remarks obscurely that the situation itself justifies "our Government's measures of prevision. It is presumed the revolutionaries will try as soon as possible to get Congress to give constitutional form to their acts and only then to commence perceiving the international policy of their new powers."

The morning papers give prominence to declarations by José Escalier, the Bolivian Republican chief who is now en route from Buenos Aires to La Paz, in which he comments on the treaty signed in 1905 between Bolivia and Chile. Escalier is quoted as saying that, Bolivia having ceded Antofagasta under this treaty, "the Republican Party hopes the closing in of Bolivia by the treaty cannot be definite because international pacts embodying injustices must necessarily suffer equitable modifications in consulting justice and the permanent interests of the people."

Although the possibility of counteraction by the deportees has been reported, so far as known here there is no information upon which to base such expectations. It appears, moreover, that the Bolivian Army has been entirely affected by the revolution.

LIMA, Peru, July 17.—Instructions to recognize officially the new Bolivian Government have been sent to the Peruvian representative at La Paz, Dr. Melton F. Porras, Chancellor of Peru, announced in an interview here tonight.

Referring to reports from Santiago and Buenos Aires regarding mobilization in Chile and Peru, Dr. Porras stated that Peru is pursuing a pacific course and that no military movements of any character have been ordered. He said that while Peru viewed with sympathy the triumph of the new Bolivian Government, reports of Peruvian participation in aiding the revolution were false and unworthy of consideration.

MEXICO CITY, July 18.—The new Bolivian Government has been recognized by the Mexican Government of Provisional President de la Huerta, according to El Democrata.

Excelsior expresses the view that recognition was only implied by the fact that Bolivia sent an account of the recent revolution to the de la Huerta Government.

Gen. Chamberlain to Visit Geneva.

GENEVA, July 18.—Major Gen. John L. Chamberlain, U. S. A., Inspector General, is due to arrive here tomorrow. He will be officially received by the local authorities and later will inspect the Red Cross and other international institutions. During his stay in Geneva General Chamberlain probably will meet Marshal Joffre, who is visiting here.

TOSCANINI GLAD TO RETURN

Ugo Ara Says Conductor Is Pleased at New Work Here.

Arturo Toscanini, the former Metropolitan Opera conductor who retired to Italy in 1917, is enthusiastic, it was said yesterday, over the project of wealthy Americans to bring him back here with an orchestra next year and to permit the leader to realise a long-cherished wish to devote himself exclusively to symphonic work.—Ugo Ara, late of the Flonzaley Quartet, who quoted the famous musician's remarks, has just returned here on the Giuseppe Verdi with contracts signed by Toscanini and representatives of the Scala Orchestra of Milan.

Toscanini's American tour, from January to March, 1921, will be preceded by a long series of concerts in Italy, starting next October. Mr. Ara said it was planned for the orchestra to play in Milan, Turin, Genoa, Parma, Venice, Padua, Ferrara, Bologna, Florence, Rome, Naples and Palermo, sailing from a southern port the second week in December for New York.

DENIES TETRAZZINI IS ILL.

Singer, in Perfect Health, Comings to Metropolitan, Guard Cables.

William J. Guard of the Metropolitan cabled from Lugano, Italy, yesterday to deny reports that Luise Tetrazzini, famous prima donna of Hammerstein's Manhattan when Mr. Guard was secretary at that rival shop, was in poor health. Such reports, coming from America, had reached Italy, said Mr. Guard in his message, adding that they were false, since the singer herself, now at her villa in the Italian Alps, was "in splendid voice and perfect health."

"Mme. Tetrazzini," added Mr. Guard's dispatch, "is studying programs of songs for a concert tour of America, arranged for her by W. H. Leahy of San Francisco, and she is also preparing four operas, from among the best in her repertory, which she will sing in special performances next season at the Metropolitan."

Injured Horsewoman Will Recover.

The condition of Miss Mary Frank, who suffered a fractured skull and internal injuries when she was thrown from her horse on the bridle path in Central Park and Eighty-first Street was reported to be slightly improved yesterday and will probably recover. Miss Frank, who lives at the Hotel Judson, 53 Washington Square South, was removed to Roosevelt Hospital after she had been found unconscious beside the path by Patrolman Stephen Dowling of the Arsenal Station after he had pursued and caught her riderless horse.

OPEN AIR CONCERTS
NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
WALTER HENRY ROTHWELL, Conducting
Every Evening at 8:30, including Sunday.
Tonight—Rachel Morton-Harris
STADIUM 138th St. & Amsterdam Av. Seats 25c, 50c, $1, $2.

STEEPLECHASE CONEY ISLAND
THE FUNNY PLACE
SURF AND POOL BATHING

LUNA FREE CIRCUS
CONEY ISLAND Children Free Weekday Afternoons with Parents.

THERE'S A FINE SHEEN TO
"SILKS AND SATINS"
WILLIAM ROCK'S MUSICAL REVUE
NOW AT THE
GEORGE M. COHAN THEATRE
B'way & 43d St.—Eves 8:30—Popular Mats. Wed. & Sat.
"THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT OF ITS KIND OFFERED TO BROADWAY IN MANY MONTHS."—The World.
TUNEFUL MUSIC CLEVER LINES AND BEAUTIFUL GIRLS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS, DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT
WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8. Mts. Tues., Thurs., Sat. 2
Cinderella on Broadway
"CINDERELLA GLITTERS."—Charles Darnton.
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
317 LAUGHS IN 2¼ HOURS SEEING THINGS
48TH ST. Thea., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. 243d Time.
THE STORM
CENTURY 62d, Cent. Pk. West. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15.
FLORODORA
Evs. 600 Good Seats at $2; 650 at $1.50; 700 at $1.00; 600 at $50c; others at $2.50 and $3.00.
BOOTH Thea., 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
The Charming Comedy Triumph! "NOT SO LONG AGO"
NORA BAYES 44th St. ON Roof W. of B'way THE Evs. 8:30
Coolest Theatre in Town. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
WED. MAT. BEST SEATS $1.50
SEASON'S BIGGEST MUSICAL HIT! "LASSIE"
GARRICK Thea., 58th, Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last 9 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30 Times
Theatre Guild's Greatest Success "JANE CLEGG"
By St. John Ervine, Author of "John Ferguson."
BROADHURST Thea., W. 44th St. Phone Bryant 64.
Beginning TO-NIGHT AT 8:30
GEORGE BROADHURST
Presents the Blackface Comedy Novelty,
COME SEVEN!
By OCTAVUS ROY COHEN
(Founded on Mr. Cohen's Stories Of Negro Life Published in the SATURDAY EVENING POST.)
Staged by MRS. LILLIAN TRIMBLE BRADLEY.
LITTLE THEATRE W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
EMILY STEVENS HORMAN TREVOR & P. HEGGIE in 'FOOT-LOOSE'
By ZOE AKINS, Author of "DECLASSEE."
SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42d. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Wed. Best Seats $2.00
THE ED. WYNN CARNIVAL
with ED. WYNN, "The Perfect Fool."
VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat.
THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE

A TOP CENTURY THEATRE
62d St., & C. P. W. Phone Col. 8300.
EVERY NIGHT AND SUNDAY.
Century Promenade Revue at 9
Midnight Rounders at 11:30
2 DISTINCT MUSICAL PRODUCTIONS.
Open Air Dining and Dancing 8:30 On.
$1.10 ADMISSION TO PROMENADE INCLUDES STANDING ROOM IN THEATRE.
Tickets for above Theatres on sale at McBRIDE'S AT ONLY 50c ADVANCE.

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Seeing New York up town, down town, Chinatown, over the great bridges to Brooklyn.
All Day Tours
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ROSELAND BROADWAY AT 51ST ST.
DANCING
MARDI GRAS CARNIVAL TONIGHT
7:30 P. M. to 1 A. M.

Loew's New York Theatre & Roof
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
"The Best of Luck"; Harold Lloyd Comedy.
Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way
Beatrice Morrell Sextette, John G. Sparks & Co., Fisher & Lloyd, In Thea., Ray in 'Homer Comes Home' All Seats Reserved Every Eve. at 8:15

Palisades AMUSEMENT Park Opp. West 130 St. Ferry
Best of all. Many Free Attractions. Sea Water. Surf Bathing. Now Open.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
Mts. Wed. & Sat., 50c-$2.50 NO HIGHER
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
AT 10:30—OH THE COOL ROOF ART NICKMAN ORCHESTRA.
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
with EDDIE CANTOR AND GIRLS UNEXCELLED RESTAURANT
KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
There's a New Kind of Girl in Town
VICTOR HERBERT'S
THE GIRL IN THE SPOTLIGHT
(Produced the Geo. W. Lederer Way.)
"Worth watching if you were deaf and worth sitting through if we were blind."—The Times.
LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
INA CLAIRE
In "THE GOLD DIGGERS," by Avery Hopwood.
GLOBE B'WAY 46th ST. MAT. WED. & SAT. BEST SEATS $2.00
GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1920
with ANN PENNINGTON
COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 42. Evs. 8:30 Mts. W'd. & Sat., 2:30.
THE MUSICAL SENSATION HONEY GIRL
GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN presents FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN'
CORT WEST 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
JOHN BRUNKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN
HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
HENRY MILLER BLANCHE BATES
in "The Famous Mrs. Fair"
By JAMES FORBES
LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
"THE NIGHT BOAT" "IT'S A JOY RIDE"

B. F. Keith's PALACE B'way & 47 St. Mats. Daily, 25c-$1. BILLY B. VAN and JAS. J. CORBETT; Vinie Daly, Harry Rolman & Co.; EAT MOONEY & BOOTY; MARION BENT & CO.
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE 96 St. & B'way. LILIAN SHAW; HENRI SCOTT; Mason & Keeler, Horace Goldin & Co., others.
81 St. & B'way Keith's Popular Prices. Frances Pritchard, Harry A. Emmy Sherrock, Powers & Wallace, others; & Williamson Submarine Picture, "GIRL OF THE SEA."

MOTION PICTURES.
LAST 5 DAYS
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CRITERION B'way at 44th St. "Humoresque" Emanuel List & Chorus "EH-EH"; Sennett Comedy
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Olives Radishes
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Fried filet of sole, tartar sauce
Roast spring lamb, mint sauce
Veal cutlet, Napolitaine
Medallion of sweetbreads with peas
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Hollandaise potatoes
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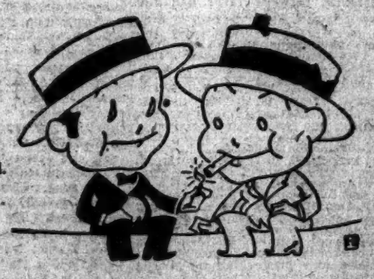
With acknowledgments to K. C. B.

One sacrifice, one assist, no errors!

EVERY WILD-EYED fan
WAS ON his feet.
OR SOMEONE else's.
AND THEIR soft remarks
REACHED THE next county,
AND WHILE I'm not
EASILY EXCITED,
I GUESS I was helping.
THE PITCHER beat
THAT CLEAN-UP hitter,
AND MY good south paw,
HIT A fat fan,
RIGHT IN the vestibule,
AND HE said "Phooey
A FOUL tip.
RIGHT ON my last cigar,"
AND I was sorry.
AND GAVE him one,
OF MY cigarettes.
AND HE saw the package.
THAT I took it from.
AND SMILED and said,
"THEY SATISFY!
AND THAT smoke you smashed.
WAS ONE my wife.
BOUGHT AT a bargain.
SO THAT makes it.
A SATISFY.
DOUBLE HEADER."
AND AFTER that.
I EVEN saw him.
ROOTING FOR the umpire.



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MR. GLOOM VIEWS SOUTH CALIFORNIA

Old Jeffersonian, on His Way Home to Indiana, Takes In the Famous Climate and Movies.

GREATNESS OF LOS ANGELES

Improving on Nature Its Chief Industry — Native Sons Disappearing Before Tide of Immigration.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LOS ANGELES, July 12.—Godfrey G. Gloom, the old Indiana Democrat, was found today by a TIMES correspondent about to board the Golden State Limited for the East.

"Are you leaving California, Mr. Gloom?" the correspondent inquired.

"I expect to," said the veteran, pearling down the track, "but I won't be sure of it till this here train is safely on its way. After the convention ended, I came down here to visit some old friends, and I have been experiencing California hospitality. It is a great experience, but somewhat exhausting on them as ain't used to it. I've just succeeded in evading a couple of boyhood playmates, who've sworn that I shan't get out of the state till I've seen this, that and the other, but I wouldn't be surprised if they'd attempt to kidnap me at the last minute.

"They said I had got to stay and see the Yosemite. Well, I'm an old man, and my bones was already weary from all the sightseein' I'd packed into one week. 'Never mind that,' I told 'em. 'Next year, maybe, I'll be back, and I expect the Yosemite will still be standing. And if the Grim Reaper should have mowed down my mortal remains before that time comes, them magnificent cliffs and precipices will go right on standing, even though they've never seen Godfrey G. Gloom. Whereas, if Godfrey G. Gloom attempts to see them cliffs in his present condition, he'll lay right down, nevermore to rise again.'

"Yes, they are very hospitable. On the train down from San Francisco I encountered my friend, Walter J. Woof, Washington correspondent of the Amity (Indiana) Grapevine-Telegraph. He was lookin' rather peaked, but I attributed that to overwork during the convention.

"However, he disillusioned me. 'California hospitality,' he says darkly, shakin' his head. 'It's great stuff, Godfrey, but at the last it sticks like a serpent and stingeth like an adder. And now my friends tell me I don't dare leave their state without goin' to Catalina Island. Dern it, Godfrey, they don't realize that Washington has been stagnatin' along without its correspondents for nearly six weeks now.'

Visitors Become Settlers.

"I surmise," Mr. Gloom continued, wiping his gold-rimmed spectacles with his silk handkerchief and peering vainly down the track once more, "I surmise that this is the true explanation of how California got settled up so fast. Most of the people that live here come first as visitors, and their friends just kept on bein' hospitable and wouldn't let 'em get away, and finally they decided the easiest way out was to stay here and take their place in the line of glad-handers.

"However, it has been educative. For nigh on forty years I've listened to what the Californians had to say about themselves and their country, and now I've seen it for myself; and I may say that I am prepared to ratify their assertions. The only question troublin' me at present is that of reservations.

"Not train reservations, I've got them; reservations like the Senate. I don't know whether to agree with the Californians about it or not. Some of 'em interpret but do not nullify or to hang on a few whereas and provideds that will leave me full liberty to change my mind. But there's no denying it's a great country.

"I have spent some days in lookin' over Nature's flower-shaded sun parlor, known to the outside world as Los Angeles. It is, I am informed, 'the metropolis of the Western Americas,' or capital of the entire seamen west of the Rocky Mountain line.

"These people here hand themselves a great deal of praise, and they deserve it. They have a wonderful city."

"How does it compare with San Francisco?" the correspondent inquired.

"Mr. Gloom responded judiciously, "I shouldn't like to discriminate. Using a figure that will be most easily comprehended in your own great metropolis, I will say that comin' from San Francisco to Los Angeles is like comin' from Fifth Avenue to Broadway. Some like one and some the other, and be it far from me to express a preference. I understand that the chief grievance of the natives is the tendency of outsiders to give nature the credit for the success of Los Angeles. Now that tendency is a most unfair one. Nature deserves but little for her contributions of climate and scenery, as compared with the ambitious activities of the population.

"The chief industry of this city, as I see it, is improving on the imperfect accomplishments of the Almighty. You see it in every part of town and every walk of life. Take a simple example, the female complexion. They have very fine complexions in San Francisco, no doubt you have observed. I understand they attribute them to the climate. Well, they have a climate in Los Angeles, too, but they don't depend on it for their facial bloom. Most any time the climate might change, so they paint their complexions at the drug store, which changeth not. I've got a young kinswoman in this city—native daughter and proud of it. I went out to see her t'other night, and she appeared in a short suit of scarlet and white, a combination which my granddaughters tell me is a great test of one's own color scheme.

"'Why, Godfrey,' she says, 'we've got oil in the back yard and we're too proud to drill a well for it.' That distinction, I says to her, 'is negligible, but here is something else that's unique. You've got the only home grown complexion I've seen in Los Angeles.'

Los Angeles Annexations.

"Well, that's only one of the various manifestations of the local determination to correct the oversights of Providence. Consider the question of annexations. You are no doubt aware that Los Angeles is the most extensive city in the world. They tell it to you while polishin' your shoes or sellin' you a cigar. Well, up in San Francisco, I understand, they are accustomed to make sport of the extensive annexations by which this city has spread out to include mountains and desert, some inhabited and some not. But that's because they don't understand. Rightly considered, this annexationist frenzy is highly creditable to Los Angeles.

"You see, they wanted to make this town equal in all to half a dozen other towns they wished to give it everything they could be found in any other town. Your City of New York, for instance, me, envy Venice its canals and Chicago its Loop Station, but it doesn't try to build them, or expect Nature to fetch 'em up. It frankly accepts its inferiority in them respects. Not so Los Angeles.

"Nature had made Los Angeles an inland city, but its natives decided to become a seaport. They could only do it by judicious annexation. I understand there was some wanted to annex San Francisco Bay, the town seein' already spread well up in that direction; but a sentiment of generosity prevented this action. So they looked off to the southwest. Well, there was the seashore, twenty miles away; but it didn belong to Los Angeles, and it didn't have any harbor to speak of. But these people formed a plan. It takes half a mile wide and twenty miles long, and thus connected their city up with the sea. I hear that there was some agitation to annex another half-mile strip to County to the neighborhood of Baltimore, so that Los Angeles could have the distinction of bein' the only city in the United States with harbors on both oceans; but this proposal did not find favor with the more conservative.

"Well, thus they had their seacoast, but it remained to make a harbor. They put up docks and built a breakwater, and called it a harbor, and began to talk about the harbor; and one dark night some fellow come along—this was before the advent of prohibition, as I understand it—and he thought it was a harbor and went and parked his ship in it, and the ice being thus broken, it has been generally regarded as a harbor ever since.

"Only you must be careful to use the full name, Los Angeles Harbor. That is a very delicate point of etiquette here. If you merely called it The Harbor some might think it was the harbor of San Diego or Yokohama or Melbourne, or some other city in the more immediate vicinity.

Movies Improve on Nature.

"Well, regard other manifestations of their determination to leave the universe better improved than they found it. I have been out among some of these moving picture studios. I understand that despite the fact that they have bright sunlight most of the year they don't take many pictures by the sun any more, even outdoors. We read in the Scriptures that the greater light, the sun that it was made to rule the day, but the movie people take out some of their own lights, which they regard as far more efficient at high noon than the sun ever was.

"Then there was one of these here films that required a scene in a tropical garden. None of their gardens around here was sufficiently tropical, so these movie people planted a tropical garden and had it all working in five days. My recollection of Genesis bein' somewhat hazy, I am not sure if that was better time than was made in the creation of the Garden of Eden, but anyway this movie garden is still growing and in full operation; they use it in every film they make now that requires a tropical garden, whereas, we read that Eden soon had to be closed to the public on account of the vandalism of persons that insisted on picking off the fig leaves to make aprons out of, despite the warnings of the Park Commissioners.

"Then they had occasion to have a tropical island in some of these here movies. None of their islands was lush enough, so they replanted a whole island with tropical fruits and flowers—and that there island will be tropical till the end of time. Yes, they are a great race.

"I never realized the true importance of these movies until I went through one of these studios here at Hollywood. A man tells me how many architects they employ to design houses that are used for scenery once and then pulled down, how many interior decorators they keep on the payroll to design the insides of these houses, how many sculptors they keep sculping so as to have statues to put in these Fifth Avenue palace scenes; and when I hear these figures, which I have forgotten, I wonder how the arts ever flourished before the movies came along.

"You and I, when we think of the movies, we think mainly of actors and actresses. But I understand the actors and actresses are the least important part of this great industry, except of course the authors. They spend more effort and money on building and furnishing these three-walled movie houses that are goin' to be torn down after one scene than they do on the house they live in. But then the human race must be amused, whether it has a roof over its head or not.

"Yes, it is very educative. A young friend of mine took me around and showed me where Mary Pickford used to live, and where she does now, and all the rest of the sights, and then into one of these studios where they was takin' a picture. I see a baldheaded man sittin' on a camp stool and directing things, and I ask about him. That's 'Cecil de Mille,' says my friend. 'I'd introduce you to him, only his time is worth $5,000 a day.' I did some quick mental arithmetic and then slid over and hid myself behind the powdered shoulders of a capacious blond lady in an evening gown, who was waiting to get up in front of the camera. 'Where are you goin'?' says my friend.

"Says I to him, 'If that man should look up and see me here he'd lose a dollar and seventy-five cents, while he was wonderin' who I was. This is no place for us that counts our money by retail.'

"Still, it's a nice town, that Hollywood, and it must be a nice business that keeps 'em out of doors so much. I hear the film is some objection, from the ultra-moral about these people goin' home from the studios to luncheon in their costumes with paint on their faces. Seems there's some that think it's all right for a fellow to go home for lunch—son with haystead on him, or an automobile mechanic covered with grease, but they won't allow the privilege to these movie people that have to work with paint on.

"But that shows you the unreasonableness of human nature. Now you and I think of the movies as the great delight of the American populace. Not so, it seems. One of these movie fellows was telling me that at least three-fourths of every audience goes to the show to see if they can pick some flaws in the setting or maybe catch a misspelled word in a sub-title. We are a perverse race, we humans. We'd rather pay a quarter, or 50 cents maybe, for a chance to exult over somebody's inaccuracy than to stay at home free of charge and never know about it."

Future of the Great State.

"What do you think of the future of California, Mr. Gloom?" the correspondent asked.

"I am usually somewhat cautious about makin' predictions of any kind," said the old Jeffersonian. "This is an uncertain world, and it seems to be getting more so. Never did I think that I would see a Democratic convention in which Irvin Cobb got more votes for President than William Jennings Bryan, both of them bein' alive at the time. Yet that is what I seen up at San Francisco, and it was enough to discourage dogmatism. Yet I will say that the future of Southern California seems to me not altogether bright. I ain't afraid of climatic changes; that's a chance we all have to take. It is a question of race—specifically of non-assimilable races.

"Now when they talk about non-assimilable races out here in California they mean the Japanese. But down here in the South they've got some other races that are equally non-assimilable. The old Californians, you understand, are a wonderful people; but there ain't many of them left. I hear there are still a few Digger Indians to be seen in these parts, but they are a vanishing race. The old Californians are still slightly more numerous, but they, too, are disappearing, and their descendants are bein' swamped by alien immigration.

"Some of it is Japanese and some of it is Mexican, but those elements may be called negligible. What I have in mind is the retired farmers from the corn belt, and the movie people from your great city of New York. It is in no disparagement of my own neighbors or of the movi people that I call them non-assimilable. The Californians are very careful to explain, when they speak of the Japanese, that they claim no racial superiority. One may be as good as the other, but they're different and they don't mix.

"Same with the old Californians as against the retired farmers and the movie queens. They're different. I understand there are about 100,000 people in Milk town who made a little money in the corn belt and came out here to retire. They didn't have much, but they had enough to retire on. Well, they are out of place here. They don't fit the landscape. A tropical landscape ought to be set off by a tropically inclined race, which ye ain't. Look at me!' Mr. Gloom stretched his lank frame under his rusty black Prince Albert coat. 'Look at me!

"Do I belong under a palm tree? Do I fit into a landscape dominated by the luscious fig, the spicy pepper, and the poorly concealed eucalyptus? I don't. Set me under the pawpaw and I look natural. If it should be my fate to proceed to the conventional paradise such as we have been taught about, I will ask them to kindly excuse me from the golden streets and the palms; but if they have any good oiled roads in that New Jerusalem I will traverse them with pleasure, and I shall find peace and rest settin' out under a sycamore. But I was never meant for palms.

"Well, there's many thousands here that wasn't meant for palms either. The old Californians, they're different. Give 'em any kind of a landscape, and it would just sort of group itself around their weather-beaten personalities. But these movie people that come here, they look all right under palms and orange trees, provided these trees are in fuss, and settin' in a restaurant. Out here they are as quaintly inappropriate as Herbert Hoover in the Republican party. And as for my friends from the corn belt, they had ought to have stayed in the corn belt.

"Yet it is a great country, and they are a great people, these Californians that grew up between the shadowy mountains and the sounding sea, as the blind bard of Chios puts it. Maybe they'll be great enough to assimilate the non-assimilable and make good Californians out of them some time. And I sometimes think to myself, how fortunate it is, for purposes of comparison, that they do not see fit to spend all their time bein' great, but take half of it to tell the world how great they are. That gives the rest of us a little time to catch up. Here comes my train, young man, good-bye."

HUSBAND AND $4,000 GONE.

Couple Reconciled Six Weeks Ago After Seven Years' Separation.

The Newark police are looking for Max Chaiken and $4,000 in gold belonging to his wife, Mrs. Sadie Chaiken of 43 Waverly Avenue, Newark. The couple came to Newark from Chicago six weeks ago. Prior to that time they had been separated for seven years. They then agreed to forget the past and start life all over again, and came to Newark to live.

Mrs. Chaiken bought a grocery store at the Waverly Avenue address. She was also buying a house for $6,000. She had paid $2,000 on it, and was to have paid the balance Saturday afternoon. She took the $4,000 in gold from a safety deposit vault Saturday morning. On her arrival home she found a letter from her lawyer stating he could not see her that afternoon.

It was too late to take the money back to the bank, so Mrs. Chaiken put it in a drawer behind the counter in the grocery store. Her husband was in the store while she was at luncheon, and a half hour later she took charge of the store while he went to luncheon. He didn't return, and when she looked for the money it was gone. After waiting all night for her husband to return she notified the police. Mrs. Chaiken believes her husband returned to Chicago.

FACTS ABOUT SOLAR SYSTEM

Can't We Predict Winter's Severity by Watching Ice-Caps of Mars?

Sending wireless messages to Mars and Venus, and the possibility of projecting a rocket to the moon, are subjects of very recent speculation which have excited keener interest in our solar system.

"Mars always challenges interest," says William Joseph Showalter in an article in a recent issue of the National Geographic Magazine. "Its day is about the same length as ours, but its year is nearly twice as long. Although astronomers generally take less interest than laymen in the surface as to whether other planets and stars are inhabited, since they, more than laymen, realize that this is a problem that must in all human probability remain unsolved, the question is more often asked about Mars than any other planet.

"Venus was an unusually interesting object in the sky during July of last year. Not again until February, 1921, will it appear as bright and fair in the evening sky. It has phases like the moon, and these can be seen even through a good field glass. Its day is believed to be the same length as its year, which is 224 of our days.

"It is quite generally believed that Mars has ice-capped poles. The telescope reveals white spots at the poles that have every appearance of being like our ocean polar region. They advance toward the equator in Winter and retreat in Summer. In the Summer of 1916, Pickering, who, with Lowell, has led the school of astronomers who believe they can see canals on Mars, said that he found the white caps stretching further down toward the equator than he had ever seen them before.

"He said that if there was any connection between the weather of Mars and that of the earth, the Winter of 1916-17 would be the coldest in many years. And it was. May it yet be possible to do long-range weather forecasting on the earth by studying the variations and waning of the ice-cap on the South Pole of Mars?

"Perhaps our most graphic picture of the solar system is given by Herschel. Imagine a circular field two and a half miles in diameter; place in the library globe two feet in diameter in the very center; eighty-two feet away put a mustard seed. The globe will represent the sun and the mustard seed Mercury.

"At a distance of 142 feet place a pea, and another at 215 feet. These will represent Venus and the earth, both as to size and distance. A rather large pinhead at a distance of 327 feet will speak for Mars and a fair sized tangerine a quarter of a mile distant will stand for Jupiter. A small lemon at two-fifths of a mile will play the role of Saturn, a large cherry three-fourths of a mile distant will answer for Uranus, and a fair sized plum at the very edge of the field will proclaim Neptune.

"Eighty moons would be required to make one earth. A player there could throw a ball six times as far as it can be thrown on American diamonds. A man weighing 150 pounds there would weigh 500 on the earth. The earth receives as much light and heat from the sun in thirteen seconds as it gets from the moon in a whole year."

STOCK LAND CLASSIFIED.

Nearly 14,000 Acres Acted On During June.

The Secretary of the Interior has just issued a summary of the activities of the department in classifying lands through the Geological Survey in June. Continued progress was apparent in the classification under the stock-raising homestead law, which makes public lands available for entry for stock-raising purposes in homesteads of 640 acres or less. Nearly 14,000,000 acres were classified under this act during the month. The areas by States are:

Arizona	2,040,320
Colorado	1,141,974
Idaho	1,159,870
Montana	6,510,400
New Mexico	39,000
Oregon	1,445,040
South Dakota	2,527,123

A total of more than 14,000,000 acres has now been classified as stock-raising land since the passage of the act on Dec. 29, 1916. Nearly 82,000 applications have been received, and of this number more than 67,000 have been disposed of, the great majority of them by the designation of the lands involved.

Nearly 250,000 acres of land were classified during the month under the enlarged homestead laws, which provide for entry of non-irrigable lands in areas of 320 acres or less for dry-farming purposes. The areas by States are:

California	52,120
Colorado	48,780
Idaho	30,840
New Mexico	39,884
Wyoming	154,160

About 10,400 acres of land valuable for water power were included in an order for withdrawal of irrigated lands during the month. Forty acres in Nevada were withdrawn in public water reserve.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Forecast:

N. C.—Local thunder showers Mon.; Tues. fair in w.; showers in e.

S. C.—Local thunder showers Mon.; Tues. showers, except fair in n. w.

Ga.—Local thunder showers Mon. and Tues. except fair Tues. in extreme n.

Fla. Ala.—Local thunder showers Mon. and Tues.

Miss.—Local thunder showers Mon. and Tues., except fair Tues. in n.

Tenn.—Fair in w., showers in e. Mon.; Tues. fair.

Ky.—Partly cloudy Mon., probably showers in extreme e.; Tues. fair.

Ind.—Fair Mon., warmer in e. and n.; Tues. fair, warmer.

Lower Mich.—Fair Mon., warmer except near Lake Huron; Tues. fair, warmer.

Upper Mich.—Fair Mon.; Tues. partly cloudy, warmer in n. w.

Ohio—Fair Mon., warmer in e.; Tues. fair, warmer in n.

Ill.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; cooler in n. e. Mon.; warmer in s. Tues.

Wis.—Fair, continued cool Mon. Tues. fair, warmer.

Minn.—Cloudy Mon. and Tues., probably scattered thunder showers in s. Mon.; warmer Mon. and near Lake Superior Tues.

Iowa—Fair Mon. and Tues.; moderate temp. Mon.; warmer Tues.

S. D.—Partly cloudy Mon., probably scattered thunder showers; warmer Tues. fair.

N. D.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer Mon.

Neb.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer in e. Tues.

Kan., Mon. and Wyo.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; not much change in temp.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—A disturbance that was over South Minnesota Saturday night has moved to Lake Erie, with slightly increased intensity and with a rapid and considerable rise in pressure following closely, and showers and thunder showers were general throughout the lake region.

There will be showers Monday in the eastern lower lake region, the Atlantic and East Gulf Coast States, probably continuing Tuesday in New England and the South. In the western lower lake region and the Ohio Valley and Tennessee the weather will be generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Winds off the Atlantic Coast: North of Sandy Hook, moderate to fresh south and southwest, showers; Sandy Hook to Hatteras, fresh south and southwest, with showers.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Thunder showers Monday, Tuesday probably fair.

Western New York—Showers Monday, Tuesday fair; no decided temperature change.

New Jersey—Thunder showers Monday, Tuesday probably fair.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Thunder showers Monday, Tuesday fair, little change in temperature.

Northern New England—Showers Monday and probably Tuesday.

Southern New England—Thunder showers Monday, Tuesday partly cloudy, probably showers eastern portion.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

3 A. M.	69	66	4 P. M.	68	69
6 A. M.	67	66	6 P. M.	71	67
9 A. M.	68	70	9 P. M.	68	68
12 M.	70	69	11 P. M.	69	68

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 69; for the corresponding date last year it was 69; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years was 74. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 67; at 8 P. M. it was 68. Maximum temperature, 73 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 66 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 60 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 83 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.14 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.03 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.

5:25—1,068 Southern Boulevard, Bronx; M. Morris ..... Slight

6:20—21 W. Houston St.; J. & J. Siebold ..... Slight

9:15—1,045 Fayette St.; Shiffs ..... Slight

1:05—233 E. 106 St.; S. Solomen ..... Slight

P. M.

2:30—200 Riverside Drive; E. Gordon ..... Slight

3:50—Rear 52 E. 129 St.; J. Abetti ..... Slight

5:10—152 E. 109 St.; not given ..... Slight

5:30—321 W. 89 St.; Dalsetion Co. ..... Slight

8:05—Rubbish, 1,447 Madison Av.; not given ..... Slight

8:40—Chimney, 681 Fourth St.; not given ..... Not given

10:10—Dumbwaiter shaft, 520 Lenox Av.; not given ..... Not given

10:16—Chimney, 136 Madison St.; Mrs. Rose ..... Slight

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service

NEW YORK—HAVRE

FRANCE	JULY 21, OCT. 6	SEPT. 8, NOV. 3
LAFAYETTE	JULY 28, SEPT. 24	AUG. 27, OCT. 23
LA SAVOIE	AUG. 4, OCT. 1	SEPT. 4, NOV. 30
LA TOURAINE	AUG. 14, OCT. 12	SEPT. 14, NOV. 30
LA LORRAINE	AUG. 20, OCT. 18	SEPT. 18, NOV. 13
ROCHAMBEAU	AUG. 31, OCT. 28	SEPT. 22, DEC. 6

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Also English, French and Baltic Seaports.
First American Express and Mail
S. S. "NEW ROCHELLE"
19,205 Tons Displacement.
Sailing from New York July 28th.
First Class Reservations Available.
BALTIC STEAMSHIP CORP. OF AMERICA,
Woolworth Bldg., New York City.
Phone Barclay 8410.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
via Plymouth & Boulogne-sur-Mer

ROTTERDAM ..... July 21 Aug. 25 Oct. 2
NOORDAM ..... Aug. 4 Sept. 8
NEW AMSTERDAM ..... Aug. 10 Sept. 14
RYNDAM ..... Aug. 18 Sept. 22

General Passenger Office: 24 State St. N. Y.

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Direct passenger service from New York via Panama Canal, calling at Callao, Arica, Iquique, Antofagasta and Valparaiso.
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United Fruit Company
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On Steamers Operated by the Commissioners of the Palisades Interstate Park
Daily, including Sundays.
Daylight Saving Time.
Str. Clermont leaves Pier B, Fem. A. S., Jersey City, 8:45 A. M.; Pier A, Battery Place, North River, N. Y., 9:00 A. M.
Str. Onteora leaves Recreation Pier, West 125th St., N. Y., 9:30 A. M.
Returning Steamer leaves Bear Mountain 6:00 P. M.
Fare 60c. Round Trip
Saturday, Sunday and Holidays, 85c.
Children Under 12 Half Fare. Cafeteria Lunch
Weekday and Sunday Trips Up the Hudson to

BEAR MOUNTAIN

Str. "Grand Republic" LVS. BATTERY 9, W. 129th St. 9:30 A.M.
ROUND TRIP Fare 60c (Incl. War Tax)
SAT. & SUN. 85c. Children 50c
MUSIC—REFRESHMENTS—DANCING.
Telephone, Bowling Green 7076.

Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc.
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All the way by water, via
CAPE COD CANAL
Steamers leave Pier 19, North River, foot of Murray St.
PHONE BARCLAY 8000
Daily at 5 P. M. (Daylight Time)

SIGHT SEEING YACHTS
"Tourist" "Sightseer" Leaves W. 81 St.
Lv. Battery Pier Daily, 10:30, 2:30. 2nd. Street Dock TO THE OCEAN AND SANDY HOOK
Viewing the Vast Car Basin. 2 P. M. Sundays.
CHARTERS: SPECIAL RATES TO PARTIES

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

Baton Rouge, La., June 25, 1920.

In accordance with the provisions of Paragraph A, Section 12, of Article 254 of the Constitution, and the resolution adopted by the Board of Liquidation of the State, published prior to issuance the following described bonds of the State of Louisiana are hereby called in for redemption: Forty-two bonds of one thousand dollars each, numbered M 10,055 to M 10,096, both numbers inclusive, all dated January 1, 1874, and maturing January 1, 1914. The holders of these bonds are hereby notified to present them with all coupons due subsequent to August 1, 1920, attached, either to Hon. Howell Morgan, State Treasurer, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, or to the State fiscal agent banks in the City of New Orleans, or to Harris, Forbes & Company in the City of New York, who will pay the same at face value, on presentation, and all coupons due subsequent to August 1, 1920, will be paid. Interest on these bonds will cease after August 1, 1920.

JOHN M. PARKER,
Governor and President of the Board of Liquidation.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

	Sandy Hook	Gedney Channel	Islip	Hell Gate	Sun.	Sun.
	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	11:20 11:44	11:04 11:38	1:10 1:35	9:40 10:07	A.M.	P.M.
Low water	5:18 5:37	5:02 5:24	6:37 6:54	3:46 4:07	5:40	8:20

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Finland	Southampton	July 8
Pastores	Havana	July 13
Cadiz	Buenos Aires	June 28
Mexico	Lisbon	June 26
American Transport	London	June 27
Deland	Savona	July 3
Nobles	Lisbon	July 1
Aeolus	Tampico	July 9

DUE TODAY.

Caronia	Liverpool	July 8
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	July 17
Mississippi	Havre	June 24
East Chicago	Liverpool	July 1
Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Lake Farley	Rouen	July 3
Servia	Manchester	July 3
Mexico	Havana	July 14

DUE TOMORROW.

Oscar II.	Christiania	July 4
Uberaba	Santos	June 23
Gen. G. W. Goethals	Colon	July 14
Vesta	Turks Island	July 11

DUE WEDNESDAY.

St. Paul	Southampton	July 12
Stockholm	Gothenburg	July 8
Manco	Para	July 10
Princesse Matoika	Antwerp	July 12

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Lapland, Antwerp	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain, Ireland, Belgium, Luxemburg, &c.
Patras, Piraeus	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Greece.

SAIL TOMORROW.

City of Benares, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Africa.
Tivives, Santa Marta	7:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Colombia.
Stephen, Rio Janeiro	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	South Brazil.
Floridian, Ryes Aires	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Rhodesian Transport, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Princess May, Port Antonio	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Jamaica.
Tunaus, S'to Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Turks Island, Dominican Republic.
Otar, Santa Marta	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Colombia.
Lake View, Cape Haiti	12:00 M.	3:30 P.M.	Haiti.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Rotterdam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Holland, Germany.
Dvoltinghoim, Stockholm	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Sweden, Norway.
Vasari, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain.
Zulia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, Venezuela.
Ft. Hamilton, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Frankmarts, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Brazil, Argentina.
Algonquin, Turks Island	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Dominican Republic.
Zulia, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Venezuela.
Lake Logan, St. Thomas	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	West Indies.

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Wilwyn, Havre	July 20	12:00 M.
Coronada, Havre	July 20	12:00 M.
Pipestone County, Dunkirk	July 20	12:00 M.
Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Vincennes Bridge, Copenhagen	July 20	12:00 M.
Antilla, Bilbao	July 21	12:00 M.
Falcona, Gibara	July 21	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Santa Ana	Callao	July 17
Westgrove	Manchester	July 16

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Scottsberg	Antwerp	July 16
Durham	Wellington	July 15

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Mail.	Steamships.	Mail Closes At N. Y.
Hawaii and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco	Nile	July 19
Hawaii and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	July 21
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Maui	July 22
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Russia	July 24
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China and Netherlands East Indies, via Seattle	Fushimi Maru	July 23
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China and Netherlands East Indies	Hawaii Maru	July 26
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands and specially addressed mail for New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco	Tofua	Aug. 6
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver, B. C.	Tahiti	Aug. 11
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	Aug. 19

Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Singapore, June 9; Hongkong, June 15; Kobe, June 30, and Yokohama, July 1—which arrived per steamer Fushimi, were dispatched east from Seattle on July 15, and are due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, July 20.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

AMERICAN LINE
N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
New York 12 Noon July 24 Aug. 21 Sept. 18
St. Paul 12 Noon July 31 Aug. 28 Sept. 25
Philadelphia 12 Noon Aug. 7 Sept. 4 Oct. 2

NEW YORK—HAMBURG
Manchuria 11 A. M. July 31 Sept. 11 Oct. 23
Mongolia 5 P. M. Aug. 14 Sept. 25 Nov. 6

RED STAR LINE
N. Y.—SOUTHAMPTON—ANTWERP
Lapland 1 P. M. July 19 Aug. 21 Sept. 25
Finland 12 Noon July 24 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
Kroonland 11 A. M. Aug. 14 Sept. 18 Oct. 23
Zeeland 2 P. M. Sept. 4 Oct. 9

WHITE STAR LINE
N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
Olympic 12 Noon Aug. 4 Aug. 28 Sept. 18
Adriatic 11 A. M. Aug. 14 Sept. 15 Oct. 16

N. Y.—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL
Celtic 12 Noon July 24 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
Baltic 12 Noon July 31 Sept. 4 Oct. 9
*Mobile 3 P. M. Aug. 21 Sept. 25
(*Formerly Cleveland)

NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA
Cretic 12 Noon July 24 Sept. 14

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

CUNARD-ANCHOR

Passenger and Freight Service

Vasari	New York	Liverpool	July 21
Caronia	New York	Queenstown and Liverpool	July 24
Aquitania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	July 31
Italia	New York	Dubrovnik and Trieste	July 31
Columbia	New York	Londonderry and Glasgow	Aug. 2
Mauretania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 5
Imperator	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 12
K. A. Victoria	New York	Queenstown and Liverpool	Aug. 14
Caronia	New York	Queenstown and Liverpool	Aug. 21
Aquitania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 28
Columbia	New York	Londonderry and Glasgow	Aug. 28

For later Sailings Apply to
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

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BRAZIL - URUGUAY - ARGENTINE

United States Shipping Board's Passenger Service
New York to Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo and Buenos Aires
S. S. CALLAO, 11,000 tons (a) ..... July 29
S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, 15,000 tons (b) ..... Aug. 26
(a) First Class. (b) First & Second Class.
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MUNSON STEAMSHIP LINE
Passenger Dep't, 67-82 Beaver Street, N. Y.,
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Drexel Bldg., Philadelphia | Keyser Bldg., Baltimore | Conway Bldg., Chicago | 418 Olive Street, St. Louis | Mobile, Alabama

PACIFIC LINE to SOUTH AMERICA

SPECIAL SAILING
S. S. "ORBITA" Sister Ship of S.S. "ORDUNA"
15,000 tons gross register ..... 20,000 tons displacement
SAILING FROM HAVANA August 15
For Panama Canal and West Coast Ports
THE PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
SANDERSON & SON, General Agents ..... Phone Broad 2580
26 Broadway, New York, or Any Steamship Ticket Agent

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"RESOLUTE" & "SHAMROCK IV"
FROM THE DECKS OF THE
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N. Y. Cotton Ex. N. Y. Coffee and Cho. Ex. of Trade Sugar Ex., Inc.
London Produce Clearing House, Ltd.

FINANCIAL SITUATION

Stocks Revert to June Dullness and Uncertainty—Railroads to Speed Up.

Many stock market hopes and expectations went a-glimmering last week when call money rates refused to act the way sentiment thought they should. Once again the fact was strongly emphasized that the country's credit situation is so closely encompassed by a tremendous loan structure on one side and on the other by factors working against a speedy reduction of loans that only careful direction will prevent a heavy strain later on. The banking authorities are looking ahead to the Autumn period of normally great demands for credit. The persistent upspringing of fresh calls for bank accommodation as soon as there are signs of free credit anywhere has impressed the bankers with the necessity of careful action at all times in the handling of loan accounts. It was a question, however, whether the actual state of call money supplies last week had as much influence in the stock market's decline as the quoted rates. The week before 7 per cent. funds had aroused a moderately broad buying movement and lent force to the thought of a further rise. But when 7 per cent. money was succeeded by 8, 9 and 11 per cent. rates the speculative attitude changed abruptly. There was evidently considerable calling of loans on Thursday, incident to Treasury operations, but prior to that day call money was offered in larger supply than the stock market needed. It seemed as though, for the time being at least, traders on the constructive side of prices calculated that a carrying charge of 7 per cent. could be more than offset by expected profits while 8 per cent. and 9 per cent. could not. Such an impression certainly failed to imply any widespread hopes of a big rise of prices, for in a real bull market a profit of 10 per cent. is not considered enough either by buyers for "the long pull" or by the in-and-out traders. Genuine enthusiasm for the rise was seen to have been lacking the week before, and once the slight understructure of bullish calculations became weakened by high money it required very little selling to carry quotations down.

The market was not affected alone by money rates, however. In fact, a deeper reasoning in respect to market influences might label the call loan situation as little more than a surface influence. The several meetings of railroad men with producers of basic commodities and with Government officials told of the continued seriousness of the traffic outlook, and reports of coal shortages at many centres of industry carried their own inferences about industrial possibilities. The markets remain in a high state of nervousness over production and consumption. The evidence coming from many lines of excellent business and satisfactory profits is barely able to offset statements that other lines continue to experience a slackening demand and a gradual easement of prices. The whole thing harks back to the price-cutting campaign of May and June and the force of arguments presented then that the public was standing away from the markets for textiles, leather and other goods. Should a reluctant purchasing power be furthered in its effect upon industry by the inability of certain portions of industry to produce because of lack of fuel and materials, the answer is obvious in terms of profits. That is one uncertainty which is making the stock market cautious and it is difficult to see how sentiment can be altered permanently until the railroads show that they can move traffic freely.

The decision of railroad executives on Friday to speed up freight car movements and to expand car loading implies, evidently, that amid the current stress a program has been completed to exact the most efficient use from existing facilities. That is not to say that efforts toward this end have not been made before. The perfection of railroading has naturally been the utmost economy in the use of car space, in the proper distribution of rolling stock over the country and in rapid train movement. But heretofore the roads have not possessed the advantages working toward these ends which they have now under the car allocation system of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Shippers of some commodities, notably steel products, have complained about the scarcity of cars at their disposal because of transfers to the grain centres and elsewhere, but it would seem that the recent allocations have paved the way for a transportation change which the railroad men were quick to seize upon. As orders for new cars now being placed will gradually expand the amount of railroad rolling stock, railroad efficiency is on the way to a notable growth before Autumn. It is probable, also, that the wage decision shortly to come from the Labor Board will aid the undertaking of railroad managements through an increase and improvement of the labor supply.

The significance of wheat quotations recorded in the reopened futures market at Chicago can hardly be determined at this time. The three days of trading last week were not enough to enable the market to arrive at a stable position. Therefore the fall of the December option from around $2.75 to $2.56 per bushel, with a recovery of considerable proportions, may indicate very little the course of quotations in the Winter. Cash wheat remains very firm and reports of large foreign inquiry in the market point toward a continued demand for our production, which will undoubtedly be shaped chiefly by the results of harvests in Europe. Recent dispatches have told of the ill-effect of wet weather upon the French crop, which promised a highly favorable yield in May. Italy is expected to come into the American market for upward of 60,000,000 bushels. While inadequate transportation by rail and ship may result in a carry-over of larger proportions in the United States than was expected early in the Spring, the relatively low position of world stocks presages a demand for all American supplies that the old and new crops can spare. Reports indicate that the farmers are not impressed with current quotations, and if they tend to hold back shipments during the next few months this, with the other factors mentioned, may have an application to futures quotations which is not now evident.

After making due allowance for the influence up on speculation of the spa conference, the week's record of the foreign exchanges showed that purchases here for export were increasing. Bankers' bill portfolios indicated that foreign buying was centred largely in wheat and other food materials and a collateral matter was information that British importers were bidding sizable premiums for cash wheat. Sterling exchange felt the weight of money transfers to this side through a decline of 7¾ cents to the pound, and the Continental quotations generally moved downward. In the light of past experience, it is unlikely that British financiers will permit the sterling rate to move against them sharply if means can be found for supporting the market, and for this reason it would not be surprising if additional transfers of gold were made in the near future, ostensibly to meet the Anglo-French loan payment in October.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JULY 17, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	3,004,641	130,025,974½
Same period a year ago	8,627,629	161,922,537

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	85.28	81.24	94.07	75.45
Same period a year ago	93.56	90.70	93.56	69.73

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
700	ADAMS EXPRESS	34	32	33¼	— 1⅝
1,200	Advance Rumely	36½	33	33	— 2½
100	Advance Rumely pf	64	64	64	
2,500	Ajax Rubber	64½	60	60	— 2½
1,000	Alaska Gold Mines	1⅝	1¼	1⅝	— ⅛
800	Alaska Juneau	2	1⅞	2	
3,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	38	35½	35½	— 3
600	Am. Agricul. Chem.	86⅞	84½	85½	— 1¼
200	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf	89¾	85¼	89¾	+ 1½
1,200	Am. Bank Note	44	43½	43½	— 1¼
100	Am. Bnk Note pf	44½	44¼	44¼	+ 2¾
1,500	Am. Beet Sugar	94½	89	89	— 5
5,300	Am. Bosch Magneto	119½	96¼	*97¼	— 1½
100	Am. Brake S. & F., new	53¾	53¾	53¾	
200	Am. B. S. & F. pf., new	86½	86	86½	
150	Am. B. S. & F. pf., old	245	245	245	+12
10,100	Am. Can	43	39½	39½	— 3⅝
11,200	Am. Car & Fdy	139½	133¾	134¾	— 6
200	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	107¾	107½	107½	+ 1½
900	Am. Cotton Oil	44	42	42	— 4½
100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	79	79	79	— ¾
2,300	Am. Drug. Syndicate	11⅞	10⅝	11⅛	— ⅝
2,100	Am. Express	142	132	135	—15
1,300	Am. Hide & Leather	17½	15⅝	16	— 1⅝
5,100	Am. Hide & Leather pf	92	86	88	— 4½
700	Am. Ice	42	40¾	40¾	— 2⅜
2,100	Am. Ice pf	50¼	48¾	49¼	— 1½
9,600	Am. International	58¾	52¾	53¼	— 5½
1,300	Am. La F. Fire Engine	11⅝	11⅛	11⅜	+ ⅛
4,000	Am. Linseed	81½	77	77	— 5½
27,900	Am. Locomotive	102½	95½	97⅝	— 4½
100	Am. Locomotive pf	99½	99¼	99¼	— 2¼
10,650	Am. Safety Razor	16¾	15	15¾	— 1¾
8,200	Am. Ship & Commerce	25	23¾	23¾	— ⅞
4,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	62¾	58½	58¾	— 3¼
800	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	91½	90½	90½	— 1½
145	Am. Smelt Sec., pf. A	74	74	74	— 2½
300	Am. Snuff	106	102	102	— 3
3,900	Am. Steel Fdys.	39	37⅝	38	— 1
100	Am. Steel Fdys. pf	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	+ ⅛
1,400	Am. Sugar Refining	128	124½	124½	— 5¾
400	Am. Sugar Refining pf	108⅜	107½	108¾	— ⅞
5,500	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	93¼	87¼	90	— 3½
5,500	Am. Tel. & Tel	93⅞	93	93⅞	+ ⅜
800	Am. Tobacco	229¾	223½	223½	— 5⅞
300	Am. Tobacco pf., new	88	87⅝	88	
200	Am. Tobacco, Class B	209	206	206	— 2
35,200	Am. Woolen	90	84½	87½	— 4
400	Am. Woolen pf	94¾	94	94¾	— ⅛
900	Am. Writing Paper pf	47⅞	45	46½	— 1½
800	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	15⅞	14	14	— ⅞
200	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	49	49	49	+ ⅝
5,800	Anaconda Copper	57½	54¼	*55¾	— 1
200	Ann Arbor	16½	16½	16⅝	+ 2½
100	Ann Arbor pf	30	30	30	+ 5
600	Assets Realization	3⅝	3¼	3½	— ⅛
200	Associated D. G.	35	34	34	— 1¼
100	Associated D. G. 1st pf.	62	62	62	+ 2
7,300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	81⅞	79¼	79¼	— 1⅝
800	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	73	73	73	
1,800	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	8½	8¼	8⅜	+ ⅛
200	Atl. Coast Line	86	85	85	— ¾
8,000	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	164½	153	153	— 9
300	Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf	65	64½	64½	— 1½
500	Atl. Refining pf.	105	104½	*104⅞	+ 1½
300	Austin, Nichols & Co.	22½	22¼	22⅜	— ⅛
160,300	BALDWIN LOCO.	123¾	114⅜	117¾	— 6
400	Baldwin Loco. pf.	97½	97	97½	— ½
8,900	Baltimore & Ohio	33⅝	31½	31¾	— 1⅝
1,900	Baltimore & Ohio pf	45	43	*43	+ 1
200	Barnsdall, Class A	41	41	41	+ 1
7,000	Barrett Co.	146⅜	130¼	145	— 1⅝
300	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛
4,200	Bethlehem Motors	23	20¼	21¼	— 2
1,200	Bethlehem Steel	88½	85⅝	87	— 2⅜
23,300	Bethlehem Steel, Class B	91¼	87¼	88⅜	— 3⅝
1,100	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	107	105½	105½	— 1⅝
700	Booth Fisheries	8¾	8	8	— 1
100	Brooklyn Edison Elec.	83	83	83	— 6½
3,000	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	12	10¾	11¼	—
1,500	Brooklyn Rapid Transit cfs. of dep.	8⅜	7¾	8	— 1½
200	Brooklyn Union Gas	48⅝	48¼	48⅝	+ ¼
400	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	6⅝	6	6	— ½
100	Buffalo & Susquehanna	65	65	65	
500	Burns Brothers	112	111¾	111¾	— ¼
1,100	Butte Copper & Zinc	9¼	8¾	9	— ⅜
1,900	Butte & Superior	23	22½	23	—
200	Butterick Co.	13⅞	13¼	13¼	— ½
1,300	CADDO CENT. O. & R.	18	17	17	— 1¼
600	California Packing	70⅜	69¼	69¼	— 2
2,000	California Petroleum	32½	30¾	31	— 2
100	California Petroleum pf.	68½	68¼	68¼	— ½
14,500	Canadian Pacific	126⅜	119¼	121	— 1¾
600	Case (J. I.) Plow	14	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
300	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	94	93¾	93¾	+ ⅛
8,300	Central Leather Co.	66⅛	62	63	— 4¼
700	Central Leather Co. pf.	100¾	98½	99	— 2
748	Central R. R. of N. J.	215	203	215	+15
1,800	Cerro de Pasco Copper	44½	42⅞	43	— 1½
11,700	Chandler Motor	102¾	95⅜	97	— 5½
5,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	56½	53	53	— 1⅝
100	Chi. & Alton	8¾	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
100	Chi. & Eastern Ill. eq.t.r.	6	6	6	— 1½
2,000	Chi. & East. Ill. pf. eq.t.r.	8	7	7¼	+ ⅛
1,100	Chi. Great Western	8½	8	8	— ⅜
1,600	Chi. Great Western pf.	23½	21½	21½	— 1
12,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	36¼	33⅜	33⅝	— 1⅝
10,905	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	53¾	50	50½	— 2¼
3,300	Chi. & Northwestern	71	70	70⅜	— ⅝
300	Chi. & Northwestern pf.	100	98¼	100	+ 1
2,000	Chi. Pneumatic Tool	95	87	*89¾	— 5¼
43,500	Chi. R. I. & Pacific	38⅝	36¼	37	— 1
700	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 7% pf.	75¾	73	73	— ⅝
500	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 6% pf.	64½	63¼	63¾	— ⅝
100	Chi., St. P., Minn. & O.	60	60	60	+ 1
4,600	Chile Copper	15⅞	14⅝	14⅞	+ 2
3,100	Chino Copper	31	29½	29½	— 1½
500	Cleve., Cin., C. & St. L.	54⅝	53½	53½	— ½
500	Cluett Peabody	79½	77	77	— 3
3,800	Coca-Cola	37	35⅝	37	+ ⅛
500	Colorado Fuel & Iron	34	32	32	— 2
500	Colorado & Southern	24½	24	24	— ⅛
30	Colorado & South. 1st pf	49	49	49	
1,400	Columbia Gas & Elec.	56⅞	53⅜	54	— 3¼
12,600	Columbia Graphophone	31¼	28⅝	28⅞	— 2½
200	Computing Tab Record	49⅝	49½	49½	— ⅜
700	Consol. Cigar	66¼	65	65	— 2
100	Consol. Cigar pf.	78½	78½	78½	— 2½
700	Consol. Gas	79¼	78	78⅝	— 1¼
5,300	Consol. Inter. Cal. Min.	13½	10⅝	11⅝	— 2
4,600	Consol. Textile	36⅝	33	33	— 3
1,350	Continental Candy	12¾	11¼	11⅜	— ⅜
19,500	Corn Products Refining	98⅜	91¼	92	— 4⅝
600	Corn Products Ref. pf.	102¼	101½	102¼	+ 1⅛
500	Cosden & Co.	38	37	37	— 1
40,000	Crucible Steel	156½	142½	*151½	— 3½
13,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	53½	50¼	51	— 2⅝
6,500	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	79½	77½	78⅜	— 1
11,700	Cuban-American Sugar	53	51	52⅜	— 1½
600	DE BEERS MINES	32	31¾	32	+ ⅛
1,700	Del. & Hudson	90	89	89	— 1
2,100	Del., Lack. & Western	200½	190	200	+ 5
5,800	Denver & Rio Grande	5½	5	5⅜	— ⅛
6,300	Denver & Rio Grande pf	12	11	11	— ½
1,500	Dome Mines	9⅝	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
100	Duluth, S. S. & Atlantic	4½	4½	4½	+ ¼
1,000	Duluth, S. S. & At. pf	8¾	8	8	— ⅛
1,900	ELK HORN COAL	24½	21	21	— 3½
5,000	Endicott-Johnson	87½	84½	85	— 4½
400	Endicott-Johnson pf.	96¾	96	96	— 1
13,500	Erie	13⅝	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
8,200	Erie 1st pf	21	20	21	
1,800	Erie 2d pf	14½	13½	13½	— ⅛
2,800	FAMOUS PLAYERS-L.	81¼	78¾	79	— 1½
1,200	Famous Players-L. pf.	90	87	87½	— ⅝
100	Fisher Body	118	118	118	— ¼
12,000	Fisk Rubber	34½	31½	32⅝	— 2
2,400	Freeport-Texas	24	22	22	— 2½
900	GASTON, WM. & W.	13	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅜
2,100	General Am. Tank Car	64½	63	63	— 1⅜
800	General Chemical	174⅜	170	170	— 2
100	General Chemical pf.	94	94	94	
900	General Electric	142½	141¾	141¾	— 2¼
109,110	General Motors	26⅝	23⅜	*25⅞	— ⅝
200	General Motors pf.	77	77	77	
500	General Motors 7% deb.	85⅞	85	85	— 1
300	General Motors 6% deb.	72¾	71⅝	71⅝	— 1½
13,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	63¼	58¾	60¼	— 4
700	Goodrich pf.	88	86¾	87¾	— ⅝
200	Granby Consol.	38	37½	38	
900	Gray & Davis	26	23	24	— 1
8,400	Great Northern pf.	72⅛	69¼	69¾	— 2¼
2,100	Great Northern Certs. for Ore Properties	35⅞	35	35⅜	— ½
400	Greene-Cananea Copper	31	30	30	— 1½
1,100	Gulf States Steel	61¼	60	60	— 3¼
300	Gulf, Mobile & Northern	13⅝	13	13	— 1
200	Gulf, Mobile & Nor. pf.	31	30½	30½	+ 1
400	HARTMAN CORP.	83	82	82	— 1
14,500	Haskell & Barker	70½	69	71⅛	— 3⅜
500	Hendee Mfg.	32½	31	31	— 2½
7,300	Houston Oil	100	88	95¾	— 6½
3,200	Hupp Motor Car	17¼	15⅞	*15⅞	— 1⅝
700	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	82½	81	81¾	— 1
3,700	Indiahoma Ref.	7⅝	7¼	7⅜	— ⅜
4,000	Inspiration Copper	52	49¾	49¾	— 2⅞
1,100	Interborough Con.	3½	3¼	3½	— ⅛
700	Interborough Con. pf.	11½	10¾	11	
400	Internat. Agricul.	24½	23	23	— 2¾
100	Internat. Agricul. pf.	84	84	84	— 1
3,100	Internat. Harv., new	129	127	128	— 1
5,700	Internat. Mer. Mar.	33¼	30	30	— 3
8,700	Internat. Mer. Mar. pf.	84	80	*81¼	— 4⅜
1,900	Internat. Motor Truck	61½	57	59	— 4
200	Internat. M. T. 1st pf.	81	80¾	80¾	— ¼
200	Internat. M. T. 2d pf.	68⅜	68	68⅜	— 1
16,600	Internat. Nickel	18¼	17⅛	17¼	— ⅝
200	Internat. Nickel pf.	81	80¾	81	— 1
46,800	Internat. Paper	87⅜	81½	84¼	— 2⅝
200	Internat. Paper pf. sta.	74	74	74	— 1
202,200	Invincible Oil	47¼	41⅜	44¼	— ⅝
1,600	Iron Products	46	44	44	— 2
22,700	Island Oil & Transp.	7¼	6¾	7	— ⅛
400	JONES BROS. TEA	23¾	23	23	— ⅛
4,400	KANSAS CITY SOUTH.	18⅝	16⅞	16⅞	— 1⅝
200	Kansas City South. pf.	44	42¾	42¾	— ¼
4,600	Kelly Springfield Tire	112⅝	96	96¾	— 11
200	Kelly Spring. Tire 8% pf	100	100		+ 3

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
200	Kelsey Wheel	70	69¾	70	— 2
4,600	Kennecott Copper	26¾	25	25⅞	— ⅜
6,800	Keystone Tire & Rubber	29⅝	29¾	37½	— 2¾
100	Kress (S. H.) Co. pf.	101	101	101	+ ⅞
14,400	LACKAWANNA STEEL	77	72	73	— 4
200	Laclede Gas	38⅝	38	38	— ⅝
200	Lee Rubber & Tire	29	28	28	— 1⅜
3,200	Lehigh Valley	44⅜	42	42½	— 1⅝
500	Liggett & Myers	146	140	140	— 5
200	Liggett & Myers, ClassB	135	135	135	— 7
200	Liggett & Myers pf.	100	99	99	— 1
7,900	Loew's, Inc.	26½	25½	*25⅝	— ⅝
2,800	Loft's, Inc.	16	15	15	— 1
500	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	50	48	48	— 5
100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	136	136	136	— 2
600	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	100	100	100	
100	Louisville & Nashville	100½	100½	100½	— 2¼
500	MACKAY COS. pf.	60	59½	59½	— ⅞
100	Mallinson & Co. pf.	70	70	70	
100	Manhattan Elec. Sup.	57¾	57¼	57¼	
1,700	Martin-Parry	22	22	22	+ 2
500	Maxwell Motors	24	20½	20½	— 4½
400	Max. M. 1st pf. c. of d.	41½	38	38½	— 2⅝
1,800	May Dept. Stores	83	80	*81½	— 2½
69,800	Mexican Petroleum	195	187¾	192	— 3¼
2,200	Miami Copper	21⅞	20½	20½	— 1
10	Michigan Central	74	74	74	
39,030	Middle States Oil	22½	20¾	*21¾	+ ¼
5,900	Midvale Steel	42⅝	40¼	*40¾	— 1
3,100	Minn. & St. Louis, new	14½	13¼	13½	— 1
100	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	69½	69½	69¼	— 2¼
50	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M. pf	81	81	81	
4,900	Mo., Kansas & Texas	7¼	6⅝	6⅝	— ¼
300	Mo., Kansas & Texas pf.	11	10½	11	— ½
26,800	Mo. Pacific	27¼	25	26¾	— ¼
18,800	Mo. Pacific pf.	45¾	41¼	42	— 1⅝
200	Montana Power	60	59½	59½	— ½
100	Montana Power pf.	96	96	96	— 2
1,500	Montgomery-Ward	34	32	32	— 2¼
800	Mullins Body	41¼	37½	*37½	— 3½
300	NAT. ACME	34¾	34¾	34¾	— ⅛
22,200	Nat. Aniline & Chem.	84⅝	78	83	— 1⅜
1,219	Nat. Aniline & Chem. pf.	94⅝	91	92	— 2⅛
400	Nat. Biscuit pf.	108	103½	108	+ 4
100	Nat. Cloak & Suit	58¾	58¼	58¼	
100	Nat. Cloak & Suit pf.	96	96	96	— 1
700	Nat. Conduit & Cable	9	8¾	8¾	— ⅛
300	Nat. Enam. & Stamping	71⅜	70	70	— 2½
1,900	Nat. Lead	78	75½	76½	— 3½
100	Nat. Lead pf.	103½	103½	103½	+ ⅞
1,000	Nevada Consol. Copper	13	12¾	12¾	— ¼
200	New Orleans, Tex. & M.	35	35	35	— ¾
700	N. Y. Air Brake	101	98¾	98¾	— 2¾
6,400	N. Y. Central	70½	66⅝	66⅝	— 3⅝
400	N. Y., Chicago & St. L.	30⅝	28	28	— 2½
100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	55	55	55	
200	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	49	49	49	— 3½
200	N. Y. Dock	33⅜	33	33⅜	— 1½
21,800	N. Y., N. H. & H.	32	29	30½	— 1⅝
100	N. Y., Ontario & West	19	19	19	+ ⅛
200	Norfolk Southern	22	22	22	— 2¾
2,000	Norfolk & Western	91¼	88½	88½	— 2
500	North American	58⅝	56	56⅝	— 1⅝
6,300	Northern Pacific	73⅜	71	71¼	— 1⅝
1,400	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	55	52½	52¾	— 4
200	Nunnally Co.	15½	15½	15¾	+ ⅜
200	OHIO BODY & BLOW'R	27	27	27	— ¾
1,700	Ontario Mining	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ¼
4,900	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	4¾	4	4¼	— ¾
400	Otis Elevator	130	125	125	— 7
1,500	Otis Steel	26⅞	24	24	— 2⅝
200	Owens Bottle	50⅞	49½	49¾	— 1½
900	PACIFIC DEVELOP.	50⅝	47¼	47½	— 2½
300	Pacific Gas & Electric	45⅛	45	45	— 2
200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	44	43	43	— 2
79,800	Pan Am. Pet. & Trans.	106⅝	101	103⅜	— 2⅝
8,600	Pan Am. Pet. & Trans. Class B	99¼	95⅜	96¼	— 3
400	Parish & Bingham	34½	32½	32½	— 2
16,730	Penn. Railroad	40	39¼	39½	— ½
700	Penn. Seaboard Steel	25½	23⅝	23⅝	— 2⅜
700	Penney (J. C.) pf.	92	91	91	— 2
1,700	People's Gas, Chicago	35	31½	32½	— 2½
12,800	Pere Marquette	26¼	24	25	— ⅝
200	Pere Marquette pf.	45	44	44	+ 5
8,200	Phillips Petroleum	42⅝	41	41	— 2⅝
2,400	Philadelphia Co.	36¼	34½	34¾	— 2⅝
32,100	Pierce-Arrow	54½	48½	51	— 3½
2,800	Pierce Oil	16	15	15⅛	— ½
900	Pierce Oil 8% pf.	84¼	83⅞	83⅞	— ⅜
400	P., C., C. & St.L. c. of d	75	75	75	+ 2
900	Pittsburgh Coal	60½	59¾	59¾	— 1⅜
100	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	85¾	85¾	85¾	— 1
1,500	Pitts. & W. Va.	31½	29⅝	29⅞	— 1⅝
400	Pond Creek Coal	17½	17	17	
1,600	Pressed Steel Car	100½	97	97	— 4
100	Pressed Steel Car pf.	97	97	97	— 1
600	Pullman Co.	117	112½	112½	— 4⅞
4,800	Punta Alegre Sugar	101	98¾	99	— 2
9,200	Pure Oil	42½	40	40⅝	— 2
1,000	RAILWAY STL. SPG.	99	96	96	— 3
100	Railway Stl. Spg. pf.	100	100	100	+ ⅛
100	Rand Mines	29	29	29	+ 1
800	Ray Con. Copper	16¾	16¼	16¼	— ⅜
154,700	Reading	92⅞	88	89	— 2½
700	Reading 1st pf.	43⅞	43½	43½	— ⅜
300	Reading 2d pf.	45	43½	43⅝	— ⅞
1,800	Remington Typewriter	70	68½	68½	— 1⅝
13,800	Replogle Steel	99½	81¼	84	— 6
36,400	Republic Iron & Steel	96⅞	88½	*90¼	— 3¾
100	Republic I. & S.

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New York Stock Exchange

$60,000,000,000

The total of stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange, as of February 18th, 1920, counting non-par stocks at market prices, is conservatively estimated at sixty billion dollars.

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Petroleum as a National Resource

The United States is confronted by a problem of national significance. Petroleum is being mined at the rate of close to 400,000,000 barrels annually, and yet does not fill the demands. At the rate consumption is going, oil in large quantities must be found elsewhere in the world. Foreign drilling by American companies should be encouraged by the elimination of the excess profit tax and profits derived from foreign drilling should be untaxed until the capital investment has been liquidated. It is to be hoped that a more liberal policy than the one prevailing at present will be adopted in Washington towards encouraging American companies to develop foreign petroleum fields.

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NEW YORK

I.M.M. REPORT SHOWS $17,749,931 SURPLUS

Balance Over Fixed Charges and Operating Expenses $4,809,394 More Than in 1918.

1920 OUTLOOK NOT SO GOOD

Strikes Interfering with Traffic, and Excessive Cost of Coal Cut Down Earnings.

The pamphlet report of the International Mercantile Marine Company and subsidiary companies for the year 1919 shows a surplus of $17,749,931 after meeting all fixed charges and operating expenses, in which latter are included all charges for repairs, maintenance and overhauls, as compared with a surplus of $12,940,537 for the year 1918, an increase of $4,809,394. Gross earnings after providing for the British excess profits tax were $58,875,493, to which was added $6,751,473, making total earnings $67,626,967. From this was deducted $47,139,490 for gross operating and general expenses, taxes and miscellaneous interest, and $2,737,346 for fixed charges, leaving the surplus above referred to.

Depreciation on steamships for 1919 took $4,703,217, leaving a surplus for the year of $13,168,124, which, after allowing for the 6 per cent. due on the preferred stock, would have been the equivalent of slightly more than 20 per cent. earned on the outstanding common stock. The accumulated unpaid dividends on the preferred stock at the end of 1919 was 47 per cent.

In the assets and liabilities a total is given of $268,637,740. Among the assets cost of properties is carried at a net figure of $155,118,635 and investments in other companies at $18,146,179, for a total of capital assets of $173,264,864. Current assets, including inventories, accounts receivable, interest receivable and accrued, agency balances, marketable stocks and bonds and cash at bankers and on hand and in transit are $89,232,162.

Attention is called in the report to the fact that the cash and marketable stocks and bonds of the Leland Company would have increased the amount shown in the consolidated balance sheet from $55,472,674 to $91,479,422.

In his remarks concerning the outlook President F. A. S. Franklin says, in part:

"The earnings of the company so far this year have been below those for the corresponding period of 1919, due to recession in freight rates, labor difficulties in various directions seriously interfering with the regular movement of traffic and the dispatch of the steamers, and particularly to the excessive cost of fuel and the great difficulties at times in securing same.

"In the case of the voyage of some of the passenger steamers made this year the cost of the fuel alone for the round voyage exceeded the average total voyage expenses of 1913, covering everything, including insurance.

"It is expected, however, that the earnings for the remainder of the year will show an improvement, as some of our passenger steamers engaged in war service have recently been reconditioned and restored to their trades and are beginning to operate more satisfactorily, although the expense of operating them has very materially increased. The number of passengers moving is very satisfactory."

Nat. Bank of South Africa Report.

The annual report of the National Bank of South Africa, according to a cable just received by the New York agent, R. E. Saunders, presented at the recent annual meeting of the institution, held at Pretoria, showed paid up capital of £2,985,000, deposits of £61,323,000, notes in circulation £4,327,000, cash assets £13,761,000, investments £12,185,000, bills discounted, loans, &c., £32,961,000.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

	December. High	Low	March. High	Low
WHEAT.				
July 15	2.75	2.70	2.76	2.73
July 16	2.66	2.56	2.74	2.64
July 17	2.59½	2.51	2.64½	2.55
Week's range	2.76	2.51	2.76	2.55

	July. High	Low	Sept. High	Low	Dec. High	Low
CORN						
July 12	1.65½	1.59½	1.62¾	1.58½	1.47½	1.42½
July 13	1.61	1.55½	1.59¼	1.55¼	1.43¾	1.40¾
July 14	1.58	1.52½	1.57½	1.51½	1.43½	1.38¾
July 15	1.54¾	1.48	1.54½	1.48¾	1.42½	1.34¾
July 16	1.50¾	1.46	1.50¾	1.47	1.39¾	1.35
July 17	1.50	1.48½	1.51	1.47	1.38¾	1.35
Wk's rg.	1.65½	1.46	1.62¾	1.47	1.47½	1.35

	July. High	Low	Sept. High	Low	Dec. High	Low
OATS						
July 12	90¾	87½	82½	80	80¾	77½
July 13	97	93	80	78½	77¾	75¾
July 14	94½	91½	79¾	76¾	77⅜	75⅛
July 15	92½	86	78¾	75½	77	74¼
July 16	80½	86¾	77½	75¼	76	74⅜
July 17	80¾	88¾	77¼	76	76	74⅜
W'k's rge.	90¾	86¾	82½	75¼	80¼	74⅜

Provisions.

	July. High	Low	Sept. High	Low	October. High	Low
LARD.						
July 12	19.30	18.95	20.00	10.70	20.35	20.25
July 13			19.65	19.25	19.87	19.67
July 14	19.30	18.17	19.25	18.25	19.37	19.10
July 15	17.85	17.85	18.92	18.50	19.27	18.90
July 16			19.10	18.65	19.52	19.00
July 17	18.77	18.25	19.37	19.00	19.72	19.40
Wk's rge.	19.20	17.85	20.00	18.25	20.35	18.90

	July. High	Low	Sept. High	Low	Sept. High	Low
RIBS.						
July 12			17.00	16.77	17.90	17.45
July 13			16.57	16.40	17.50	17.20
July 14					17.25	16.72
July 15			16.70	15.65	16.90	16.22
July 16					16.95	16.65
July 17					16.92	16.35
Week's range			17.00	15.65	17.90	16.22

	July. High	Low	Sept. High	Low	Sept. High	Low
PORK.						
July 12			28.50	28.30	30.80	30.37
July 13			28.02	28.00	30.00	29.52
July 14					29.50	27.90
July 15					28.20	27.35
July 16					28.00	27.45
July 17					28.35	28.10
Week's range			28.50	28.00	30.80	27.45

COTTON.

	July. High	Low	Oct. High	Low	Dec. High	Low
July 12	35.60	35.50	35.80	35.17	31.90	31.25
July 13	40.40	39.80	35.47	33.22	31.80	31.50
July 14	41.35	40.75	34.10	33.38	32.35	31.43
July 15	41.75	41.40	34.54	34.04	32.88	32.14
July 16	42.05	41.80	34.98	34.15	33.00	32.50
July 17	41.50	41.10	34.77	34.45	33.10	33.40
Wk's rg.	42.05	39.50	34.77	33.17	33.10	31.50

	Jan. High	Low	March. High	Low	May. High	Low
July 12	31.10	30.60	30.53	30.31	29.90	29.80
July 13	31.05	30.65	30.40	30.22	29.77	29.60
July 14	31.40	30.90	30.68	30.04	29.93	29.75
July 15	31.75	31.35	31.10	30.55	30.18	29.90
July 16	32.05	31.40	31.40	30.72	30.50	29.90
July 17	32.33	32.00	31.62	31.28	30.75	30.45
Wk's rg.	32.33	30.65	31.62	30.04	30.75	29.60

SPOT COTTON.

	Liverpool.	New York.	New Orleans.
July 12	25.29d	40.50c	39.00c
July 13	25.43d	41.00c	39.00c
July 14	25.85d	42.00c	39.00c
July 15	26.22d	42.50c	39.00c
July 16	26.65d	42.50c	39.50c
July 17		42.25c	38.50c
Week's range—			
High	26.65d	42.50c	39.50c
Low	25.29d	40.50c	39.00c

Japanese Sterling 4% Bonds

DUE 1931

Due to the present English Exchange situation these bonds are now selling at very low prices.

In our opinion they present an exceptional investment opportunity.

We recommend their purchase.

Quotations and description furnished upon application

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$8,000,000

Duquesne Light Company

(PITTSBURGH)

First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Thirty-Year 6% Gold Bonds

Dated July 1, 1919. Due July 1, 1949. Interest payable January 1 and July 1, in New York. Callable on any interest date at 105 and interest. Bankers Trust Company, New York, Trustee.

Free of the present Pennsylvania Four Mill Tax. The Company agrees to pay interest without deduction for any Normal Federal Income Tax to an amount not exceeding 2% which it may lawfully pay at the source.

Application will be made to list these bonds on the New York Stock Exchange

For further information regarding these bonds, attention is called to the letter of Mr. A. W. Thompson, President of the company, copies of which will be furnished on request, and which states that:

The Duquesne Light Company owns in fee or controls through long-term lease or stock ownership, and in large part directly operates, properties conducting the entire central station electric light and power business in Pittsburgh and throughout the major portions of Allegheny and Beaver Counties, Pennsylvania.

The properties operated by the Duquesne Light Company and its subsidiaries form a single inter-connecting system which serves a population estimated to exceed 1,100,000, located in the heart of the Pittsburgh District.

Franchises, with minor exceptions, are, in the opinion of counsel, unlimited in time or for 999-year periods.

Earnings

of the Duquesne Light Company and subsidiary companies—inter-company charges eliminated.
(Year ended May 31, 1920)

Gross Earnings	$14,242,233.63
Operating Expenses, including Current Maintenance and Taxes	9,566,077.59
Net Earnings	$4,676,156.04
Annual Fixed Interest and Rental Charges, including Interest on the bonds now offered	2,221,101.36
Balance	$2,455,054.68

Net Earnings Over Twice the Above Fixed Charges

The above earnings reflect none of the benefit from the large investment made and being made in additional power facilities which upon completion will add 160,000 k.w. (or over 100 per cent.) to the present power generating capacity of the system.

The First Mortgage and Collateral Trust 6% Gold Bonds (outstanding to the amount of $31,718,500 face value, including the present issue) are secured, in the opinion of counsel, by a first mortgage on all property owned in fee by the Duquesne Light Company and by a first lien on its leasehold interests and on certain bonds and virtually all the stocks of its subsidiaries. The bonds are also secured, in the opinion of counsel, by a first mortgage on the new Colfax Power Plant, the completion of the construction of which with an initial installed capacity of 120,000 k.w. is being partly financed out of the proceeds of the $8,000,000 bonds now offered.

The property which, in the opinion of counsel, is covered by the first mortgage lien of these bonds will include two of the largest and most important electric power plants in the country (Brunot Island, to be increased from 120,000 k.w. to 160,000 k.w. capacity, and the new Colfax Power Plant, initial installed capacity to be 120,000 k.w.) and extensive transmission and distribution lines.

The bonds are followed by the $5,941,000 7% preferred stock and by $18,226,000 common stock (paying 8% dividends) of the Duquesne Light Company.

We recommend these bonds for investment

Price 85 and Interest; Yielding about 7¼%

Bonds are offered for delivery when, as and if issued, and received by us. It is anticipated that temporary bonds will be available for delivery on or about August 1, 1920.

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New York

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New York

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But so far they, and we, have only gone along the path. The broad highway is still before us.

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Sent free upon request.

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City of Berlin 4s
City of Bremen 4s, 4½s
City of Coblenz 4s
City of Cologne 4s
City of Dresden 4s, 4½s
City of Dusseldorf 4s
City of Frankfort 4s, 5s
City of Hamburg 4s, 4½s
City of Lubeck 4s
City of Leipzig 4s, 5s
City of Munich 4s, 5s
City of Vienna 4s, 4½s
French Government 4s, 5s
Argentine Government 5s
Chinese Government 5s
Japanese Govt. 4s, 4½s

An approach to the normal in foreign exchange would bring exceedingly large profits on bonds bought at current levels.

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TELEPHONE: BROAD 7740

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67 Exch. Place New York

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Amer. Power & Lt.
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East Coast Fisheries
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Write for Circular C.

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Fair & Co. (Chain Jewelry Stores) 10% Debenture Preferred Stock participating up to 20%. Pays 2½% Quarterly.
Write for Circular F.

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AND N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

TRUMBULL BEGAN RAIL CAREER AT 12

Rose to Top from Lowest Ranks —First Head of American Executives.

ASSOCIATES PAY TRIBUTE

Funeral Services to be Held Friday at Tarrytown—Special Train from Here.

Funeral services for the late Frank Trumbull will be held in the Old Dutch Church, Tarrytown, on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, daylight saving time. The services will be conducted by Dr. William F. Slocum, President-Emeritus of Colorado College. Interment will take place immediately after the services in the Sleepy Hollow Cemetery at Tarrytown.

A special train will leave Grand Central Terminal, New York, Friday afternoon at 1:50 o'clock, arriving at Tarrytown at 2:30, and returning to New York at the conclusion of the services.

The following resolution on the death of Mr. Trumbull was adopted by the Association of Railway Executives at a meeting of member roads on Friday last, at the New Haven Board room, Grand Central Terminal:

"On the 12th day of July, 1920, Frank Trumbull departed this life in the sixty-second year of his age. With a brief intermission, he devoted his entire business career to the service of transportation.

"Beginning work at the early age of 12, and entering the lowest ranks of his adopted profession, he gradually made his way up through every step of advancement until he reached the responsible offices of President and Chairman of the Board of several important railroad corporations—positions which he held and administered with distinguished success until his fatal illness and death.

"His intellectual interests were, however, far wider than any individual corporation. He became a philosopher of transportation and a broad-minded student of its relationship to Government and to the interests of all the people. He was one of the small number who originated, and he became the first Chairman of, what now has become the Association of Railway Executives. He devoted himself without reservation or limit to the purpose of bringing about an understanding by the public of the problems of transportation in their relationship to the welfare and prosperity of society, and an appreciation of their essentially national character and importance.

"He was Chairman of the Committee of Executives which called on the President in September, 1914, shortly after the outbreak of the World War, and drew from him a public declaration of sympathy and helpfulness for the railroads, and an appeal to the public to aid in bringing them up to the proper standard of capacity and service.

"He was instrumental in bringing about the comprehensive study of the railroad problem which was made by the joint committee of Congress headed by Senator Newlands, and in which the constructive policies now crystallized into statute law had their birth.

"But his interests were wider still. In the midst of his engrossing business employments he found time to devote to the service of humanity in many of its vital needs and aspects. He associated himself actively and helpfully in many educational and charitable undertakings, and spent largely of his efforts and his means in promoting the welfare of his fellow-men, showing especial interest in the industrial development and education of the colored race.

"His effort and ambition was to make life easier for those with whom he came in contact, and if good and kindly deeds blossom into happiness beyond the grave, he is now receiving that reward of his generous and well-spent life. We, his friends and associates of many years, deeply deplore his death and pay to his memory this tribute of affection and regard."

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STANDARD OIL ISSUES

WEEKLY SUMMARY ON STANDARD OIL ISSUES WILL BE MAILED TO INVESTORS ON REQUEST

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BUY INTEREST IN CAR CO.

Youngstown and Brier Hill Firms Secure Steel Plate Outlet.

The Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, it was announced yesterday, have become interested in the Youngstown Steel Car Company. The reason for acquiring this interest, it was stated, is to supply an outlet for a steel plate capacity greatly inflated by the war.

The shops of the Youngstown Steel Car Company are at Niles, where they were established when it became necessary to shift from Youngstown on account of lack of facilities for expansion. The Niles plant represents an investment of about $1,000,000 and will be used chiefly for repair work until further extensions are completed. The additions, it is estimated, will cost upwards of $5,000,000.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Bonbright & Co., Inc., Byllesby & Co. and the Federal Securities Corporation are offering a new issue of $3,500,000 Louisville Gas and Electric Company bond secured gold 5 per cent. notes, due January 15, 1923.

Leopold Dubois, formerly Managing Director, was elected President of the Swiss Bank Corporation of Basle, Switzerland, at a recent meeting of the Board of Directors. F. Zahn-Geigy was continued as First Vice President, and Charles Schlumberger was elected Second Vice President.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. have opened a branch office in St. Louis under the management of Cary N. Weisiger, Jr.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JULY 17, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$56,568,250	$2,135,772,600
Same period a year ago.	60,653,100	1,761,155,889

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	67.03	66.88	72.51	65.57
Same period a year ago.	77.58	77.46	79.05	76.60

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
55½	55	2	ADAMS EXP. 4s....	56	55½	55½	— ½
20	11	3	Alas. G. M. cv. 6s,A	11½	11½	11½	..
100	70	5	Am. Ag. Ch. cv. 5s.	80	80	80	— 8
99¾	92	2	Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s	93½	93½	93½	..
98⅝	96⅛	1	Am. Dock & I. 5s..	97¾	97¾	97¾	..
86⅛	74	73	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s.	78¾	77½	78	+ ⅛
99⅝	92	125	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s..	93½	92¾	93	— ⅛
80½	73	45	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	76⅛	75¾	76	+ 1
83⅝	72⅝	158	Am. T. & T. col. 5s.	76	75	75¼	..
69	62¾	2	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s.	62½	62½	62½	— 2½
85	77⅛	7	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s.	77½	77½	77⅝	— ⅝
83¾	74	1	Am. Writ. Paper 7s.	74½	74½	74½	— ⅝
84⅛	74⅜	58	Armour P. Co. 4½s.	75¼	74¾	75	..
82⅜	69⅝	178	A., T. & S.F. gen. 4s	73½	72½	73¼	+ 1⅜
71½	62	1½	A., T. & S.F. adj. 4s	63½	65¼	65¼	+ ⅜
71½	62	45	A.,T.&S.F.adj.4s,sta.	65	64⅜	65	+ ¼
81	66¼	22	A.,T.&S.F.C.&A.4½s	72½	72½	72½	+ ¾
88⅜	81½	1	At. & C. A. L. 5s.	82¾	82¾	82¾	+ 1¼
80	69⅝	15	Atl. Coast L. 1st 4s	72½	72	72¼	+ 2⅝
98	95½	302	Atl. Coast L. 7s....	98¾	97¾	97¾	+ ¼
72	60¼	31	A.C.L., L. & N.col.4s	63⅜	62½	62½	+ ½
78	68	2	At. C. L. unif. 4½s	70	70	70	+ 1
97	93¼	1	BALD. LOCO. 5s....	93¼	93¼	93¼	— ⅜
70	57½	27	Balt. & O. gold 4s...	59⅜	58½	59⅜	+ ⅜
66	57⅜	77	Balt. & O. conv. 4½s.	58⅝	57½	58	— ⅜
69	61¼	22	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s.	58⅞	58½	58½	+ ½
84⅞	78	18	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s	79	78½	78½	— ..
92	81½	66	Balt. & Ohio 6s....	86	85½	85⅞	— ¼
77	68¼	13	B. & O. S. W. 3½s..	69¾	68⅝	68⅝	— ⅝
61	51⅞	26	B.& O.,P.,L.E.&W.5s	55	54½	55	+ 1½
53	45	3	B. & O., T. & C. 4s	45	45	45	..
97⅜	89⅝	5	Beth Steel ext. 5s..	91½	91½	91⅝	+ ⅝
83	77	8	Beth. Steel ref. 5s..	80	78½	79⅝	+ ⅜
86⅞	77⅜	10	Beth. Steel p. m. 5s	79½	78	79½	+ 1½
93	84	3	Braden Copper 6s...	88½	87⅞	87⅞	+ ⅞
50	38	1½	B. R. T. 7s, 1921....	35	39	39	+ 1
63	55¾	6	B'klyn Un. El.5s,sta.	55½	55¾	55⅝	— 1⅛
73	61¼	3	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s...	71	71	71	..
82	71	1	Bush Term. 5s.....	75	73	75	+ 4
79⅞	65	1	Bush Term. 4s.....	68	68	68	+ 2
82⅞	71*	7	Bush Term. Bldgs.5s	73	73½	73	+ 2
90¼	79¾	5	CAL. GAS & EL. 5s	83¾	83½	83¾	+ ¼
90	75½	3	Cent. of Ga. con. 5s.	78½	78½	78½	+ 1¼
94	84	11	Cent. of Ga. 6s.....	85½	84½	84½	— ⅜
97¼	90	18	Central Leather 5s..	92	90¾	90¾	— ⅜
100	90	7	Cent. of N. J. gen.5s	94½	93½	93½	+ ⅜
99¼	81¼	7	Cen.of N.J.gen.5s,reg	93	93	93	+ 2
58	47½	10	Cent. New Eng. 4s..	49	49	49	+ ⅜
78	65¼	55	Central Pacific 4s...	70⅜	69	70½	+ 1½
82½	75¼	5	Central Pacific 3½s.	76½	75¾	75¾	+ ⅛
70	60¾	10	Cent. Pac., Th.E.L.4s	63⅜	63¾	63¾	— 1⅜
81⅝	70	4	C. R. R. & B. Ga.5s	80¼	80¼	80¼	+ ⅛
81⅜	70	13	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s.	75⅝	74	74	— 1⅝
77	66¼	52	Ches. & O. cv. 4½s..	73	71½	72⅜	+ ⅛
77	69⅜	14	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s.	70¼	70	70¼	— ⅜
73	61¼	3	C. & O., R.&A.1st 4s	63	63	63	..
63½	57⅜	2	C. C. O., Big Sandy 4s	63½	63½	63½	+ 6⅛
49	41	8	Chicago & Alton 3s..	42½	41	41	— 1⅛
38	20¼	13	Chicago & Alton 3½s	33¾	32⅜	32⅜	+ ⅛
81¼	67	38	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	74½	73	74	— 2¼
96	92½	413	C., B. & Q. joint 4s.	94¼	94¼	93⅜	— ¼
95¼	85	1	C., B. & Q. jt.4s,reg.	86	85	85	— 4
76	64	4	C.,B.& Q.,Ill.Div.3½s	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	+ ⅛
92	83¾	15	C.,B.& Q.,Neb.Ext.4s	83¾	83⅜	83⅜	..
84	73	33	C., B.& Q., Ill.Div.4s	77¾	74	77¼	+ 4¼
57⅞	51	18	Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s	52½	51¼	51¼	— ⅜
79	68⅝	29	C., M.& St.P.gen.4½s	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	— ⅜
61¾	52¼	54	C., M.& St.P.ref.4½s	54½	53⅝	54⅛	+ 1
57	53	11	C., M. & St. P. 4s, 56	56	55	55½	+ ¼
72	59⅝	12	C., M. & St.P.gen.4s	65½	64⅜	65⅛	+ ⅜
72	61	83	C., M.& St. P.cv.4½s	63½	62⅞	63	+ ⅛
72½	59⅞	51	C., M.& St.P.cv.5s,B	65	62½	62⅝	..
98⅜	94	6	C., M. & St. P., C. P. & W. 5s.....	96	95½	95½	— ⅛
96⅜	94	2	C., M. & St. P., W. & M 5s	95	95	95	— ⅜
79¾	70	21	C., M. & St. P.4s,'25	71½	70½	70¾	— ⅜
98	65	26	C. & N. W. gen. 4s..	72⅞	72½	72⅜	+ ⅛
68½	59¾	1	C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	61⅞	61⅞	61⅝	+ 1⅛
98	84½	9	C. & N. W. gen. 5s	89	88	89	+ 3⅝
100½	99⅞	220	C. & N. W. d. 5s,'21	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	+ 1⅛
97¼	96	4	C. & N. W. d. 5s,'21	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	+ 1⅛
70	57½	10	Chi. Railways 5s....	63½	62	62	— 2⅛
76½	65	22	C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	68	67⅛	67⅜	+ ⅛
67⅜	60¼	190	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	66¾	64⅛	64¼	— 1¼
105	98	5	C., St. P., M. & O.6s	99	99	99	..
83	70½	20	Chi. Un. Sta. 4½s...	73¾	72½	72⅝	— ⅛
102½	100	88	Chi. Un. Sta. 6½s, interim ctfs. 102		101¼	102	..
61	53	7	C. & W.I. con. 4s..	54⅝	54¼	54¼	+ ⅝
86	72½	32	Chile Copper 6s....	73⅛	72½	73¼	— ⅛
108½	96	57	Chile Copper 7s.....	98	96¾	96¾	— ⅝
70	60	13	C.,C.,C.&St.L.gen.4s	64	63¾	64	+ ⅛
77	66	8	C.,C.,C.&St.L.deb.4½s	71	70½	71	..
68½	60¾	3	C.,C.,C.& St.L.,St.L. D. 4s	63	62¾	62¾	— ¼
74	70	4	Col. Industrial 5s...	72⅜	72	72	— 1⅛
85½	74	2	Col. & South. 1st 4s	76¼	76¼	76¼	+ 2⅛
75	66¼	10	Col. & Sou. ref. 4½s.	67¼	67¼	67⅛	..
88	81	1	Comp. Tab. Rec. 6s..	83½	83½	83½	..
101⅛	98	99	Con. Gas cv. 7s....	99⅝	98	98½	— ⅛
100	95⅞	122	Cuba C. Sug. cv. 7s.	97½	97	97⅜	— ⅛
101¾	99⅞	58	DEL. & HUD. 7s....	101⅝	100¾	101⅜	+ 1⅛
81	67	21	Del. & Hud. ref. 4s..	72	71	72	+ 3
85½	72	19	Del. & Hud. cv. 5s..	75	74	74¼	— ⅛
80	69½	4	Det. Riv. T. 4½s....	70	70	70	..
60	59⅜	5	Det. Union 4½s....	60	59⅝	60	..
72⅝	62⅞	2	D. & R. G. con. 4½s.	64⅝	64¼	64¼	— ⅝
67⅞	58	24	D. & R. G. con. 4s..	63½	62	63	+ ⅛
70½	63	25	D. & R. G. imp. 5s.	68⅝	68	68⅝	+ ⅜
49	39	93	D. & R. G. 1st ref.5s	46½	44½	44½	— 1
44½	39	4	D. & R. G. 1st ref. 5s, c. of s.....	42	42	42	..
83	75	8	Distillers Sec. Con.	77	76	76	..
96¼	95¼	2	Dupont Powder 4½s.	95¼	95¼	95¾	+ ⅛
91	80	8	E.T.V. & Ga.cons.5s.	82	80	80	— 1⅝
56	47	30	Erie 1st con. 4s.....	49	48	48½	— ⅛
47	39	15	Erie gen. 4s.....	39¾	39	39¼	— ⅛
41⅜	30½	33	Erie conv. 4s, A....	34¾	34	34½	— ⅛
51	30	18	Erie conv. 4s, B....	34⅝	34	34¼	+ ⅛
44	34	62	Erie conv. 4s, D....	37¾	36	37⅛	+ 1⅛
92	90	1	Evans & T.H. con. 6s	90	90	90	— 2
80	74¼	1	FLA. E. C. 4½s...	74¼	74¼	74¼	..
96	91½	1	Ft. W. & D. C. 6s..	94	94	94	+ 2
97	82	10	GEN. EL. deb. 5s..	87	86½	86½	+ ½
99½	98¾	113	Gen. Elec. deb. 5s...	100	99⅝	99⅝	+ ⅜
86½	70	6	Gt. North. ref. 4½s.	78	78⅛	78	+ 4
10¼	7	4	Green Bay deb. B..	8	8	8	+ 1
65	58½	11	Gulf & Ship Is. 5s.	61	61	61	— 4
73	69⅜	7	HOCK. VAL. 4½s...	64	64	64	+ 1½
85½	81½	1	H., E. & W.T. 1st 5s	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	..
60	54	84½	Hud. & M. ref. 5s...	57½	56	56	— 1¼
23½	13	30	Hud. & M. adj. 5s..	19⅜	18½	18¾	— ⅝
72	64		ILL. CEN. 1st 3½s.	64½	64½	64¾	+ ¼
72¼	62	1	Ill. Cent. 4s, '52....	65½	65½	65¾	+ ⅛
73¼	59¾	17	Ill. Cent. 4s, '53....	63	63	63	+ 1
76½	65	3	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s....	70¼	70	70¼	+ ⅜
83½	70½	1	Ill. C. & C. St. L. & N. O. jt. 4s.....	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	+ 1
93½	83	13	Ill. Cent. temp. 5½s.	83¾	84¾	83¾	— ⅛
84	72¾	10	Ill. Steel 4½s.....	85¾	85½	85⅝	— 2
93⅞	83½	6	Indiana Steel 5s....	85¾	85⅝	85⅝	— ⅛
19⅜	13	43	Inter.-Met. 4½s.....	14	13	13½	— 1
19⅜	11½	16	Int.-M. 4½s, c. of d.	13	11½	11½	— 2
51⅜	44¼	786	Int. Rap. Tran. 5s..	47	44¼	45¼	— 2¼
95¾	84	90	Int. Mer. Marine 6s.	85	84½	84½	— ⅛
44	36¾	7	Iowa Central 1pf. 4s.	37½	37	37	— ⅛
70	59	23	K.C., FT. S. & M. 4s	61	60	61	+ 1¼
75¼	63¾	9	K. C. Southern 5s...	67½	66⅞	66⅞	— 1⅛
55	49⅞	31	K. C. Southern 3s...	53⅝	53	53½	— ⅛
79⅝	62⅜	18	Kan. City Term. 4s..	64¼	63¾	64¼	+ ⅛
73	65	3	Keok. & D. M. 1st 5s	66	66	66	— 1½
97¼	90	11	LACK. STEEL 5s,'23	92½	90¼	92	+ 2
99¾	94	4	Lack. Steel 5s, '50..	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜	— ⅛
84½	74¼	25	Lake Shore 4s, '31..	77½	77	77½	+ ⅜
70	65	4	Lake Shore 5½s....	65¾	65	65¼	— ⅛
87½	76	11	Lake Shore 4s, 1928.	80	79½	79½	+ ⅛
163	92	22	Lehigh Valley 6s....	95	93⅞	95	+ ½
80½	69	2	L. V. of Pa. c. 4½s.	71½	70¼	71⅛	+ 1¾
111	99¾	21	Liggett & Myers 7s..	103¼	101	101	— 2¼
89½	77	9	Liggett & Myers 5s..	77¼	77¼	77¾	+ 1
67	59½	10	Long Isl. deb. 5s, '37	59½	59½	59¾	— 3½
72	64½	21	Long Isl. gen. 4s....	65¾	64½	65¾	+ ⅛
68½	60	2	Long Isl. ref. 4s....	65	61½	63	+ 3¼
86	76	9	Lorillard 5s	77¾	76⅝	77	— ⅛
101½	99¼	135	L. & N. 7s, rcts....	101⅜	100½	100⅞	+ ⅛
81½	72	20	L. & N. unified 4s..	78¼	77¾	77¾	+ ⅛
91	84	1	L. & N. col. tr. 5s..	87⅞	87⅜	87⅜	+ 3⅛
51⅞	46	1	L. & N., St.L. Div.3s	47	47	47	..
95	88	8	L. & N., So. Ky.R.4s	88⅞	88	88⅞	+ ⅜
76	60¼	6	L. & N., A.&K. & C.4s	64	63	63	+ 2½
60	51	1	MAN. CON. 4s.....	52	52	52	— ⅛
60½	51	4	Man. Con. 4s,tax ex.	52	52	52	+ ⅛
86	83	9	Mich. St. Tel. 5s....	83½	83½	83½	+ ⅛
23	72	1	Mich. Cent. d. 4s....	74	74	74	..
85½	76¾	65	Midvale Steel 5s....	79	77⅞	78	— ⅛
48¾	34⅞	18	Minn. & St.L. ref.4s	37⅛	37¼	37⅝	+ ⅛
82¾	70¾	1	M.,S.P.&S.S.M.con.4s	72⅝	72½	72½	+ ⅛
93¾	85	6	M., S. S. M. & A. 4s.	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜	— 1⅜
38	34¾	2	Mo., K. & E. 1st 5s.	34½	34¾	34½	— 1⅜
60½	52¾	27	Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s..	54	53	53	— ⅜
33	26½	9	Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s..	29⅞	27	27	— 1
43¾	31	8	Mo., K. & T. pref. 4s	31	31	31	— 2
59	51⅜	163	Mo. Pac. gen. 4s....	53	51⅞	51⅞	— ⅝
67¾	60	1	Mo. Pac. 3d cv. 4s..	63	63	63	+ ⅝
98	76½	2	Mo. Pac. con. 6s....	98¼	97⅝	97⅝	— ⅜
91¼	84	20	Mo. Pac. 5s, 1923...	87	86¾	87	..
59	51⅞	2	Mobile & O. gen. 4s..	55¼	55¼	55½	+ ⅜
86	76¾	32	Montana Power 5s...	79¾	77⅞	78½	+ ⅛
75	60	1	Montreal Tram. 5s...	69	69	69	— 1
83¾	83	8	NAT. TUBE 5s.....	84½	84¼	84½	+ 1⅛
65	58	15	New Orl. Term. 4s..	59	59	59	+ ⅛
85½	46	10	N. O., T. & M. inc.5s	51	50½	50½	+ ⅛
50¾	91	1	N. Y. Air Brake 6s..	93	92	92	— ⅛
88¼	86½	65	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s..	87	86¾	86¾	— ⅛
70	61⅜	22	N. Y. Cent. con. 4s.	64⅞	64	64	+ ⅛
71	63	13	N. Y. Cent. con. 4s.	64⅞	64	64	+ ⅛

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
75	69½	27	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s.	72½	71½	72¼	+ ⅛
82¼	68	46	N. Y. Cent.deb.4s,'34	71⅝	70⅜	70⅜	— ⅛
62	55	10	N. Y. C., L. S. 3½s..	59	57	57	..
81⅜	67¼	3	N. Y.C.& St.L.1st 4s	70	69¾	69¾	+ ⅜
75	64½	1	N. Y.C.& St.L.deb.4s	67	65	65	— ½
85½	74⅜	1	N.Y.G.E.L.H.& P.5s	80	80	80	+ 1
65¾	59	16	N.Y.G.,E.L.,H.& P.4s	59	58½	59	..
67⅛	58½	32	New York Dock 4s..	60	58½	60	+ 1¼
100⅛	98⅞	2	N. Y., L. & W.1st 6s	99¼	99¼	99¼	+ ¼
76½	65	43	N. Y., N. H. & H. con. deb. 6s.....	70	68	68	— 1⅛
50	39½	1	N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 3½s	41¼	41¼	41¼	..
55	45	4	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '56	46	46	46	..
61	52½	26	N. Y., O.& W. ref.4s	56¼	54¾	54¾	+ 1¼
55	50	5	N. Y. State Rys. 4½s	51	51	51	+ ¾
32¾	20	5	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s...	23	23	23	+ 3
7⅛	5	30	N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s ctfs. of deposit....	5	5	5	+ ⅜
96¾	84	46	N. Y. Tel. 6s.....	87⅞	87¼	87¼	— ⅜
81½	73	43	N. Y. Tel. 4½s.....	76½	75⅝	75⅝	— ⅛
44	34½	19	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s.	40½	40	40	..
93	85½	1	Niagara Falls P. 5s.	85½	85½	85½	— 5½
102⅜	95	22	Un. Pacific 4s.....	97⅛	96¾	97	+ ⅛
30	21	5	Un. R.S.F.U.Tr.6s..	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	+ ⅜
30½	22	2	Un. Rys. S. F. 4s...	22	22	22	— 3¾
76¾	65	6	U. Rys. Inv. Pitts. 5s	65½	65	65	— 1
84⅜	74	28	U. S. Realty & I. 5s	81¾	80	80⅜	+ ⅛
103¾	90¼	1	U. S. Rubber 7s....	100	100	100	..
90	76⅜	152	U.S.Rub.1st & ref.5s	79⅝	79⅜	77	— 2⅜
105	94½	5	U. S. S. R. & M. 6s	97	97	97	+ ⅛
99¾	86⅝	212	U. S. Steel 5s.....	92	91½	91½	..
97½	88	⅛	U. S. Steel 5s.....	92	92	92	+ ¼
85¼	73	7	Utah Pow. & L. 5s..	73	73	73	— ⅜
70	63	11	Va. Ry. & Power 5s	65½	64½	64½	— ¼
101	93	13	VA.-CAR. CH. cv.6s	94½	92¾	94¾	..
95⅜	91½	11	Va.-Car. Ch. 1st 5s.	92	91½	92	— ⅛

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High Prices Caused Small Producing Countries to Rush Supplies Here.

CONSERVATION A LOST ART

Country's Butter Holdings 38,000,000 Pounds Less Than a Year Ago—Beef Costs More.

The high prices offered for sugar in the United States, due to the shortage earlier in the season, caused so many countries to offer their product to this country that the situation, so far as the scarcity of sugar was concerned, was permanently relieved, an authority on sugar declared yesterday. Sugar was sent here from a number of small sugar producing countries, he said, in lots of 5,000 to 50,000 tons, and in the aggregate these shipments have been sufficient to take care of all the requirements of the consumers, both manufacturers and housewives.

Conservation of sugar by manufacturers and housewives has played no part in bringing about this situation, he said, for the simple reason that there has been no conservation. All who needed sugar have bought whenever and wherever they could get it, regardless of the price they had to pay, and used it in the same quantities as they did when the price was less than half of what they have recently been paying. He said that the people had the money and each housewife would leave it to the other to do whatever conserving there was to be done, with the result that the usual amount of sugar has been consumed.

Prices are dropping somewhat now, this authority pointed out, and will continue to go down gradually until the new crop is available. However, he expected the prices to remain fairly high for some time.

Decrease in Butter Supply.

In its weekly review of the butter market the Federal Bureau of Markets announced yesterday that the holdings of creamery butter for the entire country on July 1 last were 82,563,265 pounds, as against 90,158,103 pounds on the same date last year. "This shows," says the review, "a shortage of approximately 38,000,000 pounds, or 41.9 per cent., but it is also of interest to note that the July 1 holdings of both 1917 and 1918 were about 49,000,000 pounds, or some 3,000,000 pounds less than this year's holdings."

Besides the steamer Mahia, which arrived here last week with 5,089,280 pounds of Danish butter, the largest single shipment ever received from a foreign port, the bureau reports the scheduled arrival of the steamer Kinderdyke with about 12,000 casks, and the steamer Oscar II. with a cargo of 1,733 casks of Danish butter. "While these cargoes are very small compared to the Mahia's," says the review, "and rumor has it that the Danish Government has contracted to deliver some 20,000,000 pounds of butter to the British Government, which must practically absorb all of Denmark's further surplus butter, interests are well aware of the competition which this Danish butter is offering. Present holdings probably average a cost around 53 cents, charges and duty paid at New York, which is a low price, considering quality."

Beef Prices Show Wide Range.

Beef prices for the first six months of this year show wide fluctuations, according to an announcement yesterday by the Federal Department of Agriculture. Among the principal disturbing factors are included periodical releases of surplus holdings of beef by the War Department, a systematic campaign to reduce the cost of living, higher stock and feed markets.

The following table shows the New York City beef supply for the last six months:

	Western dressed (carcasses).		Local slaughter (carcasses).	
Month	1920	1919	1920	1919
January	37,868	37,364	47,884	63,921
February	33,183	27,953	41,967	50,470
March	26,000	25,482	41,889	40,296
April	31,102	27,827	51,986	46,647
May	32,138	36,229	42,635	55,460
June	20,884	31,770	42,824	45,260
Total	181,365	182,605	269,185	302,154

June Figures Higher Than 1919.

"A comparison of live cattle prices and prices of corresponding grades of dressed meats on Jan. 2 and June 30, 1920, with those of corresponding dates last year, shows the top price for good beef steers at the beginning of this year as $18.75; and at the end of June as $16.50, with opening top price on dressed beef from such steers at $21 and closing at $31. On Jan. 2, 1919, live prices for the same grade were up to $17.75, and at the end of six months the top stood at $14.60, a decline of $3.15. Good dressed beef on Jan. 2, 1919, registered a top of $27, and on June 30 had declined $8 to a top of $19.

"At the end of June, 1920, good steer beef was selling up to $31, or $12 higher than one year ago. Good grade live steers were selling up to $16.50, or $1.90 higher than one year ago. On the same date medium steer beef was selling down to $26, or $11 higher than one year ago, while medium live steers were selling down to $13.50, or $1.35 higher than one year ago. Labor troubles and decreased transportation facilities, in fact every possible economic factor incidental to a period of reconstruction and capable of disturbing market conditions for these products of the farm and range, has had almost unlimited action, it is stated.

"On Jan. 2, 1920, the top for good beef steers on foot at Chicago was $18.75, and the low on medium steers was $10.75. On the same date good grade steer beef sold down to $17. The difference between live and dressed prices was $2.25 on good beef and $4.25 on medium beef. This condition reflects the light demand for finished beef which has existed to a marked degree for the past 10 months. From a top of $18.75 during the week ending Jan. 10, live prices on good steers started downward and continued without any fluctuations until a top of $13.75 was reached during the closing days of February.

"The low point for the six-month period was reached during the week ending April 24, when the top on good beef steers was $12.25. The normal recovery following this break brought the top price of good steers around $13.25. A sagging market the last week in May was followed by a sharp advance throughout June, the month closing with a top on good steers at $16.50.

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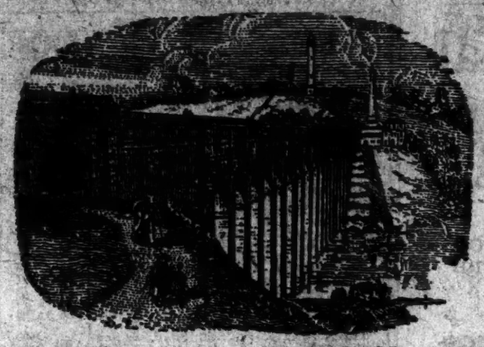

HIGH BRIDGE—Containing the CROTON AQUEDUCT

It was the vision of Aaron Burr and his associates in the Manhattan Company which, for forty years, assured to the city of New York a comprehensive water system, comprising at its height twenty-five miles of mains and serving no less than 2,000 houses. And not until the completion of the High Bridge Aqueduct in 1842 (forming the last link in the Croton Water System) did the Manhattan Company cease its great work of supplying water to the city. The long and honorable career of the Bank of the Manhattan Company for more than 121 years, is the development of the "Office of Discount and Deposit" opened by "The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company" on June 2, 1799, with the surplus funds of the Company. Recent outstanding events in this progress are the acquisition of the Bank of the Metropolis in Union Square (now the uptown office of the Bank of the Manhattan Company); of the Bank of Long Island, with offices in Long Island City, Jamaica, and eleven other industrial centers of Queens County; and, finally, the absorption of the Merchants' Bank. The Bank of the Manhattan Company, thus enlarged, has a capital, surplus and undivided profits of over $20,000,000 and total resources of more than $250,000,000.

Bank of the Manhattan Company
Established 1799
40 Wall Street

UPTOWN OFFICE:—*31 Union Square, New York*
OFFICES IN QUEENS BOROUGH:—*Jamaica, Flushing, Long Island City, Far Rockaway, Rockaway Beach, Seaside, Richmond Hill, Elmhurst, Corona, College Point, Woodhaven, Ridgewood, Frank Pond*

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GEO. S. DOWNING, *Ass't Cashier*

CAPITAL, $5,000,000—SURPLUS and UNDIVIDED PROFITS, $16,146,434.20

H. H. Franklin Manufacturing Company
(Franklin Automobile Company)
Syracuse, N. Y.

Offers for Investment

Preferred and Common Stock in Three-Share Blocks

Two Shares 7% Cumulative Preferred One Share No-Par-Value Common

at

$250 per Block

It is a matter of record that Franklin preferred stock par value $100 has always paid dividends on prescribed dates. Two previous issues of preferred have been retired at $110, a profit to the stockholder of $10 per share.

Earnings for first five months of 1920, after taxes, depreciation and preferred dividends, were in excess of $5.00 for each share of the new Common Stock.

On June 21 the 50th common stock dividend was declared, amounting to 75 cents per share, to stockholders of record July 10. Since 1898, cash dividends have been paid every year, except 1905 and 1912. Four stock dividends have also been paid within this time.

Write for Circulars and Subscription Blanks

F. A. Barton, Treasurer
H. H. Franklin Manufacturing Company
Syracuse, N. Y.

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

WEEK ENDED JULY 17

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds	German Bds Marks
Monday	54,325	95,870	99,800	$190,000	442,000
Tuesday	65,175	190,580	131,000	526,000	511,000
Wednesday	54,035	74,700	129,195	378,000	1,130,000
Thursday	42,345	111,870	107,245	287,000	1,296,000
Friday	33,340	135,350	113,035	255,030	410,000
Saturday	32,360	62,820	72,000	193,000	486,000
Total	287,580	671,170	652,995	1,920,000	4,165,000

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
4½	1¼	15,800	*Acme Coal	2¾	2½	2¾	— ¼
13¼	7¼	18,400	*Aetna Explosives	11½	9¾	11½	+ 1½
40	20	100	*Aluminum Mfg	23½	23½	23½	..
97	83	200	*Alum. Mfg. pf	97	97	97	+ 2¾
67½	46	3,400	*Am. Brake & F.	67¼	52¼	54¼	+ 3¾
9¾	5	2,000	*Am. Dandy	8	7¾	7¾	— ¼
50	38½	500	*Am. Chicle	40¼	40	40	..
69	58	600	*Am. Chicle pf	69	63	65	+ 2
11	12⅜	1,000	*A. Hosiery Leather	13¾	12¾	13¾	+ ¼
94½	90½	400	*Armour Leather pf	94¾	94	94¾	+ ¾
61	51	200	*Automatic P. & G.	60	60	60	— 1
91	60	725	*Borden pf	80	80	80	— 7
39	39	100	Brit. Empire 8%	39	39	39	..
97	97	100	Brit. Emp. 7% pf.	97	97	97	..
12¾	6	100	*Br.-Am. Chem.	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ¼
27	14	2,400	*Br.-Am Tob. com.	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ¾
28	14½	900	Br.-Am. Tob. 6%	14¾	14¾	14¾	..
32	22	2,500	*Bucyrus Co	29	28¼	28	+ 3
11¾	10⅞	6,100	Buick Carburetor	11¾	10⅞	11¼	— 2
3⅞	3½	4,800	*Car Light & Pow.	3¾	3½	3¾	— ¼
60	50	600	*Caracas Sugar	57¼	54	56	— 2½
1½	1¼	600	*Carson's Rub. rts	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	..
12¾	8¼	29,000	*Chicago Nipple	12¾	10½	12¼	+ 1⅜
2	1⅝	400	Cla. & Ann F.	3	1⅝	2	..
14	9	1,500	*Cont. Motors	9¾	9	9	— ⅝
29	21	400	*Conley Tin Foil	25	23½	23¾	— 1⅜
57	57	100	Dominion Steel	57	57	57	..
65	60	500	*Dom. Steel, old	62	60	62	+ 2
35	28	600	*Empire Steel	34	28	34	+ 5
82	62	600	*Empire Steel pf	74	62	72	+ 1
8¼	7¼	4,000	*Empire T. & S.	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
150	98	2,400	*Firestone Tire	150	143	143	— 7
54½	28½	4,400	*Farrell Coal	34	29	30	— 2½
20¼	20¼	17,500	Gardner Motor	20¼	20¼	20¼	..
100	62½	23,000	*Gen. Asphalt	76½	69¼	70¾	— 6⅜
34	15	1,300	*Goldwyn Pictures	17⅝	17	17¼	+ ¼
128	125	300	Goodyear Tire	125	124½	124	— 2½
87	87	100	Goodyear Tire pf	87	87	87	..
15½	14	1,350	Griffith (D. W.)	15½	14	15	..
2¾	1	5,300	Grape-Ola	2¾	1⅞	2⅛	— ⅛
2¾	1⅝	7,000	Grape-Ola pf	3⅛	2⅜	2⅜	..
23¼	22¼	2,800	*Guantanamo Sug.	24¼	22¾	23¾	— 1¼
7¾	4	2,800	*Hayden Chem.	8¼	4¾	4¾	— ⅜
23	13	8,000	*Hercules Paper	29½	26½	27	— ½
19	6¼	5,000	*Hock. Val. Prod.	8¼	7¼	8¼	+ 1¼
42	29	400	Hydraulic Stl.	30½	29¼	29¼	— ¾
85	70	600	Hydraulic Stl. pf	77	70	70	— 9
20	7¾	1,300	Ind. Packing	9	8¼	8¼	— ⅝
17	10	3,100	*Int. Rubber	14	12½	12½	— 1½
2¾	1½	4,000	*Kaye County Gas	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
18½	13	200	Keystone Solther	13	13	13	..
41	21	400	Kirby Lumber	35	35	35	..
100	100¼	1,000	*Lig. Int. Com. Cl.	103	100½	103	+ 2
32	12½	1,500	*Libby, McN. & L.	13	12½	13⅛	..
2¾	1¼	6,100	*Lig.-Mar. Coal	2¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅝
63	42¼	500	*Lincoln M.C. "A"	46	42	45	+ 1½
100	83	3,060	Nat. City B. rts	100	85	90	..
17¼	11	1,300	*National Leather	11½	11¼	11¼	— ¼
5	3	4,550	*Natl. Vanadium	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
5¼	4⅜	5,100	Nor. A. P. & P.	7⅜	7	7⅜	— ⅛
95	84½	100	Packard Motor	86½	86½	86½	..
37	28	200	*Orpheum Circuit	28¾	28	28¾	..
44	34	100	*Peerless Motors	34	34	34	— 3
5¾	3	6,400	Perfection T. & R.	3½	3	3½	— ⅛
3	1⅜	1,700	*Radio Co.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
3¼	1⅜	1,700	*Radio Co. pf.	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
54½	30	1,100	*Ranier Motor	30½	28½	28⅝	— ¾
6	1⅞	900	*Republic Rubber	2¼	2	2	— ⅛
46	37	1,100	*R. J. R. "B" w. i.	40	37	37	— 3
84½	36	1,000	*Root & Vander't	38	37	38	..
6¾	5	3,500	*Royde Fran. T.D.	6¾	5	5¼	— ⅜
150	117	730	*Singer Mfg.	130	120	125	+ 4
26½	12¾	800	*Stand. Gas & El.	13¾	12¾	12¾	— 1¼
41¾	35	100	*Std. G. & E. pf.	35¾	33½	33½	..
40	25	100	Stand'y Foods	35	25	25	..
19	12	2,800	Submarine Boat	13	12	12	— ⅛
68½	35½	1,300	*Swift Inter.	36	35½	35½	— 2
6¾	1	1,000	*Sweets Co. of Am.	1¾	1⅝	1¾	— ⅛
41¾	27	3,100	*Times Sq. Auto.	34½	33½	33½	— 1
230	151	416	*Todd Shipyards	185	180	180	+ 9
13⅜	1¾	3,200	*Un. Pls. Prod. Cp.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
3½	1½	1,300	Un. Profit Sh.	1¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
39	27	1,100	*U. S. High & T.	31	31	31	..
78	60½	1,500	*Un. Carb.	68	65	65	— 3
19	13	5,700	*United Ret. Candy	15	13½	13¾	— ⅛
55	32	1,700	U. S. Distributing	35	33	33	— 2¾
3⅝	1½	1,500	U. S. L. & H.	2⅛	1⅝	2⅛	— ⅛
4¾	1¾	23,500	U. S. Steamship	2⅜	1⅝	2	— ⅛
50	37	200	William. Davies	39½	39½	39½	+ ¾
26½	18½	1,700	*Willys Corp.	19½	18½	19	..
67	50	200	*Willys Corp. 2d pf	58	50	50	— 13
⅝	⅛	100	World Film	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
7¾	6	1,900	*Wright-Martin A.	7	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
51½	50	700	*Wood, Iron & S.	50⅝	50	50¼	+ ⅛

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

31	21¾	2,700	Anglo-Am. Oil	23¾	21¾	22	— 1¾
384	268	10	South Penn. Oil	270	270	270	+ 2
278	100	10	Prairie Pipe Line	190	190	190	..
400	305	10	S.O. of California	315	315	315	..
480	370	250	S. O. of N. Y.	395	370	371	—23

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

3¼	1½	1,500	*Allen Oil	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	..
1	⅛	70,000	*Allied Oil	28	25	28	..
1	⅛	31,300	Anne Bell	⅛	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
1⅜	⅝	6,400	Arcadia Oil	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
45	11½	1,000	*Ark. Natl. Gas	13	11½	12	— 1
3⅜	1	7,000	Ark. Nat. Gas rts.	1⅜	1	1⅜	..
90	70¼	600	Atlantic Gulf Oil	80	70¼	70¼	— 8
11⅞	9⅝	1,200	Bigheart P. & R.	11¼	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅝
7⅝	3	15,000	*Boone Oil	3½	3½	3½	..
1⅜	⅝	115,000	*Boston Wyo. Oil	1¼	1	1¼	..
3½	1	700	*Boston Mex. Oil	2¼	2¼	2¼	..
53	14	8,100	*Carib Syndicate	18¾	14	15	— 3½
44½	35½	2,500	*Cities S.S. T. Sh.	36⅝	34	36	— ⅝
25	4½	4,600	Col. Emerald	9	7	7½	— 1½
3½	3¼	200	Continental Ref.	3¼	3⅛	3¼	— ⅛
10¾	6¾	1,400	*Cosden Oil	7¾	7½	7½	— ⅜
1	⅝	28,400	*Cushing Pet.	1	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
30¾	9⅞	1,800	*Dominion Oil	10¾	10	10¾	— ⅛
10	3½	700	*Duquesne Oil	4	4	4	..
11¼	7⅜	2,500	*Elk Basin Pet.	8	7⅜	7½	— ⅛
2¾	1	18,800	Engineers Pet.	1½	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
12	⅞	5,500	*Esmeralda O. & G.	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
4¾	2½	4,000	*Federal Oil	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
15	5⅝	10,500	Fensland Oil	15	14	14⅝	+ 1¼
4⅜	2⅛	13,700	*Glenrock Oil	4	3¼	3⅜	— ⅛
60½	27	1,500	*Gilliland Oil	33¼	27	33	+ 4½
120	88	700	*Gilliland Oil pf	88½	80½	85¾	+ 1½
16	7	2,300	*Granda Oil	12	7	7	— 5½
25¾	23½	1,100	*Gulfey Gillespie O	23¾	23¼	23¼	— ⅝
1⅜	⅞	8,975	Harvey Crude Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
1¼	⅛	700	*Hudson Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
3¼	1⅜	700	Home Pet. Denver	1¾	1⅜	1⅜	..
20¾	19	400	Ind. Ref., new	20¼	19½	19½	— ½
77	31½	2,500	*Inter. Pet.	35¾	34	34½	— ¾
1¼	¼	1,500	*Lance Creek	¼	¼	¼	..
11	7	1,000	*Livingston Pet.	9	7	7	— ⅜
38	24⅜	600	*Lone Star Gas	28	27½	27½	— ⅜
41	4	1,400	*Manhattan Oil	8	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
20¾	16	52,000	*Maracaibo Oil	20¾	20	20¾	— ⅜
23½	14	2,700	*Merritt Oil Corp	16¾	13¼	15½	— 2
81	6	1,800	Mex Panuco Oil	15	13	13	— 2

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
180	140	1,400	*Midwest Ref.	153	145½	145¾	+ 3¼
50	.06	36,000	*Midwest Texas Oil	10	7	10	+ 1
7⅜	6⅝	14,300	N. Oil & R. (N. J.)	7⅜	6⅛	6⅝	..
1¾	⅞	2,700	Noble Oil & Gas	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
5⅝	2	5,600	North Am. Oil	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	..
35	19	700	*Ohio Fuel Oil	24	22	22	— 1½
41	31	1,700	*Okla. Natl. Gas	32½	31½	31½	— 1⅜
7⅜	3	8,000	Omar Oil & G., new	4	3½	3½	— ⅜
26	6	1,000	*Panhandle P. & R.	6¾	7	6¾	+ 1⅜
66	50	350	*Pand. P. & R. pf.	65	61	65	+ 4
6⅜	5	3,900	*Pennok Oil	5⅜	5½	5½	— ¼
16	11¼	2,000	*Pitts. Oil & Gas	14⅝	13½	14	..
10½	6⅝	8,100	*Producers & Ref.	7¼	6⅝	6⅝	— ¼
32½	30	6,700	*Royal Dutch rts	32⅜	31½	32	..
1⅜	⅝	4,600	*Red Rock O. & G.	⅞	½	⅝	— ⅛
28½	24⅝	2,200	*Ryan Con., w. i.	30	24¾	26⅝	— 4⅜
37½	20¼	4,100	Salt Creek Con.	37¼	35¼	36⅝	+ 3¾
6	5⅞	500	*Sapulpa Ref.	6	5⅞	6	..
24⅝	20	3,300	*Shell T. & T. rts	22	21¼	21¾	— ⅛
73½	14	8,000	*Simms Petrol.	16¼	14¾	14⅜	— 1
13½	9	12,100	*Skelly Oil	11⅛	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
30½	15⅞	700	Spencer Pet. Corp.	16	15¾	16	— ⅛
20	11¼	3,500	*Superior Oil	17⅛	16¼	16½	— ⅛
17½	17	500	*Superior Oil, new	17½	17	17	— 2
19¼	19	2,500	Sup. Oil, C. T. rcts.	19	19	19	..
1⅝	½	3,900	Texas Ranger	½	⅝	⅝	..
2	1¾	5,900	Tex. Keg. Oil	2	1¾	2	..
1½	½	58,100	*Texon Oil & Ld.	½	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
23½	13	2,500	*Tropical Oil	20½	19¼	19⅝	— 1½
181	177	500	Union Oil	181	177	180	..
1⅝	1⅛	800	Unsettled Prod.	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛	..
1½	¾	4,500	*United Tex. Pet.	¾	¾	¾	— ⅛
2⅜	⅞	5,800	*Victoria Oil	1¼	1	1¼	— ⅛
6½	2	1,500	Vulcan Oil	2¾	2½	2¾	+ ⅛
⅝	⅛	1,000	West. States O. & G.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
8¼	3⅝	500	Woodburn Oil	3⅝	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
50	17½	5,200	*White Oil	19	17½	18	..

MINING STOCKS

2¼	⅞	11,800	Alaska-B. C. Min.	1	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
1¼	¾	200	*America Mine	1	1	1	..
15¾	13⅝	800	*Alvarado M. & M.	15¾	14½	14½	— ⅛
3½	1	30,100	*Atlanta	2	1	1⅛	— ⅛
⅞	½	9,600	Arizona Globe	⅞	½	⅝	..
3⅝	2	59,500	*Belcher Divide	14	2¾	3½	+ ⅛
3⅜	3	16,300	Belcher Ext.	15	3½	4	..
⅞	½	15,800	Big Ledge Copper	½	⅜	½	..

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QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.
Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation July 17, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Ala. Power 1st, '46	5	May & Sep.	74	77
Albany Southern, '29	6	Mar. & Sep.	70	75
Am. W. W. & El., '24	5	Apr. & Oct.	50	51
Anac. & Pat. R., '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	85
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	75	85
Aug.-Aiken R. & E. '35	5	June & Dec.	22	28
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	70	75
Brooklyn Ed. gen., '49	5	Jan. & July	68	72
Buff. Gen El., '30	5	Feb. & Aug.	87	91
Do deb., '22	6	Feb. & Aug.	90	96½
Buffalo Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	75	82
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July	..	80
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	..	80
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Burlington G. L. 1st, '59	5	Jan. & July	60	70
Burling'n R. & L. 1st, '32	5	May & Sep.	..	60
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	..	70
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	Jan. & July	85	87
Caro. P. & L. 1st, '36	5	Feb. & Aug.	70	73
Cedar Rap. Mf. 1st, '58	5	Jan. & July	74	76
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29	5	Jan. & July	86	89
Charleston Con. Ry. G. & E., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	80
Cit. Service deb., C	7	Jan. & July	94½	96½
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	77	80
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	..	65
Conn. Pr. 1st & col., '52	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	85
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	65	..
Cons. Gas (Balt.), '54	4½	Jan. & July	72½	..
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	85	89
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	72	74
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	80	..
Do 1st, '45	5	Apr. & Oct.	75	..
Cons. T. of N. J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	60	65
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '20	5	Jan. & July	75	80
Do deb., '20	5	Jan. & July	..	80
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	..	83
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	100	..
El Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	72	77
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '50	5	June & Dec.	80	86
Elec. Dev. 1st, '33	5	May & Sep.	77	80
Elk. & Trenton, '62	5	Apr. & Oct.	50	70
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	76	81
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	60	66
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	66	71
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	75	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '22	5	Jan. & July	88	..
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	85	90
Hoboken Ferry, '46	5	May & Nov.	76	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	..	90
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	68	..
Idaho Power, '47	5	Jan. & July	68	72
Indianap. Gas 1st, '52	5	Apr. & Oct.	72	77
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	40	46
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	86½	88
Knoxville Trac., '38	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	85
Laurentide Pr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	76	78
Memphis St. Ry., '48	5	Jan. & July	56	62
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	94	98
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	71¼	72¾
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	75	..
Newark Pass. Ry., '20	5	Jan. & July	65	..
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May & Nov.	40	46
New. Cal. & L., '46	6	Apr. & Oct.	84	88
N. Or. R. & L. gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	53	56
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	51	54
Niag., Lock. & O., '63	5	May & Nov.	82	87½
Do ref., '58	6	Feb. & Aug.	85	87
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	82½	..
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	..	95
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	57	60
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.	..	85
No. St. Pr. 1st & ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	71	75
N. Tex. El. coll. tr. '40	5	Jan. & July	70	75
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	70	75
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Feb. & Aug.	70	72
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	75	79
Do, '25	6	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Ont. Transmission, '45	5	May & Nov.	65	75
Paterson Ry. gen., '44	5	Apr. & Oct.	75	..
Pensacola Elec., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	..	65
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	60	63
Pot. El. Power 1st, '39	6	June & Dec.	90	94
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	82	83¼
Riverside Trac., '60	5		50	70
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	47	53
S. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., P. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	55	65
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '57	5	Feb. & Aug.	73½	75
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	76	81
Do 1st, '30	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	86
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	70	80
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	..
Syracuse Light & Pr., '51	5	June & Dec.	70	78
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	70	..
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	80	83
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	60	65
United El. of N. J., '49	5	June & Dec.	58	..
Utica R. & P. cons., '40	4	Mar. & Sep.	62½	63½
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	44	45½
Wash. B. & A., '41	5	Mar. & Sep.	65	70
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	79½	80½
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	54	55
Wheeling Trac., 51	5	Jan. & July	..	70

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Par	Cr't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 17, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.		1¼	Q	Apr 1, 20	10	12
Do pf.		1¼	Q	Apr 1, 20	70	75
Am. Gas & El. ($50)		2½	Q	Jul 1, 20	101	104
Do pf. ($50)		1¼	Q	May 1, 20	36	36¼
Am. Light & Trac.		12½	Q	May 1, 20	122	124
Do pf.		1¼	Q	May 1, 20	80	83
Am. Power & Light		1	Q	Jun 1, 20	50	55
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	65	68
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.		..	..	..	2	4
Do 1st pf.		1¾	Q	May 15,20	35	40
Do participating pf.		..	..	..	5	9
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf.		3	S	Jun 1, 20	65	70
Buffalo Gen. Electric		2	Q	Jun 30,20	..	96
Capital Traction		1½	Q	Jul 1, 20	84	85½
Cities Service		½	M	Jul 1, 20	323	327
Do pf.		½	M	Jul 1, 20	86½	88¾
De Bankers Shares		40¢	M	Jul 1, 20	35¾	36¾
Do pf. E		½	M	Jul 1, 20	5¾	6¼
Colorado Power		½	Q	Jul 15, 20	8	11
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jun 15,20	80	85
Columbus Elec. pf.		3	S	Jan 2, 20	55	60
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.		1	..	Nov 1, 18	17	20
Do pf.		1¾	Q	May 1, 20	38	40
Conn. Power pf.		1½	Q	Jun 1, 20	80	84
Con. Trac. of N. J.		2	S	Jul 15, 20	37	42
Eastern Texas Elec.		2	Q	Jul 1, 20	60	65
Do pf.		3	S	Jul 2, 20	65	70
Elec. Bond & Share pf		1½	Q	May 1, 20	80	84
Elizabeth & Trenton		..	..	..	15	..
El Paso Electric		2½	Q	Jun 15,20	70	73
Essex & Hudson Gas		4	S	J. & D.	95	105
Federal Light & Trac.		..	..	..	7	8
Do pf.		1½	..	Sep 1, 15	43	45
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.		3	S	Mar 15,20	57	62
Gas & Elec. of Bergen		2½	S	Jul 2, 20	65	..
Miss. River Pr. pf.		..	..	..	47	50½
Newark Con. Gas		2½	S	J. & J.	72	76
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf		1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	98	100
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.		..	..	..	10	14
Do pf.		3	S	Jan 15,20	44	48
No. States Power		1¾	..	Jan 20,18	30	35
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Apr 20,20	78	79
Nor. Texas Elec. pf.		3	S	Mar 1, 20	63	67
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.		1½	Q	May 15,20	80¼	81¾
Republic Ry. & Light		1	..	Jul 15, 18	8	10
Do pf.		1½	..	Apr 15,20	34	36
Riverside Traction		..	..	..	10	..
Do pf.		..	..	..	120	..
Southern Cal. Edison		1¾	Q	May 15,20	82½	84½
Do 1st pf.		1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	94	96
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.		4	S	J. & D.	90	100
Standard G. & E. ($50)					13	15
Do pf. ($50)		2	Q	Jun 15,20	35	36
Tampa Electric		2½	Q	May 15,20	108	112
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.		..	..	..	½	1
Do pf.		..	..	..	2	3
United Light & Rys.		1	..	Oct 1, 9	19	21
Do 1st pf.		1½	Q	Jul 2, 20	55	59
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)					32	33
Washington Gas		90c	Q	May 1, 20	45	49
Wash. Ry. & Electric.		1¾	..	Sep 1, 19	15	17
Do 1st pf.		1½	..	Sep 1, 18	41	42
Western Power		..	..	..	15¼	16
Do pf.		1½	Q	Jul 15, 20	67	68½
Wisconsin Edison		$3	..	Dec 31,19	25	35

*1¼% payable in com stk. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stk.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Par	Cr't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 17, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
America	$5,500,000	..	..	..	..	208	214
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	7	S	May 1, 20		270	280
Atlantic ($100)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jul 3, 20		215	..
Bk. of Cuba	100,000	8	S	Jan 2, 20		190	200
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	23	S	Jan 2, 20		195	205
Bowery	250,000	53	Q	May 1, 20		425	..
B'way Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	..		150	160
Bronx Nat.	200,000	5	S	Jul 2, 20		150	160
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	..		105	125
Bryant Park	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 20		150	160
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	4	S	Jan 2, 20		37	43
Chase Nat'l.	15,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 20		400	410
Ch.-Ph. Nat.	7,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 20		270	280
Chelsea Ex.	1,000,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17		135	145
Chemic. Nat.	4,500,000	2	B	Jul 1, 20		550	570
City Nat'l.	25,000,000	35	S	Jul 1, 20		360	370
Do rights		..	..	..		89	90
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		230	..
Colonial	600,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		350	..
Columbia	2,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		180	200
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jul 1, 20		425	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	May 1, 20		215	225
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		220	224
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Feb 2, 20		120	..
Corn Exch.	6,000,000	5	Q	May 1, 20		330	340
Cosmopolitan	500,000	..	..	..		110	120
Ex. R. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 1, 20		160	..
Fifth Av.	500,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20		900	925
Fifth Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20		160	170
First Nat.	10,000,000	15	Q	Jul 1, 20		890	910
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 30,20		230	240
Gotham Nat.	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		190	200
Greenwich	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		225	..
Hanover	3,000,000	8	Q	Jul 1, 20		810	830
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 3, 20		340	360
Imp. & T. Nat	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 1, 20		520	540
Irving Nat.	9,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		202	210
Do rights		..	..	..		2½	3½
Liberty Nat.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Jul 1, 20		390	405
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 20		270	280
Manh'n ($50)	5,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20		215	225
Mech. & Met.	10,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20		320	330
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20		340	360
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20		190	..
N. Nether'l'd.	600,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 20		190	200
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	13	Q	Jul 1, 20		460	480
N.Y. Co. Nat	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17		135	..
Pacific ($50)	1,000,000	a31	Q	May 1, 20		270	..
Park Nat.	5,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20		600	625
Do rights		..	..	..		170	172
People's ($25)	200,000	3	S	Jul 10, 20		145	..
Public	2,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30,20		345	355
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		650	675
Second Nat.	2,000,000	13	Q	Jul 1, 20		425	475
State	2,500,000	6	S	J. & J.		200	..
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	F. & A.		160	..
United States	1,500,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20		185	195
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jun 30,20		175	185
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		325	..
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Jun 30,20		375	..

†And 4½% extra. ‡And 3% extra. §And 5% of First Security Co. a—And 8% extra. b—And 7% extra. d—And 5% extra.

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Par	Cr't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 17, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Power & Light		1	Q	Jun 1, 20	50	55
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	65	68
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.		..	..	..	2	4
Do 1st pf.		1¾	Q	May 15,20	35	40
Do participating pf.		..	..	..	5	9
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf.		3	S	Jun 1, 20	65	70
Buffalo Gen. Electric		2	Q	Jun 30,20	..	96
Capital Traction		1½	Q	Jul 1, 20	84	85½
Cities Service		½	M	Jul 1, 20	323	327
Do pf.		½	M	Jul 1, 20	86½	88¾
De Bankers Shares		40¢	M	Jul 1, 20	35¾	36¾
Do pf. E		½	M	Jul 1, 20	5¾	6¼
Colorado Power		½	Q	Jul 15, 20	8	11
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jun 15,20	80	85
Columbus Elec. pf.		3	S	Jan 2, 20	55	60
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.		1	..	Nov 1, 18	17	20
Do pf.		1¾	Q	May 1, 20	38	40
Conn. Power pf.		1½	Q	Jun 1, 20	80	84
Con. Trac. of N. J.		2	S	Jul 15, 20	37	42
Eastern Texas Elec.		2	Q	Jul 1, 20	60	65
Do pf.		3	S	Jul 2, 20	65	70
Elec. Bond & Share pf		1½	Q	May 1, 20	80	84
Elizabeth & Trenton		..	..	..	15	..
El Paso Electric		2½	Q	Jun 15,20	70	73
Essex & Hudson Gas		4	S	J. & D.	95	105
Federal Light & Trac.		..	..	..	7	8
Do pf.		1½	..	Sep 1, 15	43	45
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.		3	S	Mar 15,20	57	62
Gas & Elec. of Bergen		2½	S	Jul 2, 20	65	..
Miss. River Pr. pf.		..	..	..	47	50½
Newark Con. Gas		2½	S	J. & J.	72	76
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.		1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	98	100
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.		..	..	..	10	14
Do pf.		3	S	Jan 15,20	44	48
No. States Power		1¾	..	Jan 20,18	30	35
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Apr 20,20	78	79
Nor. Texas Elec. pf.		3	S	Mar 1, 20	63	67
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.		1½	Q	May 15,20	80¼	81¾
Republic Ry. & Light		1	..	Jul 15, 18	8	10
Do pf.		1½	..	Apr 15,20	34	36
Riverside Traction		..	..	..	10	..
Do pf.		..	..	..	120	..
Southern Cal. Edison		1¾	Q	May 15,20	82½	84½
Do 1st pf.		1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	94	96
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.		4	S	J. & D.	90	100
Standard G. & E. ($50)					13	15
Do pf. ($50)		2	Q	Jun 15,20	35	36
Tampa Electric		2½	Q	May 15,20	108	112
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.		..	..	..	½	1
Do pf.		..	..	..	2	3
United Light & Rys.		1	..	Oct 1, 9	19	21
Do 1st pf.		1½	Q	Jul 2, 20	55	59
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)					32	33
Washington Gas		90c	Q	May 1, 20	45	49
Wash. Ry. & Electric.		1¾	..	Sep 1, 19	15	17
Do 1st pf.		1½	..	Sep 1, 18	41	42
Western Power		..	..	..	15¼	16
Do pf.		1½	Q	Jul 15, 20	67	68½
Wisconsin Edison		$3	..	Dec 31,19	25	35

*1¼% payable in com stk. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stk.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Par	Cr't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 17, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
America	$5,500,000	..	..	..	..	208	214
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	7	S	May 1, 20		270	280
Atlantic ($100)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jul 3, 20		215	..
Bk. of Cuba	100,000	8	S	Jan 2, 20		190	200
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	23	S	Jan 2, 20		195	205
Bowery	250,000	53	Q	May 1, 20		425	..
B'way Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	..		150	160
Bronx Nat.	200,000	5	S	Jul 2, 20		150	160
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	..		105	125
Bryant Park	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 20		150	160
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	4	S	Jan 2, 20		37	43
Chase Nat'l.	15,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 20		400	410
Ch.-Ph. Nat.	7,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 20		270	280
Chelsea Ex.	1,000,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17		135	145
Chemic. Nat.	4,500,000	2	B	Jul 1, 20		550	570
City Nat'l.	25,000,000	35	S	Jul 1, 20		360	370
Do rights		..	..	..		89	90
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		230	..
Colonial	600,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		350	..
Columbia	2,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		180	200
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jul 1, 20		425	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	May 1, 20		215	225
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		220	224
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Feb 2, 20		120	..
Corn Exch.	6,000,000	5	Q	May 1, 20		330	340
Cosmopolitan	500,000	..	..	..		110	120
Ex. R. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 1, 20		160	..
Fifth Av.	500,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20		900	925
Fifth Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20		160	170
First Nat.	10,000,000	15	Q	Jul 1, 20		890	910
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 30,20		230	240
Gotham Nat.	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		190	200
Greenwich	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		225	..
Hanover	3,000,000	8	Q	Jul 1, 20		810	830
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 3, 20		340	360
Imp. & T. Nat	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 1, 20		520	540
Irving Nat.	9,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		202	210
Do rights		..	..	..		2½	3½
Liberty Nat.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Jul 1, 20		390	405
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 20		270	280
Manh'n ($50)	5,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20		215	225
Mech. & Met.	10,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20		320	330
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20		340	360
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20		190	..
N. Nether'l'd.	600,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 20		190	200
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	13	Q	Jul 1, 20		460	480
N.Y. Co. Nat	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17		135	..
Pacific ($50)	1,000,000	a31	Q	May 1, 20		270	..
Park Nat.	5,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20		600	625
Do rights		..	..	..		170	172
People's ($25)	200,000	3	S	Jul 10, 20		145	..
Public	2,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30,20		345	355
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		650	675
Second Nat.	2,000,000	13	Q	Jul 1, 20		425	475
State	2,500,000	6	S	J. & J.		200	..
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	F. & A.		160	..
United States	1,500,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20		185	195
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jun 30,20		175	185
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20		325	..
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Jun 30,20		375	..

†And 4½% extra. ‡And 3% extra. §And 5% of First Security Co. a—And 8% extra. b—And 7% extra. d—And 5% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Par	Cr't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 17, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Trust	$1,000,000	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bankers Tr.	20,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20		375	385
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20		490	510
Cent. Union	12,500,000	5½	Q	Jul 1, 20		365	375
Columbia	5,000,000	a4	Q	Jul

SHOWS WHERE COST OF COAL INCREASED

United Mine Workers' Economist Issues Figures Covering Operations in 1914 and in 1920.

RULED OUT BY COMMISSION

Tables Cover the Costs of Coal at Washington, New York and Boston.

SCRANTON, Pa., July 18.—Figures showing all the factors entering into the retail price of a ton of anthracite coal, and giving the increase in those factors for 1920 as compared with 1914, were made public today by W. Jett Lauck, consulting economist for the United Mine Workers of America, in connection with the wage arbitration proceedings before President Wilson's Anthracite Coal Commission.

These figures are from the data and exhibits prepared for the mine workers and barred from the official record of the case by the commission on the jurisdictional objection raised by representatives of the anthracite operators. It is asserted that they are the only statistics that have ever been compiled on the subject that may be regarded as authoritative.

Four tables are included in the data made public by Mr. Lauck. The first shows the factors constituting the increase in anthracite coal, 1920 as compared with 1914, weighted average of all sizes of coal. It is as follows:

Cost at mine:	1914.	1920.	Increase over 1914 P. C.
Labor	$1.50	$2.71	70.5
Supplies	.31	.68	119.4
General expenses	.34	.51	50.0
Total f. o. b. mine cost	2.24	3.90	74.1
Operator's margin	.40	.65	62.5
Operator's sales realization	2.64	4.55	72.3
Margin of sales agent	.21	1.02	371.4
Selling price f.o.b. mine	2.85	6.17	116.5
Freight rate to Wash.	1.87	2.43	29.9
Cost to retailer	4.72	8.60	82.2
Retailer's margin	1.37	2.29	66.8
Cost to consumer	6.09	10.80	78.8

The other tables show the same factors in the price of a ton of chestnut coal, the coal largely used for domestic purposes, in the cities of Washington, New York and Boston.

TABLE NO. 2, WASHINGTON.

Cost at mine:	1914	1920
Labor	$1.50	$2.71
Supplies	.31	.68
General Expense	.34	.51
Total f. o. b. mine cost	2.24	3.90
Operator's margin	.40	.65
Operator's sales realization	2.64	4.55
Margin of sales agent	1.19	3.29
Selling price f. o. b. mine	3.83	7.84
Freight rate to Washington	2.00	2.60
Cost to retailer	5.83	10.44
Retailer's margin	1.74	3.07
Cost to consumer	7.57	13.51

TABLE NO. 3, NEW YORK

Cost at Mine:	1914.	1920.
Labor	$1.50	$2.71
Supplies	.31	.68
General expense	.34	.51
Total f. o. b. mine cost	2.24	3.90
Operator's margin	.40	.65
Operator's sales realization	2.64	4.55
Margin of sales agent	1.19	3.29
Selling price f. o. b. mine	3.83	7.84
Freight rate to New York	1.80	2.30
Cost to retailer	5.63	10.14
Retailer's margin	1.36	2.56
Cost to consumer	6.99	12.70

TABLE NO. 4, BOSTON.

Cost at mine: labor	1914. $1.50	1920. $2.71
Supplies	.31	.68
General expense	.34	.51
Total f. o. b. mine cost	2.24	3.90
Operator's margin	.40	.65
Operator's sales realization	2.64	4.55
Margin of sales agent	1.19	3.29
Selling price f. o. b. mine	3.83	7.84
Freight rate to Boston	2.48	3.56
Cost to retailer	6.48	11.04
Retailer's margin	1.27	3.46
Cost to consumer	7.75	14.50

8 HURT IN 5 AUTO ACCIDENTS

Woman, 62 Years Old, Taken to Hospital for Treatment.

Dora Caschinsky, 62 years old, of 321 St. Ann's Avenue, was knocked down yesterday by an automobile, receiving contusions. She was taken to Lincoln Hospital.

Joseph Klapac, 22, Christiana Klapac, 22, and Harry Ralle, 25, all of 542 West 124th Street, were injured slightly when a motor cycle and sidecar on which they were riding collided with an automobile at Southern Boulevard and 174th Street. All refused medical attention and went home.

Pauline Morris and Benjamin Diamond of 627 East 136th Street received contusions when struck by an automobile.

Fred Valhouse, negro, 30, of 552 Lenox Avenue, was struck at 132d Street and Lenox Avenue. He was removed to Flower Hospital suffering from contusions.

Carol Schneider, 28, of 136 Prospect Street, Passaic, N. J., received contusions of the back when the automobile in which he was riding, driven by his father, Samuel Schneider, of the same address, collided with another automobile at Varick and Spring Streets. He refused medical treatment.

TROOPS GUARD 3 NEGROES.

North Carolina Governor Protects Prisoners Threatened by Mob.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 18.—Learning that threats of lynching were being made in the little town of Graham against three negroes in jail there charged with attacking a white woman, Governor Bickett today ordered the Durham machine gun company of the State National Guard to proceed to Graham and issued instructions to commanding officers of the company as follows:

"Captain Fowler, protect these prisoners at all hasards and notify the people I have ordered the necessary men and machine guns to shoot straight if an attempt on the life of the prisoners is made."

Tonight the Governor was informed by Captain Fowler that all was quiet in Graham, that the jail was under the guard of three machine guns and troops armed with rifles and that there were no evidences of the mob which earlier in the day had threatened to break into the jail.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of F. & G. RESTAURANT COMPANY, INC., alleged bankrupt—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, July 19, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M. at 110 Fulton Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the counts of up-to-date restaurant furniture, utensils, silverware, machines, equipment and a large stock of foodstuff in premises store and basement. Also in and to unexpired term of lease expiring April 30, 1924.

EINAR CHRYSTIE, Receiver.

SAMUEL C. DUERSTEIN, 63 Park Row, and LEON DASHEW, 15 Park Row, Attorneys for Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of CLARENCE L. FRIEDLANDER, Bankrupt — Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, July 26, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M. at 160 West 42nd Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gents' furnishings, men's haberdashery and furniture.

M. MICHAEL EDELSTEIN, Receiver.

DAVID W. KAHN, Attorney for Receiver, 84 Broadway, New York.

"Y" FOR SAILORS IN HAVANA.

New American Institution Is Appreciated by Old Seamen.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, July 10.—Haven for the thirsty and Mecca for the sightseer, Havana is just another port for the American sailor and a "helluva easy place to get broke in." He comes into the harbor and the picturesque array of vessels from the far corners of the world does not stir his imagination into emulating Joseph Conrad, who sailed the Gulf and Carribean some years ago and wove sea scenes into successful novels.

"Look, mate," he probably says, "there's the Wongkong Maru that was here two months ago when we was here; there's the Lake Pike's Peak that was comin' in as we was goin' out."

Havana harbor, congested almost beyond compare, with ships flying the flags of all parts of the globe lying at anchor in the stream because they cannot get to docks, offers one big problem to the seaman. That is:

"How long are we goin' to be laid up here?"

And now, on top of being just delayed, comes the news that the sailor can be paid off only once in the harbor of entry.

These are the things that make the newly established Marine Y. M. C. A. an important factor in the seafarer's life. The second of its kind to be instituted for our merchant marine in foreign ports, the Havana branch at 103 Compostela Street, assumes a position that even the professional dislike for such places does not override. Furthermore, it is the first that has received the benefit of Red Cross aid for the sick and injured. J. F. Requardt of Washington, D. C., is now here making arrangements with local hospitals and physicians for the care of sailors, for which it foots the bill.

Located not far from the docks, it is also right on the edge of the section where sailors are most likely to get into trouble, and where it can extend a helping hand quickly to deserving cases. It is housed in a typical Havana structure, formerly occupied by a lawyer, who had his offices on the second floor, his apartments on the third and rented out the ground floor to a warehouse concern. It has been readily transformed and is now equipped with showers, pool room and the usual Y. M. C. A. facilities.

Although chiefly utilized by Americans, Scandinavians, English, Greeks, Dutch and French seamen have already taken advantage of it. The word is passing around that there is such a place, and already men who have been helped have come back after short cruises and paid back their indebtedness. Americanlike, the boys have begun to ship in for such things as phonographs and piano players. Whole crews have contributed toward the purchase of one of the latter, with the Captain heading the list with $5. An American stenographer in the United States Shipping Board offices started the fund.

Curiously enough, this outgrowth of the new ideas for an American merchant marine, modernly equipped and run along efficient lines, finds its greatest patronage among the tars who date back to a former day. The men in whose lives it fills the greatest need are the weather-beaten sailormen of forty years or more, rather than in the lives of the newer and younger type of followers of the sea. They get broke before they can ship out again, and it isn't always Bacardi that does it.

E. A. Earns and C. E. Biorkman, recruited from the Bowery Branch Y. M. C. A., New York, are the two men in charge here, and they say that their experiences take them back there nearly every day, except that the names of the streets are different and that the unfortunates are the more unfortunate by being stranded on a foreign shore.

FIRES MENACE A VILLAGE.

Timber Blazing Close to Upper Gaugetown, N. B.

ST. JOHN, N. B., July 18.—Forest fires threatened late tonight to wipe out the village of Upper Gaugetown, on the St. John River.

More than five miles of timber have been burned. The fire was within three-quarters of a mile of the settlement at midnight. All available firefighters are battling to check its advance.

African Mission Head Coming.

Word has been received by the American Council of the Nyasaland Mission of Central Africa that Dr. Andrew C. Murray, General Secretary of that society, has sailed from Cape Town for the United States. He will stop off in England, and he expects to arrive in this city about Aug. 1. Dr. Murray will tour this country and Canada, speaking at Bible conferences, Bible institutes and churches. He will be here for three or four months. The headquarters of the Nyasaland Mission is in Chicago.

Young Man Run Down by Auto.

Alexander Rosenbaum, 20 years old, of 1,852 Fifth Avenue, was run down at 116th Street and Lenox Avenue early this morning by an automobile owned and operated by Irving Berger of 225 West 110th Street. Rosenbaum was taken to Harlem Hospital, where it was said he had suffered a possible fracture of the right hip. Berger was not detained by the police.

To Free War Prisoners in Siberia.

BERNE, July 18.—Owing to intervention by the International Committee of the Red Cross the Russian Government has decided that all prisoners of war who are still in Siberia shall be sent to Vladivostok in order that they may be transported home by boat. The Swiss doctor, Montandon, has gone to Siberia as the representative of the International Red Cross.

Italy Ready to Quit Austria.

GENEVA, July 18.—A dispatch received here from Innsbruck says Italy has officially notified Austria that on the day Austria signs the Treaty of St. Germain the Italian troops will be withdrawn from occupied Austrian territory. The dispatch adds that the report has caused joy in Tyrol.

DIVIDENDS.

TAYLOR-WHARTON IRON & STEEL COMPANY, HIGH BRIDGE, NEW JERSEY.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the outstanding Preferred Stock of the Taylor-Wharton Iron and Steel Company for the three months ending June 30, 1920, has been declared payable August 2, 1920, to stockholders of record at the closing of the books at 3 P. M. on July 24, 1920. The Preferred Stock books will remain closed until 9 A. M. on August 2, 1920.

W. A. INGRAM, Secretary & Treasurer.

READING COMPANY
General Office, Reading Terminal
Philadelphia, July 19, 1920.

The Board of Directors has declared from the net earnings a quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the Common Stock of the Company, to be paid on August 12, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 20, 1920. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed dividend orders with the Treasurer.

JAY V. HARE, Secretary.

Office of
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS
Boston, Mass.

The quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the preferred stock of Lancaster Mills has been declared payable August 2, 1920, at the office of the Transfer Agents, the New England Trust Company, Boston, Mass., to all stockholders of record at the close of business July 23, 1920.

LANCASTER MILLS.
J. Devereux Winslow, Treasurer.

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY, PORTLAND, OREGON

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 40.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Pacific Power & Light Company has been declared, payable August 2, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 22, 1920.

GEORGE E. NEVINS, Treasurer.

Acme Coal Mining Company

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have declared a 10% dividend to stockholders of record July 30th, payable August 2nd. Please register this stock in your name with the Security Transfer & Registry Company, 66 Broadway, New York City.

FIVE MEN ARE KILLED IN AIRPLANE WRECKS

Three Die at Coeur d'Alene and Two at Oklahoma City—Latter Plane Burns in Air.

COEUR D'ALENE, Idaho, July 18.—Three men were instantly killed when an airplane in which they were riding crashed to the ground here today.

The dead are Cleo Shelton Miller, pilot, Pullman, Wash.; Peter Savage, Kellogg, Idago, and Gus Erickson, Bonner's Ferry, Idaho.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., July 18.—Lieutenant Rollo Brown and his mechanician, Sergeant George Burleson, both from Post Field, Fort Sill, Okla., were burned to death here today when a plane piloted by Brown fell about seventy feet and burst into flames immediately after taking off from the field.

STANDARDIZING HOSPITALS.

Work of the American College of Surgeons Meets with Approval.

The process of hospital standardization undertaken by the American College of Surgeons is only one of the activities of this young, but powerful, organization. The minimum standard of the college, says The Modern Hospital, in its hospital program is now familiar to a majority of the physicians and surgeons of the Continent and it is well known to practically every hospital superintendent.

Further, doctors and superintendents know that the minimum standard is their own expression as to the first essentials in the right care of patients. The time of discussion has gone by and the time of action has arrived. Some details of this action, or of the process of standardization may be of interest.

The program of the college for 1920 is through its staff of visitors, to explain in detail to superintendents, staffs and trustees of these hospitals what the minimum standard is, what the problems are which arise in connection with it, and what the practical solutions of these problems are as determined by experience among hospitals.

Further, the visitors are to collect exact information as to the extent to which each hospital fulfills the standard. The visitor's card illustrates the fashion in which this information is gathered. On the face of the card the visitor reports concerning staff meetings, case records and laboratory service; on the reverse side of the card, concerning the number of deaths, autopsies and facilities for pathological work. General notes are also included.

At the present time there are seven visitors of the college—all men with medical education—at work in the field. One is now in Louisiana, one in South Carolina, one in New Jersey, another in Michigan, another in Ohio, still another in Oklahoma, and two in Canada. The number of field workers is to be increased.

The work of the visitors is to be helpful and constructive. With this policy thoroughly understood, he starts on an itinerary planned some two months in advance. The hospitals are notified in advance of each visit. On visiting the hospital, the man in the field mails a daily report to the central office. With this daily report are inclosed cards with the information gathered at each of the hospitals.

At the end of each week the visitor also sends to the college a letter, which covers in minute detail the results of his week's efforts. He reports, especially, suggestions of value which he has received, and he gives any information which, in his opinion, will make for the betterment of the work.

Busy superintendents, busy doctors and busy trustees are cordial in their co-operation. As one doctor put the matter:

"It is wise that we lead now in a program for the better care of patients, rather than be forced later by the public to follow in such a program."

The following extract, taken from the instructions issued to each hospital visitor, tells its own story:

"The visitor is to collect facts, and he is to collect facts only with the good will and approval of the respective hospitals. His mission is business. He is not a detective, an unbidden critic, nor a social caller. He is not to make comparisons of one institution with another. He is to be helpful and constructive. The success of his visit will depend much on his sincerity. He must believe in his work. The visitor who is unwelcome has, in all probability, not wisely handled the situation."

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Unwarranted or exaggerated claims rejected.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

DRESS SALESMAN will invest capital with dress contractor or manufacturer of fine tailored dresses. Box 130, 209 Cable Bldg.

CAPITAL WANTED.

$200,000 needed for factory, fully equipped and ready to produce office equipment device in great demand, large margin of profit, orders on hand exceed present plant capacity; open to thorough investigation; principals only. W 718 Times Downtown.

A PAPER jobbing concern whose profit has increased its capital four times now compared to what it was a year ago feels its possibilities for expansion and desires to get in touch with a party capable of investing $25,000; concern will stand strictest investigation for integrity, reliability and credit. W 770 Times Downtown.

EXPORT-IMPORT company, doing world-wide business, requires services of capable executive who will purchase $25,000 interest; satisfactory security and opportunity for large profits. W 708 Times Downtown.

PARTNER wanted with about $5,000 capital to take half interest in established artificial flower manufacturing; only active man need reply. Box 196, 209 Cable Building.

MANUFACTURING AND MAIL ORDER. Christian wants associate with $5,000 to $10,000 to expand business; handle own money; substantial salary. J 225 Times.

$20,000 to increase facilities for manufacturing products for agricultural uses; business capable of great development. J 247 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCE places our organization in excellent position to consider marketing, financing and possible manufacture of article of merit. Product must have strong selling features and be developed beyond experimental stage. This is a most excellent opportunity for you, an individual or company, to market your product through an organization trained in merchandising. Telephone immediately. Worth 2106. J 196 Times.

OPPORTUNITY EXTRAORDINARY. A manufacturer of a product in wide demand wishes to communicate with a man of exceptional capabilities, able to act as exclusive sales representative in localities outside of Greater New York; to the right man, of sufficient means and responsibility, this opportunity offers tremendous money-making possibilities. Russell Co., 221 Halsey St., Newark, N. J.

LET us do your manufacturing and you do the selling. We want quantity work in metal stampings or drilling, polishing, grinding, assembling, acetylene welding. S. Wetzler, 34 Union Square, 9 to 10 mornings.

FINANCIER wanted, builder, contractor or promoter to become interested in a profitable contract venture, little or no money needed, reliability and financial standing most important; if interested write for a personal interview. X 2125 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

WOULD like become identified with provision broker or wholesale manufacturer where 15 years' Western training big packers can be made produce reasonable returns; thoroughly posted trade conditions; willing where necessary make investment sound proposition. J 143 Times.

Builders of special machinery have facilities of taking on additional work; factory in Manhattan; particulars. Metals, Box 108, Station F, Manhattan.

JUGOSLAVIA and Italy representation of American manufactures sought by an officer of an export company sailing late in August. W 360 Times.

IMPORTERS—Beaded bags mounted and finished complete; suitable prices. Beaded Bags, 2,742 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

HIGH-CLASS HOTEL, 30 rooms pr apartments, store and offices, also with two floors restaurant space, fully furnished and equipped, located in Times Square district, for sale to immediate buyer for $50,000. L 138 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity for quick buyer first-class theatre for sale, 20-year lease, in best business location; reason, must leave for South. Write J. V., 320 Presbyterian Building.

For sale, two brand new 40 feet clothing cutting tables; will sell cheap to quick buyer. Gumbinsky Overseas Corp., 187 Mercer St., N. Y.

TEA and coffee store, established over 50 years; good locality; stock low; price reasonable; owner retiring from business. M 9 Times.

PARTNER wanted; stout dress contractor seeks experienced pattern maker and inside man; have a plant and plenty of business. X 2178 Times Annex.

GARAGE, repair, paint and body shop for sale; plenty of business; must sacrifice. 520 St. Marks Av., Brooklyn.

MANUFACTURING PLANT, Harlem, complete; 7 machines 56-1, specials; 2 years' lease; bargain; cheap labor. Gratnery 846.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

PATENTS—Over 75 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 615 Woolworth Building, New York.

SHIRT MANUFACTURERS. We have facilities for cutting, sewing and pressing shirts for you all year around at a reasonable price; prompt deliveries. M 995 Times Downtown.

SHOP for rent, furnished, 57th St. at Park Av.; suitable for wearing apparel or dressmaking; reasonable rent. Box 165, 209 Cable Building.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALEXANDRIA, La.—Mrs. E. A. Blise, cloaks, suits; 1,182 B'way.

ATLANTA—J. M. High Co.; J. D. Bellak, ready-to-wear; 120 West 32d St.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; W. E. Hopkins, jewelry, ribbons, notions, leather goods; 120 W. 32d.

BANGOR, Me.—Besse System Co.; G. C. Derr, coats, suits; Miss E. MacFadden, skirts, waists, underwear, hosiery; Miss K. Carle, dresses; McAlpin.

BINGHAMTON—J. L. Morgan Co.; H. L. Riggs, domestics, blankets, table linens; Grand.

BLUEFIELD, W. Va.—E. S. Pedigo Co.; Miss D. Floyd, Miss L. Rolls, fancy goods; E. S. Pedigo, drygoods, clothing; Cumberland.

BOSTON—Sylvia-Coppinger Co., Inc.; F. L. Sylvia, dry goods; 54 Leonard.

BUTTE, Mont.—Symons D. G. Co.; Daniel Broughton, men's furnishings; L. G. Ranschoff, notions, &c.; A. Dalgleish, &c.; 141 5th Av.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia.—Killian & Co.; E. Killian, mdse. manager; A. A. Hemphill, notions; 404 4th Av., Pennsylvania.

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—H. H. Noel Co.; H. H. Noel; jobs silk, tricolette waists; 120 W. 36th.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Miller Bros. Co.; I. J. Storin, representing Mrs. Noel and Mrs. Sherrill, ready-to-wear; 1 East 33d.

CHICAGO—J. E. Watte Co.; J. E. Watte, bathing suits; Breslin.

CHICAGO—C. H. Gordon; H. Benson, furs; 118 West 27th.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott; J. E. Lewis, house wares; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss L. A. Griffin, waists, smocks; Miss G. Dellman, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co.; A. J. Frick, untrimmed hats; 621 Broadway.

CHICAGO—H. Mendel; J. Liberman, coats, suits, dresses; 220 5th Av., Room 1010.

CHICAGO—H. L. Ehrlick & Co.; H. Ehrlick, bag frames, leather materials for women's handbags; 940 Broadway, Room 1212.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Mrs. E. O'Connell, misses' dept.; Miss H. Lyberg, underskirts, silk; Walter Belden and I. R. Thayer, cotton wash goods; O. P. Avery, men's clothing; H. D. Holcombe, men's clothing; W. H. Lee, boys' clothing; Mrs. M. Brown, corsets; D. P. Washburn, lace curtains, shades; Miss M. Jeffers, lace curtains; Miss M. Ficken, lamps; 1,107 Broadway.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo.—P. W. Hartman, ready-to-wear; 1,161 Broadway, Room 505.

CINCINNATI—Aims & Doepke Co.; M. Hartsman, Oriental rugs; G. W. Freyhof, carpets, rugs; C. A. Klein, hosiery, knit underwear; 350 B'way.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; A. Stahl, millinery; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—The May Co.; J. B. Kay, dresses; 37 W. 26th.

DALLAS, Texas—Baron Bros. Millinery Co.; I. Baron, flowers, feathers, ribbons; 579 B'way, Hargrave.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—J. H. C. Peterson Sons Co.; T. B. Leake, ready-to-wear; Miss Kilpatrick, waists; 6 West 32d St.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—Harned & Von Maur, Inc.; Von Maur, domestics, white goods, linens; C. A. Beyer, representing; 6 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike, Kumler Co.; C. F. Kumler, mdse. manager; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss M. Gesborne, dresses; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—The J. L. Hudson Co.; S. J. Dame, cloaks, suits, skirts; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Ettlinger's; M. Rosenberg, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; Breslin.

DETROIT—Goldberg Bros.; B. Sternberg, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; Pennsylvania.

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; Miss A. Murphy, gowns; Miss S. L. Ramsay, coats; 200 5th Av., Woodward.

EUREKA, Col.—Ryan D. G. Co.; G. R. Ryan, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Elks Club.

GREEN BAY, Wis.—United Cloak & Suit Co.; A. Wasserstein, coats, suits, dresses; 1,170 Broadway, Room 602.

GREENVILLE, Texas—Graham, Fagg Co.; G. A. Fagg, dry goods; Hargrave.

HAGERSTOWN, Md.—Brown's Smart Shop; G. F. Hoffman, jobs wash skirts; 120 W. 36th St. 8th floor.

HELENA, Ark.—Ware & Solomon; Miss M. Homstead, ready-to-wear; 1 East 33d, Sherman Square.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; Inc.; Miss H. Cray, women's suits, laces, gloves, millinery; J. H. Wakelin, silks, notions, fancy goods, furs; Cumberland.

HOUSTON, Texas—W. C. Minn Co.; Mrs. E. C. Keyser, ribbons, neckwear; 1 E. 33d.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. Pettis D. G. Co.; Miss S. Brahdenburg, gloves; 230 5th Av.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss R. Wagoner, misses' ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Benedict, Pollak & Co.; J. F. Pollak, hosiery; Room 1103, 377 Broadway.

JOPLIN, Mo.—Newman Merc. Co.; A. Schnirf, women's ready-to-wear; 146 W. 32d.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery, Bird, Thayer Co.—A. R. Wallace, basement; 25 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Jones Store Co.; G. C. McCafferty, silk, muslin underwear, negligees, petticoats, house dresses; 23 E. 26th.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Hager & Bro.; E. E. Snyder, clothing; 404 4th Av., The Annex.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—Wolfe, Wile & Co.; D. Wile, women's ready-to-wear, infants' wear, toys; 116 W. 32d.

LIMA, Ohio—Glover & Winters Co.; C. L. Dalzell, millinery; Hargrave.

LIMA, Ohio—Ladies' Outfitting Co.; M. Michael, women's ready-to-wear; Hargrave.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gus Blass D. G. Co.; H. Ehrenberg, silks, dress goods; 1,150 Broadway, Penn.

LOS ANGELES—Cooper, Coats & Casey D. G. Co.; M. G. Cooper, representing; 377 B'way.

LOS ANGELES—Mayer & Osterman; A. A. Osterman, sheets, pillow cases, domestic household linens; Herald Square.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Bon Ton Cloak & Suit Co.; T. Greenstein, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufman-Straus Co.; J. W. Clar, rugs, curtains, draperies, traveling goods; 220 5th Av.; The Annex.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Gerber Co.; F. G. Beurer, mdse manager; 11 E. 33d.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Dayton Co.; G. L. Larson, millinery; 225 5th Av.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Nachman & Moertlef; M. R. Nachman, ready-to-wear, silks, dress goods; 352 4th Av.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Mannie Milder Co.; M. Milder, women's ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av., Room 910.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—B. Cohn Co., Ltd.; A. Schwartz, cloaks, suits, underwear; 352 4th Av.; Hargrave.

NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; L. E. Masson, silks, dress goods; R. B. Gallegly, shoes; 15 East 26th St.

OAKLAND, Cal.—Whitthorne & Swan; D. J. Toomey, hosiery, muslin, knit underwear; 50 Union Square.

OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell Co.; Miss M. I. Knuttz, women's, juniors' ready-to-wear; 130 West 32d, The Annex.

OMAHA, Neb.—M. E. Smith Co.; G. E. Hutchinson, hosiery, underwear, knit goods; J. V. Shireman, waists, muslin underwear, women's furn. goods; 200 5th Av.

OMAHA, Neb.—Burgess, Nash Co.; Mrs. L. Christian, Mrs. Cravens, women's, juniors', misses' ready-to-wear; Miss E. Milne, Miss Cotthiffe, women's ready-to-wear; F. Schaye, Miss Riley, millinery; Miss E. L. Rood, books; 200 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss G. Kptmehl, women's muslin, silk underwear, petticoats, negligees, kimonos; 1,140 Broadway.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; L. Hirsch, Miss E. Ball, coats, suits, dresses; 312 5th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; F. McDonald, silks, velvet; 1,123 Broadway, Room 1212.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—A. Bein, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 28th; Breslin.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Hirsch Co.; S. Hirsch, jobs sport skirts; 120 W. 36th; 8th floor.

PUEBLO, Col.—White & Davis; Mr. Davis, women's ready-to-wear; 347 5th Av.

ROANOKE, Va.—Hancock D. G. Co.; W. A. Hancock, L. W. Hancock, dry goods, notions, women's garments; Sherman Square.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy, Powers Co.; Miss S. Seldman, jobs muslin underwear, bungalow and small aprons; 1,261 B'way.

SACRAMENTO—Hale Bros., Inc.; Miss L. Beckfield, Miss M. Leonard, millinery; 90 Union Square; Park Avenue.

SALT LAKE CITY—Boston Store; J. Findling, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th, Room 1910.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—E. Masur, ready-to-wear; 23 W. 32d; Breslin.

SAN FRANCISCO—Levi Strauss & Co.; W. G. McCarthy, underwear; 377 Broadway.

SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros., Inc.; F. A. Lyon, hosiery, knit underwear; 90 Union Square.

SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor Moffatt & Co.; Miss M. Murphy, infants', children's wear; 452 4th Av.; The Annex.

SAN FRANCISCO—Dinkelspiel Co., Inc.; H. W. Brant, white goods, laces, embroideries; S. Dinkelspiel, white goods, linens, silks; 377 Broadway.

SCRANTON, Pa.—Wyoming Garment Co.; L. Harris, jobs better grade wash dresses; 120 W. 36th; 8th floor.

SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; Mrs. C. G. Berger, millinery; 23 East 26th.

SEATTLE—The Bon Marche; J. A. Aharan, hosiery, underwear; 225 5th Av.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Frederick Nelson, Inc.; L. Fohn, women's cloaks, suits, dresses, basement; 450 4th Av.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—H. C. Prange Co.; Miss Brechtel, Miss E. Kohl, Miss A. Lemaln, coats, suits; 6 West 32d.

SHERMAN, Tex.—W. C. Jones Co.; W. C. Jones, dress goods; E. L. Jones, coats, suits, waists, furs; 220 5th Av.

SIKESTON, Mo.—Farmers D. G. & Clothing Co.; R. Ray Smith, dry goods, women's ready-to-wear; Great Northern.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros. Co.; Miss K. Ryan, waists, petticoats; 1,261 B'way.

SPOKANE, Wash.—Palace Store Co.; E. G. Davies, laces, neckwear, ribbons; E. S. McBride, dry goods; 440 4th Av.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—J. S. Brittain D. G. Co.; W. H. Beattie, domestics, flannels, blankets; W. R. Jones, dress goods, silks, velvets; 320 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; B. S. Strauss, millinery, ribbons; G. W. Wood, trunks, sporting goods; 1,107 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; I. Upright, men's furn. goods; 37 W. 28th.

ST. LOUIS—Golluber Millinery Co.; Miss L. Burton, designer; 93 Bleecker.

ST. LOUIS—Carleton D. G. Co.; T. G. Radcliffe, cloths, dress goods, silks, velvets; 329 Broadway; Penn.

ST. LOUIS—Carleton D. G. Co.; A. K. Miller, mfg. dept.; L. Landwehr, notions; 329 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—L. Herzog & Bro. D. G. Co.; C. M. Steinman, women's novelty sweaters; 874 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss A. Nolte, Miss M. Nolte, infants' coats, muslin underwear, silk kimonos, petticoats; 1,261 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss E. Kempf, picture dept.; T. D. Page, women's ready-to-wear, basement; Miss B. Weddell, women's muslin, silk underwear, house dresses; 37 W. 28th.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; M. B. Joel, white goods, linens; D. McAlister, domestics, cotton piece goods, for basement; Miss C. Hamm, coats, suits, dresses; L. H. Rosenheim, notions, trimmings, stationery; Mrs. E. Sherman, women's suits; Miss J. Beiser, misses', juniors' ready-to-wear; 1,107 Broadway.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Schuneman & Evans; M. M. Shuttleberger, cloaks, suits, furs, corsets; 220 5th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; R. D. McDonald, shirts, mfg. dept., 320 B'way, Flanders.

STOCKTON, Cal.—The Wonder, Inc.; P. Cahn, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Peterdorf Co.; S. Petersdorf, tricolette dresses; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.

TEXARKANA, Ark.—O'Dwyer & Ahern Co.; R. J. O'Dwyer, domestic flannels, blankets; Great Northern.

TOLEDO, Ohio—W. L. Milner & Co.; Miss M. Rochte, muslin underwear, infants' wear; the annex; T. F. Steinmetz, laces, embroideries, neckwear, handkerchiefs, ribbons; 120 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Hecht Co.; Miss E. Rickelman, misses' cloaks, suits, dresses; 116 W. 32d.

WAUSAU, Wis.—United Cloak & Suit Co.; Miss Chadek, coats, suits, dresses; 1,170 Broadway, Room 602.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Kraft Mfg. Co.; L. Kraft, cotton piece goods; 1,133 Broadway.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Wyoming Garment Co.; H. Krueger, jobs satin and taffeta dresses; 120 W. 36th; 8th floor.

FINANCING

of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.

WORMSER & CO.
85 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360

AUCTIONS.

The Underwriters Salvage Co.
OF NEW YORK
Will Sell by Auction
To-morrow (Tuesday) July 20th,
Promptly at 10 o'Clock
At their Warerooms, 5 to 15 Sullivan Street, near Canal Street
BY ORDER OF THE INSURANCE COMPANIES
For account of whom it may concern
SEVERAL LARGE AND IMPORTANT SALVAGE STOCKS
As Follows:
A Quantity of 9x12 RUGS, Velvet, Axminster
The Man

BUSINESS BUILDINGS CROWD OUT HOUSES

Sixty-eight Theatres Under Project in This District Since Jan. 1.

CEMENT PRICE GOING UP

Great Hotel and Office Building Boom Now May Be Overdone.

Investigations into the actual conditions and trends of the local and general building construction industry indicate an uninterrupted flow toward commercial building rather than housing construction.

In the metropolitan district of New York alone projects are now in the hands of contractors for sixty-eight theatres, for example, and for more than a hundred monumental building projects ranging from structures of the Equitable type to vast loft building enterprises such as the remodelling of great hotel structures.

There is, on the other hand, hardly a new housing project under way in the Bronx, only a limited number in Queens Borough and a scattering of comparatively small housing enterprises in Brooklyn. Richmond, Manhattan and New Jersey are woefully deficient in building projects for individual or multi-tenantage, with an increasing tendency away from rather than toward this class of building construction.

The 1920 building season meanwhile has slipped past its meridian while waiting for money, materials and legislative action that will encourage rather than discourage construction of tenements, apartments and dwellings on a scale commensurate with the growing requirement.

New York and an important section of the remainder of the country are certainly driving themselves into a corner on commercial building, says The Dow Service Daily Building Reports. It is an attractive type of construction now because there is less odium attached to proprietorship of such a building than to one seeking its income from family habitation, but without a proportionate increase in industrial building construction in the country's manufacturing centres there is bound to be as great an overproduction of commercial space as there was of apartment space in Washington Heights almost a decade ago.

Experienced building interests counting up the office and loft building space accommodation contemplated in the projects already reported as being under way or in contemplation say that unless there is tremendous industrial expansion in the entire country within the next five years that sort of building construction already is in danger of being overdone.

Successful commercial construction depends upon its proximity to labor supply, and if there is not sufficient housing to keep pace with the increased volume of commercial and industrial building construction within easy and cheap commuting distance from centres of trade and industry the space market is likely to become topheavy.

The current projects in New York alone are almost sufficient to tax the capacity of the available building material supply this year and next Spring. Most of this supply will go into commercial building projects, so that when the projectors of housing enterprises come into the market the competition for available building material supplies will be so heavy as to place ordinary housing accommodation out of reach of even the moderately affluent.

Evidence of this trend is shown in the fact that prices are continually stiffening. Portland cement probably will be advanced another 25 or 30 cents this week, and there are other commodities that probably will follow suit.

The brick situation is strengthening, although to the public at large, through wholesale dock New York, with the usual extra charge for handling, haulage and 15 per cent. for delivery, was firm at the week-end, with supply steady. Production is proceeding at about 40 to 90 per cent. of normal, depending on labor supply in the Hudson district. Some of the other brick plants have sold their outputs for this year and part of next, practically all for commercial building projects.

One of the quickest and surest remedies for the existing trend of the building construction market, fraught as it is with economic menace if it is permitted to continue in its present unbalanced way, is to provide for the railroad companies to quickly restore the lightering system that was in vogue before the war, thereby releasing track congestion at railroad freight stations in this city now under permit ban.

The cement companies are lightening their own product, which possibly accounts for an improvement in cement supply in this market. Some of the building material manufacturers say they can get cars for short hauls, but not for long hauls, which has helped the supply of some commodities in the market slightly.

Ships that have been held in the harbor with Oklahoma plaster since March are being unloaded through the efforts of the Merchants' Association, but the plaster situation is still extremely acute, with little hope of quick change. There are evidences that public sentiment will soon force a quick change in the building situation.

NO CLUE TO LUKE ROBBER.

Loot Consisted of Three Watches, Two Bracelets and a Necklace.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 18.—After an all day investigation, Chief of Police W. J. Bowes said tonight he had been unable to discover any clue to the robber who entered the home of David L. Luke, Vice President of the West Virginia Paper and Pulp Company early Saturday morning. The burglar, who wore a white sheet with holes slit for the eyes when he held up Mr. and Mrs. Luke and Miss Mary Luke in their respective bedrooms, carried away jewelry valued between $5,000 and $10,000.

The Luke family were disinclined to discuss the robbery, but it was learned that the stolen articles consisted of three watches, two bracelets and a necklace. No description of the jewels, which were covered by insurance, has been furnished the police. The burglar either overlooked or purposely passed by silverware and other gold valuables which were within his reach, it was said.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

ANGORA SKINS Wanted—Dressed. American Produced Toy Co., 110 5th Ave.

APRONS Wanted—Shirts, rubbers, waists, sateen gowns, dresses; bargains, cash. Penn. 1320.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. H. C. Gerstner, 259 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2800.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARN Wanted—At a price. Daniel & Son, 151 West 25th. Watkins 9457.

BARONETTE SATINS Wanted—And 12 pound pongee; will pay cash. Vogel & Horowitz, 46 East 20th St. Madison Square 1247.

BATHROBE MATERIAL Wanted—Blankets, Madison Square 3763.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—All shades, good qualities only. Spring 7262.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Botany 318, brown, navy, peacock, tan; will pay cash. Pinkus, Lyons & Co., 561 Broadway.

BROADCLOTH, Silvertone, Velour, Suedine Wanted—112, 18068, 19056, 18068; all shades. Phone Watkins 4080.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted—Botany 315; also American tricotines or similar. S. Goldberg & Co., 15 East 26th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Botany 315, navy, brown, rookie and taupe; also American 112; all colors except black. Spring 7744.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—American 112, all colors. Leventhal & Hurwitz. Gramercy 9696.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—American 112, Botany 315, all colors. Chelsea 9017.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—112 silvertone 18068, and 2ibiline. Spring 4999.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted—112 navy. Greeley 2781.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Botany 315, all shades. Henry Leavy & Son, 9 West 31st.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Botany 315, brown. Madison Square 1066.

CHARMEUSE, Satin, Duchess Satin Wanted—Any quantity, all colors, for cash. Kitzinger-Engel Co., 46 West 29th St.

CHARMEUSE, Satins and Crepe de Chine Wanted—Good quality. Prudential Textile, 35 East 29th.

CHARMEUSE, Tricotine, Broadcloth Wanted—Spot cash; small lots. Deutsch, 33 West 32d.

CHARMEUSE and SATINS Wanted—Popular numbers; submit swatches and prices. Bodow, 12 West 31st.

CHIFFONS, VELVETS Wanted—Mostly in pastel shades; can use seconds. Spring 7054.

CLOTH Wanted—3-4 or 6-4 similar to 1500, all shades; cash. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

CLOTH Wanted—13045. N. Hurwitz & Son, 38 West 21st.

COATS Wanted—Large jobber, placing big stock orders, now open to look at snappy cloth coats. Call all day Monday, National Cloak, 154 West 26th.

COATS Wanted—Job plush and cloth, also regular, for cash. Greenberg & Bass, 346 6th Av., 7th floor.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular priced coats and suits; looking all week. 17 West 32d, 6th floor.

COATS, Wanted—Placing large orders for better grade Fall coats. 12 West 27th St., 12th floor.

COATS, Suits Wanted — Placing orders Misses' ripple models. 31 West 31st, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Very latest styles; looking all week. 12 West 27th, 2d floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Placing orders before for grade. 19 Madison Av., 13th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at coats. 26 West 25th, 9th floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Narrow, wide black stripe and pink check Galateas, also 27-inch colored lawns. American Importing Co., 484 Broadway. Spring 1384.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—For cash, percales, prints, bleached goods; Hombrs, 43 Lispenard St., New York.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Plaid percales 64x60; spot cash. Stone, 781 Broadway.

COTTON BACK SATINS Wanted—Mostly light shades, in any quantity. Spring 7934.

COTTON WRAP SERGES Wanted—36 inches wide. Telephone Gramercy 729.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—4 thread chamois, chestnut, nurandy, negro, silver; bring samples. Alpine Textile Co., 499 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Flesh, white and black for cash at a price. 326 4th Av., store.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—3, 4, 5 thread; spot cash. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Three-thread, at a price. George J. Quinn, 286 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Large quantities cotton voiles, wash dresses for $1 and prices $12 to $15 per dozen; close outs must be exceptional values; bring samples. See Mr. L. Tulvers at 4 P. M., Monday, Baer & Lilienthal, 1,150 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors showing better grade Jap silk and figure voiles, either in own material or will furnish. Deutsch, 33 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade silk and cloth dresses; call all week from 2:30-5 P. M. 40 West 27th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Suits, Winter, coats, waists, skirts, silk underwear; better trade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on crepe satins, charmeuse, tricotines and kitten-ear crepe. 42 West 24th, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on satin and charmeuse dresses of the better kind only. 111 West 27th, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs silk and cloth dresses, quantity. 35 floor, 150 West 27th. Chelsea 7365.

DRESSES Wanted—New Fall styles in silks; popular priced; call all week. 9 West 32d, 15th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall afternoon dresses, all materials. Call afternoon, 30 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Quantity charmeuse dresses for jobbers. Leipzig & Rosenberg, 122 West 27th St.

SATIN Wanted—Charmeuse finish, 36 inches, black and colors. Leipzig & Rosenberg, 122 West 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular priced charmeuse dresses. 147 West 29th St., first floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for satin and charmeuse, Fall styles. Call all week. 9d floor, 106 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall dresses. Call between 8-11 A. M., 54 West 32d St., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Misses' styles, tricotines and serges; high-grade only. 5 West 29th, Room 502.

DRESSES Wanted—Georgettes and satins, at a price; call all day. 1,123 Broadway, Room 717.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders charmeuse, satins, tricotine. 10 Madison Av., 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on tricotines, serges, velours and satins. Maid Rite Dress Co., 45-47 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing order; stouts, tricotines and satines. 279 5th Av., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Serges, satins, tricotines, crepe meteors. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall line samples. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular priced Fall dresses; bring samples. 25 West 31st St., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing big order on high-class charmeuse dresses. Room 1509, 38 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs silks, georgettes, tricotines, spot cash. 7th floor, 46 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on high-class dresses. 16th floor, 20 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at satins, serges, tricotines. 1st floor, 32 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall models; placing large orders. 17 East 32d, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at tailored lines. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall line samples. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Snappy styles; satin and charmeuse. Room 17, 1,123 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders Fall dresses. 38 West 32d St., Room 1902.

DUVET DE LAINE and PEACHBLOOM Wanted—All colors. Sprayreagan & Marks, 168 West 29th.

DUVETYN Wanted—Silk based, mercerized cotton back; quantity at a price. J. D. Booth & Son, 34 West 33d St.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted—All colors. F. S. L. Mfg. Co., 48 West 24th.

FOULLARDS Wanted—Printed radiums; also plain radiums; spot cash. Madison Square 1804.

FORTUNA Wanted—Fornimann, Hufman, brown; Nanking and Botany; Yalama, brown reindeer, paring. Sidney Kleinfeld, 1,123 Broadway.

FROSTGLOW AND EVORA Wanted—All makes, all shades; call with samples. 110 West 27th; 7th floor.

FUR COATS Wanted—Do you need cash? Bring up coats you have. 7th floor, 46 West 25th.

FURS Wanted — Quantity kit coney and broken coney coats; will pay cash. Lark Co., 1,161 Broadway. Chelsea 261.

FURS Wanted—Open for kit coney coats for cash. Eisenberg & Sommerfield, 32 East 21st.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Printed and plain. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1804.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Black only. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th.

GINGHAM Wanted—Will buy any quantity Amoskeag, Leon A. Kellner & Bro., 260 Broadway, near 21st St.

GOLDTONE Wanted—All colors. Phil Herzog & Sons, Pennsylvania 6906.

HOSIERY Wanted—3,000 doz. each; men's 176 needle, Scott-Williams ripped top, and ladies' 12-inch fibre cotton top; also 2,000 pieces Otis-Denim 240, 278. J. S. Goldberg, 15 Park Row.

JAP SILK Wanted—All weights, large or small quantity, natural or colored, cash no object. Spring 6614.

JAP SILK Wanted—Any quantity, all colors for cash. Kitzinger-Engel Co., 43 West 29th St.

JERSEYS Wanted—Heather mixtures, 14-ounce; quantity lot. Roth Bros., 9 West 30th. Watkins 2822.

JERSEY SILK Wanted for ladies' underwear; flesh, white. T. Debany Co., 401 4th Av.

JERSEYS Wanted—Wool, Fall shades. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th.

LININGS Wanted—Fancies, desirable patterns; good quality. Epstein Quinto, 122 West 27th.

LININGS Wanted—Printed japs, fancy silks, tussahs. Room 1209, 331 4th Av.

LUSTROLA and CALEDONIA Wanted—Any quantity in all shades. Madison Square 1725.

LYNX, Now, Wanted—Brown and burgundy; cash. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

NETS Wanted—Open for quantity; all counts; cash. Apple, 137 5th Av.

ORGANDIES Wanted—Swiss finish only; open for large quantity. Oberfelder, 160 5th Av.

ORGANDIES Wanted—Imported orchid, light blue, pink and brown. Fashion Dress Co., 120 West 31st.

OXFORDS Wanted—Stevens 7126; can use quantity; must be cheap; cash. Watkins 2016.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted—Navy, medium quality, for cash; must be cheap. Stuyvesant 4,000, Extension 107.

PERCALES Wanted—36/12 and 30/60 shirtings, in quantities; send swatches at once. The Gromly Co., 1,190 Race St., Philadelphia.

PIECE GOODS Wanted—Wool coverts, gabardines, Bedford corde; also drills, khakis, moleskins and short lengths in corduroys, Ben Rose, Brazin Hotel, Tuesday 1 to 5.

PLAIDS Wanted—Stylefit Skirt & Dress Co., 12 West 17th.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peco, T 10-4T-4T and others. Phillips, 622 Broadway. Spring 2717.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peco, quantity; also Baffin and Behring seal 112 American, cheap. Madison Square 435.

PLUSHES, VELOURS AND PILE FABRICS Wanted—Plain or fancy; jobs only. Spring 7054.

PLUSH SILK Wanted—Cash. I. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

PLUSHES Wanted—Furist, for cash. Greeley 5611.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted—Geras 5236, 1210, 1717, KS. Gramercy 6895.

PONGEES Wanted—12 momm; any quantity; spot cash. Madison Square 1803.

POPLINS Wanted—Susquehanna 171 or similar. 24 floor, 244 5th Av.

RADIUMS Wanted—Fancies, good quality coat patterns. Deutsch & Lefkowitz, 9 West 35th St.

SATEEN Wanted—Quilted black. I. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

SATINS Wanted—36 and 40 inch; also messalines; any quantity, spot cash. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

SATIN Wanted—Open for a quantity, in all colors at a price. Leiberthal & Stoller, 40 West 27th.

SATINS Wanted—Will buy for cash quantity flesh and white wash satins. Starr, 1076.

SATINS, Charmeuse and Peau de Cygnes wanted for cash. Madison Square 832.

SECO Wanted—Any quantity, all colors, for cash. Kitzinger-Engel Co., 45 West 29th.

SERGES, Tricotines and Plaids Wanted—Quote lowest prices for cash, giving styles and assortments. Silk & Kohn, Denckla Bldg., Philadelphia.

SERGES Wanted—7130, 7512, 54289, 4061, 104, 9, 99, 285, 688, 0936, 3304, 107, 907, 120, 133, 1464, PPL, DRW. Stuyvesant 8533.

SERGE Wanted—Amoskeag 7301, or similar, in black and navy. Phil Herbog &Sons, Pennsylvania 6906.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman's 1300, color 208 or similar; also 12-oz. all-wool French serge. Spring 7245.

SERGES AND VELOURS Wanted—Black serges, 4314 velour. Rothblum-Goldberg, 33 West 26th.

SERGES and TRICOTINES Wanted—Popular numbers; price must be right. Bodow, 13 West 31st.

SERGE Wanted—Amoskeag 7301, or similar, in black and navy. Phil Herzog & Sons, Pennsylvania 6906.

SERGES Wanted—1210, CSG, 1213, 87, 8200, 7301, 3192, 8168 poplin for manufacturer. Madison Square 540, attention Mr. Wolff.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity of black Whitman's 9 and 7120 navy. Madison Square 2066.

SERGES Wanted—11433, 7130, WFX, 9, 104, 519, 528, 54289, Melrovits, 23 West 31st. Longacre 4460.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman's 94, navy, black. Edward Isaacs & Co., Chelsea 6589.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman's 1210, navy. Telephone Stuyvesant 8289.

SERGES Wanted—Navy, black, 9, 7120, 7301, 104, 0936, Horowitz, Stuyvesant 2153.

SERGE AND TRICOTINE Wanted—At a price, for cash. 130 West 17th, 7th floor.

SERGES Wanted—11433 Botany. Carl Pinkenberg, 31 E. 31st; Madison Sq. 581.

SERGES Wanted—Also storm serges. Style-fit Skirt & Dress, 12 West 17th.

SERGES Wanted—7120, at a price. B. H. Simon Co., 24 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted—11433, 750, 87, for cash. Watkins 9130.

SERGE AND POPLINS Wanted—Black 104 and 774. Herbst & Goldberg, 137 West 25th.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman's 87, any quantity. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted—3004, 7514, 9001 and 2192. Phone Stuyvesant 4383.

SERGES Wanted—11433 at a price. 58 West 15th, 7th floor.

SERGES Wanted—9 black Whitman, at a price. Madison Square 9295.

SERGES Wanted—1464, 104, navy only. Murray Hill 7068.

SERGE Wanted—Whitman's 87 navy; price must be right. Passman & Son, 31 W. 31st.

SERGES Wanted—Black 0936-285 or similar. Karpas, 52 West 30th St.

SERGES, TRICOTINES Wanted—7120, 833, 11433, 104, 10654, 907. Call Stuyvesant 5553.

SERGES Wanted—7120 black and navy, for cash. Chelsea 7061.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Any quality or quantity; also small pieces or remnants in silk. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1804.

SHIRTS Wanted—1,000 men's silk shirts in seconds, for spot cash. H. Williams, 1,359 Broad St., Providence, R. I.

SILK Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, satins, crepe de chines, charmeuse, messalines, crepe meteors, georgettes, silk shirtings, printed radium, pongees; also tricotines; any quantity; call with samples. Bassers Silk Clearing House, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 4041.

SILKS Wanted—Will pay spot cash for charmeuse, satins, taffetas, georgette, crepe de chines, &c. Stavisky & Greenstone, 102 East 22d St.

SILKS Wanted—Open for 2x2 and 2x3 georgette satin and taffeta; quantity at a price. Call with samples. Store, 34 West 32d.

SILK Wanted—Printed; open to buy quantity; call with samples. 118 West 27th, 7th floor.

SILK Wanted—Artificial, quantities, H. S. Meritzer, 329 8th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 7580.

SILKS Wanted—Quantity fancy japs, for cash. Ulin & Einstein, Watkins 64.

SILKS Wanted—Printed Jap. Louis B. Lieberman, 40 West 27th St.

SILK LINING Wanted—Susquehanna satin de chine. Newman, 137 West 27th St.

SILK Wanted—Gros Londre, peau de cygne, Minuet Selter, 30 West 32d.

SILKS Wanted—White Duplana Baronetta, at a price for cash. Chelsea 440.

SILVERTONE Wanted—15030 copen and taupe, 4318 copen and reindeer, American 13045, all shades. Silver-Goldstein, 15 West 26th.

SILVERTONES, Sultings Wanted—All colors. Phil Herzog & Sons, Pennsylvania 6906.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Julliards 2124, shade 4. I. & E. Sapiro Cloak. Chelsea 9040.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Suiting weight, navy only. Henry Leavy & Son, 9 West 31st.

SILVERTONES Wanted—16007 copen, 15032, 15030, all colors. Call, 11 o'clock, Gramercy 1282.

SILVERTONES Wanted—15032, all shades, also 15058 American suedine, Watkins 4062, Fit Best Cloak Co.

SILVERTONE Wanted—100 pieces American 15032, color 312. Phone Greeley 370, Ben Greenfield.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Stevens 4318, 3031, navy, rookie, wood brown; cash. Schulman Bros., 104 West 27th. Watkins 9440.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Coatings, suitings, cotton warp, all wool. S. Bernstein, 34 West 33d.

SILVERTONE Wanted—Pekin, Buckley & Cohen 4384, Kelly 3031, American 15032, at a price. Watkins 9130.

SILVERTONES Wanted—15032, 3124, brown, taupe, reindeer. Newman, 137 West 27th St.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Light and heavy weights; Fall shades. Spring 9660.

SILVERTONES Wanted—For suitings; all colors. Mr. Korash, Madison Square 7745.

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall line of plaids and stripes. Call before 12, 29 West 21st, St., Room 66. S. Bokow.

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall styles. 43 West 27th St., Room 906.

SKIRTS and Dresses Wanted—Washable, cheap. 120 West 126th, top floor.

SUEDINES Wanted—15058 317, 139 Bolivias, Clark-Denis, velour. Schultz, Orchard 5823.

SUITS Wanted—Western jobber open for jobs Fall suits, coats better kind; write for appointment. Guttman, 259 5th Av.

SUITS AND WRAPS Wanted—Jobber placing orders, snappy misses' suits. Call all week, 38 West 32d. Room 402.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at new styles in suits and coats. Call all week between 4-5, 4th floor, rear elevator, 163 West 26th St.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at ladies' suits and coats. 9 East 27th St., 14th floor.

SUITS Wanted—High-class, strictly misses' suits; also coats. 3 West 29th, Room 909.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing on ripple suits. 37 West 20th, 2d floor.

SUITS Wanted—Call with samples of low-priced suits. 4th floor, 122 West 27th.

TINSELTONES Wanted—Holden Leonard 718, 719, all colors; cash. Phil Herzog & Sons, Pennsylvania 6906.

TINSELTONES Wanted—Holden-Leonard any quantity. Wehlberg. Watkins 9472.

TINSELTONE Wanted—Holden-Leonard 719, all colors; cash. Watkins 2016.

TINSELTONE Wanted — Also lightweight velours, all shades. Watkins 2574.

TOQUES (children's) Wanted—Knitted mercerized cotton, assorted colors. 467 Broadway, Room 307.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Andrews 5782, Dolands 8178, or any good quality; yalama or duvet de lame in quantities. Aaron Goldstein & Co. Watkins 2739-9884.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Serges 09077, 0383, 5815, 10854, 907, 5030, 104, 1193, WFX 54289; also Yalamas; cash. Madison Square 1540.

TRICOTINES Wanted—American, U. S., Gera, Garfield, Botany, Saxonia, Juilliard, Lorraine, similar qualities. Stuyvesant 8471.

TRICOTINES Wanted—At price; 907, 10654, 5041; and good; also good quality petrel twill; manufacturer. Vanderbilt 4634-1380.

TRICOTINES Wanted—09077, broadcloth 112; silvertones, cotton warp, all colors. Stoopack, 12 West 31st St.

TRICOTINES Wanted—U. S. 907, Dobson 129, or similar. Weinrich & Horowitz, Madison Square 8960.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Americans 09077; any quantity; will pay cash. Singer & Katz, Watkins 3385.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Andrews 5782, Juilliard's 5615, Reed's 0902, Walworth's 3860. Madison Square 7355.

TRICOTINES Wanted—American 0388, Andrews 5782. Weinberg, Watkins 9427.

TRICOTINE Wanted—U. S. Brightwood 5036, Cleveland 9541, American 09077. Madison Square 2814.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Duvet de Laine, velours; Formtmanns, Garfields, Geras, Andrews, Madison Square 6028.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Dobson's 123. Manufacturer, 40 West 27th, 10th floor. Watkins 5214.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Priestley tricotine and others at a price. B. H. Simon Co., 24 West 30th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—American 09077, any quantity; strictly spot cash. Mad. Sq. 1864, Mr. Schneider.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Scotia 2990, 3304, 10338; Davenport's 7125, 6710, Melrovits, 23 West 31st. Longacre 4460.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Andrews' 5782, navy Jacob Dorf, Vanderbilt 8149.

TRICOTINES Wanted—09077, or similar; navy and black. Brooks Co., 37 West 20th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Navy, large quantities at a price. S. Bernstein, 24 West 33d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—3204 Goff or similar. Jacob Lashin & Bro., Watkins 4063.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Open for quantity Botany 5902. 10th floor, 129 West 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—All qualities, any quantity, for Madison Square 6101.

TRICOTINES Wanted—5062, 15030, 907, 03383, 09077; spot cash. Gramercy 102.

TRICOTINES Wanted—All wool, 36 inches; all brands. Williamsburgh, 12 W. 32d.

TRICOTINES, Serges, Velours Wanted—All makes, for cash. Atlas, 27 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Open for large quantity. K. & E. Dress Co., 20 West 33d.

TRICOTINES Wanted—9708, 907, 6710 or similar qualities for cash. Mad. Sq. 9060.

TRICOTINE, Serges, Satin wanted at reasonable prices. 17 East 33d St., 1st floor.

TRICOTINE Wanted—All kinds, at $3.50 per yard. Ohringer, 9 West 20th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—107, 907 and similar. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Quantity. M. Hirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Andrew 5782, navy. Phone Madison Square 6863.

TRICOTINES Wanted—All kinds of tricotines for cash. Gramercy 4788.

TRICOTINE Wanted—09077, large quantity, for cash. Longacre 2076.

TRICOTINES Wanted—U. S. 907 or similar quality. Chelsea 918.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Andrews tan. Phone Pennsylvania 3969.

TRICOTINE Wanted—All makes. 3d floor, 6 West 32d St.

VELDYNE Wanted—F. & H. navy for cash. Madison Square 3561.

VELOURS Wanted—Light and heavyweight, navy, Brown, reindeer and taupe. Spring 9060.

VELOURS Wanted—Quantity of 032 Americans and K-544 or similar; bring swatches. Herbert Abelson, 220 5th Av., Room 1203.

VELOURS Wanted—Stevens 4314; also tricotines. Wiesen & Goldstein, 1107 Broadway.

VELOURS Wanted, open for light and heavy weights, Fall shades. Mr. Kurash, Madison Square 7145.

VELOURS Wanted—Gera 50353, Stevens 4314, brown only. Phil. Herzog & Sons, Pennsylvania 6906.

VELOURS Wanted—Garfield 5116, Stevens 4314, all shades, spot cash. Wolfberg, 150 West 22d.

VELOURS Wanted—Open for quantity at a price; cash. Maid Rite Dress Co., 45-47 West 29th.

VELOURS Wanted—Open for quantity light weight suiting; velours. Hirsch & Bros., 153 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted—Gera 50353, Stevens 4314, brown only. Phil. Herzog & Sons, Pennsylvania 6906.

VELOURS, SILVERTONES Wanted—Heavy weight, all colors; also ¾ cloth. I. Frank, 48 West 22d.

VELOURS Wanted—Botany 5816 and Garfield 5116, Fall shades. Madison Square 4180.

VELOUR Wanted—All wool heavyweight, navy and brown, at a price. Watkins 5330.

VELOURS Wanted—Medium weight. Herman Goldstein, 127 West 25th.

VELOUR Wanted—Check, Navy, brown, copen. Davidson & Vorck, Watkins 2065.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight, Duvet de Laine. Phone Madison Square 6065.

VELOUR Wanted—Heavyweight brown. I. Arbus & Sons; phone Watkins 3384.

VELOURS Wanted—50353 Gera, shades 854-536-444. Watkins 391.

VEDLUNES AND PEACHBLOOMS Wanted—All shades. Madison Sq. 8506.

WAISTS Wanted—Jobber is looking at Fall line, 114 West 29th, 1st floor.

WAISTS Wanted—38-100 dozen, spot cash. 7th floor, 46 West 25th.

WOOLENS Wanted—Cassier worsteds; silvertones, 15030, 15032; cash; show samples. 122 Bleecker St. Rosengardt.

WOOLENS Wanted—Jobs in heavy coatings; submit samples. B. Hyman & Shovell Co., 715 Broadway.

YALAMA Wanted—Right price for quantity, navy, brown; Holden-Leonard tinseltone, 4644, 4673, Stevens Bolivia, all colors; manufacturer. Vanderbilt 4634-1389.

YALAMAS Wanted—Botany 5035, 15032, 112, 4314, 3304. Gramercy 6985.

YALAMA CLOTH Wanted—I. Berman, 99 Madison Av. Madison Square 8074.

YARNS Wanted—Quantities, artificial silk. H. S. Meritzer, 329 8th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2800.

ZIBELINE Wanted—Strouck's new lynx, or similar, brown, burgundy. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

Contracts Wanted.

Contractor out of town, on aprons and night shirts, cut proposition; first-class workmanship; prompt delivery; best references. X 2102 Times Annex.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS, House Dresses and Bloomers—Suitable for special sale. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

BABY CAPS—To close out all assortments; at very low prices. P. Abramson & Bros., 548 Broadway. Spring 9233.

BATHING SHOES—Canvas, sateen and silks for immediate delivery. General Footwear Co., 476 Broome St.

BATHING TIGHTS—Spot delivery. Thebest Mills Co., 395 Broadway, N. Y. Phone Canal 6383.

BATHROBE material, Beacon, Whitman & Lawrence, Watkins 3072.

BRAIDS AND TRIMMINGS—Fancy, knitted, radium, polished and flat braids, all widths; also girdles, tassels and fringes, chenille and lace stitchings. H. Levine & Bro., 128 Madison Av. Longacre 4360-1.

BREECHES, Coats, Shirts, Puttees, &c. (army reclaimed) at lowest prices. Gumbinsky Overseas Corporation, 167 Mercer St. New York.

BROADCLOTH—Joel's plumettes, velours and velour checks, American 712, Gera Mills broadcloth Jupiter; also Merrimack 3620, 115, American 8246, 21227. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

BROADCLOTH—Deering Millikan 1587, in brown, black and mahogany, fr sale at a price. Spring 9631, extension 42.

BROADCLOTH—Botany 362, Yalama 5035, Saxonia Silvertone 698, Delands 9400 Pekin; cheap. Phone Penn. 2535, Ext. 4.

BROADCLOTH—A. D. Juilliard's 110, black; immediate delivery. Stuyvesant 9419.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

BROADCLOTH—One-piece black broadcloth, very good quality. J. Labes, 16 West 45th.

BROADCLOTH—Slater's navy, brown, below market price. Gramercy 3389.

BROADCLOTH—Gera, navy, 2 burgundy, 1 reindeer. Watkins 3073.

CAMBRICS AND MAINBOOKS—Immediate shipment; cheap. U. S. Textile Co. Gram. 6985.

CANTON CREPE—Heavy weight, all colors; immediate delivery. Madison Square 7797.

CHARMEUSE, Peau de Cygne, Satins, Shirting, Georgette, Crepe de Chine and Wash Satins; spot delivery. Sol Rosenfield, 31 East 27th. Madison Square 3397.

CHARMEUSE—25 pieces black, navy and brown, to sell reasonable. 146 West 24th St. (7th floor). Chelsea 7066.

CHARMEUSE—Black, brown, navy; below market price. Schloss, Baker & Appleton, 485 4th Av. Madison Square 968.

CHECKS—2 cases printed, 54-inch; will sell cheap. Watkins 3073.

CHIFFONS—2,000 yards, printed; nice, heavy cloth; will sell at sacrifice. Oberfelder, 160 5th Av.

COATS—All wool Bollvias, interlined and full silk lining, lowest price and best value of high grade coats for coming Fall season; sizes 14-44, 225.50 net; immediate deliveries only. Louis Persky, 265 5th Av.

COATS AND SUITS—150 Spring suits, consisting of all wool serges, poplins, tricotines; also 50 sport coats. Wolff & Schlossberg, 22 West 32d St.

COATS—It will pay you to see our line of better made plush coats; remarkable low prices; jobbers exclusively. Cohen & Whelan, 30 West 18th.

COATS, SUITS AND WRAPS—Newest materials and designs in cloth and Salt's pile fabrics; very lowest prices. N. Hurwitz, 38 West 21st.

COATS—Thousands on racks for your selection, silverton, velours, duvetyns, plushes; furs at very lowest prices. Keystone Cloak & Suit Co., 15 West 30th.

COATS—Silk and cotton plush, on rack for immediate delivery; also new models; low prices. Ulin Bros. Stuyvesant 3046.

COATS—Plush coatees, 36-inch kip coney collar; cuffs 11-inch border, $19.75. Lark Co., 25 West 27th.

COATS—Girls' coats at real bargain prices; better kind; also jobs. A. Bender & Son, 133 West 18th St.

COATS, cloth, ladies', children's, infantss', juniors', misses'; cheap. 7th floor, 46 West 25th.

COATS—Several hundred misses' and stout sizes at sacrifice. Charlop Bros., 151 West 26th.

COATS—5,000 silvertone, velours and plushes; will close out at price. F. Rubinstein, 251 5th Av.

COATS—Good plush, silk lined, shawl fur collar, $24.50; don't miss it. Rineberg, 41 West 25th.

COATS, infants', children's cloth, plush, jobs; will sacrifice. 7th floor, 46 West 25th.

COATS — Top coats 1, 2, 3. Julius L. Goldstein, 158 West 25d.

COATS—Plush, fur trimmed, plain; cheap. 7th floor, 46 West 25th.

CORDUROYS—5000, 413; all colors, also remnants. Stuyvesant 1404.

CORDUROYS, Seal and Sand—Boyd's 8176, M. S. 4540, 3140.

COTTON GOODS—27 and 36-inch white poplin, white Repp Ranfrew Zephyr madras, F. U. Stearns 1147, plaids; spot delivery. Stuyvesant 8535.

COTTON GOODS, white and plain colored voiles, organdies, dotted swisses, printed voiles, below market price. 14 East 33d, 12th floor. Longacre 5437.

COTTON GOODS—Fine white repp and tan beach cloth. Piddian & Wormser, 820 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS—Pique, white, finest quality narrow wale, very cheap. 101 8th Av., 9th floor. Stuyvesant 5794.

COTTON VOILE—

LEARN OUR SCHOOL SYSTEM

Northwestern Prepares Foreigners to Americanize Their Institutions.

CHICAGO, July 18.—"Educational administrators," who will go to China, India, Chile and various other countries of the Orient, South America and Europe to establish the public schools of those countries on a modern, American basis, are being turned out by Northwestern University's new School of Education. According to Professor Elmer H. Jones, Director of Northwestern's new department, an American who has been in India fifteen years has just finished a special course and has started back for that country determined to write text books for East Indian children.

"This American teacher was amazed," commented Professor Jones, "at the modern American school book with its diagrams and illustrations. He took to the native Indians here no such books and that, as he understands the language, he intends to devote his time for the present to the preparation of readers which will attract the little boys and girls of the Orient."

Regarding China, Professor Jones illustrated the need there by recalling the instance of one Chinese city where there are 150 schools, some public, some private and others religious, each being run as a separate unit. Now an informed Chinese scholar has registered at Northwestern to take special training in educational administration and will return to China to introduce the American public schools' method.

NEW JERSEY BUYERS.

Automobile Building Planned for Site in Newark.

The two-story frame dwellings at 41 and 43 Austin Street, Newark, on plot 40 by 100, has been sold through the firm of Louis Schlesinger for Mrs. Louisa Littell to an investor. The same brokers also sold the dwelling at 80 Montclair Avenue, plot 30 by 150, for Marcus N. Kytzau to Ralph Carissimi, and also the six-family tenement 84 Seventeenth Avenue, between Hunterden Street and Fairmount Avenue, for Sol Merzel to Joseph Hollender. The plot is 25 by 100 feet.

Feist & Feist, as brokers, have sold the property at 168-70 Washington Street, Newark, for the estate of David Runyon, to the Aetna Realty Company. The latter will erect a three-story building for automobile purposes. It is in the automobile section of Washington Street.

Patrons Own Waiters in Cerunna.

CORUNNA, Spain, July 18.—Taking advantage of the rush of Summer visitors, the hotel employes here have struck, compelling patrons to serve themselves. A general strike is expected.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WILL LEASE

To Tenants of High Standing

Alterations to Suit

Nine Stories and Basement

93,000 sq. ft.

Corner Lafayette and Great Jones Streets

APPLY

Chas. F. Noyes Company

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Three Floors to Sub-Lease

Sudden decision of large concern to move presents unusual opportunity to secure three small floors aggregating

2550 SQUARE FEET

net, in 4 story corner building just remodelled. Close to Pennsylvania Station. Splendid light on 2 sides. Subway express station at door. Suitable for high class executive offices, men's clothing or restaurant. Eight-year lease at sacrifice rental.

CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC.

50 East 42d Street Phone Murray Hill 7820

POLITICAL ORGANIZATIONS

We can offer 6500 sq. ft. of temporary space close to 42d St. and Madison Ave., at a most reasonable rent.

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50 East 42d Street Phone Murray Hill 7820

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Large Income

5 STORY WALK UP

New Law Apartments

HARLEM BELOW 125th St.

AT SUBWAY STATION

Plot 33x100—10 Apartments

RENTALS, $7,800

QUICK SALE DESIRED

Because of owner's illness. Principals or agents communicate with BOX 154, 209 CABLE BLDG.

114-116-118 PARK ROW

Plot 49x108

6 STORY HOTEL AND 1 STORY RESTAURANT

Possession 60 days.

Very Reasonable. Easy Terms.

Bethlehem Engineering Co., Owners.

Tel. Vanderbilt 2197. 527 5th Ave.

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READY TO MOVE IN!

Price $10,500 to $12,000

$2,500 Cash and $50 and Monthly up

Many beautiful new suburban homes 35 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, breakfast room, sleeping porch, cut paper, butler's pantry. Colonial open fireplace, tiled bathroom with lavatory and porcelain tub, oversized basement, finished with hard wood, tongued floors, extra plugs for floor lamps, steam heat, up-to-date electric light fixtures, large porch, cement gas and electricity. Phone, Call or Write

AMERICAN HOME BUILDERS

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New Manufacturing Building in Brooklyn

52,000 Sq. Ft.

4 stories and basement steel and concrete building, every modern requisite for present-day efficient manufacturing. Immediate possession; long lease.

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RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR QUICK BUYER

Factory Building

Corner 100 x 100

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opposite L. I. R. R. receiving station. Large Elevator; Steam Heat

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The BEST in WESTCHESTER HOMES—FACTS—ESTATES—FARMS

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MORTGAGE LOANS.

Will pay 10% bonus for getting a loan of $15,000 on first mortgage, well secured, factory property, worth $35,000; new modern building; in the city. Telcher, Sunset 9403.

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BARGAIN.

4-story private dwelling near 72d St., adjoining the corner of West End Av.; 20 feet wide; each floor has two large rooms in front of house; exceptionally well built. Immediate possession. Price $45,000.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

GREENWICH VILLAGE.

30 Perry St.	$15,500
204 West 4th St.	15,500
278-280-282 West 4th St.	14,500
251 West 11th St.	15,500
17 Commerce St.	12,500

WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
80 Grove St. Spring 5518.

AN EXCEPTIONAL, FINE DWELLING, containing 14 rooms, 2 baths, parquet floors; open plumbing, steam heat, electric light; 20x100; location Convent and 140th; $10,000 cash necessary; price very reasonable. Permit, Ryan & Co., 142 West 125th.

Near Central Park West—4-story and basement private house, 16 rooms and 3 bathrooms; size 20x100; price, fully furnished, $25,000; possession. Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th.

Bargain—Apartment house, five-story, basement; price $35,000; income $10,000; plot 23x100; four story and basement, $12,500; two families; six rooms floor. Sheeran, 2,072 7th Av.

Private house in West 90's; all improvements; price $21,500; and West 80's, near Central Park; $7,500 cash, balance mortgage. Sheeran, 2,072 7th Av.

3 Hamilton Place—3-story private houses arranged for two families; excellent location, three blocks subway; $13,000; easy terms. Palmer, 10 East 39th St.

Best bargain on Heights; 8-story, 44-foot front, electric light; present rents $11,000; $16,400 on basis required; price only $58,000. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

$3,000 cash buys corner house damaged by fire; will bring $6,000 rent; price only $17,000; big sacrifice. Wolff, 1,102 Lexington Av. (51st St.).

161st., 567 West, Near Broadway—Elegant 4-story American basement, $19,000. Thos. J. Meehan, Attorney, 53 Wall St.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SOUND BEACH

50 Minutes from N. Y.

Shore front property, farms, bungalows, houses, improved and unimproved property. Easy terms. I am in alone, not connected with any other office.

E. BENJ. LOCKWOOD,
REAL ESTATE, SOUND BEACH
Telephone 216 Sound Beach.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CORNER LOFT

About 3,000 Square Feet,

Located in Broadway, Times Sq. section. Ideal daylight loft.

Good for light manufacturing or any other business.

$4,200 rental; lease, etc.

Everything to suit.

Apply your own broker or

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GARAGES

Will lease following garages, security only: West St., commercial, 25,000 square feet. Broadway, 80th St., 30,000 square feet. West 46th St., transient district, 14,000 square feet.

Harlem Garage, with 7 stories.

East 40's, 37,000 sq. ft., 2 floors.

Brooklyn, 100x100, 40c net square ft.

Harlem, 5,000 square feet, $2,500; security required.

Harlem, 10,000 square feet; 73 cars now.

West 18th St., 20,000 square feet.

Also established garages, all prices.

GARAGE REALTY CO.

1,437 Broadway. Phone Bryant 2223.

263 SIXTH AVENUE

Store, Basement and 1st Loft

ABOUT 7,300 SQ. FEET TO FLOOR; SEPARATE DELIVERY ENTRANCE ON 17TH ST.

Elevator, Steam Heat.

WILL LEASE SEPARATELY OR TOGETHER. POSSESSION ABOUT SEPTEMBER.

MERCER, 266 W. 23d ST.

LEASE OF LOFT FOR SALE

50x90 fireproof sprinkler building; lease to run to February, 1923; equipped with Holmes protection; telephone connections 3 trunk lines and 7 inside stations; light on 4 sides; office and salesroom fixtures. Apply

I. D. COHN & CO.,

20 East 21st.

20,000 SQUARE FEET

One Entire Floor in High Class Fireproof Sprinkler Building.

Heavy Carrying Capacity; Light on All Sides.

BRETT & GOODE CO.

583 Fifth Ave. Bryant 695

Ready for Occupancy

Attractive Lofts and Stores

Modern Buildings

Pennsylvania Zone.

Inducements During Summer.

Owner—Lewis L. Rosenthal,

1431 BROADWAY.

51-53 WEST 45th ST.

FLOORS FOR RENT

SIZE 16x80

LARGE SHOW WINDOWS

Suitable for Showrooms & Salesrooms Light Manufacturing Permitted.

BRETT & GOODE CO.

583 FIFTH AVE. BRYANT 695

OFFICES TO RENT

Good Light and Air

$3.50 to $4.50 per Sq. Ft.

APPLY ON PREMISES

67-69 WEST 44TH ST.

TO LEASE 21 YEARS

5 story corner, 7 stores, 6 apartments, in the Seventies; present rents $12,000. Act quick. Will take $9,000 net.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BROOKLYN.

50,000 Sq. Ft. in 5-story and basement modern mill constructed brick building (Brooklyn's best labor centre); fully equipped, having sprinkler system, steam heating plant, electric elevator; wired for both power and light. Extra yard space; light on all sides. Possession Aug. 1; low rental. WALTER BAKER CO., 750 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

NEW JERSEY.

WALTER BAKER CO.

FACTORY BROKERS

750 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Factories-factory sites with or without R. R. sidings and dock facilities, New Jersey, Brooklyn, Queensboro and vicinity.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

BRONX.

HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.

Four rooms and bath, every modern improvement; rents $84 to $90 monthly.

2274 GRAND CONCOURSE.

S. E. CORNER 198D ST.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

BROOKLYN.

109 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

6 rooms and bath $110
6 rooms and bath 90
4 rooms and bath (housekeeping) 127

Clinton Trading Corporation
198 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Main 3649.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

EAST 61st ST.; $20,500;

17x80 feet 4-story and basement; near 5d. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 EAST 42D ST.

East 84th St.—Flat 114 feet front; price $375,000. Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th St.

House for sale, 3 stories, basement. Apply owner, 429 West 43d St.

Dwelling, 12 rooms, 2 baths; $25,500; 80's, near Riverside. Duross, 156 Broadway.

90's, West—House, 12 rooms, 2 baths, $300. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

11th, Near 5th—House, 11 rooms, 2 baths; $4,000. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

80's (Near Lexington)—House, 10 rooms, 2 baths; $300 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Two-family brick house, 17 rooms, all improvements; parquet floors; $9,000 cash, price $17,500; convenient transportation. For further particulars Intervale 3309. G 388 Times.

University Av. corner for immediate sale; present temporary rental pays taxes; bargain for investor or builder; improvements paid; near subway. P 985 Times Downtown.

Up-to-date 2-story, 22-room house; price $19,000, cash $8,000; splendid opportunity for quick buyer; no agents. M 461 Times.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Staten Island—Exceptionally modern tile-stucco ten-room house and garage, three bathrooms; half hour from city; price $15,000 one-third cash. ERRINGTON, 24 Norwood Av., Stapleton. Phone 885 Tompkinsville

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

1,200 Ocean Parkway—Ideal house for large family; 60 feet front on Ocean Parkway; 12 large rooms; porch 90 feet long; 4 fireplaces; wood mosaic floors, electric lights, instantaneous water heater, copper screens; lot 8,400 square feet; garage; open plumbing; newly painted and decorated; $25,000, terms. K 793 Times Downtown.

2,500 DOLLARS

will buy new stucco 6-room and enclosed porch one-family house; all improvements; parquet throughout; independent runway for garage; 1,157-1,159 East 13th St., Brooklyn; balance on easy terms; caretaker on premises, or phone Cortlandt 3062.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Two new all-year houses, Eltingville, S. I.; 80 feet from beach; fully improved; reasonable. John Missall, 197 Jewett Av., Port Richmond, S. I.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Chester Hill—Exceedingly attractive, home, with lot 175x175; large garage; three baths; very choice section and near station; shown by appointment; price $40,000. L. T. Carroll, Broker, 6 North 2d Av., Mount Vernon. Tel. 274.

Plot 100x200; 8 rooms, bath, attic; front, rear porches; cold room, laundry; electricity, gas, open fireplaces, hot water heating; garage; shrubbery; 5 minutes to station; $15,000, cash $5,000. Apply 90 Melbourne Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Price $20,000, worth $25,000; splendid buy in a Chester Hill house; fine condition and very choice section of Mount Vernon; lot 50x100; two baths; shown by appointment only. L. T. Carroll, Real Estate, 6 North 2d Av., Mount Vernon. Tel. 274.

Chester Hill—8 rooms and bath; beautiful parquet floors; electric lights, with new fixtures; room for driveway and garage; lot 50x100; price $14,000; shown by appointment. L. T. Carroll, Real Estate, 6 North 2d Av., Mount Vernon. Tel. 274.

Attractive homes in Pelham Manor. I. B. Cochran, 28 West 44th St., N. Y. Telephone Murray Hill 790.

Larchmont—Beautiful one-family house overlooking Founders' Square; $14,000; excellent mortgage $9,000; cash $5,000. L 410 Times.

New 6-room house, $9,000; all improvements; 20 minutes out; near station and trolley. Offenbach, 2,036 5th Av.

Attractive homes in Pelham Manor. I. B. Cochrane, 28 West 44th St., N. Y. Telephone Murray Hill 790.

Many good buys in Westchester County real estate. L. T. Carroll, 6 North 2d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Tel. Mount Vernon 274.

Chester Hill house, stucco; garage; bargain. Phone Mt. Vernon 661J.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful new California bungalow; 5 rooms, bath; all improvements; ideal surroundings and environment; near station; 43 minutes' from Broadway; $1,500 cash, balance easy terms; opportunity of season. John, 114 Times.

New three-family house; profitable tailor store; suitable any other business; all improvements; garage, garden; near station, post office; rents $1,650; reason ill health; your opportunity; safest investment. Trojan, Mineola, L. I.

FOREST HILLS, L. I.

15 minutes from Penn. Station, for sale; newly built detached house; 12 rooms, 3 baths; all modern appointments; two minutes from station. Telephone owner afternoons, 1-5. Boulevard 6446.

Building Lot—Very desirable at sacrifice; 100 feet frontage by 125 feet deep in lake section of Brightwaters, L. I.; commuting service all year; 1 hour's ride from New York City. X 2161 Times Annex.

Cedarhurst, L. I.—Three-story stucco corner dwelling; plot 100x100; ten rooms, two baths, parquet floors; all improvements; garage; immediate possession. Miller, Cedarhurst, L. I. Phone 1059 Far Rockaway.

BELLE HARBOR.

House, 11 rooms, 2 baths, modern improvements and conveniences, hot water heat, large garage. 548 Beach 131st St.

Large one-story store, Jamaica Av., Richmond Hill; good supply of branch house, rear drive. Tel. 356 Richmond Hill.

HOMES—$6,500 upward; easy terms. HYDE & BAXTER, Fort Washington, L. I.

Bungalow, Westhouses, Long Beach—Six rooms, bath and lot. 45 Grand Boulevard.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Haines Falls, N. Y., Catskill Mountains—Cheap, attractive seven-room bungalow, furnished or unfurnished, wonderful mountain views; ready for immediate occupancy. Phone or write Dr. Kindred, Rivercrest, Astoria, L. I. Phone Astoria 820.

Stamford—Kirkners Hill, large manor house, 14 rooms and bath, 7 acres of ground; excellent for boarding house; price and terms reasonable. Wm. G. Morrisey, Jr., 195 Montague St., Brooklyn.

RYE BEACH, N. Y.

Six-room house, exceptionally well furnished, to let immediately until Oct. 1. 470 Milton Road. Telephone 219 M.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Opportunity to buy six-room house in Plainfield, N. J.; nice location; A1 condition; plot, 68x149; gas throughout; three minutes to trolley; ten minutes to station; half hour out of New York; $4,200 cash. For particulars write J. F. Paunt, 2d and Penn Sts., Hotel Robinson, Camden, N. J.

MONTCLAIR.

Beautiful home, twelve minutes' walk to Upper Montclair depot and trolley; 11 rooms, sun parlor, sleeping porch; all modern improvements; double hardwood floors; chestnut trim; lawn; cement walk; 200x300; $15,500; terms to suit. Cooper Co., 1,009 Springfield Av., Newark, N. J.

Beautiful home, every improvement; garage; fruit all kinds; 60x400; genuine bargain; $9,000. Others Englewood, Bogota, West Englewood, Cottages for rent, $70. Raymond Moore, owner, opposite railroad crossing, West Englewood. Telephone Englewood 1312 M. Take West Shore Railroad West 42d St.

AT PLAINFIELD.

A lovely home, with two baths, on one of the finest corner plots, with garage, is for sale at $13,000; perfect condition; immediate occupancy. Hoyer & Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Telephone 2396 Beekman.

Attractive new Colonial home; six rooms, solarium, bath, steam heat, fireplace; ¾ acre fruit; convenient depot; excellent surroundings; $9,500. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

Two-family frame house, West New York, New Jersey, 11 rooms, heat, modern improvements; 15 minutes' walk from 42d St. ferry. Box 104, 209 Cable Bldg.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—All year country home, a perfect place; house 12 rooms and 3 bathrooms; electric light, hot water heat, hardwood floors, fine water supply; garage and hennery; price $20,000.

FOLSOM BROS., INC., 127 EAST 34TH ST.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Long Island.

Sublet, furnished, 4-room bungalow, Beach 33d St., Edgemere Station, Rockaways. Hayman.

Furnished six-room bungalow, all improvements; near Beach at Five Rockaway; 25, bargain-price. Telephone Far Rockaway 1561.

Connecticut.

Attractive furnished home on Sound, 11 rooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch, wide piazzas, shady grounds, beach, large garage; 50 minutes Grand Central; rent to Sept. 25, $750. Wilson Beach Haven, Shippan Point. Telephone Stamford, Conn., 2428.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Summer Homes Wanted.

Small house for small, refined family, adults, balance season; Westchester or Northern Jersey; reasonable. Phone Halsey, 6272 Cortland.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

We have a lot, 268x150, in the heart of the business district of Akron, Ohio; this is a suitable location for any business; will build to suit reliable tenant. Write for information to Swirsky & Miller, Akron, Ohio.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—To rent unfurnished modern house in Riverdale or Pleldeton or similar location, situated near subway and other city railways; four bedrooms, two baths, maid's room and bath, garage. Box 103, Woodmere, L. I.

Warehouse wanted on west side, Battery to 155th St.; 35,000 to 125,000 feet; will lease or purchase; will consider building which can be altered. Address "L. S.," 367 Times.

Wanted furnished house, Woodmere, Cedarhurst, to rent for year or more, from October; four master bedrooms; two baths; garage; newly married couple; responsible. Write F 875 Times Downtown.

WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
80 Grove St. (Spring 3618),
can dispose of your Washington Square and Greenwich Village properties to advantage.

Wanted—To rent 5 to 7-room unfurnished modern house in Westchester. Ellis, 567 West 161st St.

Wanted—7-room all-year bungalow, near water preferred. L 415 Times.

FARMS.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

A farm of 130 acres of land with building; good location near New London, Conn., to sacrifice; further information, B. Witt, 523 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Spring 7384.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

17 WARREN ST.

Upper floors for rent, suitable for offices or sales room; building now being modernized; elevator.

Apply your own broker or
R. B. ITTELSON,
160 Broadway.
Tel. Cortlandt 567.

FIRST LOFT (STORE FRONT) 2D TOP LIGHT FROM 2 LARGE SKYLIGHTS AND 4 SIDES; LOFTS 90x50 OR SMALLER STORES 50x90 AND CONCRETE MODERN BASEMENT; NOW VACANT; 30,000 SQ. FT.; MAY DIVIDE; HEAT, ELEVATORS; AT 252-258 WEST 29TH, NEAR 7TH AV. PHONE SPRING 3671.

Private furnished or unfurnished office $50; very good light; also desk room, $20; switchboard operator will take your messages; drinking water and towels furnished; no charge for service; every convenience; immediate possession; rent starts Aug. 1. Duane, 50 4th Av. (Opposite Wannamaker's).

Light loft to sub-let, 50x60, equal to 5,000 square feet; rental $5,000 per year (37 West 28th); also showroom and fixtures; suitable for manufacturing or jobbing in ready-to-wear line; will also sell showroom and fixtures; immediate possession. Inquire Kalmowitz, 38 West 32d.

One or two private offices, about 100 sq. ft. each, in suite occupied by engineers; private hall and switchboard service; for rent on sixty days' notice basis to individual of high standing, preferably professional man; locate near City Hall. Telephone Beekman 7332.

OFFICES.

Light suite of offices; corner building; 4th Av. and 42d St., district. Let Us Know Your Requirements.

FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 East 42d St. TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 8513.

STORE AND BASEMENT COMPLETE WITH FIXTURES IN BEST LOCATION ON MADISON AVE.; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; REASONABLE. Z 2380 TIMES ANNEX.

For Rent—Outside furnished private office, 150 square feet; desks, chairs, telephone included; especially desirable for electrical manufacturer's representative. Inquire 35 West 39th St., Room 702.

Two light lofts, 25x85; reasonable rent to responsible party; light manufacturing or storage; near 6th and subway; low insurance rate. Apply on premises, 148 East 50th St.

Three large, light lofts, 37x100; freight elevator; Broadway, near 14th St.; long lease. A 1055 Times Harlem.

Store and basement, 18 Warren St., near Broadway, size 25x100; electric elevator and steam heat; immediate possession. Cross & Brown Co., 400 Broadway. Telephone Canal 9290.

Top loft, 2,000 feet, exceptional light, elevator, heat, newly renovated, manufacturing permitted. Hammarlund, 144 West 18th St.

Desirable office space in 42d St.-5th Av. district. The Central Manufacturers' Mutual Insurance Company, 25 West 43d St., Room 2103.

Office space, completely furnished; two, three mahogany desks, telephone; three-year option; Broadway, Chambers St. Phone Worth 7331.

5TH AV. CORNER, ABOVE 28TH ST., OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS TO LET; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. PETER GRIMM, 50 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 2346.

Furnished offices in Times Square section; light, airy, and all conveniences, telephone, &c.; low rent. 1,393 Broadway, 1st floor. Telephone Greeley 2447.

Small office to rent for desirable tenant; telephone and stenographic service. Room 1204, 280 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 739.

Large front office, also desk room to let; suitable for lawyer, C. P. A. or insurance broker. Call 1204 Broadway, Room 201. Telephone Longacre 5870-1-2.

Small office, partitioned, $50; also desk space, semi-private, $25; telephones, 42d near 5th Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 4300.

Desk, showroom, private office, stenographer, telephone; Wilson Building; every convenience. Pennsylvania 125.

Loft, 25x100; good light, steam heat, elevator service; light manufacturing or storage. Phone Spring 6760.

Basement to let, 25x100; principals only. Sloane & Moller, 316 East 09th. Rhinelander 128.

Two lofts together, 137 Grand St., each 38x80; immediate possession; manufacturing; elevator, steam heat. Rhinelander 9837.

MADISON AV., 809.

Parlor floor and basement, together or separate; beautiful rooms. Tel. Plaza 9347.

For Rent—Location for electric sign; visible from busiest corner. Reid & Todd, Bridgeport, Conn. P. O. Box 42.

Desk, private office, showroom, stenographer, telephone; modern bldg. Broadway, 326. Pennsylvania 125.

Several small light offices; modern building; very reasonable; 5th Av. district. L 140 Times.

LOFTS AND OFFICES, ALL SIZES, ANY LOCATION. BRYANT PARK LEASING CO., 47 WEST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 654.

LARGE, LIGHT STORE,
83x100; RENT REASONABLE.
A. M. DRUCKMAN, 140 WEST 23D.

Suite, two small offices, private entrance; telephone. 25 West 42d St., Room 215.

At 32 Union Square—Office, unfurnished; reasonable rent. Apply Room 607.

For storage, part loft Vesey St. Phone Cortlandt 2997.

Large, light office, facing 4th Av., $100; 3 years' lease. Freeport Silk, 48 E. 28th.

Desirable office facing 5th Av.; reasonable. Lawyers, Suite 614, 354 5th Av.

Desk room for rent; telephone, stenographer. Room 405, 126 Liberty St.

3d St., 5 East—Loft, 26x100; fireproof, elevator building. Apply Supt., on premises.

Office, whole or part; excellent building; opposite Waldorf. Phone Murray Hill 760.

Doctor's office, 14 5th Av.; 2 rooms; rent $1,200. Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th.

Office space, part to let; suitable for stock or without. Madison Square 4175.

ATTRACTIVE OFFICE, EN SUITE.
New downtown building. Tel. Beekman 1162.

Offices near Custom House, about 475 feet each. Sellers, 34 Stone St.

145 West 45th.—Offices for rent. Inquire 303 World Bldg. Beekman 8286.

Office space, light, furnished; also desk room. Mondell, 280 Madison Av. (40th).

Madison Av., 1,069 (near 81st)—Parlor; occupied last five years by doctor.

Part office to let, 250 5th Av., Room 1503. Madison Square 2066.

Bronx.

Stores to rent, corner stores, 945 East 169d, corner Kelly. Supt. or Philip Mayrowitz, 198 Brodway. Cortlandt 3021.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Desk room or small private office wanted with substantial and permanent concern of high class for New York representative of nationally known publication; prefer 5th Av. C 299 Times.

Wanted—Store lease, 5th Av., 21th to 34th St., for pictures and art goods; rent up to $10,000 per year. L 407 Times.

200 to 400 feet sales office space in uptown textile district; part space considered. P 895 Times.

35 to 50 by 100, from 4th St. to 40th St., east or west, from Feb. 1, 1921. Box 150, 209 Cable Building.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

6TH AV., near 20th St. (6TH AV. HOTEL)—2 sunny rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; SUMMER RATES: $15 weekly, $60 monthly.

9TH AV.—My spacious apartment, 4 master bedrooms. Phone Murray Hill 4639. Mrs. Evans.

37TH ST., 35 EAST—HOTEL SENTON—APTS 2 ROOMS AND BATH, FURNISHED, ALL LIGHT, FULL HOTEL SERVICE; $10 PER WEEK UP. SPECIAL WEEKLY AND MONTHLY RATES.

38TH ST., 144 EAST—Furnished or unfurnished, two large rooms, bath, kitchenette; maid service. Phone Murray Hill 6902.

48TH, 15 EAST—Exquisitely furnished two rooms, bath, refrigeration service, restaurant; possession immediately. $290; October, $400. Apply housekeeper.

40 EAST 51ST ST.

Two and three room apartments.

58TH ST., 47 EAST—Seven rooms and two baths for rent cheap until Oct. 1st; completely furnished. Phone Waterbury, Murray Hill 8023, or see Superintendent on premises.

60TH ST., 32 EAST—Six rooms, bath; July, Aug., Sept., $85. Write Muhliker, 1,112 Park Av. Lenox 2355.

83D ST. (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartments; beautifully furnished corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, $50 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

175TH, 1,017 EAST—Will sublet 3-room apartment, furnished, for 3 months; references. Apartment 1A.

A VERY COMPLETE SELECTION
IN THE BETTER HOUSES.
WOOLLEY, WATKINS & JORDAN,
605 5TH AV. PLAZA 375.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON,
Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartments; 1 room and bath, $50 up; 2 rooms, bath, $75 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

APARTMENTS — ALL SIZES; PRICES RIGHT; SUMMER BARGAINS; OCTOBER LEASES. RAILING REALTY CO., 270 PARK AV. TEL. MURRAY HILL 7014.

PARK AV., 60'S.

9 rooms, 3 baths, leased from October. Jordan, Plaza 2946.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH ST., 62 WEST—Bachelor apartment, fully furnished; 2 rooms and bath, heat, hot water and maid attendance; immediate possession; rent $95; gentlemen only. Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th St.

30TH (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel exclusively for women; corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-3-4 rooms, bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $60-$125 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6235.

50E—FURNISHED APARTMENTS—50E.
50TH TO 116TH ST.
ALL SIZES, PRICES, LOCATIONS.
ELBERSON, 25 WEST 42D ST.

52D (5th Av.)—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $110. Elberson, West 42d.

55TH ST. (Cor. 7th Av., The Regal)—A modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; hotel service; two rooms and bath; $110 monthly up; references required.

56TH, 208 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; SPECIAL WEEKLY AND MONTHLY RATES.

57TH, 325 WEST (one flight)—Three rooms, kitchenette, bath; conveniences; private telephone, electricity; $100, (unfurnished $85). Call 11-13 Martel.

57TH, 340 WEST — Modern elevator apartment house; newly furnished; hotel service, 2-3 rooms and bath; $25 per week and up; references required.

58TH ST., 114 WEST.

beautiful furnished floor, 3 rooms, bath, kitchen; long, short lease; $165 to October.

67TH ST., 27 WEST—Sublet to Sept. 25, furnished studio apartment, 3 rooms. See Mr. James, Supt.

68TH, 45 WEST—Attractive 2 and 3 room apartments, with baths and kitchenettes, all modern improvements; one-half block to Central Park, two to Broadway subway; elevator; rents $1,200 to $1,700. Agent on premises.

69TH ST. (near Central Park West)—Elegant suite, furnished or unfurnished; kitchenette optional; service. N 524 Times.

72D ST, WEST—Handsomely furnished two, three rooms; apartment, bath, kitchen, extra large rooms, 25x19 feet; every privacy and comfort; remodeled house; one flight walk up; thoroughly modern; concession summer months; immediate possession; Oct. 1; $400 monthly; year or two lease. Columbus 455.

73D, 143 WEST (Hotel Hamilton)—sublet two or four-room apartment, corner, to October; reasonable. Inquire desk, Apt. 716-717, or phone 7296 Stuyvesant.

73D, 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautifully furnished two-room suites with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates; $110 monthly up; $30 weekly up.

74TH, 108 WEST—Beautifully furnished two-room apartment, kitchenette; also front room and parlor; studio, piano.

74TH, 103 WEST—Beautiful 1-2 room apartments; baths, kitchenettes; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 314 WEST—Fully furnished eight-room apartment, living room 25x18 feet, with large inclosed tile roof garden; open fireplace; automatic electric elevator; excellent chef in building; also maid service; all hotel conveniences, the privacy and comfort of an apartment. Inquire on premises.

76TH, 171 WEST—Exclusive apartment, 2 rooms, private shower bath; bachelor only; $125 per month. Schuyler 2823.

78TH ST., 162 WEST—Two large, light rooms, bath, kitchenette; entire floor.

79TH (West End)—Beautifully furnished 7-room apartment; baby grand piano; Summer months $125, or lease for one year $900. Cathedral 5825.

80S—FURNISHED APARTMENTS—80S.
80TH TO 116TH ST.
ALL SIZES, PRICES, LOCATIONS.
ELBERSON, 25 WEST 42D ST.

80TH—Apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, piano; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80TH ST., WEST — Handsomely furnished six-room apartment, two master bedrooms, completely modern in every detail; overlooking Central Park; immediate possession; summer months; Oct. 1, $900 year or two lease only. Telephone Columbus 455.

86TH, 21 WEST—2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; maid service; $75-$200.

86TH, 352 WEST—Unusually attractive two rooms, bath, kitchenette; large closets; river view; October or longer; 2-5.

90S (Riverside)—Apartment, four rooms, bath, piano; $115. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

92D, 306 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; excellently furnished; Aug. 1; references.

95TH, 305-311 WEST (Hotel Schuyler Arms)—Newly furnished suites, consisting of from two to five rooms, with or without kitchen, by the day, week or month as arranged for; complete hotel service included; apartments rent from $70 monthly up.

100TH, 219 WEST—Furnished, complete, 3 or 5 room apt.; $100 and $150 monthly. Phone 509 Riverside.

104TH, 247 WEST—Delightful eight-room apartment, suitable for two adult families; also front suite, all conveniences. Beidler.

109TH, 107 WEST—Sublet 2 or 3 room apartments, elegantly furnished in elevator building; rate $95 to $100 per month; also weekly rates; open Sunday and evenings; references essential. Academy 1631.

109TH, 306 WEST—Two rooms, bath, restaurant, elevator, maid service, electric light, telephone included; July 15-September 15; $125 month. Telephone Academy 4067.

110TH-RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment, overlooking river; year lease, from Oct. 1; $325. Cathedral 5825.

111TH, 536 WEST—Three-room kitchenette, southern and western exposure; all outside rooms, beautifully furnished; will sublet, immediate occupancy; complete furnishings can be purchased; lease obtainable Oct. 1. Apply Superintendent.

111TH-BROADWAY—Beautifully furnished 3-room apartment, kitchenette, bedroom in ivory; 8th floor; year lease; $180. Cathedral 5825.

112TH, 530 WEST—Scrupulously clean; five rooms; lease; complete housekeeping. Apt. 3.

112TH-BROADWAY—Beautifully furnished, all outside; 6-room apartment, unusual; year lease from Oct. 1; $250. Cathedral 5825.

113TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).

Just vacated, 1 and 2 room apartments, with or without bath; special weekly rates; full hotel service.

119TH, 439 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; high-class building. Phone Morningside 7700, Apt. 8F; rent till Oct. 1; $75 monthly.

120TH (Riverside Drive) — Beautifully furnished 8-room apartment, overlooking river; southern exposure; year lease, $1,65. Cathedral 5825.

120TH ST., 611 WEST—Furnished apartment, 6 rooms; phone, subway $130 monthly. Apply after 6. Apartment 21.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT O

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

120D, 843 WEST—Is refined private home, beautiful, spacious first floor room, every convenience; reasonable. Phone 834 Morningside.

125TH, 697 WEST—Large room, private family; electricity, telephone; reference. Apt. 2B.

127TH, 639 WEST—Room, private bath, private entrance; Summer rate; $10. Apt. 6S.

135TH, 1 WEST—Large room; housekeeping privileges; best order; well kept; telephone.

244TH, 659 WEST—Large, Hudson view, $12; gentleman preferred; convenient location. Turner.

250TH, 470 WEST—Lady will rent large comfortable room to one or two business women. Call evenings only. Math. Apt. 4-C.

187TH, 945 WEST (corner Broadway)—Beautifully furnished room, twin beds, kitchen privilege and bath. Apt. 6S.

32ND, 308 WEST (Apt. 26)—Attractive furnished room, outside; for other rooms address Wadsworth 5480.

Delightfully cool home for refined young woman who appreciates home privileges. Riverside 9639.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 88 (91ST).

Beautifully furnished; homelike accommodations; one, two, separate, en suite; all conveniences; Summer rates.

Single room, business woman; telephone Columbus 3402.

Two attractive single rooms; opposite Van Cortlandt Park; business man, woman; $30 to $40. Phone 532 Kingsbridge.

WEST END AV., 265—Attractively furnished large private room and bath; also a number of finely furnished small rooms without bath.

WEST END AV., 297 (72d subway)—Beautiful large rooms, $12 up; gentlemen; references.

WEST END AV., 500.

Nicely furnished large outside room, two in family. Schuyler 2807.

257 WEST END. (71ST).

BEAUTIFUL ROOM; BATH; SHOWER. Double front; lavatory; reasonable.

WEST END AV., 290 (72d)—Overlooking the Hudson; large rooms, $9-$10.

Bronx.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS, 2,317 Loring Place, near Fordham Road—Three choice rooms in home of university professor; breakfasts if desired. Nason.

Long Island.

Far Rockaway — Apartments, non-housekeeping; furnished; moderate; between station and ocean. Madison Arms, 1,722 Rue de Folly.

ELBERTSON ST., 126 (Elmhurst, Queens)—Beautiful large, airy front room; private; gentleman.

High class bachelor apartment, near beach. Far Rockaway, Tel. Far Rockaway 1581.

Belle Harbor—Furnished rooms, private family; ideal Summer location. 431 130th St.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman wishes room between West End, Riverside, 90th, 100th; no other roomer; give particulars. L 412 Times.

Residence with private family by young office man; desires to study; quietness essential. G 411 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

307H (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Room with meals, $17 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service; elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

38TH, 29 EAST—Large room private bath, also small room.

MADISON AV., 213 (Near 26th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

84TH ST., 38 WEST—Attractive rooms with excellent board; table guests accompanied.

58TH, 44 WEST—Beautiful rooms, private baths, table the very best.

72D, 260 WEST—Parlor suits with bath; excellent table.

74TH, 149 WEST—Single, double, private bath; ideal location; absolutely purest foods.

76TH, 9 WEST—Elegant 2-room suite, bath, suitable 4 or 5; refined private boarding house; excellent table.

79TH, 114-132 WEST—Wide, parked street; unusual and attractive large parlor, tea-room and lounge; steam heat.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

83D, 5 WEST—Delightfully cool, large, small room; excellent table; every convenience.

103D, 220 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large, small front rooms, elevator; meals optional; Spanish spoken; Summer rates.

BOARD WANTED.

Refined young Spanish gentleman wants room and board, private or adjoining bath, telephone; references exchanged. F 436 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SOUTHERN LODGE,

Harrison and North St., Rye, and Harrison, N. Y.; bathing at Rye Beach. Telephone, Rye 643 or Murray Hill 7161. Mrs. Hunter Wilson.

The Carlton, Scotland Road, 151, South Orange, N. J.—Pleasant rooms; splendid home cooking; beautiful surroundings; tel. 288.

Nurse will board infants up to 1 year old. Call, phone or write Hotel Henry, West End, N. J. Phone Long Branch 1480.

Five beautifully furnished, airy rooms and board; one block from ocean; home surroundings. 210 8th Av., Asbury Park.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

Lady and two daughters want 2 rooms and board in private family in Greenwich, Conn., within 1 mile of Rosemary School. Oct. 1 to June 1; state prices. Reply Box 184 Ridgefield, Conn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer—Do you desire a bright and willing young lady, 5 years' experienced, to take care of office in your country house or hotel? M 908 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Thorough knowledge accountancy, executive ability; full charge; 14 years' experience two firms; references. M 414 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 20, thoroughly experienced, trial balance, controlling accounts, full charge of office; references; $30. J 228 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 2 years' experience, seeks position with reliable firm. C. Schwarta, 340 4th St., City.

BOOKKEEPER and OFFICE ASSISTANT—Conscientious; some experience; reasonable salary. A 1221 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER—Seven years' experience; double entry; accurate, reliable. A 1228 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER with executive ability, thorough knowledge of accountancy; capable of assuming entire charge; $35. L 337 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience; take full charge in double entry, trial balance and financial statements. L 399 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; double entry; can balance; controlling accounts. D 820 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balance; reasonable. Box 984 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; capable of taking full charge of an office; salary, $25. C 294 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, knowledge of typewriting. M 31 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT-CLERK—Good at figures. M-30 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant stenographer and typist; salary $22. W 406 Times.

CLEANING—Colored woman wishes steady day's work or half time. Ward, 408 West 36th St.

COMPANION to elderly lady. A 1076 Times Harlem.

COOK, competent, wishes situation, permanent or temporary; references. 109 East 84th (basement).

HOUSEWORK wanted by three Finnish girls in small family, as chambermaid, waitress and cook. Lindros, 36 West 126th St., basement; Harlem 9875.

HOUSEWORK desired by two experienced girls. Call between 10-1 Monday, Schultz, 242 East 76th, Apt. 2S.

LEDGER CLERK, 5 years' experience; excellent reference. D 809 Times Downtown.

MAID (visiting); colored; middle aged; willing; chamber, manicurist, &c. 213 West 135th.

NURSE, in training, wishes to care for child from 6 to 12, weekday mornings, in Gramercy Park neighborhood. D. O., 117 Times.

NURSE, practical, wishes position to child over 3 years; best of references. P 989 Times Downtown.

OFFICE GIRL, capable beginner, high school business course graduate, bookkeeping, typewriting, clerical work. Rose, 453 Vermont St., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, 28, semi-senior, desires position with certified accountants. F 506 Times.

ACCOUNTANCY—Pace & Pace senior student, C. P. A. aspirations, experienced in corporation, cost and some public accounting, wishes to change present responsible position to connect with C. P. A. K 776 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, 5 years' experience, at present on staff of well known firm of public accountants and auditors, desires position as auditor or assistant with commercial firm; best credentials; age 27, married. D 931 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER, EXECUTIVE, Christian, 30; statistical experience, financial statements, complete charge; responsible position; $45. D 826 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT desires occupation afternoons, Saturdays; have N. J. chauffeur's license and thoroughly understands automobiles. Address H. J. D., 63 Shephard Av., Newark, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires permanent position with C. P. A. firm; excellent references; Pace student. D 819 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT — Books opened, closed; auditing; arrangements firms without bookkeeper; moderate fees. Charles D. Jarow, 40 East 12th St. Telephone Stuyvesant 119.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, college graduate, accountancy student, neat and accurate, desires position with firm of accountants. L 859 Times.

ACCOUNTANT BOOKKEEPER, N. Y. U., desires position as bookkeeper with reliable concern; $25. Kloss, 2 Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—American, Christian, office manager, systematizer; capable man; A1 credentials. M 913 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 30, competent; salary $40 weekly. D 857 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT desires evening work downtown. M 864 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 25, wants position with small concern where there's chance for advancement; good worker. L 133 Times.

AUDITOR-COMPTROLLER.

Do you need the services of an auditor, a trained accountant, who has made a special study of manufacturing costs, corporation accounting, finance and business management?

I am a widely experienced business man with a clean, successful record as accountant, auditor, credit and office manager of mercantile and manufacturing corporations, and am looking for a position as auditor, comptroller or manager. I have a broad viewpoint on accounting, credits, office management, general and special examination and ordinary auditing. I am a man of strictly high-grade type, a tactful correspondent, a resourceful and persistent worker; American of four generations, Christian, age 39, married; salary $6,000-$7,500, depending upon position and responsibilities.

Auditor, F 806 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Assistant credit man, thoroughly experienced, seeks connection with reliable house; at present in charge of bookkeeping department of large house. J 232 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-OFFICE MANAGER, 30, formerly with yarn concern, previous 12 years jewelry concern; will devote every ounce energy to satisfy. G 344 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; competent, energetic, analytic; thorough knowledge controlling accounts, financial statements, reports; typist. H 711 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, three years' experience; typist, New York University evening accountancy student, desires permanent position. M 19 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, college education, competent correspondent, accountancy student; thoroughly reliable; $25 start. L. S., 900 East 18th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER; &c. — Young man desires bookkeeping or clerical position; 4 years' hardware experience. Hall, 204 East 116th St., Harlem 1483.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, 37, able, energetic, capable, taking entire charge. Pace-man, desires position; references; $45. G 374 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28, married, accounting, credit, sales experience; references. D 919 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER (21), four years' experience; stenographer, typist, accountancy student; salary $35 week. M 83 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience, very good references; desires position with reliable concern. C 400 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, high school graduate, knowledge stenography, experienced. A 1075 Times Harlem.

BOY, 16, high school, desires position in an office; lives with parents. Milton Hermans, 15,42d Metropolitan Av., Richmond Hill, L.I.

BUSINESS MANAGER.

Executive, diplomatic, good personality; expert on administration, accounting, efficiency and systems; handle branch offices, subsidiary corporations, male and female help. C 256 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.

Exceptionally experienced private family chauffeur; competent mechanic; references of long and high standing; neat, courteous and neat appearing; reasonable salary. M. S., 70 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, skilled mechanic; thoroughly competent in every respect; vast private experience; unquestionable recommendations from previous employers; careful traffic driver; go anywhere. T. P., 98 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—An experienced, careful, capable and reliable American wishes a position; good references. Address F. Hawkins, 2,787 Madison St., Brooklyn. Phone Evergreen 4063-W.

CHAUFFEUR, 34, competent, careful driver; neat, willing; long experience with the best of families; city or country; very highly recommended. Chauffeur, 161 East 90th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 30, Gentile, 5 years' experience, honest, trustworthy, competent; A1 references. Phone Morningside 6820.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 32, married, reliable, careful driver, wishes private position; 6 years' experience; drive all cars. F 497 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 30, 10 years' reference; drive Royce, Pierce, Packard, any make; go anywhere. Ferguson, 161 West 81st St.

CHAUFFEUR, pleasure car, truck, after 1:30 evenings, Saturday after 1:30 P. M., all day Sunday. D 821 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, married; position any car. Moulton, 148 West 127th. Morningside 6204.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR, private or commercial, seven years' experience; references. O. H., 60 Clinton Place.

CHAUFFEUR—Cadillacs only; five years driving, repairing; well acquainted city; $40 week. N. B., 110 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—Expert mechanic, thoroughly first-class driver; 15 years' experience; dependable and trustworthy. L 94 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, desires position, private or commercial; references. Verley, 547 West 39th.

CHAUFFEUR, Swedish, wishes position with private family; age 32. Nelson, 3,210 Broadway.

CIGAR STORE MANAGER, thoroughly experienced, managed stores for three years. X 2174 Times Annex.

CORRESPONDENT, experienced claims, collections, complaints, general systematizer; stenographer; $40. L 136 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, shipping and receiving office experience. Schart, 762 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

COST ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly familiar with modern cost and accountancy system. B. D., 615 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER—Graduate mechanical engineer, 26, seeks position with firm where a good future is assured; four years' experience on heavy machinery and power plant equipment; original and conscientious; will go anywhere. Write L 119 Times.

DRAFTSMAN—Young man, 22, with some knowledge of architectural drawing, wishes position in architect's office; willing to start at bottom. J 186 Times.

DRAFTSMAN—Mechanical designer, experienced on high-grade automobiles and motor trucks, with mechanical engineering training. N 520 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, tracer and detailer; 2½ years' experience; technical graduate; reliable. H 740 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, recent graduate, desires position with electrical contractor. L 400 Times.

ENGINEER—Young man, graduate English technical college making specialty of motor car engines, desires place where willingness, hard work and merit will secure advancement; specially equipped by education and practical experience for work on design, layouts and detail of automobile and aeroplane engines; accustomed to handling men; three years' experience as observer and pilot in English Air Service. Address Shepstone, 2 West 45th St., Room 1,206.

ENGINEER, electrical, mechanical, technical and practical, 9 years' experience, expert designer special machinery and patents, &c., wants spare time work. A 1040 Times Harlem.

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT HEAD

for one of the

LARGEST SILK HOSIERY, GLOVE AND UNDERWEAR HOUSES.

19, SEEKS, BECAUSE OF STRAINED RELATIONS, NEW CONNECTIONS, EITHER SIMILAR WORK OR IN SELLING END. ABILITY, F 958 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXECUTIVE, 32, successful seven-year record as factory and office executive, desires connection where real ability and loyalty are counted; future opportunities more important than present salary; highest references. J 232 Times.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT.

7 years' experience; stenographer, experienced committee and conference work; absolutely dependable and exact matters requiring initiative; $45. J 621 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE—Young married man, associated ten years with large concern; thorough knowledge credits; excellent correspondent; exceptional sales ability; minimum salary, $3,000. F 503 Times.

EXPORT MAN, 9 years' experience, fully acquainted with all details in shipping and invoice requirements to Spanish-speaking countries, experienced buyer of general merchandise and correspondent, desires connection with reliable firm. K 797 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST, 23, married, three years' experience, desires steady position with advancement; automobile line preferred; city or country; steady, industrious and ambitious worker; also student in mechanical drawing. G 410 Times.

MAN, TECHNICAL COLLEGE GRADUATE, 6 years' experience GENERAL ENGINEERING, 2 YEARS ON SALES, DESIRES RETURN TO LATTER WORK AND CONNECTION WITH SUBSTANTIAL ENGINEERING OR FINANCIAL ORGANIZATION. INTERVIEW REQUESTED. L 403 Times.

MAN (30) desires position as payroll clerk, timekeeper, stock clerk or clerical work; has 10 years' experience; A1 references. D 800 Times Downtown.

MAN, middle-aged, trustworthy, reliable, wishes office or other position. F 904 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, secretary or Treasurer, manufacturing company for last ten years; open for $8,000 or over position; good business ability and best of credentials. L 414 Times.

OFFICE MAN, LL. B., 23, legal experience, traffic experience, expert correspondent, aspires to position where faithful service is rewarded with advancement. J. B. Scully, 1,486 East 16th St., Brooklyn. 2656 west 7621.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE—Expert correspondent; systematizer general office and filing systems; exceptional references. H 705 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, permanent position in an architect's office; slight knowledge of drafting. J 164 Times.

PORTER-ELEVATOR OPERATOR, colored, responsible man. Arthur Shivers, 242 West 124th St.

POSITION of trust wanted by conscientious man; can handle help; used to steam and hot water boilers, woodwork, painting, trade foreman, florist; excellent references; tackle anything paying good salary. Vernon Moore, Park Ridge, N. J.

SALESMAN—Young man of 20 wants position as salesman; can furnish best of references as to character and ability; can also speak Spanish fluently; a "go-getter"; has been in Cuba and is familiar with business conditions, as well as anything else; would prefer such territory; absolutely sober in habits; one who can produce results with Spanish-speaking people; nothing less than $200 and expenses considered; handles no special line of goods; a sure man for a reliable firm. For further information write Thomas J. Rivas, 210 Hill St., San Antonio, Texas.

SALES MANAGER, AGE 33, MARRIED; EXPERIENCE 13 YEARS; BRANCH OFFICE MANAGER FOR ONE OF THE LARGEST TYPEWRITER COMPANIES, FOR SIX YEARS; AM OPEN FOR A GOOD CONNECTION; CAN FURNISH THE VERY BEST OF CREDENTIALS AND SURETY BOND. M 449 TIMES.

SALES PROMOTER, experienced in handling correspondence, office management and secretarial executive work, age 29; unquestionable references and reasons for change. J 250 Times.

SALESMAN, silks, large following with cloak and suit trade, desires connection with reliable silk house; thoroughly familiar with silks, both foreign and domestic. R. R., 371 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, wishes to connect with reliable, progressive house; educated, aggressive man; salary or drawing. L 306 Times.

SALESMAN—Tires, experienced, employed, can seek change, accessory knowledge. J 200 Times.

SALESMAN, 30, CLEAN CUT, RESOURCEFUL, BROAD EXPERIENCE; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS. C 129 TIMES.

SALESMAN—Experienced traveling salesman desires change about Sept. 1. J 186 Times.

SALESMAN, live wire; executive ability; proven record; any line. G 378 Times.

SECRETARY—YOUNG MAN, 23, EXPERIENCED EXECUTIVE AND PRIVATE SECRETARY. C 286 TIMES.

SERVICE MANAGER, MOTOR TRUCKS: Six years' experience, New York and Philadelphia; thorough knowledge of operation and service organization; will leave city. L 401 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY desires position; preferably automobile concern; references. A. H. H., 60 Clinton Place, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced claim, collection and general correspondent; $35. L 137 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 18, 1½ years' experience, best references. D 959 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT of a 12-story high-class elevator apartment, 6 years in present position; excellent references. A 1077 Times Harlem.

SUPERINTENDENT construction, wide experience general construction, reinforced concrete and alterations, drafting and estimating. D 924 Times Downtown.

TRANSLATOR, experienced Spanish, French, English and vice versa. L 406 Times.

VALET wants steady position; colored; competent and reliable; knows his business. Merritt, 140 West 142d St., Apt. 53. Phone 9840 Audubon.

YOUNG MAN, 19, intelligent, fair education, business experience, seeks connection with advertising agency to learn business; well adapted; salary $18. M 893 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, COLLEGE EDUCATION, EX-REGULAR NAVAL OFFICER, DESIRES GOOD CONNECTIONS; REFERENCES. L 100 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, South American, willing to improve in export business, would accept position with reliable concern; salary no object. E. Forns, 130 West 83d.

YOUNG MAN, 3 years' college, knowledge bookkeeping, correspondence, typing, general office routine, desires position. R 794 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, efficient, executive ability in taking charge warehouse lighters, trucks and deliveries, desires connection. M 684 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, intelligent, desires position with chance advancement. M 452 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, assistant to executive, knowledge bookkeeping, correspondence, desires responsible position. M 911 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, with executive ability, experienced correspondent in handling express, freight, parcel post and steamship claims. A 1076 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 26, ten years' office routine experience, correspondent, inspica, cables; desires responsible position. D 928 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, 2 years' clerical, business experience, desires position with future; salary secondary; references. Irving Grossman, 460 Beach 43d St., Edgemere, L. I.

YOUNG MAN, 22, expert bookkeeper, knowledge stenography; 3 years' business experience; high school graduate; A 1041 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires permanent position with commercial concern; purchasing, transportation, correspondence experience. E. Irwin, 280 10th St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, just landed, educated, ambitious, willing; anything. Steinlauf, 53 West 48th.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position with concern offering future; have general business experience; willing. F 972 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, COLLEGE EDUCATION, ACCOUNTANT; EMPLOYED BUILDING UP STATISTICS. J 178 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, experienced export shipping, traffic; high school education; knowledge of Spanish. F 961 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, technical education, desires position as helper commercial art line. M. H., 202 24 St.

YOUNG MAN desires position assist correspondence with reliable firm. C 275 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position, clerk or checker. K., 415 50th, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position. Foley, 788 Amsterdam Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ALTERATION HAND on dresses and to assist saleslady selling. Call afternoons. Mrs. E. Menser, 982 Flatbush Av., Bklyn.

ARTISTS.

EXPERIENCED GIRLS FOR STENCIL COLORING. APPLY 7TH FLOOR, HEYWOOD STRASSER & VOIGHT, 20TH ST. AND 9TH AV.

ARTIST on shoes; must be able to lay out and finish up shoes in air brush and pen and ink; steady position; state experience. W 373 Times.

BILLING CLERK,

EXPERIENCED ON ELLIOTT-FISHER MACHINE; LARGE DRESS HOUSE.

MARION DRESS CO.,
2 WEST 32D ST.

BILLING CLERK.

Competent, experienced young woman familiar with Elliott-Fisher machine; general surroundings and favorable hours in large publishing house. Apply L. A. Hough, 239 West 39th, 9th floor.

BOOKKEEPER—Young lady to take entire charge of set of books in double entry; must be capable to make distributions and draw monthly trial balances; knowledge of typewriting and stenography; only one residing in the Bronx or upper Harlem need apply. Florasynth Laboratory, Olmstead and Starling Avs., Bronx, N. Y. Telephone Westchester 1696.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, BROOKLYN, accurate, good penman and typist; pleasant working conditions, good salary and opportunity for advancement (Gentile company); in reply state age, experience, religion and salary expected. Address W. J. H., Auditor, 148 59th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER for wholesale mercantile house; take entire charge busy office; able to handle all correspondence and collections; thoroughly reliable and capable; mention age, experience and salary. Washington Mills, 502 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, DOUBLE ENTRY; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE POSSESSING EXECUTIVE ABILITY; CHRISTIAN FIRM; STATE SALARY. REFERENCES AND PARTICULARS. W 472 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, thoroughly experienced, with knowledge of controlling accounts, trial balance, &c.; good opportunity for right party.

EAGLE CORRUGATED,
491 PRESIDENT ST., BROOKLYN.
NEAR 8D AV., STOP AT UNION ST.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, experienced, bright, for cloak and suit house; closed Saturdays, open Sundays half day. Call Monday, 12 noon. Fashion Coat Co., 241 West 36th St.

BOOKKEEPER — Thoroughly experienced double entry bookkeeper and stenographer for real estate office; state experience and salary desired. Write Domestic Realty Co., 39 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in double entry and controlling accounts, wholesale clothing house. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary. Sol Newman, 22 East 14th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, controlling account, trial balance; excellent position for right party. Ad Press, 41 Mercer St.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant and stenographer, one with several years' experience; salary $25; must have first class reference. Tim's Patent Mortiser Cap Co., 66 West 17th.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, trial balance, controlling accounts, correspondent; no others need apply. Paris, 18 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING. LIPPMAN & CO., 226 WOOSTER ST., N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER, DOUBLE ENTRY; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; STATE SALARY AND REFERENCES; CHRISTIAN FIRM. W 472 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; must know some stenography and typewriting; references required. Shire & Strauss, 19 West 40th.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced in cost clerical work. Call after 10, Alexander, 114 East 19th.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer in daylight law office; must be competent and experienced. L. M. Cohen, 55 Liberty St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; must have slight knowledge of stenography. Friedman-Pankowitz, 49 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced, to take entire charge of office. Apply Frahar, 124 Pearl St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, with long experience in manufacturing line only need apply. La Rose Dress Co., 1,161 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER in stationery business; reply with reference and salary expected. Write Stationer, 125 East 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Good position bright, efficient young lady. Schumacher, 363 West 48th.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER; must be experienced; double entry system. Apply Room 1102, 103 West 40th St.

BURROUGHS OPERATORS

Positions waiting on calculating and bookkeeping machines.

Burroughs Adding Machine Co.,
217 Broadway, Room 607
(Corner Vesey St.).

CASHIER; must furnish good references. Drake's Restaurant, 118 West 42d St.

CLERICAL WORKERS,

with knowledge of bookkeeping; permanent; salary according to experience. Apply in person.

AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO.,
8,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

CLERKS

in accounting department; several positions in office of large publishing house, offering congenial surroundings, good hours and advancement; some experience in bookkeeping or commercial school education essential; state age, education and experience. Box 19, 1028 St. James Building.

CLERICAL WORKER with filing experience; high school graduate preferred; excellent opportunity if competent; interesting work, pleasant surroundings; hours 9 to 4; salary $25; address in own handwriting. M 926 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORKER.

Girl to assist in office. Apply, stating experience, references and salary required, Box 37, 1,626 St. James Building.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR

who has had clerical experience preferred; a permanent position with excellent chance for advancement; salary $20 per week to start. Apply at the employment office.

AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING COMPANY,
Kent Av. and South 4th St.,
Brooklyn.

DESIGNER,

experienced on ladies' neckwear for jobbing trade; good opportunity. Box 20, 205 Cable Bldg.

DESIGNER, EXPERIENCED ON LADIES' NECKWEAR. CAN HAVE SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. HOFFMAN, 126 5TH AV.

DESIGNER'S ASSISTANT on fine dresses; must cut perfect pattern, be practical and up-to-date. Joseph Roche, 11 West 31st St.

GIRLS for light, clean factory work. Apply Dictograph Products Corp., Rockaway Road and Beaufort St., Jamaica, L. I.

HELP WANTED—Female.

DESIGNER

WANTED BY LARGE SILK SHIRT-WAIST HOUSE; ONE WHO IS WITH OR HAS BEEN CONNECTED WITH HOUSE MAKING EXCLUSIVELY SILK TO $5 WAISTS; ALL YEAR AROUND POSITION OFFERED TO RIGHT PARTY, WITH CONTRACT IF DESIRED; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN MAKING THIS CLASS OF MERCHANDISE, EXCLUSIVELY RANGING IN PRICE FROM $2-$5, IN ALL DIFFERENT KINDS OF MATERIALS AND IN ALL STYLES; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY.

BOX 130, 200 CABLE BLDG.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—Unusual opportunity for two bright girls who are familiar with the Dictaphone; every chance will be given to develop along business lines; to the girls who can qualify, there's a permanent position with International Tailoring Co.; salary $25; hours 9 to 5, half holidays Saturdays. Call only at 200 Broadway, Room 522.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

A large downtown corporation needs the services of an accurate and rapid operator; we are interested in those who pride themselves on neat and conscientious work; pleasant office; hours 9-5; salary $27; advancement according to ability; state age, experience and religion. Box A. L., 462 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—There's a good position with Wiebusch & Hilger for a girl familiar with the dictaphone. This is a real opportunity for a bright young woman who wants to advance and develop along business lines. Call at 200 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

Good typist, with dictaphone experience, for office of large printing concern. Apply after 10:30 A. M., Employment Department, 52 East 19th St., New York City.

DICTAPHONE GIRLS—Experienced, competent dictaphone girls wanted by General Fireproofing Co. The right girls will be well paid and given every opportunity for advancement. Call only at W., 250 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, experienced. W 705 Times Downtown.

ELLIS ADDING TYPEWRITER OPERATORS, for positions in downtown banking institution; state age, education, experience and salary desired. Address "P. L.," P. O. Box 632, City Hall Station, New York City.

ELLIOTT-FISCHER OPERATOR, experienced; wanted in large downtown corporation; must be accurate, rapid and neat; permanent position for right person; good opportunity for advancement; hours 9-5; pleasant surroundings; state age, religion and experience in detail. Box R. J., 672 Times Downtown.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, experienced on plain billing machine; steady work.

VAN RAALTE CO.,
6 EAST 16TH ST.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES

WANTED FOR DEPARTMENT STORE.

The Gamble-Desmond Co., Department Store, New Haven, Conn., desire the services of experienced saleslades for the following departments: Cloaks and suits, muslin underwear, infants' wear, laces and embroideries and women's shoes; permanent positions with good salary to competent parties; state age, experience, references and salary expected in first letter; applications considered strictly confidential. Address communications to the Superintendent.

FILE CLERK.

Opportunity for experienced file clerk in excellent surroundings and a good location; publishing house, offering pleasant hours, requires competent young woman familiar with correspondence, filing and capable of handling growing department. Apply L. A. Hough, 239 West 39th, 8th floor.

FILE CLERK to assist also in clerical work wanted for busy export office; write, giving full details as to past experience, salary, &c. W 724 Times Downtown.

GIRLS.

SCHOOL GIRLS.

When choosing a vocation upon which to enter when you have finished your school work, you should consider that one which offers you the best future.

LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONE OPERATING

OFFERS

PERMANENT POSITIONS

STEADY AVERAGE YEAR ROUND WORK.

PROMOTION.

Rapid expansion and increase in business create positions of responsibility, which are filled by promotion from the ranks on the basis of merit.

PAY.

The rate of pay is $15 at the start, with frequent and regular increases for merit and length of service; additional pay is given for special hours. In a short time an operator can earn from

$20 TO $25 PER WEEK.

(MINIMUM AGE, 18 YEARS.)

AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY,

MAIN FLOOR,
24 WALKER STREET.
Two streets below Canal, near Broadway.

2 EAST 28TH STREET.
(Corner 5th Av. and 29th St.)

GIRLS.

We have positions open in several departments. They are permanent. The work is interesting. No experience is required; $15 a week to start.

Industrious girls can soon reach earnings of $25 to $100 a month.

Apply at

1,153 Broadway, Manhattan, corner 27th St.

370 East 150th St., Bronx.

81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

Above offices also open evenings till 8 P. M. Saturdays to 4 P. M., Sundays 1 P. M. to 5 P. M.

196 Broadway, Manhattan, corner Dey St.

1,338 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Or telephone
MADISON SQUARE 12000.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRLS.

WE ARE IN A POSITION TO PLACE GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE.

CLERKS,
PACKERS,
ORDER PICKERS,
GENERAL WORKERS.

ONLY THOSE SEEKING PERMANENT POSITIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED; NO VACATION WORKERS.

THE STARTING PAY IS GOOD.

ADVANCEMENT RAPID.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GIRLS,

CAN YOU TIE A NEAT BOW? WE NEED GIRLS TO TIE NARROW RIBBON ON ENVELOPES AND WRITING PAPER; NEAT, LIGHT WORK; RAPID WORK; HERE CAN EARN $20 WEEK; BEGINNERS PAID $15 START. CHAS. E. WETAND & CO., INC., 22 HOWARD ST., N. Y. CITY.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRL wanted to assist in bookkeeping; experienced; state experience and salary expected. W 382 Times.

GIRLS, binders, general work. McGraw-Hill, 10th Av. and 36th St., 1st floor.

GIRLS TO DO CLERICAL WORK IN FACTORY. ALBERT BACK, 27 W. 20TH ST.

GIRL for general housework. Telephone 1581 Far Rockaway.

HOTEL WAITRESSES AND CHAMBERmaids, experienced, may obtain employment for the Winter in California; the wages are $30 per month, with room accommodations and board; a rebate of $60 on the outward railroad fare will be made at the end of the hotel season by the hotels in which you have been employed; one full day off each week; finest climate; contracts now being made; write at once, outlining past experience. Address Secretary, American Plan Hotel Association, Box G, Pasadena, Cal.

HOUSEKEEPER, managing, intelligent woman capable of assuming entire charge of high type of private home; New York experience essential. State experience, age, nationality and wages expected. N 744 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORKER, white, to do cooking and waiting in family of two adults and one baby; nurse does chamber work; must be competent and experienced. Call at 105 East 84th, Apt. 2B, or telephone Lenox 5043.

HOUSEKEEPER in institution. Apply 10 A. M., 339 East 63d.

MAID—By Japanese family. Call between 2 and 9 P. M., 604 Riverside Drive, Apartment 4, south.

MAIL CLERK to open, distribute and make proper accounting for mail and money; changeable hours, some days, some nights, six days a week including Sunday; large organization, excellent working conditions; prefer applicant who has used adding machine and can do typing; $20 a week to start; give telephone number. H 1000 Times Annex.

MAILING CLERK wanted for law office; high school graduate. F. H. Peaslee, Room 2822, 120 Broadway.

MANAGER OF CIRCULAR LETTER DEPARTMENT.

Manufacturer now starting intensive circularizing wants mature woman to manage department, 10 employes; must know addressograph, multigraph and preparation of lists; located Manhattan; hours 9 to 5; give experience. S 1004 Times Annex.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.

Model workroom, good pay; steady. KANRICH, 601 BROADWAY.

MISSES' MODELS, SIZE 16, to try on coats and suits in showroom. Long season; good pay. Apply early all week.

ERLENKO & MOSKOWITZ,
1,372-1,382 Broadway, near 38th St.

MODELS.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON COATS AND WRAPS IN SHOWROOM. SIZES 16 AND 36. 5 DAYS A WEEK. HIGHEST SALARY PAID. LONG SEASON.

W

Classified Advertising Rates.

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Count six words to an agate line. Per Agate
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For insertion in the Sunday edition, Real Estate closing advertisements must be received in the Times Building by 5 P. M. Friday. All other classified announcements by 12 o'clock noon Saturday.

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HELP WANTED—Female.

ACTUARY, experienced; insurance company; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 189, City Hall Station, New York.

ACTUARY—Two permanent openings in downtown company; accuracy essential. Apply to E. Lowndes, 123 William St., sixth floor.

ACTUARY—42 West Broadway, at Park Place, 1st floor above street.

WOMEN,
22-35 YEARS OF AGE
FOR
NIGHT WORK
AS
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.
HOURS 9:30 P. M. TO 7:00 A. M.

Opportunity to earn $90 to $100 a month in six months.

$18 a week in two weeks when assigned to night hours; $15 a week during instruction in the day time.

Rapid advancement.

Higher salaries for more responsible positions.

If interested call at

3,168 Broadway, New York City.
(Cor. 27th St.)

or telephone Madison Square 18000.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

WOMAN, checker; no Sunday work; N. C. R. system. W. F. Healy, 30 East 42d St.

YOUNG LADY, not over 24, high school education essential with knowledge of bookkeeping, stenography and typing; good figurer and penmanship necessary. Box 115, 280 Cable Bldg.

YOUNG LADY with knowledge of billing and bookkeeping; State experience, references and salary expected. M 806 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, dictaphone operator; large, downtown, Christian firm; pleasant working surroundings and good salary with advancements. W 84, 104 Lafayette St.

YOUNG LADY wanted to operate Elliott-Fisher machine; prefer one over 21; good appearance; salary $20. Call Room 1206, 55 John St., New York City.

YOUNG LADY for filing position. Apply, by letter only, Colonial Works, 233 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMAN, LIBRARIAN FOR BANK LIBRARY, COLLEGE GRADUATE, WITH SOME EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; IN ANSWERING GIVE QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE. V 996 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG WOMEN—A leading downtown establishment has an opening for several young women as salespersons; salary $14 a week to start; opportunity for advancement; congenial surroundings. W 438 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN with experience in office management to assist in managing large office; knowledge of fire insurance desirable; state experience in detail, education, salary, telephone number. Opportunity, 115 Times.

YOUNG LADY for clerical position. Apply by letter only, stating age, education and salary expected. Colonial Works, 233 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG GIRL to take care of switchboard, general utilities, 9:30. 1441 Broadway, 7th floor.

YOUNG LADY to translate Spanish and Italian in spare time; state qualifications. Apply Room 612, 170 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, care child 3; country; $25 Summit Av., Jersey City.

Instruction.

HOW TO GET A POSITION
YOU'LL BE PROUD OF.

In one month we will prepare you for a good position as file clerk or typist or you'll know it thoroughly and up-to-date filing systems, indexing, cataloging, &c. You'll get good pay and real responsibility. Come in and talk it over. Classes now forming. Write for catalog.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR FILING,
128 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 8619.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 WEST 40TH ST.
Registered by Board of Regents; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

COME ANY MINUTE after 9 P. M. for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting. Phone Bookman 3722. Night-Day. Booklet. Drake Business School, Truxune Bldg. 435-437 week through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric Scalp and Beauty School, 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet. At Miss Jacob's Educational Departments, 107 West 47th: school teachers, governesses recommended.

Employment Agencies.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
209 BROADWAY, ROOM 209.

Dictaphone operator	$25-30
Stenographers	20-30
Bookkeepers	20-30
File clerks	16-20
Typists	15-20
Clerks	15-18

CYNTHIA WARD'S AGENCY.
210 WEST 40TH BRYANT 7378.
STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPIST, TELEPHONE OPERATORS. Many desirable placements with Christian firms.

MISS MILLROY, MANAGER FOR MISS CHARLICK (AGENCY),
2 WEST 45TH ST.
STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, BOOKKEEPERS.

BABCOCK AGENCY,
307 5th Av., near 32d St.
VANDERBILT 9824.
Many good openings. No registration fee.

LAMB'S AGENCY,
111 NASSAU ST.
STENOGRAPHERS—$35-$15.
TYPISTS, OTHER OPENINGS.

SECURITY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
31 East 42d St.
STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, CLERKS.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
Many good jobs for bookkeepers, clerks, stenographers, &c.; call immediately; no registration fee. Associated Services, 1,482 Broadway (Times Square).

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typists, clerks; register free; $35-$15. Fulton Agency, 32 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER, $5 day; typist, $25; bookkeepers, clerks, work today. Beers Int'l Agency, 132 4th Av.

ALBERT AGENCY, 180 5th Av.—Register free. Stenographers, typists, clerks; $20-$35.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS—We desire to add two (2) junior accountants to our permanent staff. Apply in writing only, stating qualifications, experience and salary desired, Leslie, Banks & Co., 50 Church St., city.

ACCOUNTANT—Young man (16-18), assist accountant; bookkeeping experience as accountancy student; low salary to start; big opportunity; state age, salary, experience. L 605 Times.

ACCOUNTING, assistant, young man to work in accounting department of manufacturing company; must be able to operate typewriter. Apply 19 North Moore St.

ASSISTANT RECEIVING CLERK, 25-30 years of age, for large Brooklyn factory; must be good penman, grammarian, accurate at figures, and have had at least 1 year's receiving experience; will be required to furnish satisfactory references. M. L., 314 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, youth under 25, good penman and apt at figures; apply 9 A. M., Isaac Bernstein, 602 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE FOREMAN—First-class mechanic, one who understands handling men in large service station, handling motor-driven car in volume. W 982 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS — Four good men who can do motor and rear end work, apply Mr. Bailey, 1,520 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.

Must be experienced and capable of handling payable ledger in large organization; excellent opportunity; state age, experience and salary expected. Post Office Box 949, Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, BROOKLYN. Accurate, good penman and typist; pleasant working conditions; good salary and opportunity for advancement (Gentile company). In reply state age, experience, religion and salary expected. Address W. J. H., Auditor, 143 29th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—We want a live young man who understands bookkeeping; prefer one with a little business experience, but this is not essential; chance for advancement; state age, experience and salary wanted. W 746 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, man who thoroughly understands accounting; must be accurate and capable of assuming responsibility; $30 week; state age, education, experience, religion and phone number. 864 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPERS — Assistant bookkeepers wanted in trust company; state age, education, experience and salary desired. L 339 Times.

BOY

for errands and to be useful in shipping department, 16 years or over. Apply in person to Mr. Essig, shipping department.

AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO.,
5,620 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

BOYS—LARGE COMMERCIAL BANK REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL BOYS AS BEGINNERS IN THEIR FOREIGN EXCHANGE, CREDIT AND MESSENGER DEPARTMENTS. V 995 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted, to run errands and to assist in office; must live with parents; 16 to start, with advancement if capable. Apply Monday, between 9 and 10 A. M. Emil Klee, 165 24 Av.

BOY, 15, public school graduate, in stockroom; manufacturing house; splendid future; must have best references. A. D. Katcher, 1,115 Broadway.

BOY wanted by large import and export house; good opportunity for advancement; state age and salary expected. Address 10 Bridge St., Room 911, New York City.

BOY, about 15 years, to learn coffee commission busines; must be neat in appearance. M 910 Times Downtown.

BOYS wanted, high School boys preferred; Al references. Mr. Rabin, The Jewish Tribune, 143 West 23d St.

CANVASSERS, experienced, to solicit trade for ice business; commission. J. H. Bode & Co., Inc., 407 East 31st St.

CARPENTER'S HELPERS—Energetic young men, with one or two years' experience; state age, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 991 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; salary, $75 per month; good board and room; suburban home; 2 in family. Call Monday, between 10 and 12, Ritchey, Hotel Gregorian, 42 West 35th St.

CHAUFFEUR—Steady all-year position; live in country half year; single man preferred; $40. D. F., 101 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER—Young man, graduate in chemistry or chemical engineering, in manufacturing plant near Manhattan; experience desirable but not necessary; starting salary approximately $1,800; in reply state age, nationality, religion, education and full details. Address X 2170 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR, private touring car; state salary asked, references; only full particulars will receive attention. L 377 Times.

CLERKS.
PLATFORM MEN,
WEIGHMASTERS
AND VEHICLE HELPERS.
POSITIONS OPEN FOR WORK IN NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY, HOBOKEN OR LONG ISLAND CITY.
GOOD PAY.
RAPID ADVANCEMENT.
AMERICAN RAILWAY EXPRESS,
67 MADISON AV., N. Y.

CLERKS—Title Guarantee and Trust Co. has available vacancies for clerks and assistant bookkeepers in its Long Island City office. Apply in writing to John H. Penchoen, Manager, 67 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

CLERKS.

We are looking for a young man with clerical experience, also a capable man who is not afraid of work and who is interested in the future, rather than an initial salary; state experience in detail, age, religion and salary desired. Box F. M., 612 Times Downtown.

COOK with institutional or hospital experience. Apply to Captain L. H. Stein, Hoff General Hospital, Fox Hills, Staten Island.

CUSTOM CUTTER.

A VERY HIGH-CLASS CUSTOM CUTTER TO TAKE CHARGE OF A FASHIONABLE TRADE IN AN IMPORTANT CITY OF THE MIDDLE WEST; STRICTLY CUSTOM TAILORING, ESTABLISHED TWENTY YEARS; OWNERS UNDERGOING INCAPACITATION OF PROPRIETOR NECESSITATES EMPLOYMENT UPON A VERY LIBERAL BASIS TO AN EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD MAN; A REMARKABLE OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS, IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE, QUALITY, C 255 TIMES.

DESIGNER wanted, to work out of town; steady job. Address The Friend E. Brooks Co., New Haven, Conn.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR—Excellent position open for man with good education; also familiar with the Dictaphone; with Albert C. Field, Inc.; this position pays well and offers opportunity to learn the business. Inquire Miss Charash, 280 Broadway, Room 522.

DRAFTSMEN AND DESIGNERS, EXPERIENCED ON AUTOMATIC MACHINERY; ALSO TOOL DESIGNER ON JIGS, FIXTURES AND GAUGES; PREFER MAN WHO HAS HAD PRACTICAL SHOP EXPERIENCE; EXCELLENT WORKING CONDITIONS; COMPANY HAS HOUSES WITH ALL IMPROVEMENTS. APPLY BY LETTER, GIVING GRADE OF EXPERIENCE AND AGE, DEXTER FOLDER COMPANY, PEARL RIVER, N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN.

We need three or four thoroughly experienced mechanical draftsmen for tool work and checking; only those looking for a permanent connection will be considered; an assured future for the right men; best working conditions; state age, experience and salary expected. Address D. L. Sawhill, Engineering Dept., Westinghouse Electric & M. Co., East Pittsburgh, Pa.

DRAFTSMEN FOR PATENT WORK IN CONNECTION WITH ELECTRICAL MECHANICAL CONCERN; GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED; PERSONAL INTERVIEW TO SUITABLE APPLICANTS. APPLY X 2128 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMAN wanted, one having experience on crane and hoist work preferred; applicant will please state experience, salary desired and reference; a good opening for the right man. X 2160 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN—PATENT OFFICE DRAFTSMAN AND DESIGNER; EXPERIENCE, AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED; PERSONAL INTERVIEW GIVEN IF DESIRED. X 2122 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMEN, TOOL.

Several first-class experienced on designs, jigs and fixtures, with large machine shop in Greater New York.

BOX 67, 209 CABLE BUILDING.

ELECTRICIAN'S HELPERS—A limited number of positions are open to energetic young men, with one or two years' mechanical or electrical experience, to learn electrical construction work; state age, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 960 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIANS.

Experienced man for generating and substation construction work; state age, experience, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 961 Times Downtown.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, experienced; opportunity for rapid advancement. Write, stating age, experience and salary expected. W 743 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.

A large mid-Western manufacturing corporation maintaining an extensive export department handling considerable outside goods requires the services of a young man, between the ages of 28 and 35, who has had a general all around export experience. Qualifications call for ability in merchandising, a knowledge of markets, export shipping and traffic.

An assistant to the buyer in a large export house or some one holding a similar position will find this a wonderful opportunity to step into a live organization where ability is rewarded according to results.

State full details in first letter. H 771 Times Downtown.

FINISHER AND TOOLER wanted for out-of-town position, where living conditions are attractive and cheap; one who has had experience on mail order catalogue engravings preferred; the position is permanent; starting $35 week to commence; more money can be earned if man has ability. X 2102 Times Annex.

FINISHER for furniture; one who also understands fitting; good salary. Apply Goldberg Furniture and Carpet Co., 1,176 Amsterdam Av.

HAT SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITION. WALLACE BROS., BROADWAY AND 29TH ST.

INVESTIGATOR.

YOUNG MAN, IN WHOLESALE HOUSE CREDIT DEPARTMENT; ONLY ONE EXPERIENCED IN NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS WILL BE CONSIDERED; STATE SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. BOX 139, 209 CABLE BUILDING.

LABORERS wanted; wages $4 a day. Apply to Woodlawn Cemetery, 233d St. and Webster Av.

LAUNDRY FOREMAN — $140 MONTHLY AND MEALS; 28 ASSISTANTS; EXPERIENCED MEN ONLY. APPLY POST-GRADUATE HOSPITAL, 2D AV. AND 30TH ST.

MACHINIST.

First-class all around mechanic, with experience on automatic and paper working machinery; steady and well paying position. TENSION ENVELOPE CO.,
67 94TH ST., BROOKLYN.

MACHINIST—Set-up man for Brown & Sharpe automatic and hand screw machine. M. K., 285 Times.

MAN thoroughly experienced in watch business; capable of taking charge of clerical and of watch repair department; excellent opportunity; good salary to start. J. Bulova Co., Watch Importers, 2 John St.

Man with thorough knowledge of watch materials; must be capable of taking charge of the material department; excellent opportunity; good salary to start. J. Bulova Co., Watch Importers, 2 John St.

MAN to take charge of details and estimating on ornamental iron work in one of the fastest growing concerns on Pacific Coast; state full particulars in first letter. C. J. Hillard Co., 19th and Minnesota Sts., San Francisco, Calif.

MAN, middle-aged, wanted for general work in newspaper composing room; hours 7 to 3; $125. Apply 4th floor, 239 West 49d St., 2:30 P. M. next week.

MAN to take charge of billiard parlor; experience unnecessary; steady position. Write or call Edwards, 390 6th Av.

MANAGER OF CIRCULAR LETTER DEPARTMENT.

Manufacturer now starting intensive circularizing wants experienced man to manage department 10 employees; must know addressograph, multigraph and preparation of lists; location Manhattan; hours 9 to 5; give experience. Box S 1003 Times Annex.

MANAGER, who thoroughly understands the hotel business; must be active and be able to produce results; splendid opportunity for right man. Apply Mr. McIntyre, Hotel Colonial, 81st St. and Columbus Av.

MEN, laborers for paint factory. Colonial Works, 233 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

MECHANIC wanted, first-class, with experience on small motor driven compressors for our service department; call after 9 A. M. Balsa Refrigerator Corp., 310 Vernon Av., Long Island City.

MILLINERY SALESMAN,

capable of selling high-class line ladies' hats; must be well acquainted with buyers; state experience and references of former employment, if at present employed; strict confidence guaranteed; salary and commission. M. J., 343 Times.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN SET UP THEIR OWN WORK; 44-HOUR SHOP, WITH ALL MODERN CONDITIONS; DAY WORK IN PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT WILL BE REQUIRED TO WORK FROM BLUE PRINTS. APPLY 8:30 TO 3.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
PARK AV. AND HALL ST., BROOKLYN.

MILLWRIGHT or general handy man. W. K. Jahn Co., Bush Terminal No. 10, Brooklyn, N. Y.

OFFICE MANAGER, EXPERIENCED, TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF RETAIL CHARGE ACCOUNTS; KEPT ON THE ELLIOTT-FISHER BOOKKEEPING MACHINES; GIVE FULL DETAILS OF EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. REPLY TO EXECUTIVE OFFICE, KAUFMANN'S, "THE BIGGEST STORE," PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFICE BOY FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK IN STATISTICAL ORGANIZATION; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION. J 242 TIMES.

OFFICE BOY wanted for law office. F. H. Pease, Room 2822, 120 Broadway.

PACKER

for shipping department; must be able to wrap packages and mark cases. Apply in person to Mr. Essig, shipping department.

AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO.,
5,620 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

PACKER in shipping department of chemical concern; only one that has experience in packing glassware need apply; must reside in Bronx or upper Harlem. Florasynth Laboratory, Olmstead and Starling Sts., Bronx, N. Y. Telephone Westchester 1066.

PACKER—Experienced with freight and express packages; desirable steady position; state age, give references; $20-$22. W 439 Times.

PACKER wanted by Christian firm for large wholesale dry goods house, experienced; excellent salary to right man. C. Stack, 64 West 23d St.

PORTER,

white, high class apartment house, central part of city; $90 per month; 6 days week; this, together with gratuities from tenants for work performed makes position attractive. Call Monday, 10 A. M., Huberth & Huberth, 252 West 98th.

PORTERS wanted for bindery work; good pay, steady work. McGraw-Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th, 1st floor.

PORTER (colored), good pay. Eagle Corrugated, 491 President St., Brooklyn, near 3d Av. Stop at Union St.

REPRESENTATIVES, big line linens, towels, spreads, 5 per cent. basis; can be used as side line; references. Schindel, 532 Broadway.

RIVETING GANGS,
RIVETERS,
HOLDERS-ON,
HEATERS,
PASSERS.

Also good husky helpers for all classes of work.

Apply ready for work at Employment Office.

FEDERAL SHIPBUILDING CO.,

Situated on Lincoln Highway between Newark and Jersey City.

SALESMAN OR MANUFACTURER'S AGENT WANTED.

ONE WHO CALLS ON DEPARTMENT AND LARGE DRUG STORES AND JOBBING TRADE IN NEW YORK CITY AND BROOKLYN TO CARRY AS A SIDE LINE WELL-KNOWN AND ADVERTISED TOILET PREPARATION; LIBERAL COMMISSION. WRITE TO

THE REMOVO COMPANY,
SYRACUSE, N. Y.

SALESMAN.

A salesman to represent America's largest CLOTH HAT AND CAP AND STRAW HAT MANUFACTURER for the following territory:

Greater part of Ohio,
Greater part of Indiana,
Greater part of West Virginia,
Greater part of Kentucky.

Drawing account and commission basis.

Must have strong selling personality and clean sales record; exceptional opportunity for high-class man; state your qualifications fully, including experience, age and average annual earnings; only those having traveled in above territory and visiting the hat and cap trade will be considered.

"CONFIDENTIAL,"
BOX 134, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMAN.

MANUFACTURER OF HIGH-GRADE LADIES' SILK HOSIERY DESIRES REPRESENTATIVE TO SOLICIT TRADE OF LARGE DEPARTMENT STORES IN NEW YORK CITY AND VICINITY; APPLICANTS WILL ONLY BE CONSIDERED WHO HAVE HITHERTO CALLED ON THIS CLASS OF TRADE WITH HOSIERY; STRAIGHT COMMISSION; STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN YOUR REPLY. T 236 TIMES.

SALESMEN WANTED BY A LARGE CLOAK AND SUIT JOBBER; MUST HAVE THE RIGHT CONNECTIONS AND BE A BIG PRODUCER; CAPABLE OF EARNING FROM $10,000 UP; NO OTHER NEED APLY; LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS. V 975 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN, SPECIALTY.

ONE OF THE LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF A HOUSEHOLD ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF TWO SPECIALTY SALESMEN TO TRAIN AS CREW MANAGERS; DON'T APPLY UNLESS YOU CAN HOLD THE JOB; REFERENCES REQUIRED; SALARY AND EXPENSES. X 2065 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN.

ONE OF THE LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF STEEL OFFICE FURNITURE, INCLUDING LOCKERS AND SHELVING, REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED SALESMEN FOR NEW YORK CITY TERRITORY; REPLY MUST GIVE FULL DETAIL OF PAST EXPERIENCE, SALARY AND COMMISSION T 625 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN Wanted—An experienced traveling salesman, well trained in specialty selling preferred, young man who knows how to cover small towns properly. This is a permanent connection with an old established manufacturer of automobile accessories, whose products have been on the market for many years; liberal commission, drawing account. Call Monday for interview. Benford Auto Products, Inc., Pearl St. near South, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMEN—Well-known cloth hat and cap manufacturer is open for first class salesmen to represent him in the Middle Western territory; only those that have a good following among the better class of trade will be considered; none others need apply; commission and suitable drawing account. X 2097 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted; factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; estimated commissions about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Ask for Mr. Caldwell, care of Eastman Rubber Works, 213 West 40th St.

SALESMAN, prominent manufacturers desire the services of a good man who is acquainted with wholesale men's furnishing trade and notion jobbers, to sell a strong line of men's garters; choice territory open; salary and commission; chance for a good future and permanent home; state former experience, age and territory covered. W 719 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN

TWO MEN FOR CITY OR ROAD, OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE, TO REPRESENT A WELL-ESTABLISHED CORPORATION SELLING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION; LEADS FURNISHED; COMMISSION, BONUS AND EXPENSES. APPLY 145 WEST 36TH ST., 6TH FLOOR, AND SEE MR. RUNEY.

SALESMEN wanted; silks and dress goods; The Gamble-Desmond Co., Department Store, New Haven, Conn., require the services of experienced salesmen for their silks and dress goods depts.; permanent positions, with good salary to competent parties; state age, experience, references, and salary expected in first letter; applications considered confidential. Address communications to the superintendent.

SALESMEN—Corporation of highest standing, conducting direct factory to user sales campaign, wants salesmen who talk conviction on merchandise of merit; fabric and cord automobile tire tubes, fully guaranteed, 30 to 50% lower than standard makes; salesmen can earn from $100 up weekly; commissions. Rambler Tire & Rubber Co., 10 West 23d.

SALESMEN, SECURITY.

EXPERIENCED STOCKS, BONDS OR OTHER LINES; MUST BE LIVE WIRE; BIGGEST MONEY-MAKING PROPOSITION ON MARKET; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. SEE MR. WOOD, 19 WEST 44TH ST., ROOM 1112, OR PHONE VANDERBILT 408 FOR APPOINTMENT.

SALESMEN

FOUNTAIN PENS.

Experienced road salesmen on salary to handle well known high-grade line of fountain pens and metal pencils. Address in confidence, with full particulars, Box 151, 209 Cable Building.

SALESMAN

to carry side line of children's taffeta georgette and white dresses for high-class manufacturer one who is well established in this line for Middle West and Southern territory; salary and commission. Box 168, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN and Shipping Clerk—wholesale suit and dress house, has opening for ambitious young man; must have trade and willing to act as shipping clerk 3 hours daily; must understand work thoroughly; unusually big opportunity for advancement; salary. 43 West 27th, 4th floor.

SALESMEN,

high grade, to sell a $4.75 fountain pen which every business man wants; only man capable of making $100 per week need apply; liberal commission.

MR. DIKEMAN,
985 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED SPECIALTY MAN WITH CAR FOR NEW YORK STATE TERRITORY; BIG EARNINGS FOR CONSCIENTIOUS WORKER. SALARY AND COMMISSION. AMERICAN CAN CO., TYPEWRITER AND ADDING MACHINE DIVISION, 305 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN,

wanted by high-class manufacturer of children's white and party dresses for city and partly traveling; must have wide acquaintance with buyers in this line; salary and commission. Box 198, 209 Cable Building.

SALESMAN, real estate; excellent opportunity to make big money; we teach you how; salary, commission or both. See Mr. Howard, 12-4 P. M., 21 Park Row, Suite 1333.

SALESMEN, sweater, thoroughly experienced men with following among retail buyers, to sell complete line of sweaters and scarfs; several territories open; salary and commission; excellent opportunity for right party. W 463 Times.

SALESMAN, shoe, experienced, to take out a line of high-grade ladies' trade; especially good opportunity for man with established trade; salary or commission. W 423 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in engine room trade, to sell packing and transmission belting in metropolitan district; salary and commission; state experience. W 777 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, canvassers, easy selling office and factory proposition; if you possess backbone, earn $50 to $100 per week; commission basis. Call all week. Mr. Greene, Room 709, 53-63 Park Row.

SALESMAN wanted with experience on aluminum cooking utensils and flatware, to call on wholesale and jobbing trade; commission basis. Call Room 1,428, 1,133 Broadway.

SALESMAN—Active man to take charge of sales department pork packing establishment; must have good record; state age and experience, salary expected. X 2188 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced on ladies' coats, acquainted with jobbers and manufacturers; salary and commission. Apply to the Sun Cloak Co., 114-118 East 14th St., 2d floor. Call between 9 and 12.

SALESMEN — Large petticoat house desires salesmen of similar line to carry side line of petticoats through the Southern and Gulf States on commission. H. B., 697 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to sell nitrogen lamps to the jobbers only, on commission; one having experience with the hardware and electrical jobbers; good opportunity. X 2172 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, traveling, with following in leather goods line, to handle high-class line of leather brief cases on strictly commission basis. W 717 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN who is acquainted with the consumers of paper boxes; good opportunity for right party; salary or commission. Excelsior, W 735 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, printing; well equipped plant, best location, desires salesman controlling good work; state particulars; salary and commission. Box 718, 345 8th Av.

SALESMAN, by wholesale dry goods jobber, with established local retail trade; salary and commission. Davana Manufacturing Co., 545 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, for wholesale butter and egg house; one with a following; salary and commission. Lily Butter & Egg Co., 221 West 116th St.

SALESMEN, to carry quick-selling specialty muslin rugs and complete line Colonial rag rugs; side line; commission. Wm. Engels, 206 West Houston St., city.

SALESMEN wanted, to sell hosiery in city or vicinity to the retail trade; salary against commission; must have a following. Aron Hosiery Co., 48 Walker St.; N. Y. City.

SALESMAN FOR HIGH-CLASS LADIES' NECKWEAR LINE; ANY TERRITORY, MAINLY MIDDLE WEST; COMMISSION. W 257 TIMES.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted on coats, suits and dresses; must have Al references; commission basis. Abraham Lustgarten, 9 West 19th St.

SALESMAN, experienced on infants', baby bathrobes and buntings; good references; commission basis. Call Attias Bros., 311 Grand St.

SALESMAN wanted for medium line skirts; salary and commission; only experienced man need apply. W 286 Times.

SALESMAN, acquainted incoming buyers, flannelettes, skirts, shirts, overalls; commission drawing. Pennsylvania 125.

SALESMAN—New York and vicinity; men's soft collars; commission basis. M. & C. Meyerwitz, 147 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced; retail clothing salesman; salary and commission. Apply G. N. Vincent, 524 6th Av.

SALESMAN, woolen; thoroughly familiar with merchant tailors in Eastern States; salary; give details. L 134 Times.

SALESMAN for city on better line of misses' suits; commission basis. Keidman & Dorter, 150 West 23d St.

SALESMAN, silk underwear, for New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio; must have established trade; commission. W 470 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced on men's shirts; city trade; commission basis. The Guarantee Shirt Co., 363 Canal St.

SALESMEN to handle side line aprons; any territory; commission. H 785 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, wrapping paper, to handle profitable side line; commission. W 774 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, knitted neckwear; city trade; salary or commission. Sharkey, 32 East 22d.

SHIPPING CLERK for large skirt house; only those experienced need apply. John Bonwit Skirt Co., 28 West 27th St.

STENOGRAPHER.

We have an opening for an experienced stenographer; permanent position, with excellent chance for advancement; apply at the employment office.

THE AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING COMPANY,
Kent Av. and So. 4th St.,
Brooklyn

STENOGRAPHER, must be high school graduate, in export department large textile concern; knowledge of Spanish preferred, but not essential; must be clean cut and have initiative; excellent opportunity for right young man; state age, references and salary desired. W 712 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, by Christian oil company; experience, high school graduate, accuracy essential; salary $30. Answer, experience, reference, 956 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER and correspondent that is familiar with all office duties; good position for a live wire; state age, also further particulars and salary expected. Address "Paper House," Box 722, 217 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, beginner, clean-cut, well educated, willing to learn business; manufacturer; good opportunity with Christian firm. Phone Mr. Pokorny, Astoria 746.

STOCK SALESMEN.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY FOR FIVE MEN.

A NEW YORK BUSINESS WITH MORE ORDERS THAN IT CAN FILL IN ITS SALES DEPARTMENT, AND WITH MORE HIGHLY PROFITABLE WORK THAN IT CAN TURN OUT (RUNNING FULL SPEED DAY AND NIGHT) IN ITS SERVICE DEPARTMENT, IS ISSUING SOME 8 PER CENT. PREFERRED STOCK AND SOME WONDERFULLY ATTRACTIVE COMMON STOCK.

THIS BUSINESS OCCUPIES ITS OWN SIX-STORY BUILDING IN THE HEART OF NEW YORK'S BUSINESS SECTION.

ITS PRODUCT IS AS WELL ADVERTISED AS ANY ARTICLE SOLD IN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.

STOCK WILL BE SOLD IN SMALL BLOCKS AND ON EASY PAYMENTS AND—GET THIS—SALESMEN WILL BE FURNISHED LIVE LEADS; THEY WILL OPERATE ON A STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS, AND MEN WHO CAN REALLY SELL SHOULD RECEIVE HANDSOME RETURNS.

SEE MR. CRANE, 117 WEST 46TH ST., MONDAY, A. M., 9:30.

STOCK CLERK.

Young man for stock room; must have experience in hardware and tool supplies. Apply in person to Mr. Essig, shipping department.

AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO.,
5,620 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

STOCK SALESMAN—INVESTMENT HOUSE MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE DESIRES A SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN TO SELL SECURITIES; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO EARN LARGE INCOME; SALARY OR COMMISSION. ADDRESS P. X., C. O. BOX 852, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

STOCK SALESMEN who have sold stock of an automobile accessory proposition; only those who can show actual results of having produced need apply; commission; drawing account will be granted to those who can comply with the above requirements. W 712 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK for large commercial retail stationery store; must be experienced; permanent position, good salary. Call any day after 11 A. M., Goldsmith Bros., Stationery, 77 Nassau St.

SWITCHBOARD wire men, instrument men and electricians, experienced, wanted for power house construction in Eastern Pennsylvania. Address Phoenix Utility Co., Allentown, Pa.

TOOLROOM FOREMAN.

THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN MANUFACTURE OF TOOLS, DIES, JIGS AND FIXTURES FOR SMALL INTERCHANGEABLE PARTS; GIVE EXPERIENCE, AGE, NATIONALITY, RELIGION AND SALARY DESIRED.

POSITION IS STEADY.

BOX 163, 209 CABLE BLDG.

TRIMMERS—First-class automobile trimmers wanted; wages $1 per hour. Write Wm. Greenspan Company, 4,096 Liberty Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

TYPIST who likes filing and general office detail, one who is experienced in stencil cutting preferred, but not required. See Miss Van Heest, The Business Builders, 630 5th Av.

TYPIST—Rapid, accurate; good opportunity; state salary. F 990 Times Downtown.

VOUCHER CLERK.

LARGE ORGANIZATION OFFERS UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO EXPERIENCED VOUCHER CLERK; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED IN FULL DETAIL. POST OFFICE BOX 341, DOWNTOWN.

WATCH CASE MAKER, thoroughly experienced on fancy gold cases; also turning; capable of taking entire charge; good salary; excellent opportunity. J. Bulova Co., 2 John St.

WINDOW TRIMMER and card writer for a live, up-to-the-minute men's and boys' clothing and furnishing store in a live Hudson River town about one hour's ride from New York City; must be capable to act in the capacity as manager; an elegant opportunity for the right man; give full information and state salary expected. X 2163 Times Annex.

WINDOW TRIMMER
FIRST-CLASS.
Must be a card writer. Apply
Jacoby's Dept. Store,
228 Market St.
Wilmington, Delaware.

YOUNG MAN.

Sherr Bros. have opening for experienced young man to assist in buying of laces, trimmings, embroideries, &c.; excellent opportunity for bright young man who has held similar position with waist house; applications strictly confidential.

BOX 180, 209 CABLE BLDG.

YOUNG MAN, clerk to foreman of repair shop, to keep records of incoming and outgoing machines, make out work cards, answer phone, do clerical work for department; salary, $18 to start; chance to learn business from bottom up; future advancement assured if found capable; state age and previous business experience. F 990 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—Christian manufacturer of leading hardware specialty has opening in main office for young man, not over 19, who is educated and comes from good family; excellent chance for advancement; no previous business experience essential, but must be accurate at simple arithmetic; state age, education, experience, if any, and salary expected. V 623 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN

A Tireless Worker

Money invested in Guaranteed First Mortgages and Certificates at 5½% net works ceaselessly for you, 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, with payment of principal and interest unconditionally guaranteed.

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RAID RICHLY FITTED NASSAU GAMING DEN

Roulette and Card Tables Seized at Hewletts, Centre of Fashionable Colonies.

FIVE TAKEN AS GAMBLERS

Three State Troopers Aid Counsel of County Association in Making Arrests.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, July 18.—Nell H. Vandewater, counsel to the Nassau County Association, accompanied by three State troopers and several friends, raided a richly furnished cottage on Broadway, Hewletts, this morning and arrested five men, who were arraigned before Justice of the Peace Lewis M. Balsig on the charge of being common gamblers.

The raiding party seized two inlaid roulette tables, markers, cards, card tables, chips and other gambling paraphernalia, according to Mr. Vandewater.

The raid was made in accordance with the policy of the Nassau County Association to clean up Nassau County. The association includes among its members many men and women of the fashionable Meadowbrook and Piping Rock colonies. Supreme Court Justice Townsend Scudder issued the search warrant on which the arrests were made, and it was said that the raiding party acted independently of and over the head of the District Attorney.

Vandewater and his assistants crept up to the cottage in the dark. At a given signal several of the party rushed the front door, broke it down and gained entrance to a large room on the ground floor, where they found a dozen men around a roulette table and other gambling apparatus.

The five who were arrested gave their names as Abram S. Voreanger, stationer, of Hewletts; Thomas Fowler, steward, of Hewletts; Robert J. Wilson, a "speculator," of 10 West Forty-fifth Street, Manhattan; John Warren, carstaker, of 100 West Ninetieth Street, and Charles Lomax, janitor, of Hewletts. The names of the other men were taken and they were permitted to leave.

Mr. Vandewater said he found on the first floor a secret closet in the wall which was operated by an electric push button concealed under the carpet. The closet was apparently used to secrete the gambling paraphernalia.

Bail of all the prisoners with the exception of Lomax was fixed at $2,500. Lomax was released in $1,000 bail. All were held for examination Thursday night. Bail was furnished by George Koehler of Hewletts.

Bills were found in the place made out recently to William H. Busted and David Gideon. Busted is said to be a devotee of sports and Gideon a horseman. Vandewater expects other arrests to follow.

The raid was made in connection with the John Doe investigation into gambling that has been going on in Nassau County since last Spring, and in which members of the Nassau County Association have taken a great interest. Among the members of the association are Mrs. Willard D. Straight, John W. Albertson, Mortimer Schiff and Mrs. Joseph Davis. Last year the association caused a raid to be made on "Shaughnessy's," at Lynbrook, and equipment worth $10,000 was seized.

1032
Mohair Suits
(*Coat and Trousers*)
$19.50
worth very much more

A certain manufacturer who specializes on the finest summer clothes for men was late in getting his fabrics. This so delayed the completion of his orders that some dealers cancelled.

That was mighty unfortunate for him, but very lucky for you. Because in no other way could we have procured such beautiful Mohair Suits to sell at so low a price as $19.50.

Their tailoring, their styling, and every other feature which enters into their making are obviously the sort which you expect to find in a Wallach store.

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Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

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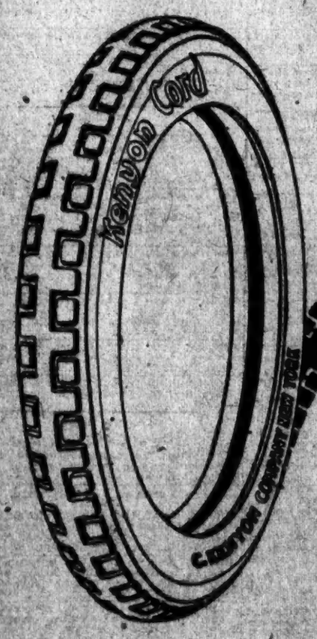
Tires and Tubes



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Phone Prospect 1050 for name of dealer in your neighborhood

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It is sensible economy and good common sense to take advantage of this Remnants Sale opportunity by ordering a suit-to-measure now. High Character Suits—the kind we produce—will cost more next season, and to buy now, is to save.

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FAITH in a security should begin at home.

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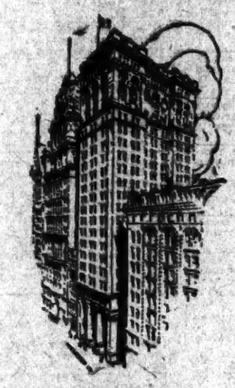
387

"Who can tell me?"

The ushers at our different offices report that strangers often ask "Who can tell me about handling my estate?"

For your convenience we print the following information:



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The men to see about handling your estate are
Mr. Warren
Vice-President
or *Mr. Judd*
Trust Officer

IN SHOPPING CENTER
5th Avenue and 34th Street
The men to see about handling your estate are
Mr. Dunn
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Vice-President

IN HARLEM *125th St. and Lenox Ave.*
The man to see about handling your estate is
Mr. Baker
Manager

IN THE BRONX *148th St. and 3rd Ave.*
The man to see about handling your estate is
Mr. Berry
Manager

Any one of these officials will be glad to explain how we settle estates and answer in detail any questions you may have in mind.

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Written by Annie Cathett, 607 West 156th Street, N. Y. City

A quart of BORDEN'S rich, pure, healthful country milk not only relieves your thirst in these hot days, but also supplies your body with the adequate amount of nourishment which it needs. BORDEN'S MILK is handled under rigid sanitary direction and comes to you as fresh, sweet and clean as the time it was drawn from the sound, healthy cow.

Phone for our solicitor and arrange for daily delivery or call the man on the wagon.

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Nothing so insures a healthy, clear complexion, soft, white hands, and glossy, luxuriant hair as Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment when necessary. Cuticura Talcum is delicate, delightful, distinctive. It imparts to the person a charm incomparable and peculiar to itself.

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